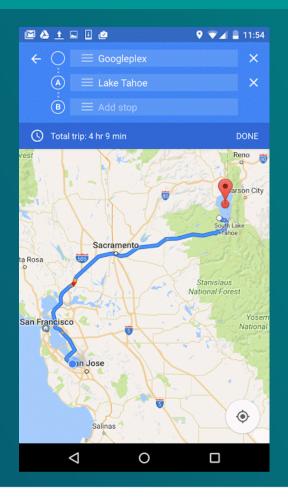
Internet Of Things



GPS

Where am I now?

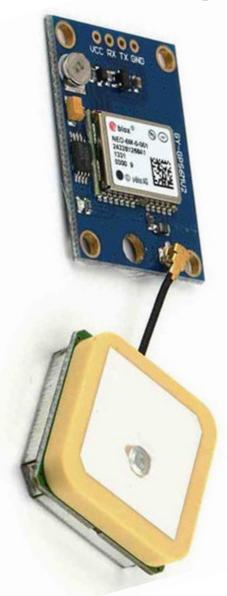


GPS global positioning system

- ❖ The Global Positioning System (GPS), originally Navstar GPS, is a space-based radionavigation system owned by the United States government and operated by the United States Air Force since 60's. It is a global navigation satellite system that provides geolocation and time information to a GPS receiver anywhere on or near the Earth where there is an unobstructed line of sight to four or more GPS satellites.
- ❖ There are also the Russian Global Navigation Satellite System (GLONASS), the European Union Galileo positioning system, China's BeiDou Navigation Satellite System and India's NAVIC.



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Receiver type 50 Channels GPS L1 frequency, C/A Code SBAS: WAAS, EGNOS, MSAS Tracking & Navigation -161 dBm Reacquisition -160 dBm Maximum Navigation update rate 5Hz Horizontal position accuracy GPS 2.5 m **SBAS 2.0 m** SBAS + PPP7 < 1 m (2D, R50) SBAS + PPP7 < 2 m (3D, R50)Accuracy for Timepulse signal RMS 30 ns 99% < 60 ns **Granularity 21 ns** Compensated 15 ns Velocity accuracy 0.1m/s Heading accuracy 0.5 degrees Dynamics 4 g Altitude10 50,000 m Velocity10 500 m/s

⊝⊚

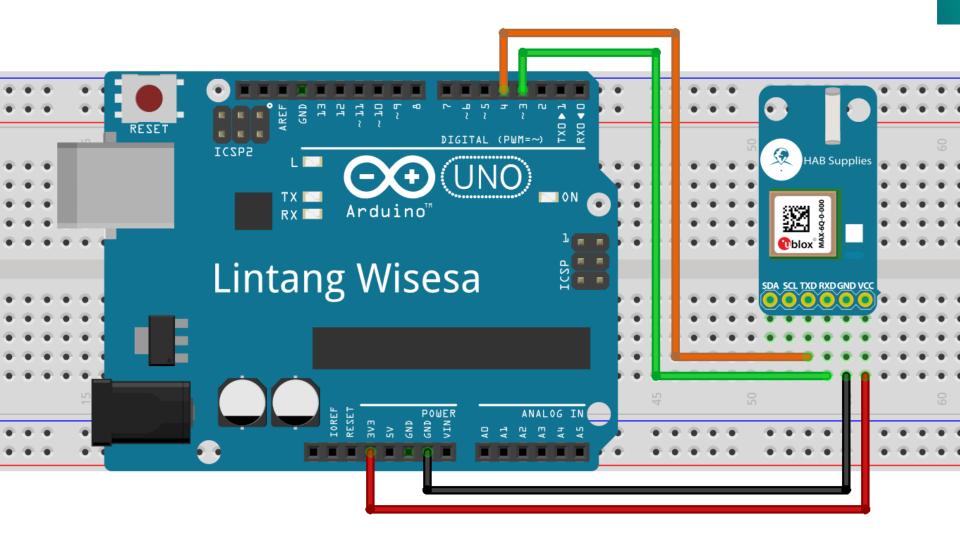
Arduino & Ublox NEO6MV2

```
1.#include <TinyGPS.h>
```

- 2.ss.begin(9600);
- 3.Example → TinyGPS → test_gps



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https://www.google.com/maps/?q=-7.5625278(lat),110.7479502(long)

Arduino & Ublox NEO6MV2

```
#include <SoftwareSerial.h>
#include <TinyGPS.h>
TinyGPS gps;
SoftwareSerial gpsSerial(4, 3);
//Rx gps ke pin 3, Tx gps ke 4, vcc ke 3v3, gnd ke gnd
void setup() {
Serial.begin(115200);
gpsSerial.begin(9600);}
void loop() {
float latitude, longitude;
if (gpsSerial.available()){
    int kar = gpsSerial.read();
    if (gps.encode(kar))
     {gps.f_get_position(&latitude, &longitude);
      Serial.print("Lat(lintang), Long(bujur): ");
      Serial.print(latitude, 7);
      Serial.print(",");
      Serial.println(longitude, 7);
      delay(1000); } } }
```