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What is Spectrum?

Welcome to Spectrum, a lightweight JavaScript / TypeScript library designed to simplify color manipulation and conversion tasks within the RGB , HSL , and HEX color spaces.

It may be not the most extensive library out there, but it's precisely what you need for common color-related tasks. Whether you want to blend two colors, get a darker version of your color, or the saturation of a HEX color value. Spectrum is your finely-tuned instrument for simplifying these processes.

Key Features

- Color values conversion: convert color values within HEX, HSL, and RGB color spaces.
- Effortless color mixing: combine two colors with ease.
- Color paramenters adjustments: lightness, saturation, opacity, and more.
- Color Inversion: get a negative color of the given one.
- Color Palette Generation: create a color palette with varying lightness levels, all derived from a single base color.

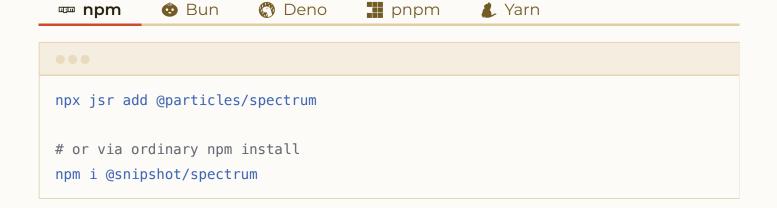
Spectrum is here to make your color-related tasks more efficient and straightforward. In this documentation, we'll explore how to leverage its capabilities. Let's dive in!

Getting started

Spectrum is a lightweight library with no dependencies, making it compatible with any JavaScript environment. This page will guide you through the installation process and provide a simple example of how to use Spectrum for color manipulation.

Installation

To start using Spectrum in your project, simply run one of the following commands in your terminal:



Example usage

```
import Spectrum, { adjustHsl } from '@snipshot/spectrum';

// Create a new Spectrum instance in the HSL color space
const spectrum = new Spectrum('hsl', [231, 0.66, 0.53, 0.8]);

// Adjust the hue and lightness values of the color
const adjustedColor = adjustHsl(spectrum, { hue: -23, lightness: '-13%' });

console.log(adjustedColor.hsl); // { h: 208, s: 0.66, l: 0.4, a: 0.8 }
console.log(adjustedColor.hex); // #236aa9cc
```

In the example above, we initiate a new Spectrum instance using one of the available color spaces: hex, hsl, or rgb as the first argument. The second argument can be an array or a string. For more details, refer to the Spectrum class API reference.

After initializing the instance, you can apply transformation methods provided by the library. In this example, we change hue and lightness values, resulting in a new Spectrum instance with the modified color. You can then access the hsl and hex properties of the new color.

Next steps

For more in-depth information about using Spectrum, explore the <u>API Documentation</u> section.

Thank you for choosing **Spectrum**! 69

Spectrum class

The Spectrum class is a fundamental component of the library, representing colors in HEX, HSL, and RGB color spaces. Spectrum instances can be used with various methods to convert between color spaces and access individual color channels.

```
// Create a Spectrum instance from a hex color value
const spectrum = new Spectrum('hex', '#FF0000');

spectrum.rgb; // { r: 255, g: 0, b: 0, a: 1 }
spectrum.hsl; // { h: 0, s: 1, l: 0.5, a: 1 }
spectrum.hex; // "#ff0000"
```

Constructor

```
new Spectrum('colorSpace', value);
```

Parameters

Name	Туре	Description
colorSpa ce	<pre>'hex' 'hsl' 'rgb' CssNamedColor</pre>	The color space of the input value
value	<pre>string Array<string number="" =""> undefined</string></pre>	The color value. The format depends on the color space. <u>See details</u> .

Value

The allowed input formats for each color space are as follows:

For hex color space:

- The input can be only a string value with optional preceding #.
- It also accepts shorthand HEX notation and alpha channel. See examples.

For hsl and rgb color spaces an input can be:

- A string of space-separated or comma-separated values.
- An array of values in a valid format.

For hsl, the format is [hue, saturation, lightness, opacity].

For rgb , the format is [red, green, blue, opacity] .

You can also use a CSS named color as a first parameter. For example, 'red' or 'blue'. In this case, you should not provide a second parameter. See examples.

