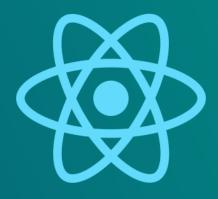
Front-End Development



React Native

#1 Getting Started

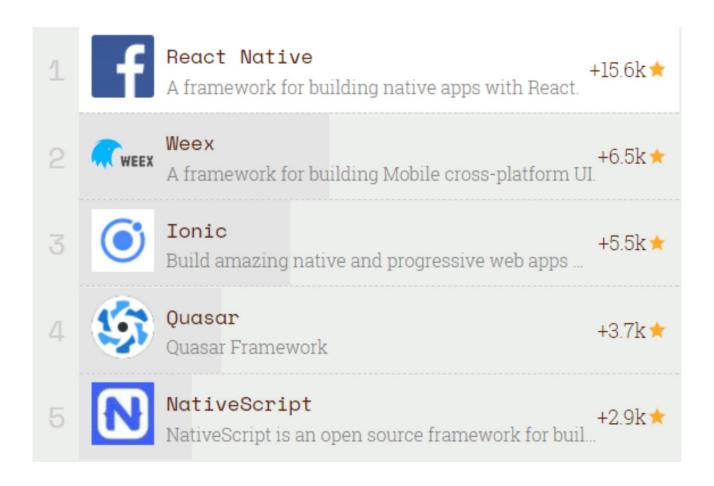




- React Native lets you build mobile apps (iOS and/or Android) using only JavaScript. It uses the same design as React, letting you compose a rich mobile UI from declarative components.
- More info: facebook.github.io/react-native



Top JS Mobile Frameworks 2017







Advantages

- Design simple declarative views for each state in an application.
- Encapsulated components.
- Dynamics properties & state.
- Light & faster virtual DOM.
- Independent of the rest of application.
- Can render on client or server.



Initial Setup:

- Android Studio
- Android SDK
- * ANDROID_HOME
- * JAVA_HOME
- Platform-tools





#1 Android Studio

- Download then install Android Studio: developer.android.com/studio/index.html.
- Choose a "Custom" setup and make sure the following boxes are checked:

Android SDK

Android SDK Platform

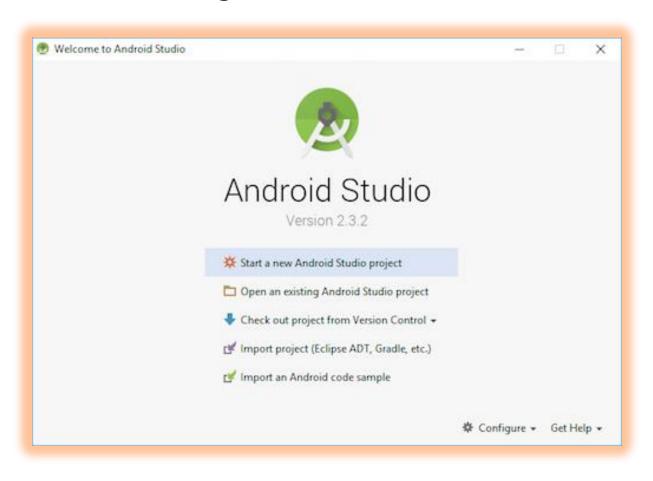
Performance (Intel ® HAXM)

Android Virtual Device





Access SDK Manager from the "Welcome to Android Studio" screen. Click on Configure, then select SDK Manager.



