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import pandas as pd
import os
from enum import Enum
import numpy as np
import scipy

from numpy import sqrt, sin, cos, tan, pi
from scipy.integrate import odeint
from scipy.interpolate import InterpolatedUnivariateSpline
import matplotlib as mpl
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import matplotlib.ticker as mtk
from matplotlib import ticker, cm
from matplotlib import ticker
from scipy.optimize import minimize
from scipy.optimize import Bounds
import import_ipynb
from cfdPostProcessing import postProcess, rakeProcess
from teslaModelValidation import pathLine
%matplotlib

'''Water'''
density = 1000
dynamicViscosity = 0.001
kinematicViscosity = 1e-06
TotalMassFlowRate = 1 # 0.5, 2

'''Can be Set'''
voluteThickness = 10
discThickness = 0.001
discSpacing = 0.001
wallSpace = 100
wallDisplacement = 0.001

'''Base Case'''
nDisc = 1
chosenScaleDownFactor = 0.01 / 0.01
rotorOuter = 0.01
rotorInner = 0.01 * rotorOuter
revPerMinute = 1000

'''formatting for plots'''
formatter = ticker.ScalarFormatter(useMathText=True)
formatter.set_scientific(True)
formatter.set_powerlimits((-,))
class flowParameters():
    def __init__(self, innerRadius, outerRadius, discSpacing, discThickness, numberSpacing,
                 voluteThickness, voluteWallSpace, upperClearance, wallDisplacement,
                 totMassFlowRate, density, RPM, k_Width_h0 = 0.01, profileN = 1):
        self.innerRadius = innerRadius
        self.outerRadius = outerRadius
        self.discSpacing = discSpacing
        self.discThickness = discThickness
        self.voluteWallSpace = voluteWallSpace
        self.upperClearance = upperClearance
        self.numberSpacing = numberSpacing
        self.massFlowRate = totMassFlowRate
        self.density = density
        self.fpo = profileN + 1

        self.voluteSpace = numberSpacing * discSpacing + numberSpacing * discThickness
        self.totalVoluteSpace = discThickness + self.voluteSpace + self.voluteWallSpace +
        *wallDisplacement
        self.h0 = k_Width_h0 * self.totalVoluteSpace
        self.r0 = self.outerRadius + self.upperClearance + voluteThickness +
        self.totalVoluteSpace / + \
        np.cos(np.arcsin((self.totalVoluteSpace - self.h0 / self.h0) * self.h0

        # formula
        self.inletAngle = flowParameters.derivedAngle(self.voluteSpace, self.h0, self.r0)
        self.vRadial, self.vTheta = flowParameters.velocityInlet(self)

        self.omega = RPM * pi / 60
        self.DH = self.discSpacing
        self.massFlowRatePD = self.massFlowRate / self.numberSpacing
        self.volumeFlowRatePD = self.massFlowRatePD / density

        self.tipVelocity = self.omega * self.outerRadius

        self.relativeTipTangential = self.vTheta - self.tipVelocity / self.tipVelocity
        self.relativeTipRadial = self.vRadial / self.tipVelocity

        self.innerOuterRatio = self.innerRadius / self.outerRadius
        self.reynoldM = self.massFlowRatePD / pi * self.outerRadius * dynamicViscosity
        self.reynoldMS = self.reynoldM * self.DH / self.outerRadius

    def derivedAngle(vSpace, vRadius, vRadius):
        degree = np.arctan(vSpace * vRadius / vRadius)
        return 1 * pi - degree

    def velocityInlet(self):
        effectiveArea = pi * self.outerRadius * self.upperClearance +
        self.numberSpacing * self.discSpacing
        vRadial = self.massFlowRate / effectiveArea * self.density
        vTheta = vRadial * tan(self.inletAngle)
        vRadialDisc = vRadial * self.outerRadius / (self.outerRadius - self.upperClearance)
        return -vRadialDisc, vTheta

    def bothODE(y, x, instance):
        y0, y1 = y

        nTerm = instance.fpo - 1 # article definition
        Vr0 = instance.vRadial / instance.tipVelocity

        firstSolution = -1 * nTerm + 1 + 1 * nTerm + 1 * instance.reynoldMS - / x * y0
        secondSolution = 1 * nTerm + 1 * nTerm + 1 * x * y0 + y0 * x * 1
        return firstSolution, secondSolution

    def rotorEff(firstAnswer, rs, instance): # ignore for now
        return (-1 - firstAnswer - 1) + instance.innerOuterRatio * instance.innerOuterRatio \
        / firstAnswer * 1 + 1

    def power(firstAnswer, rs, instance):
        firstAnswerFlip = np.squeeze(np.flip(firstAnswer))
        rsFlip = np.flip(rs)

        constantTerm = instance.outerRadius * 1 * pi / instance.discSpacing * \
        (dynamicViscosity * instance.tipVelocity * instance.fpo
        integrateTerm = firstAnswerFlip * np.power(rsFlip, 1)
        return instance.omega * instance.numberSpacing * \
        constantTerm * scipy.integrate.simps(integrateTerm, x = rsFlip)

    def efficiencyIdeal(solution, rs, instance):
        innerOuterRatio = instance.innerRadius / instance.outerRadius
        innerDiscSpeed = innerOuterRatio * instance.tipVelocity
        inletKE = instance.vRadial * 1 + instance.vTheta * 1
        pressureDrop = abs(solution - 1) * 1 * (density * instance.tipVelocity * 1 * 1)