Valid formats

For hsl:

Value	Format	Example
hue	string number without a unit	180 , '180'
saturation	Percentage string or a decimal point number in range [0; 1]	'25%', 0.25
lightness	Percentage string or a decimal point number in range [0; 1]	'50%', 0.5
opacity	Percentage string or a decimal point number in range [0; 1]	'90%', 0.9

For rgb:

Value	Format	Example
red	string number	255 , '255'
green	string number	'90', 90
blue	string number	'30', 30
opacity	Percentage string or a decimal point number in range [0; 1]	'90%',

Examples

With hex

```
new Spectrum('hex', '#AE2127');
new Spectrum('hex', 'ae2127');
new Spectrum('hex', '236aa9cc');

new Spectrum('hex', '#eee');
new Spectrum('hex', 'EEE');
new Spectrum('hex', '#ea3c');
```

With hsl

```
new Spectrum('hsl', '180 0.3 0.9');
new Spectrum('hsl', '180, 0.3, 0.9');
new Spectrum('hsl', '180, 0.3, 0.9, 20%');
new Spectrum('hsl', '180 30% 90% 0.2');

new Spectrum('hsl', [180, 0.3, 0.9]);
new Spectrum('hsl', [180, 0.3, 0.9, 0.2]);
new Spectrum('hsl', [180, '30%', '90%', '20%']);
new Spectrum('hsl', [180, '30%', '90%', 0.2]);
```

With rgb

```
new Spectrum('rgb', '255 255 255');
new Spectrum('rgb', '255, 255, 255');
new Spectrum('rgb', '255, 255, 255, 20%');
new Spectrum('rgb', '255 255 255 0.2');

new Spectrum('rgb', [255, 255, 255]);
new Spectrum('rgb', ['255', '255', '255']);
new Spectrum('rgb', [255, 255, 255, 0.2]);
new Spectrum('rgb', ['255', '255', '255', '20%']);
new Spectrum('rgb', ['255', '255', '255', '0.2']);
new Spectrum('rgb', ['255', '255', '255', '0.2']);
```

With CSS named color

```
new Spectrum('red');
new Spectrum('blue');
new Spectrum('lightseagreen');
```

Static class methods

Apart from the constructor, you can also create a new Spectrum instance: using the class methods fromHslObj and fromRgbObj. These methods allow you to create a new instance from the objects returned by hsl and rgb instance properties or by providing a custom object of your own.

:::caution The objects passed to fromHslObj() and fromRgbObj() methods must be numeric values. Thus, valid value for the saturation property is only s: 0.7. Setting it as s: '70%' will result in an error. :::

fromHslObj()



Creates a new instance of the Spectrum class using an HSL object as an input. All properties of an HSL object are required.

Usage

```
Spectrum.fromHsl0bj({ h: 8, s: 0.5, l: 0.41, a: 0.9 }: Hsl0bj);
```

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
hslOb	<u>HslOb</u>	An object representing the HSL color values with properties h (hue), s (saturation), l (lightness), and a (alpha).

Returns Spectrum instance.

Examples

```
const color = Spectrum.fromHslObj({ h: 180, s: 0.5, l: 0.75, a: 1 });
console.log(color.hsl); // { h: 180, s: 0.5, l: 0.75, a: 1 }

const green = new Spectrum('rgb', [0, 255, 0]);
const greenCopy = Spectrum.fromHslObj(green.hsl);
```

fromRgbObj()



Creates a new instance of the Spectrum class using an RGB object as an input. All properties of an RGB object are required.

Usage

```
Spectrum.fromRgb0bj({ r: 255, g: 0, b: 0, a: 1 }: Rgb0bj);
```

Parameters

Name	Type	Description
rgb0b	Rgb0b	An object representing the RGB color values with properties r (red), g (green), b (blue), and a (alpha).

Returns Spectrum instance.

Examples

```
const color = Spectrum.fromRgb0bj({ r: 255, g: 130, b: 60, a: 0.8 });
console.log(color.rgb); // { r: 255, g: 130, b: 60, a: 0.8 }

const red = new Spectrum('rgb', [255, 0, 0]);
const redCopy = Spectrum.fromRgb0bj(red.rgb);
```

Instance properties

hex



The hex property retrieves the hexadecimal representation of the color.