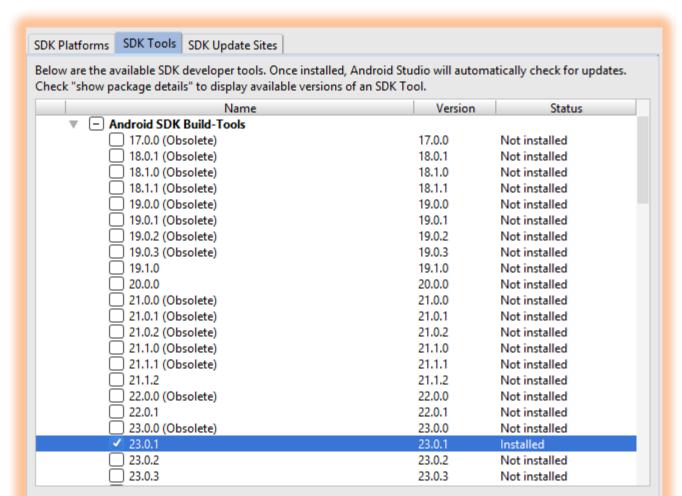


Select the SDK Platforms tab from within the SDK Manager, then check the box next to Show Package Details in the bottom right corner. Look for and expand the Android 6.0 (Marshmallow) entry, then make sure the following items are all checked:

ala A a d	orms SDK Tools SDK Update Sites	- d	a an ADI laval lav	
	Iroid SDK Platform package includes the Android platform ar		_	
	nce installed, Android Studio will automatically check for up dividual SDK components.	odates, Check snow p	ackage details to	
iispiay iii	Name	API Level	Revision	Status
- '	Google APIs Intel x86 Atom System Image	24	11	Not installed
	Google APIs Intel x86 Atom_64 System Image	24	11	Not installed
	Google Play Intel x86 Atom System Image	24	12	Not installed
	Android 6.0 (Marshmallow)			
Ł	☑ Google APIs	23	1	Not installed
<u></u> ≛	Android SDK Platform 23	23	3	Not installed
	Sources for Android 23	23	1	Not installed
	☐ Android TV ARM EABI v7a System Image	23	3	Not installed
	Android TV Intel x86 Atom System Image	23	9	Not installed
	☐ Android Wear ARM EABI v7a System Image	23	6	Not installed
	Android Wear Intel x86 Atom System Image	23	6	Not installed
	ARM EABI v7a System Image	23	6	Not installed
	☐ Intel x86 Atom System Image	23	9	Not installed
₹	✓ Intel x86 Atom_64 System Image	23	9	Not installed
	Google APIs ARM EABI v7a System Image	23	20	Not installed
	Google APIs Intel x86 Atom System Image	23	20	Not installed
	Google APIs Intel x86 Atom_64 System Image	23	20	Not installed
	Android 5.1 (Lollipop)			
	Google APIs	22	1	Not installed
	Android SDK Platform 22	22	2	Not installed
		22	4	All and the Head

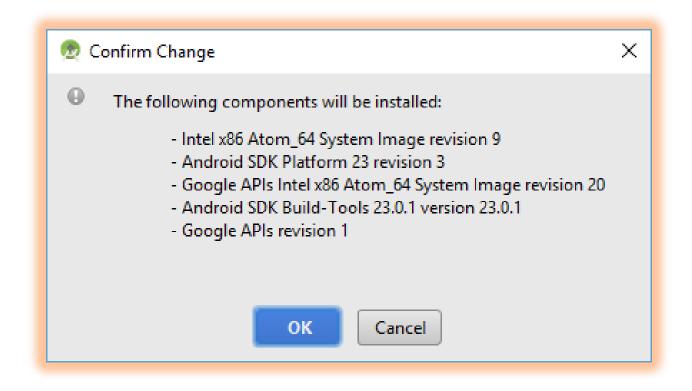


Next, select the SDK Tools tab and check the box next to Show Package Details here as well. Look for and expand the Android SDK Build-Tools entry, then make sure that 23.0.1 is selected.





Finally, click Apply to download and install the Android SDK and related build tools.







#3 ANDROID_HOME

Open the System pane under System and Security in the Control Panel, then click on Change settings.... Open the Advanced tab and click on Environment Variables.... Click on New... to create a new ANDROID_HOME user variable that points to the path to your Android SDK:

Edit User Variable		×
Variable name:	ANDROID_HOME	
Variable value: Browse Directory	C:\Users\hramos\AppData\Local\Android\Sdk Browse File	OK Cancel
		.:





#3 ANDROID_HOME

- The SDK is installed, by default, at the following location:
 - C:\Users\name\AppData\Local\Android\Sdk
- You can find the actual location of the SDK in the Android Studio "Preferences" dialog, under Appearance & Behavior > System Settings > Android SDK.
- Open a new Command Prompt window to ensure the new environment variable is loaded before proceeding to the next step.