        outletVr = instance.vRadial / innerOuterRatio
        outletVt = solution - 1 * instance.tipVelocity + instance.omega * instance.innerRadius
        outletKE = outletVr * 1 + outletVt * 1
        energyInput = 1 * 1 * (inletKE - outletKE + pressureDrop / density)

        energyOutput = instance.tipVelocity * 1 * solution * 1 + 1 - \
        innerDiscSpeed * solution - 1 * instance.tipVelocity + innerDiscSpeed
        return energyOutput * 1 / energyInput * 1 # in percentage

    def solutionGenerator(rotorInner, rotorOuter, discSpacing, discThickness, numberSpacing,
                          voluteThickness, wallSpace, upperClearance, wallDisplacement,
                          TotalMassFlowRate, density, RPM, profileN = 1, rsPoint = 100):
        KJ = flowParameters(rotorInner, rotorOuter, discSpacing, discThickness, numberSpacing,
                          voluteThickness, wallSpace, upperClearance, wallDisplacement,
                          TotalMassFlowRate, density, RPM, profileN = profileN)
        firstODEInitial, secondODEInitial = KJ.relativeTipTangential, 1
        rs = np.linspace(1, KJ.innerOuterRatio, 100)
        sol = odeint(bothODE, (firstODEInitial, secondODEInitial), rs, args=(KJ,))
        return KJ, sol, rs

    def Extraxx():
        profilePlot(axPlot, instance, number2Points): # profile plot in between discs
        xPoints = np.linspace(instance.discSpacing / instance.discSpacing, number2Points)
        nVal = instance.fpo - 1
        xVal = (nVal + nVal * np.full(number2Points, 1)) -
        np.power(instance.discSpacing, nVal)
        axPlot.set_ylabel('x position relative to D50', color='white')
        axPlot.set_xlabel('Profile Magnitude (Dimensionless)', color='white')
        axPlot.plot(xVal, xPoints)

    def findingTheBestRPMForHighestPowerOutput(not working):
        costJ, x, instance:
        optRPM = x[1]
        instance.omega = optRPM * pi / 60

        firstODEInitial, secondODEInitial = instance.relativeTipTangential, 1
        rs = np.linspace(1, instance.innerOuterRatio, 100)
        sol = odeint(bothODE, (firstODEInitial, secondODEInitial), rs, args=(instance,))
        return (100 - power(sol, 1, rs, instance)) * 1

    def shaftLosses(instance): # negligible
        wR2 = instance.omega * instance.outerRadius * 1
        reDisc = wR2 / kinematicViscosity
        tipGap = instance.totalVoluteSpace / + instance.upperClearance
        endGap = instance.voluteWallSpace
        condition = 1 * instance.outerRadius / endGap
        reDisc < condition:
            exponent = 1 # laminar gap
        else:
            exponent = 1.75 # turbulent gap
        cFactorGap = ((instance.outerRadius / reDisc * endGap) * 1 * exponent * \
        (1 * pi * exponent - 1) * 1 * 1) / instance.numberSpacing + 1
        cFactorTip = instance.discThickness / tipGap * 1 * pi * kinematicViscosity * wR2
        torqueLoss = 1 * instance.discSpacing / instance.outerRadius * cFactorGap + cFactorTip
        return torqueLoss * instance.omega * instance.numberSpacing * 1

    def shearFlows(solution, instance):
        nVal = instance.fpo - 1
        factor = dynamicViscosity * nVal * instance.tipVelocity / KJ.discSpacing
        return factor * solution * 1

    def torqueCalculator(solution, rs, instance):

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totalPower = power solution[:,1,rs,instance]
torquePerDisc = totalPower/instance.omega*4*(instance.numberSpacing)
return torquePerDisc

def safeFloatConvert(x):
    try:
        float(x)
    except:
        if np.isnan(x):
            return False
        return True
    except:
        return False
```

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In [12]: """W analysis with RPM"""

rpmList = [0.5, 1, 2, 5]

fig, ax = plt.subplots()

for i in range(len(rpmList)):

    KJ, solKJ, rskJ = solutionGenerator.rotorInner, rotorOuter, discSpacing, discThickness,
    nDisc,
    voluteThickness, wallSpace, v, wallDisplacement,
    TotalMassFlowRate, density, rpmList[i]

    ax.plot(rskJ, solKJ, 'r')

```

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(4): """Save Data (Simulation)"""

KJ, sol, rs = solutionGenerator.rotorInner, rotorOuter, discSpacing, discThickness, nDisc, \
    voluteThickness, wallSpace, KJ.wallDisplacement, \
    TotalMassFlowRate, density, revPerMinute, KJ

radialAve = (1/rs)*KJ.vRadial/KJ.tipVelocity

data = {
    'rs': rs,
    'dimensionless Tangential Velocity': sol[:,1],
    'dimensionless Radial Velocity': radialAve
}

df = pd.DataFrame(data=data)
df.to_excel("excelFiles\\dimensionlessVelocity.xlsx", index=False)

In [6]: """Save Data (Simulation)"""

rpmComparisonCase = (100,2000,3000)

nProfileList = [1,2,3]

for k in range(len(nProfileList)):