Returns: string.

```
const color = new Spectrum('hex', '412ED1');
color.hex; // #412ed1
```

hsl



The hsl property retrieves the HSL object of the color.

Returns HslObj.

```
const color = new Spectrum('hsl', '180 70% 50% 82%');
color.hsl; // { h: 180, s: 0.7, l: 0.5, a: 0.82 }
```

rgb



The rgb property retrieves the RGB object of the color.

Returns Rgb0bj.

```
const color = new Spectrum('rgb', '230 90 115 82%');
color.rgb; // { r: 230, g: 90, b: 115, a: 0.82 }
```

alpha



The alpha property retrieves the alpha channel value of the color.

Returns: number.

```
const color = new Spectrum('rgb', '230 90 115 82%');
color.alpha; // 0.82
```

red



The red property retrieves the red channel value of the color.

Returns: number.

```
const color = new Spectrum('rgb', '230 90 115 82%');
color.red; // 230
```

green



The green property retrieves the green channel value of the color.

Returns: number.

```
const color = new Spectrum('rgb', '230 90 115 82%');
color.green; // 90
```

blue



The blue property retrieves the blue channel value of the color.

Returns: number.

```
const color = new Spectrum('rgb', '230 90 115 82%');
color.blue; // 115
```

hue



The hue property retrieves the hue value of the color.

Returns: number.

```
const color = new Spectrum('hsl', '180 70% 50% 82%');
color.hue; // 180
```

saturation



The saturation property retrieves the saturation value of the color.

Returns: number.

```
const color = new Spectrum('hsl', '180 70% 50% 82%');
color.saturation; // 0.7
```

lightness



The lightness property retrieves the lightness value of the color.

Returns: number.

```
const color = new Spectrum('hsl', '180 70% 50% 82%');
color.lightness; // 0.5
```

adjustHsl()

The adjustHsl function allows you to adjust the HSL (Hue, Saturation, Lightness) values of a color object. This function returns a new Spectrum instance with the updated HSL values.

Usage

```
import Spectrum, { adjustHsl } from '@snipshot/spectrum';

const color = new Spectrum('hsl', [200, 0.5, 0.6, 1]);

const adjustedColor = adjustHsl(color, {
  hue: -20, // Adjust hue by -20 degrees
  saturation: 0.1, // Increase saturation by 10%
  lightness: -0.05 // Decrease lightness by 5%
});

console.log(adjustedColor.hsl); // { h: 180, s: 0.6, l: 0.55, a: 1 }
console.log(color.hex === adjustedColor.hex); // false
```

Parameters

adjustHsl(colorObj, options)

Parameter	Туре	Required	Valid range	Description
color0bj	<u>Spectrum</u> instance	true	-	The Spectrum instance representing the color you want to adjust
options.hue	number	false	[-360; 360]	The amount by which to adjust the hue value
options.satu	string	false	['-100%	The amount by which to adjust the saturation value.

Parameter	Туре	Required	Valid range	Description
			'100%']	Should be provided as a percentage string.
options.ligh	string	false	['-100% '; '100%']	The amount by which to adjust the lightness value. Should be provided as a percentage string.
options.alph	number	false	[-1; 1]	The amount by which to adjust the alpha value

Return Value

The adjustHsl function returns a new Spectrum instance with the adjusted HSL values.

Examples

Adjust all properties

```
import Spectrum, { adjustHsl } from '@snipshot/spectrum';

const color = new Spectrum('hsl', [200, 0.5, 0.6, 1]);
const adjustedColor = adjustHsl(color, {
  hue: -45,
  saturation: 0.3,
  lightness: -0.14,
  alpha: -0.32
});

console.log(adjustedColor.hsl); // { h: 155, s: 0.2, l: 0.46, a: 0.68 }
```

Adjust Hue

```
import Spectrum, { adjustHsl } from '@snipshot/spectrum';

const color = new Spectrum('hsl', [200, 0.5, 0.6, 1]);

const adjustedColor = adjustHsl(color, { hue: -20 });

console.log(adjustedColor.hsl); // { h: 180, s: 0.5, l: 0.6, a: 1 }
```

adjustRgb()

The adjustHsl function allows you to adjust the RGB (Red, Green, Blue) values of a color object. This function returns a new Spectrum instance with the updated RGB values.

