Seabed Landforms Classification Toolset

Quick Reference Guide

This toolset was developed using ArcGIS 10.8 and requires an Advanced licence and Spatial Analyst extension. For additional resources on how to use tools, please see User Manual and this web explainer which provides additional background: https://arcg.is/1Tgmv50

Set-up workspace:

- 1. Open ArcGIS (Advanced licence) and load Seabed Landforms Classification toolbox (Toolbox can be saved in any location)
- 2. Check out Spatial Analyst Extension
- 3. Save ArcMap Document (.mxd) in working directory (*Important: Tools need ArcMap document* (.mxd) to be saved before tools will run. Toolset with automatically populate working directory with datasets)

Preparation (Optional):

- 4. Prepare input DEM if required:
 - a. Make DEM from XYZ data
 - b. Clip elevations (input values must be negative)
 - c. Smooth DEM (recommended where speckled noise present)

Surface elements classification:

- 5. Step 1: Derive terrain variables
 - a. Inputs:
 - i. DEM
 - ii. BPI window sizes user-defined values (default values based on 5 m DEM with 3x iterations of smoothing)
- 6. Step 2: Surface Elements:
 - a. Inputs:
 - i. DEM
 - ii. Terrain variable thresholds user-defined values (default values based on 5 m DEM with 3x iterations of smoothing)
- 7. Step 3: Run depth reclassification (Optional)
 - a. Inputs:
 - i. DEM
 - ii. Depth interval (m)
- 8. Step 4: Run drainage (Optional)
 - a. Inputs:
 - i. DEM
- 9. Step 5: Transfer files
 - a. Inputs:
 - i. Specify prefix for datasets (e.g. abbreviated study area name)
 - b. Outputs:

- i. surf_elem polygon (surface elements classification)
- ii. ruggedness raster (reclass polygon in feature dataset)
- iii. finebpi raster (reclass polygon in feature dataset)
- iv. broadbpi raster (reclass polygon in feature dataset)
- v. slope raster (reclass polygon in feature dataset)
- vi. depth reclass polygon (optional output)
- vii. drainage raster (optional output)

Landforms classification:

10. Step 6: Preliminary landforms – to review:

- a. Inputs:
 - i. Surface elements polygon
 - ii. DEM
 - iii. Ruggedness threshold for noise user-defined values (default values based on 5 m DEM with 3x iterations of smoothing)
- b. Manually review and edit output preliminary landforms classification to meet user-requirements. Update attribute labels within 'PrelimLand' field to ensure labels get carried across to final classification (Note: 'LAND_2' field is a duplicate of 'PrelimLand'). Users may export a separate copy of the preliminary landforms feature class to edit (e.g. 'prelim landforms edited').

11. Step 7: Final landforms:

- a. Inputs:
 - i. Reviewed/edited preliminary landforms layer
 - ii. Polygon threshold (optional) to eliminate polygons under the user-specified area

12. Step 8: Transfer landform files:

- a. Inputs:
 - i. Specify prefix for datasets (e.g. abbreviated study area name)
- b. Outputs:
 - i. Final landforms classification
 - ii. Preliminary landforms classification
 - iii. Intermediate files (working files created during preliminary landform classification procedures).

Plain classification (Optional):

13. Step 8: Plain landforms

- a. Inputs:
 - i. DEM
 - ii. Terrain variable thresholds user-defined values (default values based on 5 m DEM with 3x iterations of smoothing)
 - iii. Polygon threshold (optional) to eliminate polygons under the user-specified area

14. Step 10: Transfer plain files

- a. Inputs:
 - i. Specify prefix for datasets (e.g. abbreviated study area name)
- b. Outputs:
 - i. Plain classification