    KJ, solKJ, rsKJ = solutionGenerator.rotorInner, rotorOuter, discSpacing, discThickness, \
        nDisc, \
        voluteThickness, wallSpace, KJ.wallDisplacement, \
        TotalMassFlowRate, density, rpm, profileN=nProfileList[k]

    print

    f"Disc Number: {KJ.numberSpacing+1}"+"\n"+
    f"Total Volute Space: {KJ.totalVoluteSpace}"+"\n"+
    f"Total Disc Space: {KJ.voluteSpace}"+"\n"+
    f"r0 is: {KJ.r0}"+"\n"+
    f"Outer radius is: {KJ.outerRadius}"+"\n"+
    f"r1 is: {KJ.h0}"+"\n"+
    f"Angle of {KJ.inletAngle} (pi) deg from tangent line"+"\n"+
    f"Ratio of {KJ.innerOuterRatio}"+"\n"+
    f"Volute of {KJ.vRadial} at {KJ.vTheta}"+"\n"+
    f"Tip velocity: {KJ.tipVelocity}"+"\n"+
    f"Waymouth of {KJ.reynoldW}"+"\n"+
    f"Waymouth of {KJ.reynoldWS}"+"\n"+
    f"Ratio of {KJ.relativeTipTangential}"+"\n"+
    f"Power: {KJ.power_solKJ[:,1]} , rsKJ {KJ.r0}"+"\n"+
    f"Efficiency of {KJ.efficiencyIdeal_solKJ, rsKJ, KJ.r0}"+"\n"+
    f"Friction Loss: {KJ.shaftLosses_KJ}"+"\n"

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xs = np.linspace(0, *pi, 100)
rinner = np.squeeze(np.full((4, 100), rsKJ[-1]))
rOuter = np.squeeze(np.full((4, 100), rsKJ[0]))

thetaRange = np.linspace(0, *pi, 10)
fig = plt.figure constrained_layout=True
ax0 = fig.add_subplot(1, 1, 1)
ax = fig.add_subplot(ax0, (1, 1), polar=True)
ax1 = fig.add_subplot(ax0, (1, 1), polar=True)
relative = 0
for i in range(len(thetaRange)):
    basePlot, baseAnglePlot = pathline(KJ, rsKJ, solKJ, startingAngle=thetaRange[i], k=0,
    relative=relative,
    relative=relative,
    ax.plot(basePlot[(1, 0)], basePlot[(1, 1)], "-", color="maroon", linewidth=2)
    ax1.plot(basePlot[(1, 0)], basePlot[(1, 1)], color="maroon", linewidth=2)
    ax.plot(xs, rinner, color="black")
    ax.plot(xs, rOuter, color="black")
    ax.grid(True, axis='y')
    ax.tick_params(axis='y', labelsize=10)
    ax.tick_params(axis='y', labelsize=10)
    ax.set_ylim(0, rsKJ[0])
    inner = rsKJ[-1]
    outer = rsKJ[0]
    thetas = np.linspace(0, *pi, 100)
    radials = np.linspace(inner, outer, 100)
    xv, yv = np.meshgrid(thetas, radials)
    r = yv**2
    ax.contourf(xv, yv, r, colors="gray")

    ax1.plot(rsKJ, shearPoints[solKJ, KJ], color="black")
    ax1.set_ylabel("%Shear", labelpad=5, fontsize=10)
    ax1.set_xlabel("%Axis", labelpad=5, fontsize=10)
    ax1.set_title("Wall Shear", fontsize=10)
    ax1.set_ylim(top=100)

currentTorque = torqueCalculator(solKJ, rsKJ, KJ)
ax1.text(0.05, 0.97, "Torque: round(currentTorque, 1)/N/m/rev: 200/min: inProfileList k: 1",
color="black", fontsize=10)

Base Case Simulation
Base Case Scenario:
Total Disc Spacing: 0.0032 m
Rotor radius: 0.0575 m
Angle: 0.808972073699244 deg from Tangent Line
E ratio: 0.3
Wt: -2.7934562435819976 N
Myrcoid: 15.808619019367883
Power: 25.84839679325722 W
Efficiency: 0.9455252579255 N
Friction loss: 2.35325702814215e-05 W
Disc Number: 5
Total Volume Flow: 0.0028 m^3/s
Total Disc Spacing: 0.0032 m
Rotor radius: 0.0575 m
Angle: 0.808972073699244 deg from Tangent Line
E ratio: 0.3
Wt: -2.7934562435819976 N
Myrcoid: 15.808619019367883
Power: 25.84839679325722 W
Efficiency: 0.9455252579255 N
Friction loss: 2.35325702814215e-05 W

In (5):
'''Base Case Simulation'''
KJ, sol, rs = solutionGenerator.rotorInner, rotorOuter, discSpacing, discThickness, nDisc,
volumeThickness, wallSpace, wallDisplacement,
TotalMassFlowRate, density, revPerMinute, ()

'''Relative Tangential & Radial Profile'''
fig, f_x, instance =

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nVal = *instance.fpo - 1
phi2 = (nVal+1/nVal+1-np.power(*xPoints/instance.discSpacing,nVal))
phi2 = np.reshape(phi2,(1, len(phi2)))
#ax0.set_xlabel('phi')
ax0.set_ylabel('phi2.transpose()*y')

tangentialAve = sol[1,:]
xPoints = np.linspace(-KJ.discSpacing/, KJ.discSpacing/, 100)
yPoints = rs
Z1 = f * xPoints, tangentialAve, KJ1.transpose()
xPoints, yPoints = np.meshgrid(xPoints, yPoints)

