# Basic Task: Plot The Signals

#### Plot the signal sin(x) between $0 \le x \le 4\pi$

• Create an x-array of 100 samples between 0 and  $4\pi$ .

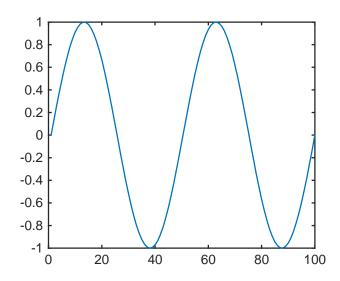
```
x=linspace(0,4*pi,100);
```

Calculate sin(.) of the x-array

```
• y=sin(x);
```

Plot the y-array

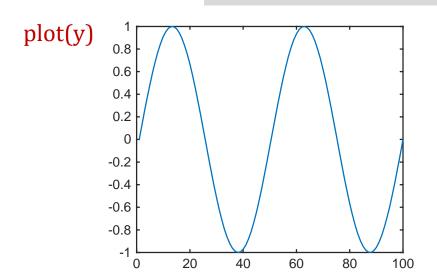
- plot(y)
- plot(x,y)

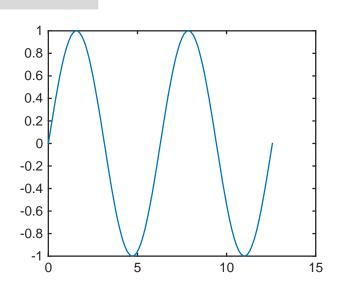


• plot(.)

#### Example:

- x=linspace(0,4\*pi,100);
- $y=\sin(x)$ ;
- plot(y)
- plot(x,y)





plot(x,y)

#### Plot the signal $e^{-x/3}$ sin(x) between $0 \le x \le 4\pi$

• Create an x-array of 100 samples between 0 and  $4\pi$ .

```
• x=linspace(0,4*pi,100);
```

• Calculate sin(.) of the x-array

```
• y=sin(x);
```

• Calculate  $e^{-x/3}$  of the x-array

```
• y1=exp(-x/3);
```

Multiply the arrays y and y1

• y2=y.\*y1

• Which of the following statements will give the correct y2, which is the product of signals y and y1?

```
x=linspace(0,4*pi,100);
y=sin(x);
y1=exp(-x/3);
```

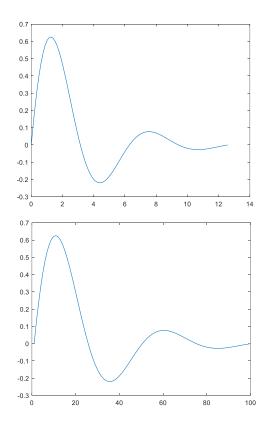
#### Plot the signal $e^{-x/3}$ sin(x) between $0 \le x \le 4\pi$

Multiply the arrays y and y1 correctly

```
• y2=y.*y1;
```

Plot the y2 array

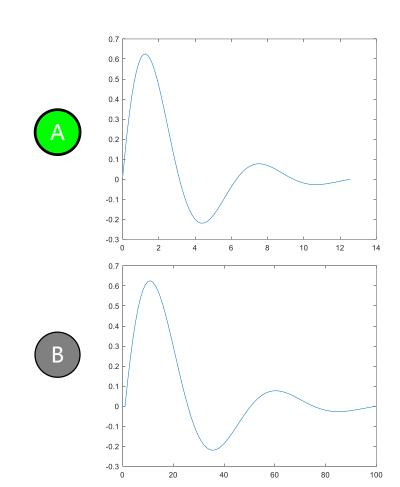
- plot (y2)
- plot (x,y2)





# Which figure is the result of following commands

```
x=linspace(0,4*pi,100);
y=sin(x);
y1=exp(-x/3);
y2 = y.*y1;
plot(x, y2);
```



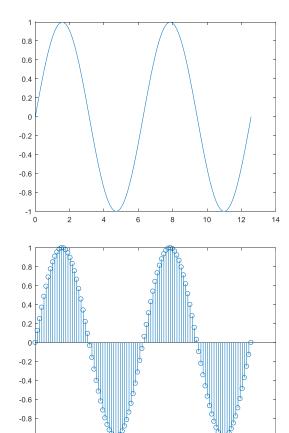
• plot(.)

#### Example:

- x=linspace(0,4\*pi,100);
- $y=\sin(x)$ ;
- figure; plot(x,y)
- stem(.) (用于绘制离散数据图)

#### Example:

- stem(y2)
- figure; stem(x,y)
- bar(.) (绘制条形图)



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title(.)

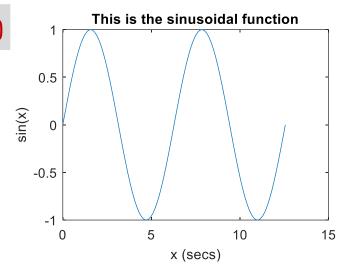
title('This is the sinusoidal function')

xlabel(.)

```
xlabel('x (secs) ')
```

ylabel(.)