Usage

```
import Spectrum, { adjustRgb } from '@snipshot/spectrum';

const color = new Spectrum('rgb', [255, 0, 0, 1]);

const adjustedColor = adjustRgb(color, {
  red: -50, // Adjust red by -50
  alpha: -0.5 // Adjust alpha by -0.5
});

console.log(adjustedColor.rgb); // { r: 205, g: 0, b: 0, a: 0.5 }

console.log(color.hex === adjustedColor.hex); // false
```

Parameters

adjustRgb(colorObj, options)

Parameter	Туре	Required	Valid range	Description
color0bj	<u>Spectrum</u> instance	true	-	The Spectrum instance representing the color you want to adjust
options.re	number	false	[-255; 255]	The amount by which to adjust the red channel value
options.gre en	number	false	[-255; 255]	The amount by which to adjust the green channel value

Parameter	Туре	Required	Valid range	Description
options.blu	number	false	[-255; 255]	The amount by which to adjust the blue channel value
options.alp	number	false	[-1; 1]	The amount by which to adjust the alpha channel value

Return Value

The adjustRgb function returns a new Spectrum instance with the adjusted RGB values.

Examples

Adjust all properties

```
import Spectrum, { adjustRgb } from '@snipshot/spectrum';

const color = new Spectrum('hsl', [108, 90, 50, 0.5]);

const adjustedColor = adjustHsl(color, {
   red: 90,
    green: -25,
   blue: 102,
   alpha: 0.32
});

console.log(adjustedColor.rgb); // { r: 198, g: 65, b: 152, a: 0.82 }
```

Adjust Hue

```
import Spectrum, { adjustRgb } from '@snipshot/spectrum';

const color = new Spectrum('rgb', [255, 190, 0, 1]);
const adjustedColor = adjustRgb(color, { green: -28 });

console.log(adjustedColor.rgb); // { r: 255, g: 162, b: 0, a: 1 }
```

colorMix()

The colorMix function allows you to mix two colors according to a specified weight in RGB color space. This function returns a new Spectrum instance representing the resulting color.

Usage

```
import Spectrum, { colorMix } from '@snipshot/spectrum';

const red = new Spectrum('hex', '#f00');
const blue = new Spectrum('rgb', '0, 0, 255, 1');

const purple = colorMix(red, blue, 0.5); // 0.5 is a weight of the first color (m console.log(purple.rgb); // { r: 128, g: 0, b: 128, a: 1 }
```

Parameters

colorMix(color1, color2, weight)

Parameter	Type	Required	Valid range	Description
color1	Spectrum instance	true	-	The first color to mix
color2	Spectrum instance	true	-	The second color to mix
weight	number	true	[0; 1]	The weight of the first color in the mixture.

(i) Note

The weight parameter determines the influence of the first color (color1) on the resulting mixed color. The closer the weight value is to 1, the more dominant color1 will be in the mixture. Thus, when the weight is set to 0.5, both colors, color1 and color2, are given equal importance in the blend.

Return Value

The colorMix function returns a new Spectrum instance representing the mixed color.

Examples

Mix two hex colors

```
import Spectrum, { colorMix } from '@snipshot/spectrum';

const darkSlateGrey = new Spectrum('hex', '#2F4F4F');
const orange = new Spectrum('hex', '#FFA500');

const mix = colorMix(darkSlateGrey, orange, 0.3); // 30% of Dark slate grey and 7

console.log(mix.hsl); // { h: 41, s: 0.77, l: 0.43, a: 1 }
```

Mix colors with opacity

```
import Spectrum, { colorMix } from '@snipshot/spectrum';

const fuchsia = new Spectrum('rgb', '255 0 255 0.3');
const midnightBlue = new Spectrum('rgb', '25 25 112 0.65');

const mix = colorMix(fuchsia, midnightBlue, 0.5); // 50% of Fuchsia and 50% of Mi
console.log(mix.rgb); // { r: 140, g: 13, b: 184, a: 0.47 }
```

createPalette()



The createPalette function allows you to generate a palette of colors based on a given Spectrum instance. Each key in the palette object represents a lightness value from 0 to 100, and the corresponding value is a Spectrum object.