X1 = xPoints
Y1 = yPoints

radialAve = (1/rs)*KJ.vradial/KJ.tipVelocity
xPoints = np.linspace(-KJ.discSpacing/, KJ.discSpacing/, 100)
Z2 = f * xPoints, radialAve, KJ1.transpose()
X2 = xPoints
Y2 = yPoints

'''plots'''
fig = plt.figure()

spec = mpl.gridspec.GridSpec(ncols=1, nrows=4,
                             height_ratios=[1,1,1,1])

ax0 = fig.add_subplot(spec[0], projection='3d')
ax1 = fig.add_subplot(spec[1], projection='3d')
ax10 = fig.add_subplot(spec[2])
ax11 = fig.add_subplot(spec[3])

ax0.plot_surface(X1, Z1, Y1, rstride=1, cstride=1,
                 cmap=cm.viridis, edgecolor='none')
ax0.set_xlabel('X1(km)', labelpad=10, fontsize=14)
ax0.xaxis.set_ticks(np.linspace(-KJ.discSpacing/, KJ.discSpacing/, 10))
ax0.set_ylabel('Z1(km)', labelpad=10, fontsize=14)
ax0.set_xlabel('Y1(km)', labelpad=10, fontsize=14)
ax0.set_title('Tangential', fontsize=14)
ax0.set_ylim(np.amax(Z1),)
ax0.grid(True)

ax1.plot_surface(X2, Z2, Y2, rstride=1, cstride=1,
                 cmap=cm.viridis, edgecolor='none')
ax1.set_xlabel('X2(km)', labelpad=10, fontsize=14)
ax1.xaxis.set_ticks(np.linspace(-KJ.discSpacing/, KJ.discSpacing/, 10))
ax1.set_ylabel('Z2(km)', labelpad=10, fontsize=14)
ax1.set_xlabel('Y2(km)', labelpad=10, fontsize=14)
ax1.set_title('Radial', fontsize=14)
ax1.grid(True)

ax10.plot(tangentialAve, rs, color='black')
ax10.invert_yaxis()
ax10.set_ylabel('r(km)', labelpad=10, fontsize=14)
ax10.set_xlabel('r(km)', labelpad=10, fontsize=14)

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ax10.set_xlim(right=0)
ax10.set_box_aspect(1)
ax10.grid()

ax11.plot(radialAve, rs, color="black")
ax11.set_ylabel(r"$V_{x10}$", labelpad=5, fontsize=10)
ax11.set_xlabel(r"$V_{x10}$", labelpad=5, fontsize=10)
ax11.set_box_aspect(1)
ax11.set_xlim(right=0)
ax11.grid()

# ax.patch.set_facecolor('grey')
# fig.subplots_adjust(left=0.05, bottom=0.05, right=0.95, top=0.95)

To (4):
"""Base Case Simulation"""

KJ, sol, rs = solutionGenerator.rotorInner, rotorOuter, discSpacing, discThickness, nDisc,
                    voluteThickness, wallSpace, wallDisplacement,
                    TotalMassFlowRate, density, revPerMinute[1])

"""Relative Tangential Profile"""
nVal = x, y, instance[0]
nVal = *instance.Fpo - 1
phiZ = (nVal+1/nVal)*np.power(1/nVal*instance.discSpacing, nVal)
phiZ = np.reshape(phiZ, (1, len(phiZ)))
#ax10.plot(phiZ.transpose()*y)

tangentialAve = sol[1,1]
xPoints = np.linspace-KJ.discSpacing/, KJ.discSpacing/, 100)
yPoints = rs
Z1 = f(xPoints, tangentialAve, KJ).transpose()
xPoints, yPoints = np.meshgrid(xPoints, yPoints)

X1 = xPoints
Y1 = yPoints

radialAve = (1/rs*KJ.vRadial/KJ.tipVelocity)
xPoints = np.linspace-KJ.discSpacing/, KJ.discSpacing/, 100)
Z2 = f(xPoints, radialAve, KJ).transpose()
X2 = xPoints
Y2 = yPoints

"""plots"""
fig = plt.figure()

spec = mpl.gridspec.GridSpec(ncols=1, nrows=1,
                             height_ratios=[1, 1])

ax0 = fig.add_subplot(spec[0], projection='3d')
# ax1 = fig.add_subplot(spec[1], projection='3d')
ax10 = fig.add_subplot(spec[1])
# ax11 = fig.add_subplot(spec[3])

ax0.plot_surface(X1, Z1, Y1, zstride=, cstride=,
                 cmap='viridis', edgecolor='none')
ax0.xaxis.set_ticks(np.linspace-KJ.discSpacing/, KJ.discSpacing/, 1))
ax0.set_ylim(np.amax(Z1),)
ax0.grid(True)

ax10.plot(tangentialAve, rs, color="black")

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ax10.invert_yaxis()
ax10.set_xlim(right=0)
ax10.set_box_aspect([
ax10.grid()

# ax.patch.set_facecolor('grey')
fig.suptitle('Relative Tangential Profile', fontsize=16)

Out[4]:
In [12]:
"""Base Case Simulation"""

KJ, sol, rs = solutionGenerator.rotorInner, rotorOuter, discSpacing, discThickness, nDisc, \
    voluteThickness, wallSpace, wallDisplacement, \
    TotalMassFlowRate, density, revPerMinute [1]