#4 JAVA_HOME

Open the System pane under System and Security in the Control Panel, then click on Change settings.... Open the Advanced tab and click on Environment Variables.... Click on New... to create a new JAVA_HOME user variable that points to the path to your JDK:

Edit User Variable	×	:
Variable name:	JAVA_HOME	
Variable value:	C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0_92	
Browse Directory	Browse File OK Cancel	:





#5 platform_tools

Open the System pane under System and Security in the Control Panel, then click on Change settings.... Open the Advanced tab and click on Environment Variables.... Click on Path then Edit.

ser variables for magga		
Variable	Value	-
ANDROID_HOME	C:\Users\magga\AppData\Local\Android\Sdk	
ChocolateyLastPathUpdate	Thu Jan 19 17:11:15 2017	
JAVA_HOME	C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0_92	
INTEGRATION ASSESSED	C. (Frogram Files (x00) (wybdc (wybdc Connector Wet 0.5.0)Assemb	
Path	%USERPROFILE%\AppData\Local\Microsoft\WindowsApps;C:\User.	
TEMD	%HSERDROFILE%\AppData\Local\Temp	
TMP	%USERPROFILE%\AppData\Local\Temp	
	New Edit Delet	



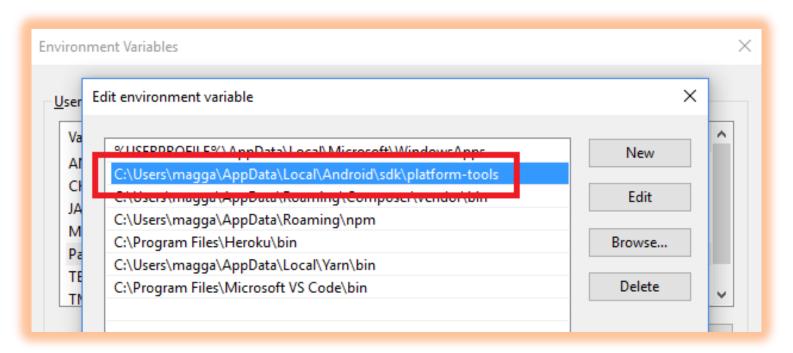


#5 platform_tools

Click New then add the path to your Android SDK's platform tools:

C:\Users\name\AppData\Local\Android\Sdk\platform-tools

Click OK to finish the setup.





React Native Setup:

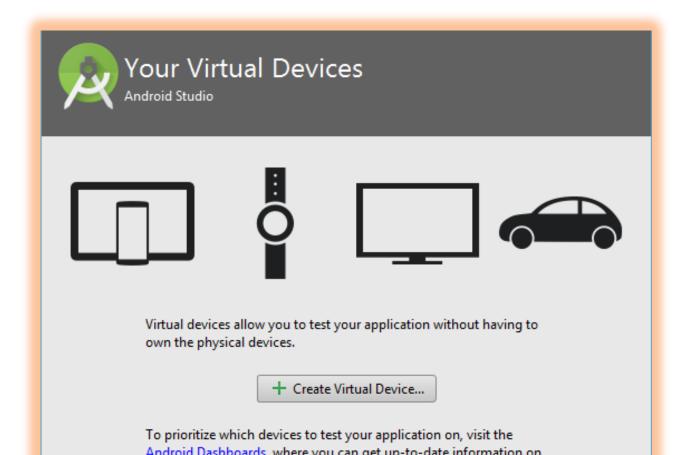
- Set Android AVD
- * React Native CLI
- local.properties
- Running Project