Usage

```
import Spectrum, { createPalette } from '@snipshot/spectrum';

const cyan = new Spectrum('hex', '#0ff');
console.log(cyan.hsl); // { h: 180, s: 1, l: 0.5, a: 1 }

const palette = createPalette(cyan);

console.log(palette[0].hsl); // { h: 180, s: 1, l: 0, a: 1 } - black
console.log(palette[44].hsl); // { h: 180, s: 1, l: 0.44, a: 1 }
console.log(palette[70].hsl); // { h: 180, s: 1, l: 0.7, a: 1 }
console.log(palette[100].hsl); // { h: 180, s: 1, l: 1, a: 1 } - white
```

Parameters

createPalette(colorObj)

Parameter	Туре	Required	Description
color0bj	Spectrum instance	true	The color from which will be generated a palette

Return Value

The colorMix function returns a palette object with lightness values from 0 to 100 as keys, where each key corresponds to a Spectrum instance representing a color with the specified lightness. The keys step is equal to 1, thus, there are 101 values inside the palette object.

getSplitComplementary()

The <code>getSplitComplementary</code> function allows you to generate split complementary colors based on a given <code>Spectrum</code> instance. If you are not familiar with the term, you may find useful this article: "What Are Split-Complementary Colors? Best Ways to Use This Color Scheme".

Usage

```
import Spectrum, { getSplitComplementary } from '@snipshot/spectrum';

const cyan = new Spectrum('hsl', [180, 1, 0.5]);

const { secondary, tertiary } = getSplitComplementary(cyan);

console.log(secondary.hsl); // { h: 330, s: 1, l: 0.5, a: 1 } - rose
 console.log(tertiary.hsl); // { h: 30, s: 1, l: 0.5, a: 1 } - dark orange
```

Parameters

getSplitComplementary(colorObj)

Parameter	Туре	Required	Description
color0bj	Spectrum instance	true	The base color for complementary colors generation

Return Value

The colorMix function returns a an object with two keys: secondary and tertiary, the generated split complementary colors for the given one. The values are instances of Spectrum class.

```
type Return = {
  secondary: Spectrum;
  tertiary: Spectrum;
};
```

hexToRgb()

The hexToRgb function allows you to convert a hexadecimal color value to its corresponding RGB value.

Usage

```
import { hexToRgb } from '@snipshot/spectrum';

const rgb0bj = hexToRgb('#ff0000');

console.log(rgb0bj); // { r: 255, g: 0, b: 0, a: 1 }
```

Parameters

hexToRgb(colorValue)

Parameter	Туре	Required	Description
colorValu e	strin g	true	HEX code of the color with optional #. Accepts shorthand notation and alpha channel.

Return Value

The hexToRgb function returns an RGB object of the color value.

Examples

Shorthand notation

```
import { hexToRgb } from '@snipshot/spectrum';

const lightBlueRgb = hexToRgb('#3ae');
console.log(lightBlueRgb); // { r: 51, g: 170, b: 238, a: 1 }

const green = hexToRgb('1e3');
console.log(green); // { r: 17, g: 238, b: 51, a: 1 }
```

Colors with opacity

```
import { hexToRgb } from '@snipshot/spectrum';

const lily = hexToRgb('#7777eeb3');
console.log(lily); // { r: 119, g: 119, b: 238, a: 0.7 }

const darkOrange = hexToRgb('#941a');
console.log(darkOrange); // { r: 153, g: 68, b: 17, a: 0.67 }
```

hslToRgb()

The hslToRgb function allows you to convert an HSL color value to its corresponding RGB value.

Usage

```
import { hslToRgb } from '@snipshot/spectrum';

const salmon = hslToRgb({ h: 6, s: 0.93, l: 0.71, a: 1 });

console.log(salmon); // { r: 250, g: 126, b: 112, a: 1 }
```

Parameters

hslToRgb(hsl0bj)

Parameter	Туре	Required	Description
hsl0bj	HslOb j	true	An HSL object that represents a color in the HSLA (Hue, Saturation, Lightness, Alpha) color space.