"""Pressure Drop Plots"""
fig, ax = plt.subplots(1)
ax.plot(rs, sol[:, 1], "--", color='black')
ax.invert_yaxis()
ax.set_ylabel("P [Pa]", labelpad=10, fontsize=14)
ax.set_ylim(top=0)
ax.set_xlabel("r [m]", fontsize=14)
ax.set_xlim(left=0)
ax.set_title("Dimensionless Pressure Drop", fontsize=16)

columns = ['rs': rs, 'dP': np.squeeze(sol[:, 1])]
df = pd.DataFrame(data=columns)
# df.to_excel("PressureDropDimensionless.xlsx")

In [5]:
"""Base Case Simulation"""

KJ, sol, rs = solutionGenerator.rotorInner, rotorOuter, discSpacing, discThickness, nDisc, \
    voluteThickness, wallSpace, wallDisplacement, \
    TotalMassFlowRate, density, revPerMinute [1]

"""Angle relative to spinning disc"""
radialPr = abs(1 / rs * KJ.relativeTipRadial)
tangentialPr = sol[:, 1]
angleProfile = np.arctan(tangentialPr / radialPr) * 180 / pi
fig, ax = plt.subplots(1, 1, gridspec_kw={
    'width_ratios': (1, 1)})
ax[0].plot(rs, angleProfile, "--", color='black')

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```
ax[0].set_xlabel("$\psi$Swiss", fontsize=14)
ax[0].set_xlim(left=-1, right=1)
ax[0].set_ylabel("Angle (in DEGREE SIGN)", fontsize=14)

radialPr = abs(1 / rs * KJ.vRadial / KJ.tipVelocity)
tangentialPr = sol[:,1]
angleProfile = np.arctan(tangentialPr / radialPr) * pi

"""Unit Vector Case"""
startX = 0
for i in range(len(angleProfile)):
    if i % 5 == 0:
        currentAngle = angleProfile[i]
        vectorToX, vectorToY = sin(currentAngle*pi/180), -cos(currentAngle*pi/180)
        ax[1].arrow(startX, rs[i], -vectorToX, vectorToY, color="crimson", shape="full",
                    head_width=100)
ax[1].plot(startX, startX, rs[-1], rs[0], "--", color="black")

ax[1].plot([rs[-1], rs[-1], rs[-1]], "r", color="black")
ax[1].plot([rs[-1], rs[-1], rs[0]], "r", color="black")
ax[1].set_xlabel("$\psi$Swiss", fontsize=14)
ax[1].axes.xaxis.set_visible(False)

theta = np.linspace(0, np.pi, 100)

r1 = rs[-1]
x1 = r1*np.cos(theta) + startX
y1 = r1*np.sin(theta)
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ax[1].plot(x1, y1, color="black")

r2 = rs/2
x2 = r2*np.cos(theta) + startX
y2 = r2*np.sin(theta)
ax[1].plot(x2, y2, color="black")

inner = rs - 1
xs = np.linspace(-rs[0]+startX,rs[0]+startX, 50)
ys = np.linspace(-rs[1],rs[1], 50)
xv, yv = np.meshgrid(xs,ys)
r = (xv-startX)**2 + yv**2
ax[1].contourf(xv, yv, r, levels=inner**2, rs=[**], colors="grey")

ax[1].set_xlim(left=-1, right=1)
ax[1].set_ylim(bottom=-1, top=rs[1]+1)
ax[1].set_aspect(1)

fig.suptitle("$\alpha=0.11$ angle", fontsize=14)
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Out[5]:
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In (15): '''Save Case visualization'''
'''Pressure Drop Contourf'''
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KJ, soIKJ, rsKJ = solutionGenerator.rotorInner, rotorOuter, discSpacing, discThickness, ndisc-1,
volumeThickness, wallSpace, wallDisplacement,
TotalMassFlowRate, density, revPerMinute, 0)

'''Pressure Drop Contour'''
xs = np.linspace(0, *pi, 100)
rInner = np.squeeze(np.full((1,100), rsKJ, -1))
rOuter = np.squeeze(np.full((1,100), rKJ, -1))

thetaRange = np.linspace(0, *pi, 5)
fig, ax = plt.subplots(subplot_kw={'projection': 'polar'})
ax.plot(xs, rInner, color='red')
ax.plot(xs, rOuter, color='black')
ax.grid(True, axis='x')
ax.tick_params(axis='x', labelsize=8)
ax.tick_params(axis='y', labelsize=8)
ax.set_title('Pressure Drop Contour', fontsize=12, pad=5)
ax.set_xlabel('revKJ',
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xsize,ydim,xlow,xhigh)

theta0 = np.linspace(0, 2*np.pi, 100)
radials = xs*KJ
xv, yv = np.meshgrid(theta0, radials)

pressureContour = []
pDroptBar = - 1e-7 * density*KJ.tipVelocity**2 * solKJ[xv,y]
for i in range(len(theta0)):
    pressureContour.append(pDroptBar)
pressureContour = np.transpose(pressureContour)
highP, lowP = np.amax(pressureContour), np.amin(pressureContour)
fig.levels = np.linspace(lowP,highP,10)

cs = ax.contourf(xv, yv, pressureContour, cmap= 'YlOrRd_r')
cbar = plt.colorbar(cs ax=ax)
char,ax.set_ylabel('Pressure Drop (Pa)', fontsize=16, labelpad=10)
char.ax.tick_params(labelsize=16)
plt.savefig('')
```