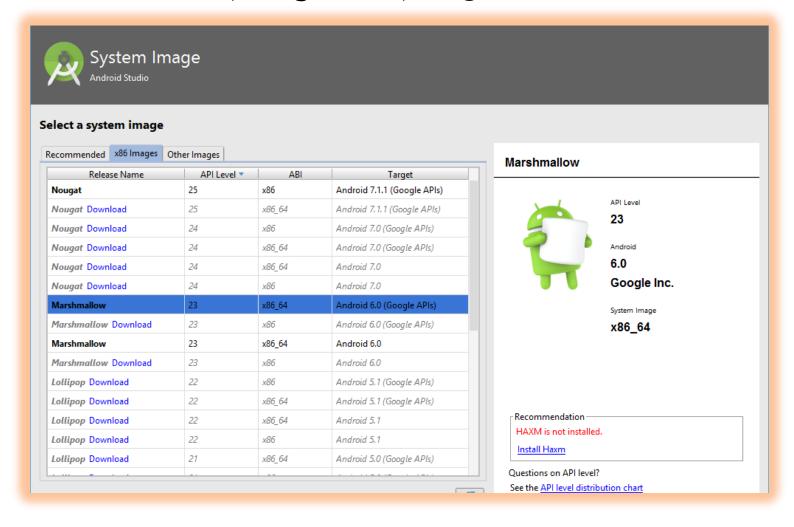
#1 Android Virtual Device

If you have just installed Android Studio, you will likely need to create a new AVD. Select Create Virtual Device..., then pick any Phone from the list and click Next.



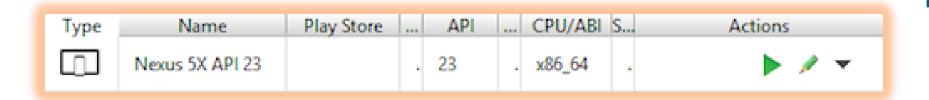
#1 Android Virtual Device

Select the x86 Images tab, then look for the Marshmallow API Level 23, x86_64 ABI image with a Android 6.0 (Google APIs) target.



#1 Android Virtual Device

■ If you don't have HAXM installed, click on *Install HAXM* or follow these instructions to set it up, then go back to the *AVD Manager*.



Click Next then Finish to create your AVD. At this point you should be able to click on the green triangle button next to your AVD to launch it, then proceed to the next step.





#2 React Native CLI

Install React Native CLI first. Open terminal, on project directory type:

```
$ npm install -g react-native-cli
```

Create React Native project then run it:

```
$ react-native init andro_lin
$ cd andro_lin
$ react-native run-android

// for next (if using Android Studio) just
$ npm start
```





#3 local.properties

■ If error when running the project, you have to create a local properties file on your project_directory/android! Fill it with your Android SDK path, for instance:

sdk.dir=C:\\Users\\lintangwisesa\\AppData
\\Local\\Android\\Sdk

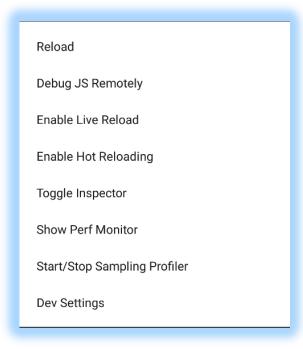
- Then run again.
 - \$ react-native run-android

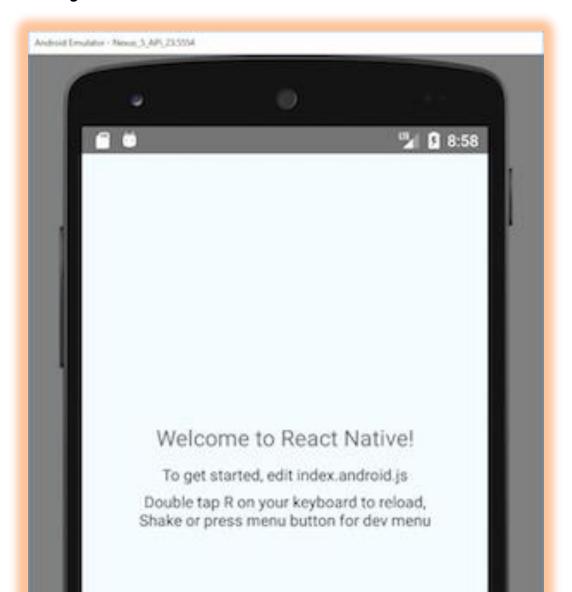




If everything is set up correctly, you should see your new app running in your Android Studio emulator shortly.

Press CTRL+M to show main menu on our emulator.