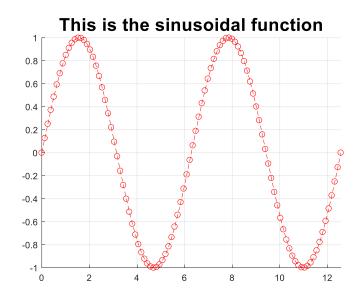
```
ylabel('sin(x) ')
```



- Plot with various line types, plot symbols and colors
  - E.g., >> plot(x, y, 'r--o')

```
b
                    blue
                                         point
                                                                   solid
                                                                   dotted
                                         circle
                    green
              q
                                                                   dashdot
                                         x-mark
                    red
                                   х
              r
                                         plus
                                                                   dashed
                    cyan
              С
                                                                   no line
                    magenta
                                         star
                                                           (none)
              m
                    yellow
                                         square
              У
                                   3
                    black
                                         diamond
              k
                                   d
                                                                             Line type
                    white
                                         triangle (down)
              W
                                         triangle (up)
Colors
                                         triangle (left)
                                   <
                                         triangle (right)
                                   >
                                   р
                                         pentagram
                                                             Symbols
                                   h
                                         hexagram
```

- plot(x, y, 'r--o')
- title('This is the sinusoidal function','fontsize',20)
- grid on
- box off
- axis([0 4\*pi ylim])



- Drawing properties (see more in Matlab help)
  - Line style, line width, line color, symbol, etc.

```
>> plot(x, y, 'rx--', 'linewidth',2)
```

Font, fontsize

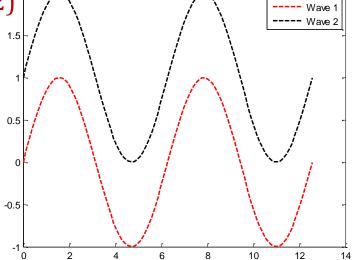
```
>> title('Example 1', 'fontsize', 18)
```

- Grid on
- Box off
- Axis

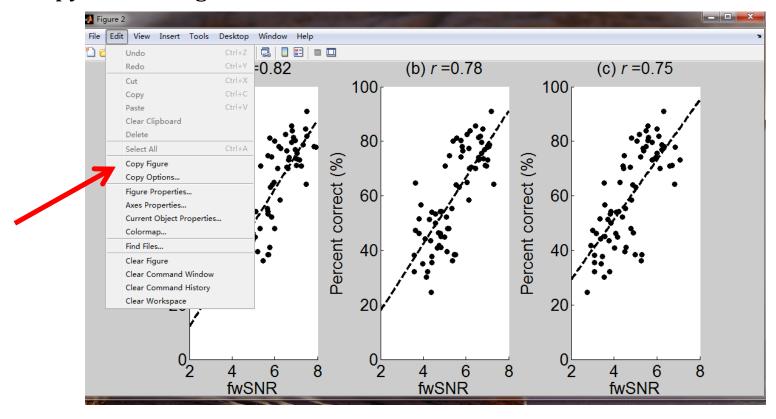
```
>> axis([0 1 -1 1])
>> axis([xlim -1 1])
```

- More figures
  - figure
  - figure(111)
  - figure('Name', 'this is the NAME');
  - figure('position', [50 50 800 550])
- More plots in one panel
  - Hold on (hold off)

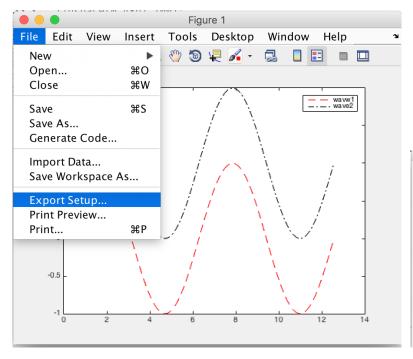
- Legend
  - figure(1)
  - plot(x, y, 'r--', 'linewidth',2)
  - hold on, plot(x, y+1, 'k--', 'linewidth',2)<sup>2</sup>
  - legend('wave 1', 'wave 2')



Copy Matlab Figure



Export Matlab Figure



Properties —			Export Setup: Figure 1		
Size Rendering Fonts Lines	Rendering Fonts		RGB color  w painters (vector format)  screen 150 is limits 300 controls 600		Apply to Figure  Restore Figure  Export  OK  Cancel  Help
Export Styles	s for:	default	C	d	
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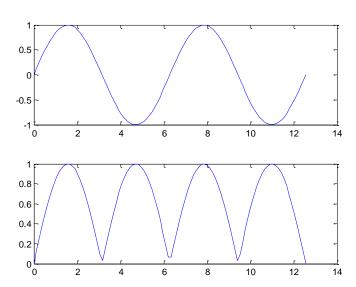
Subplot

row column index

subplot(2,3,1)

\_\_\_

- figure(1)
- subplot(2,1,1),plot(x,y)
- subplot(2,1,2),plot(x,abs(y))



#### Some useful function

- length(.), size(.)
- abs(.)
- sum(.), mean(.), std(.)
- diff(.) (差分)

#### Final tip: use help!

- >> help mean
- >> help plot
- >> doc mean
- >> doc plot

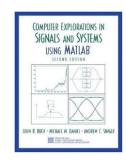
#### To Start with Matlab

Work through the built-in tutorial in Matlab: "Getting Started"

- A summary of university-authored MATLAB tutorials in <a href="http://www.mathworks.com/academia/student\_center/tutorials/launchpad.html">http://www.mathworks.com/academia/student\_center/tutorials/launchpad.html</a>
- The error messages you may encounter when running commands could be a big help.

# Lab Assignment 1

• 1.4 & 1.5, practice tutorial 1.1 first.



Submit your report + codes onto Blackboard system before
 10:00 am. September 30<sup>th</sup> (4<sup>th</sup> week)

#### Any questions?