```
In [10]: print(hdcs)
```

```
Out[10]:
```



```

In (2):
'''Power Contour'''
n = n in range(1, 5)
maxRotorOuter = 1.0
kFactorRange = np.linspace(1, 2, 5)

nDiscRange = np.arange(1, 5, 1)
discSpacingRange = np.arange(0.001, 0.005, 0.001)
rpmRange = np.linspace(1, 1000, 5)

bSpacing = discSpacingRange[0] # choosing smallest possible disc spacing
hiOutput = 0

powerStorageStore = []
bestLine = []

for j in range(len(nDiscRange)):
    powerStorage = np.zeros((len(rpmRange), len(kFactorRange)))
    X, Y = np.meshgrid(rpmRange, kFactorRange)

    discNumberSpacing = nDiscRange[j]

    for i in range(len(kFactorRange)):
        highRPM, highPower = 0, 0
        for k in range(len(rpmRange)):
            effectiveRPM = rpmRange[k]
            maxRotorOuterCase = maxRotorOuter/kFactorRange[i]
            KJ, sol, rs = solutionGenerator(1, *maxRotorOuterCase, maxRotorOuterCase, bSpacing, \
                discThickness, discNumberSpacing, voluteThickness, wallSpace, \
                wallDisplacement, TotalMassFlowRate, density, effectiveRPM, profileName = 'n' + str(j))

            powerStorage[k, i] = power_sol[i, j], rs, KJ

            '''Base Case'''
            if powerStorage[k, i] > highPower and discNumberSpacing == 1:
                highRPM, highPower = effectiveRPM, powerStorage[k, i]
            if powerStorage[k, i] > hiOutput:
                hiOutput = powerStorage[k, i]
            if highPower == 0 or highRPM == 0:
                pass
            else:
                bestLine.append([highRPM, kFactorRange[i]])
                powerStorageStore.append(powerStorage)

X, Y = np.meshgrid(rpmRange, kFactorRange)
powerStorageStore = np.array(powerStorageStore)
bestLine = np.array(bestLine)

'''Plots'''

plt.rcParams['figure.figsize'] = (10, 10)
fig, axs = plt.subplots(2, 2)
# levels = np.arange(0, int(hiOutput)+1, 1)
levels = np.arange(1, 5, 1)
countX, countY = 0, 0
for i in range(len(powerStorageStore)):
    countX += 1
    countY += 1
    cs = axs[countX, countY].contourf(X, Y, powerStorageStore[i].transpose(), levels=levels \
        extend='both', cmap='civid')
    axs[countX, countY].set_title('n = %d' % i, color='white', fontsize=10)
    axs[countX, countY].tick_params(axis='x', colors='white', labelsize=8)
    axs[countX, countY].tick_params(axis='y', colors='white', labelsize=8)
    countX = countX + 1 and countY = countY + 1
    axs[countX, countY].plot(bestLine[:, 0], bestLine[:, 1], "-", color='black')
    axs[countX, countY].plot(rpmRange[0], rpmRange[-1], \
        chosenScaleDownFactor, chosenScaleDownFactor), "r", \
        color='black')
    axs[countX, countY].grid(color='white')
    countY += 1

plt.subplots_adjust(wspace=0.5)
fig.add_subplot(2, 2, frame_on=False)
fig.suptitle('Power Output Contour', color='white', fontsize=8, x=0.5)

plt.tick_params(labelcolor='none', bottom=False, left=False)
plt.xlabel('RPM', fontsize=8, color='white', position=(0, 0), labelpad=5)
plt.ylabel('Scale Down Factor', fontsize=8, color='white', position=(0, 0), labelpad=5)

fig.tight_layout()
char = plt.colorbar(cs, ax=axs)
char.ax.set_ylabel('Power (W)', fontsize=8)
char.ax.yaxis.label.set_color('white')
char.ax.yaxis.label.set_color('white')
char.ax.tick_params(axis='y', colors='white')

ticklabs = char.ax.get_yticklabels()
char.ax.set_yticklabels(ticklabs, fontsize=8)

fig.patch.set_facecolor('#37364B')

```

```

In (9):
'''Power Contour for Fred'''
maxRotorOuter = 1.0
kFactorRange = np.linspace(1, 2, 5)

nDiscRange = np.arange(1, 5, 1)
discSpacingRange = np.arange(0.001, 0.005, 0.001)
rpmRange = np.linspace(1, 1000, 5)

bSpacing = discSpacingRange[0] # choosing smallest possible disc spacing
hiOutput = 0

powerStorageStore = []
bestLine = []

for j in range(len(nDiscRange)):
    powerStorage = np.zeros((len(rpmRange), len(kFactorRange)))
    X, Y = np.meshgrid(rpmRange, kFactorRange)

    discNumberSpacing = nDiscRange[j]

    for i in range(len(kFactorRange)):
        highRPM, highPower = 0, 0
        for k in range(len(rpmRange)):
            effectiveRPM = rpmRange[k]
            maxRotorOuterCase = maxRotorOuter/kFactorRange[i]
            KJ, sol, rs = solutionGenerator(1, *maxRotorOuterCase, maxRotorOuterCase, bSpacing, \
                discThickness, discNumberSpacing, voluteThickness, wallSpace, \
                wallDisplacement, TotalMassFlowRate, density, effectiveRPM)

            powerStorage[k, i] = power_sol[i, j], rs, KJ

            '''Base Case'''
            if powerStorage[k, i] > highPower and discNumberSpacing == 1:
                highRPM, highPower = effectiveRPM, powerStorage[k, i]
            if powerStorage[k, i] > hiOutput:
                hiOutput = powerStorage[k, i]
            if highPower == 0 or highRPM == 0:
                pass
            else:
                bestLine.append([highRPM, kFactorRange[i]])
                powerStorageStore.append(powerStorage)