Return Value

The hslToRgb function returns an RGB object of the color value.

Examples

With opacity

```
import { hexToRgb } from '@snipshot/spectrum';

const teal = hslToRgb({ h: 180, s: 1, l: 0.25, a: 0.75 });

console.log(teal); // { r: 0, g: 128, b: 128, a: 0.75 }

const violet = hslToRgb({ h: 300, s: 0.76, l: 0.72, a: 0.32 });

console.log(violet); // { r: 238, g: 129, b: 238, a: 0.32 }
```



The <u>invert</u> function allows you to get a <u>negative color</u>. This function returns a new <u>Spectrum</u> instance representing the inverted color.

Usage

```
import Spectrum, { invert } from '@snipshot/spectrum';

const yellow = new Spectrum('rgb', [255, 255, 0]);
const negativeColor = invert(yellow, 1); // 1 is a weight of the inverted color

console.log(negativeColor.rgb); // { r: 0, g: 0, b: 255, a: 1 } - blue
```

Parameters

invert(color10bj, weight)

Parameter	Туре	Required	Valid range	Description
color0bj	Spectrum instance	true	-	The initial color
weight	number	true	[0; 1]	The weight of the inverted color in the result

(i) Note

Similar to the behaviour in the <u>colorMix</u> function, the weight parameter controls the influence of the inverted color on the resulting color. The closer the <u>weight</u> value is to 1, the more dominant the inverted color will be.

Thus, when the weight is set to 0, the resulting color remains identical to the initial colorObj color.

Return Value

The invert function returns a new Spectrum instance representing the negative color.

Examples

Weight is 0.5

When the weight value is equal to 0.5 (50% of initial color and 50% of inverted color), it will always produce grey color (#808080).

```
import Spectrum, { invert } from '@snipshot/spectrum';

const yellow = new Spectrum('rgb', [255, 255, 0]);
const negativeYellow = invert(yellow, 0.5);

console.log(negativeYellow.hex); // #808080

const crimson = new Spectrum('hex', '#DC143C');
const negativeCrimson = invert(crimson, 0.5);

console.log(negativeCrimson.hex); // #808080
```

Weight is 0

```
import Spectrum, { invert } from '@snipshot/spectrum';

const yellow = new Spectrum('rgb', [255, 255, 0]);

const negativeColor = invert(yellow, 0);

console.log(negativeColor.rgb); // { r: 255, g: 255, b: 0, a: 1 } - initial color
```

onBgColor()

The onBgColor helps you choose a proper color considering your background. You should provide a Spectrum instance of your background color as a first argument, and an object with two color options as a second.

(i) Note

dark property value of the options objects specifies the dark color that may be used on the **light** background. Otherwise, light property value specifies the light color that may be used on the **dark** background.

Usage

```
import Spectrum, { onBgColor } from '@snipshot/spectrum';

const darkBlueBackground = new Spectrum('hex', '#00008B');

const onDarkBlueBackground = onBgColor(darkBlueBackground, {
   dark: new Spectrum('hex', '#000'), // black, can be used on light backgrounds
   light: new Spectrum('hex', '#fff') // white, can be used on light backgrounds
});

console.log(onDarkBlueBackground.hex); // #ffffff - white
```

Parameters

onBgColor(color0bj, options)

Parameter	Туре	Required	Description
color0bj	Spectrum instance	true	The background color
options.dark	string Spectrum	true	The color to use on the light background

Parameter	Туре	Required	Description
options.ligh	string	true	The color to use on the dark
t	Spectrum	tide	background

Return Value

```
string | Spectrum
```

The onBgColor one of the values provided inside the options object.

Examples

Light gray background

```
import Spectrum, { onBgColor } from '@snipshot/spectrum';

const lightGrayBg = new Spectrum('rgb', [200, 200, 200]);

const options = {
   dark: '#000000',
   light: '#ffffff'
};

const onColor = onBgColor(lightGrayBg, options);

console.log(onColor); // '#000000'
```

Medium slate blue background

```
const mediumSlateBlue = new Spectrum('hex', '7B68EE');
const options = {
   dark: new Spectrum('hex', '#111'),
   light: new Spectrum('hex', '#eee')
};

const onColor = onBgColor(colorObj, options);
console.log(onColor.hex); // '#eeeeee'
```

rgbObjToHex()

The rgb0bjToHex function allows you to convert an RGB object to its corresponding hexadecimal color code.