GENYMOTION

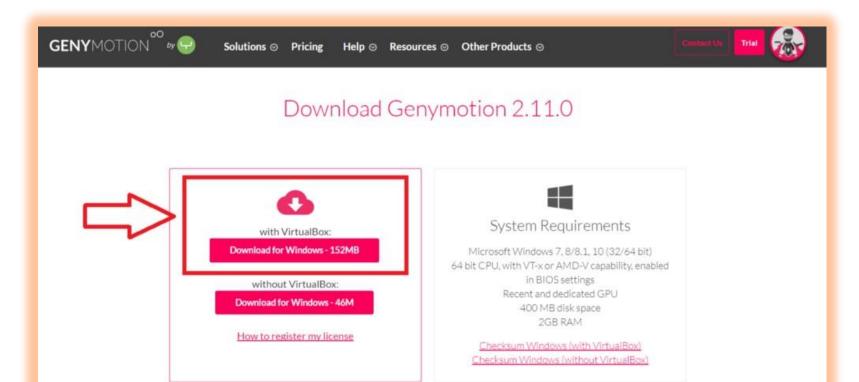
Using Genymotion is Lighter Than Android Studio AVD!





GenyMotion is a third party program that offers Android virtualization so you can test against different versions of Android, and for debugging.

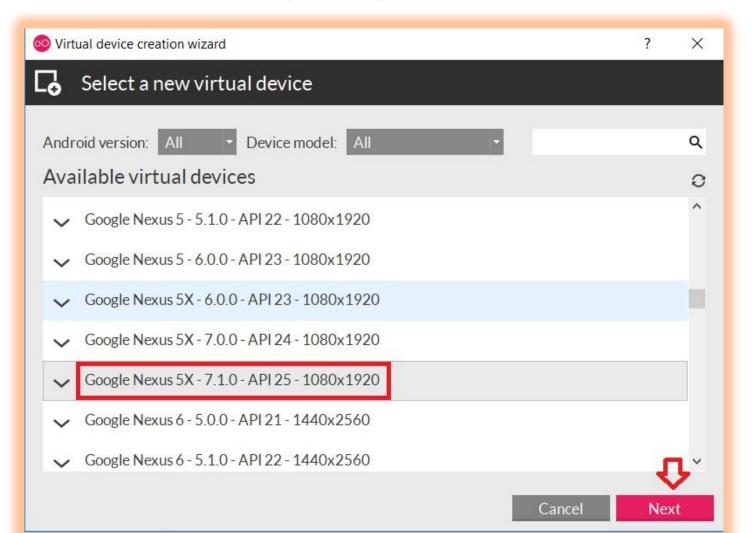
Download its personal edition for free (with Virtual Box): www.genymotion.com/fun-zone





#1 Add Virtual Device

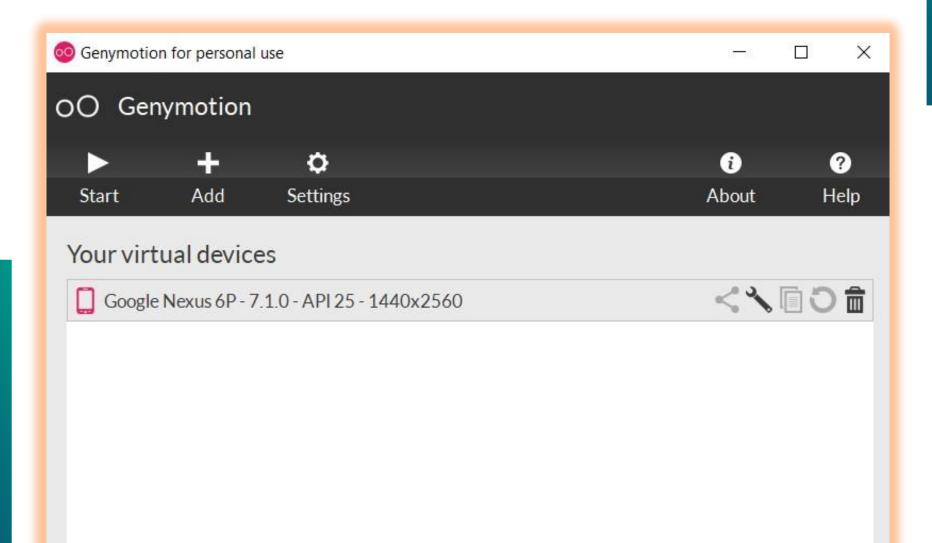
Once downloaded, open Genymotion and login with your account. Now, you'll be able to add a new Virtual Device (Ctrl+N).