X, Y = np.meshgrid(rpmRange, kFactorRange)
powerStorageStore = np.array(powerStorageStore)
bestLine = np.array(bestLine)

'''Plots'''

plt.rcParams['figure.figsize'] = (10, 10)
fig, axs = plt.subplots(2, 2)
# levels = np.arange(0, int(hiOutput)+1, 1)
levels = np.arange(1, 5, 1)
countX, countY = 0, 0
for i in range(len(powerStorageStore)):
    countX += 1
    countY += 1
    cs = axs.contourf(X, Y, powerStorageStore[i].transpose(), levels=levels \
        extend='both', cmap='civid')
    axs.set_title('n = %d' % i, color='white', fontsize=8)
    axs.tick_params(axis='x', colors='white', labelsize=8)
    axs.tick_params(axis='y', colors='white', labelsize=8)
    plt.subplots_adjust(wspace=0.5)
    fig.add_subplot(2, 2, frame_on=False)
    fig.suptitle('Power Output Contour', color='white', fontsize=8, x=0.5)

    plt.tick_params(labelcolor='none', bottom=False, left=False)
    plt.xlabel('RPM', fontsize=8, color='white', position=(0, 0), labelpad=5)
    plt.ylabel('Scale Down Factor', fontsize=8, color='white', position=(0, 0), labelpad=5)

    char = plt.colorbar(cs, ax=axs)
    char.ax.set_ylabel('Power (W)', fontsize=8)
    char.ax.yaxis.label.set_color('white')
    char.ax.yaxis.label.set_color('white')
    char.ax.tick_params(axis='y', colors='white')

    ticklabs = char.ax.get_yticklabels()
    char.ax.set_yticklabels(ticklabs, fontsize=8)

    fig.patch.set_facecolor('#37364B')

```

```

In (3):
'''Efficiency Contour'''
n = n in range(1, 5)
maxRotorOuter = 1.0
kFactorRange = np.linspace(1, 2, 5)

nDiscRange = np.arange(1, 5, 1)
discSpacingRange = np.arange(0.001, 0.005, 0.001)
rpmRange = np.linspace(1, 1000, 5)

bSpacing = discSpacingRange[0] # choosing smallest possible disc spacing
hiEfficiency = 0

effStorageStore = []
bestLine = []

for j in range(len(nDiscRange)):
    effStorage = np.zeros((len(rpmRange), len(kFactorRange)))
    X, Y = np.meshgrid(rpmRange, kFactorRange)

    discNumberSpacing = nDiscRange[j]

    for i in range(len(kFactorRange)):
        highRPM, highEff = 0, 0
        for k in range(len(rpmRange)):
            effectiveRPM = rpmRange[k]
            maxRotorOuterCase = maxRotorOuter/kFactorRange[i]
            KJ, sol, rs = solutionGenerator(1, *maxRotorOuterCase, maxRotorOuterCase, bSpacing, \
                discThickness, discNumberSpacing, voluteThickness, wallSpace, \
                wallDisplacement, TotalMassFlowRate, density, effectiveRPM, profileName = 'n' + str(j))

            effStorage[k, i] = efficiencyIdeal_sol, rs, KJ

            '''Base Case'''
            if effStorage[k, i] > highEff and discNumberSpacing == 1:
                highRPM, highEff = effectiveRPM, effStorage[k, i]
            if effStorage[k, i] > hiEfficiency:
                hiEfficiency = effStorage[k, i]
            if highEff == 0 or highRPM == 0:
                pass
            else:
                bestLine.append([highRPM, kFactorRange[i]])
                effStorageStore.append(effStorage)

X, Y = np.meshgrid(rpmRange, kFactorRange)
effStorageStore = np.array(effStorageStore)
bestLine = np.array(bestLine)

'''Plots'''

plt.rcParams['figure.figsize'] = (10, 10)
fig, axs = plt.subplots(2, 2)
# levels = np.arange(0, int(hiEfficiency)+1, 1)
# levels = np.arange(0, 101, 5)
countX, countY = 0, 0
for i in range(len(effStorageStore)):
    countX += 1
    countY += 1
    cs = axs.contourf(X, Y, effStorageStore[i].transpose(), levels=levels \
        extend='both', cmap='magma_r')
    axs.set_title('n = %d' % i, color='white', fontsize=8)
    axs[countX, countY].tick_params(axis='x', colors='white', labelsize=8)
    axs[countX, countY].tick_params(axis='y', colors='white', labelsize=8)
    countX = countX + 1 and countY = countY + 1
    axs[countX, countY].plot(bestLine[:, 0], bestLine[:, 1], "-", color='black')
    axs[countX, countY].plot(rpmRange[0], rpmRange[-1], \
        chosenScaleDownFactor, chosenScaleDownFactor), "r", \
        color='black')
    axs[countX, countY].grid(color='white')
    countY += 1

plt.subplots_adjust(wspace=0.5)
fig.add_subplot(2, 2, frame_on=False)
fig.suptitle('Efficiency Contour', color='white', fontsize=8, x=0.5)