Usage

```
import { rgb0bjToHex } from '@snipshot/spectrum';
const hex = rgb0bjToHex({ r: 255, g: 255, b: 0, a: 1 });
console.log(hex); // #ffff00
```

Parameters

rgb0bjToHex(rgb0bj)

Parameter	Type	Required	Description
rgb0bj	Rgb0b j	true	An RGB object that represents a color in the RGBA (Red, Green, Blue, Alpha) color space.

Return Value

The rgb0bjToHex function returns the hexadecimal value of the color as a string. If the input object's alpha channel value is not equal to 1, the resulting hex code will include an additional number representing the alpha channel.

Examples

A color with opacity

```
import { rgb0bjToHex } from '@snipshot/spectrum';
const hex = rgb0bjToHex({ r: 138, g: 217, b: 16, a: 0.36 });
console.log(hex); // #8ad9105c
```

rgbObjToHsl()

The rgb0bjToHs1 function allows you to convert an RGB object to its corresponding HSLA (Hue, Saturation, Lightness, Alpha) values.

Usage

```
import { rgb0bjToHsl } from '@snipshot/spectrum';
const hsl = rgb0bjToHsl({ r: 255, g: 255, b: 0, a: 1 });
console.log(hsl); // { h: 60, s: 1, l: 0.5, a: 1}
```

Parameters

rgbObjToHsl(rgbObj)

Parameter	Type	Required	Description
rgb0bj	Rgb0b j	true	An RGB object that represents a color in the RGBA (Red, Green, Blue, Alpha) color space.

Return Value

The rgb0bjToHs1 function returns an HSL object of the color value

Examples

A color with opacity

```
import { rgb0bjToHsl } from '@snipshot/spectrum';
const hsl = rgb0bjToHsl({ r: 138, g: 217, b: 16, a: 0.36 });
console.log(hsl); // { h: 84, s: 0.86, l: 0.46, a: 0.36 }
```

setHsl()

The setHsl function allows you to modify the HSL (Hue, Saturation, Lightness) values of a color object. This function returns a new Spectrum instance with the updated HSL values.

Usage

```
import Spectrum, { setHsl } from '@snipshot/spectrum';

const color = new Spectrum('hsl', [180, 0.5, 0.32]);

const updatedColor = setHsl(color, {
  hue: 240, // Set hue equal to 240 degrees
  lightness: 0.7 // Set lightness equal to 70%
});

console.log(updatedColor.hsl); // { h: 240, s: 0.5, l: 0.7, a: 1 }
  console.log(color.hex === updatedColor.hex); // false
```

Parameters

setHsl(colorObj, options)

Parameter	Туре	Required	Valid range	Description
color0bj	<u>Spectrum</u> instance	true	-	The Spectrum instance representing the color you want to modify
options.hue	number	false	[0; 360]	The value that will be set as a hue value
options.satu	number string	false	[0; 1] or ['0%'; '100%']	The value that will be set as a saturation value

Parameter	Туре	Required	Valid range	Description
options.ligh	number string	false	[0; 1] or ['0%'; '100%']	The value that will be set as a lightness value
options.alph	number string	false	[0; 1] or ['0%'; '100%']	The value that will be set as an alpha value

Return Value

The setHsl function returns a new Spectrum instance with the modified HSL values.

Examples

Modify all properties

```
import Spectrum, { setHsl } from '@snipshot/spectrum';

const color = new Spectrum('hsl', [120, 0.7, 0.5, 1]);
const updatedColor = setHsl(color, {
  hue: 210,
  saturation: 0.35,
  lightness: 0.92,
  alpha: 0.9
});

console.log(updatedColor.hsl); // { h: 210, s: 0.35, l: 0.92, a: 0.9 }
```

Modify lightness

```
import Spectrum, { setHsl } from '@snipshot/spectrum';

const color = new Spectrum('hsl', [60, 0.32, 0.48, 0.85]);

const updatedColor = setHsl(color, { lightness: 0.6 });

console.log(updatedColor.hsl); // { h: 60, s: 0.32, l: 0.6, a: 0.85 }
```

setRgb()

The setRgb function allows you to modify the RGB (Red, Green, Blue) values of a color object. This function returns a new Spectrum instance with the updated RGB values.