#1 Add Virtual Device

Once done you'll see your devices listed under Virtual devices:

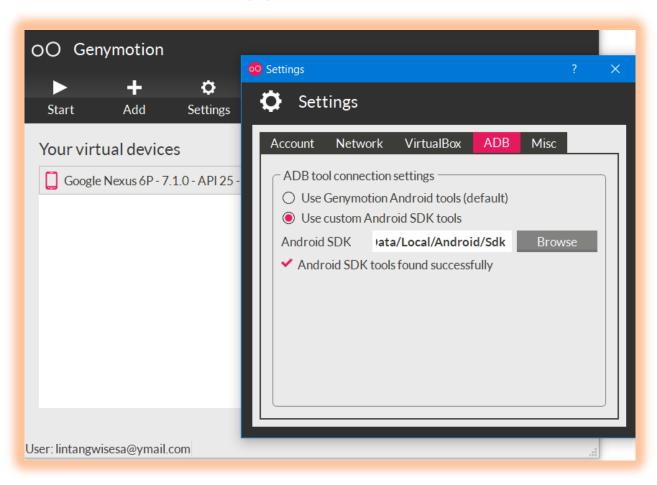




#2 ADB to SDK

On Genymotion, click Settings, on tab ADB choose Use custom Android SDK tools then browse your Android SDK's path, e.g:

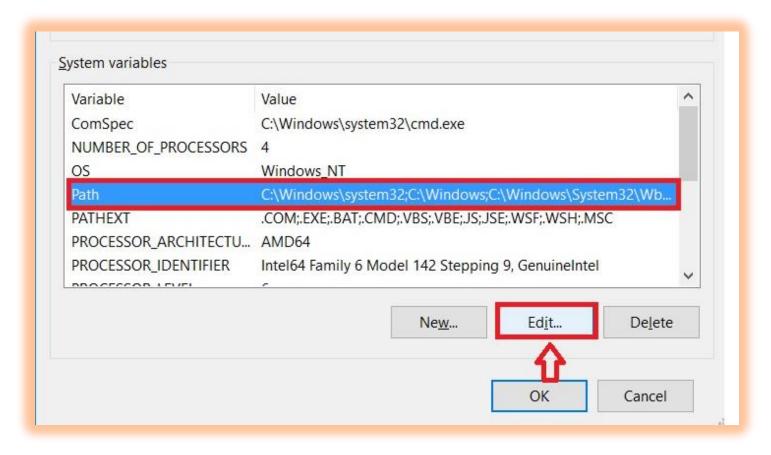
C:\Users\name\AppData\Local\Android\Sdk





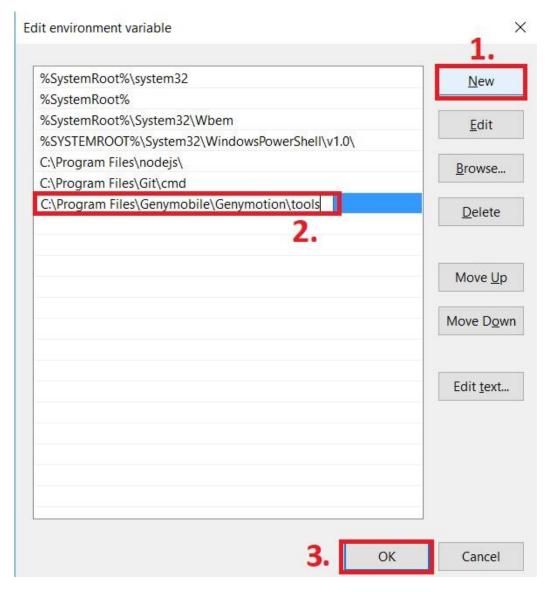
#3 Environment Variables

Right click This PC (My Computer) > Properties > Advanced system. Next click on Environment Variables on the bottom right. Under System variables bracket select Path and click Edit.





