
First name and last name

Fill out with capital letters

Student number

Writing time: 75 minutes, date: December 20, 2022

Comments: in case of all programs assume that libraries `iostream` and `stdlib` are attached and the namespace `std` is available. Only places marked for the answers are graded. In case you find a mistake or ambiguity in a question, write an appropriate comment which explains that. The number of marks for the test is 0-100 points (passing threshold = 50%).

Question 1. (20 pts. = 2*10 pts.)

Fill out the selected fields so that the depicted calls to the function `f` return the given values:

`f(2) = 1`

`f(4) = 3`

`f(9) = 8`

```
int f( int x ) {  
    if ( _____ )  
        return x + f( _____ );  
    else  
        return x;  
}
```

Note: in case of multiple correct answers give the one with minimum number of characters (shortest one).

Question 2. (21 pts. = 3*7 pts.)

Give the text that is written to the screen as a result of executing the subsequent instructions `cout` (in place for an answer marked with label "Instruction x:" write the text that is printed to the screen by instruction `cout` marked with comment `/* I-x */`. Write `ERR` if the answer cannot be uniquely determined.

```
typedef struct {  
    int x, y, *ptr;  
} type_t;  
void f( type_t *p ) {  
    p->ptr = &(p->x);  
    p->y = 4; }  
void g( type_t p ) {  
    p.ptr = &(p.x);  
    p.x = p.y = 5; }  
  
type_t p;  
int main() {  
    g( p );  
    f( &p );  
    cout << p.x; /* I-1 */  
    cout << p.y; /* I-2 */  
    cout << *(p.ptr); /* I-3 */  
    return 0;  
}
```

Answers:

Instruction 1: _____

Instruction 2: _____

Instruction 3: _____

Question 3. (20 pts. = 4*5 pts.)

Fill out the selected fields so that the function returns the value of the field `hash` in the last structure in the table `b` whose field `key` equals `x`. The function returns -1 if the table `b` has no structure whose field `key` equals `x`.

```
typedef struct {  
    int key;  
    int hash;  
} pairs_t;  
  
int find( pairs_t _____, int n, int x ) {  
    while ( _____ >= 0 )  
        if ( b_____key == _____ )  
            return n;  
    return -1;  
}
```

Note: in case of multiple correct answers give the one with minimum number of characters (shortest one). Write in all fields `ERR` if the program cannot do what instructed.

Question 4. (20 pts. = 5*4 pts.)

Give the text that is written to the screen as a result of executing the subsequent instructions `cout` (in place for an answer marked with label "Instruction x:" write the text that is printed to the screen by instruction `cout` marked with comment `/* I-x */`. Write *ERR* if the answer cannot be uniquely determined. Binary encoding of numbers is assumed, as presented during the lectures, i.e., U2. If some instruction results in an execution error, then also write *ERR* as an answer and continue your analysis by skipping this instruction.

```
int main() {
    int t[] = {1,2,3,4};
    int a=5, *x = &(t[2]);

    cout << (a<<2) + (a+1); /* I-1 */
    if ( *t - *(t+1) || a-- )
        a--;
    cout << a; /* I-2 */
    cout << (8^6); /* I-3 */
    cout << *t + *(x--); /* I-4 */
    cout << sizeof x; /* I-5 */
    return 0;
}
```

Answers:

Instruction 1: _____

Instruction 2: _____

Instruction 3: _____

Instruction 4: _____

Instruction 5: _____

Question 5. (19 pts.)

What the following program will write to the screen? Write *ERR* if the answer cannot be uniquely determined, or the program has compilation or execution errors.

```
char s[128] = { "WeLikeLanguageC" };
int move( char *t, int i ) {
    int j;
    for ( j=i; j < i+5; j++ )
        if ( t[j] == '\0' )
            return i;
    return i + 3 - (i%2);
}
```

Answer: _____

```
int main() {
    int i=0, k;

    do {
        k = i;
        i = move( s+i, i );
        cout << *(s+i-1);
    } while ( i != k );
    return 0;
}
```