Usage

```
import Spectrum, { setRgb } from '@snipshot/spectrum';

const color = new Spectrum('rgb', [255, 0, 0]);

const updatedColor = setRgb(color, {
  blue: 90, // Set blue channel equal to 90
  alpha: 0.7 // Set opacity equal to 70%
});

console.log(updatedColor.rgb); // { r: 255, g: 0, b: 90, a: 0.7 }

console.log(color.hex === updatedColor.hex); // false
```

Parameters

setRgb(colorObj, options)

Parameter	Туре	Required	Valid range	Description
color0bj	<u>Spectrum</u> instance	true	-	The Spectrum instance representing the color you want to modify
options.re	number	false	[0; 255]	The value that will be set as a red channel value
options.gre	number	false	[0; 255]	The value that will be set as a green channel value

Parameter	Туре	Required	Valid range	Description
options.blu	number	false	[0; 255]	The value that will be set as a blue channel value
options.alp	number	false	[0; 1] or ['0%'; '100%']	The value that will be set as an alpha value

Return Value

The setRgb function returns a new Spectrum instance with the modified RGB values.

Examples

Modify all properties

```
import Spectrum, { setRgb } from '@snipshot/spectrum';

const color = new Spectrum('rgb', [125, 240, 10, 0.35]);
const updatedColor = setRgb(color, {
   red: 210,
    green: 10,
   blue: 160,
   alpha: 1
});

console.log(updatedColor.rgb); // { r: 210, g: 10, b: 160, a: 1 }
```

Modify opacity

```
import Spectrum, { setRgb } from '@snipshot/spectrum';

const color = new Spectrum('rgb', [240, 120, 128]);
const updatedColor = setRgb(color, { alpha: 0.65 });

console.log(updatedColor.rgb); // { r: 240, g: 120, b: 128, a: 0.65 }
```

Types

CssNamedColor



```
A string of a <u>CSS named color</u>, such as <u>'red'</u>, <u>'blue'</u>, <u>'black'</u> or <u>'lightseagreen'</u>. Can be used to initialize a <u>Spectrum</u> instance.
```

Type Definition

```
type CssNamedColor = "aliceblue" | "antiquewhite" | "aqua" | ... 145 more ... | "
```

HslObj



An HSL object that represents a color in the <u>HSLA</u> (Hue, Saturation, Lightness, Alpha) color space.

Key	Description	Type	Valid range
h	Hue (color tone)	number	[0; 360]
S	Saturation (color intensity)	number	[0; 1]
ı	Lightness (brightness)	number	[0; 1]
а	Alpha channel (opacity)	number	[0; 1]

Type Definition

```
type HslObj = {
  h: number;
  s: number;
  l: number;
  a: number;
};
```

RgbObj



An RGB object that represents a color in the <u>RGBA</u> (Red, Green, Blue, Alpha) color space.

Key	Description	Туре	Valid range
r	Red	number	[0; 255]
g	Green	number	[0; 255]
b	Blue	number	[0; 255]
а	Alpha channel (opacity)	number	[0; 1]

Type Definition

```
type RgbObj = {
    r: number;
    g: number;
    b: number;
    a: number;
};
```

Contacts

If you have any questions, feedback, or need assistance with the Spectrum library, we're here to help. Feel free to reach out to us through any of the following channels:

GitHub Repository

You can find the official Spectrum library repository on GitHub. This is the place for bug reports, feature requests, and contributions to the library.

Spectrum GitHub Repository

Email

Have a specific question or need direct assistance? Reach out to us via email, and we'll get back to you as soon as possible.

Email: spectrum@snipshot.dev

Packages

Spectrum is available as both JSR and npm package, making it easy to include in your projects:

- Spectrum on JSR
- Spectrum on **npm**

We value your feedback and are committed to providing support to ensure you have a smooth experience with Spectrum. Don't hesitate to contact us: we're here to assist you.

Thank you for using Spectrum! 🦠