#3 Environment Variables



Next, in the edit environment variable window, click **New**, then add path

C:\Program Files\
Genymobile\
Genymotion\
tools

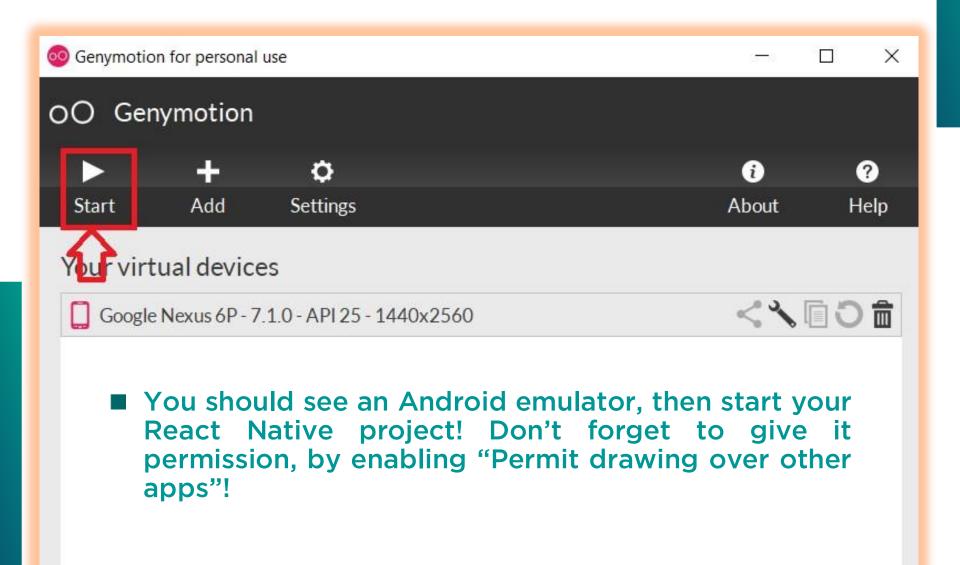
And finally click **OK** until all windows close.





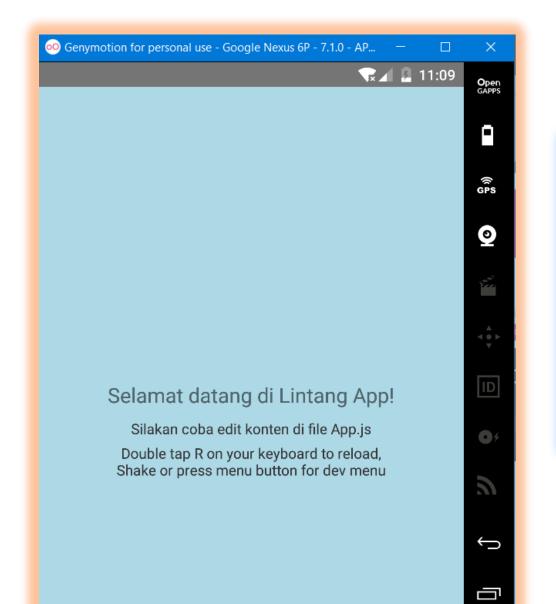
#4 Starting Emulator

Next, restore the previously minimized Genymotion window and click Start.

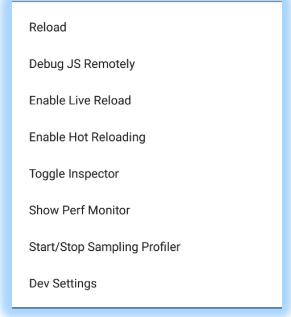




#4 Starting Emulator

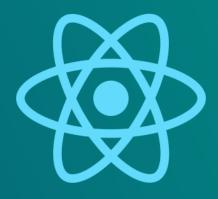


Press CTRL+M to show main menu on our emulator.





Front-End Development



React Native

#1 Getting Started