plt.tick_params(labelcolor='none', bottom=False, left=False)
plt.xlabel('RPM', fontsize=8, color='white', position=(0, 0), labelpad=5)
plt.ylabel('Scale Down Factor', fontsize=8, color='white', position=(0, 0), labelpad=5)

char = plt.colorbar(cs, ax=axs)
char.ax.set_ylabel('Efficiency (%)', fontsize=8)
char.ax.yaxis.label.set_color('white')
char.ax.yaxis.label.set_color('white')
char.ax.tick_params(axis='y', colors='white')

ticklabs = char.ax.get_yticklabels()
char.ax.set_yticklabels(ticklabs, fontsize=8)

fig.patch.set_facecolor('#37364B')

```

```

In (10):
'''Mass Flow Rate Comparison on different application sections'''
inletArea = 0.0001
damVelocity height = 0
c0 = sqrt(g*height)
rho = 1000
* c0

damVelocity hydraulicRadius, Slope, formulaType :
u_m = 0.49
u_c = 0.49
manningN = 0.013
chezyC = u_m*manningN*hydraulicRadius**0.5)/(u_c*manning)
if formulaType == "Manning":
    velocity = u_m*manningN*hydraulicRadius**0.5)/(Slope**0.5)
elif formulaType == "Chezy":
    velocity = u_c*chezyC*hydraulicRadius**0.5)/(Slope**0.5)
else:
    raise Exception("Unidentified Formula type")
rho = 1000
velocity

rho = 1000
smallDam = density*inletArea*damVelocity
tapWater = 1
smallRiver = 1
hRadius = (rho*g*c0**2)/pi*(rho*g)
river10 = stream(hRadius, tan * pi/10, "Manning")
river20 = stream(hRadius, tan * pi/20, "Manning")
river30 = stream(hRadius, tan * pi/30, "Manning")
waterFall = 1
referenceStream = 1
"river": smallRiver,
"river 10N DEGREE SIGN": river10,
"river 20N DEGREE SIGN": river20,
"river 30N DEGREE SIGN": river30,
"tap water": tapWater,
"small dam": smallDam,
"waterfall": waterFall
}

massFlowRateRange = np.arange(1, 5, 1)
rpmRange = np.linspace(1, 1000, 5)

'''Base Case'''
voluteThickness = 0.001
discThickness = 0.001
discSpacing = 0.001
wallSpace = 0.001
wallDisplacement = 0.001

nDiscBase = 1
rotorOuter = 1.0
rotorInner = 0.7
hiOutput = 0

powerStorageStore = []
for i in range(len(rpmRange)):
    powerStorageStore.append([])
    effectiveRPM = rpmRange[i]
    for j in range(len(massFlowRateRange)):
        currentRFR = massFlowRateRange[j]
        KJ, sol, rs = solutionGenerator(rotorInner, rotorOuter, discSpacing, \
            discThickness, nDisc ~ 1, voluteThickness, wallSpace, \
            wallDisplacement, currentRFR, density, effectiveRPM)

        currentOutput = power_sol[i, j], rs, KJ
        powerStorageStore[i].append(currentOutput)
        if currentOutput > hiOutput:
            hiOutput = currentOutput
X, Y = np.meshgrid(rpmRange, massFlowRateRange)
powerStorageStore = np.array(powerStorageStore)

'''Plots'''
countLevel = int(round((massFlowRateRange[-1]-massFlowRateRange[0])/5, 0)+1)
fig, axs = plt.subplots(figsize=(10, 10))
levels = np.arange(1, int(hiOutput)+1, countLevel)
# levels = np.arange(0, 101, 5)
cs = axs.contourf(X, Y, powerStorageStore.transpose(), levels=levels \
    extend='both', cmap='civid')
for i in list(referenceStream.keys()):
    if referenceStream[i] >= massFlowRateRange[0]:
        pass
    else:
        pass
    axs.plot(rpmRange[0], rpmRange[-1], [referenceStream[i], referenceStream[i]], "-", \
        color='black')
    axs.text(rpmRange[0], referenceStream[i] + 0.05, str(i), color='red', fontsize=8)
axs.set_title('Performance Matrix', color='white', fontsize=8, pad=5)
axs.set_xlabel('RPM', color='white', fontsize=8)
axs.set_ylabel('Mass Flow Rate (kg/s)', color='white', fontsize=8)
axs.set_ytick_params(axis='x', colors='white', labelsize=8)
axs.set_ytick_params(axis='y', colors='white', labelsize=8)
axs.set_ylim(top=massFlowRateRange[-1], bottom=massFlowRateRange[0])
axs.set_xlim(left=rpmRange[0], right=rpmRange[-1])
char = plt.colorbar(cs, ax=axs)
char.ax.set_ylabel('Power (W)', fontsize=8)
char.ax.yaxis.label.set_color('white')
char.ax.yaxis.label.set_color('white')
char.ax.tick_params(axis='y', colors='white')

ticklabs = char.ax.get_yticklabels()
char.ax.set_yticklabels(ticklabs, fontsize=8)
fig.patch.set_facecolor('#37364B')

```

```

In (7):
'''Scaling a power density plot as constant except radius and disc spacing'''
every aspect set as constant except radius and disc spacing
kScale = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5])
rScale = np.arange(1, 5, 1)

scalingNominalPowerStorage = []
scalingNominalPowerStorageTemp = []
scalingMechanicalEff = []
scalingIdealEff = []
for i in range(len(kScale)):
    scalingNominalPowerStorageTemp = []
    scalingMechanicalEffTemp = []
    scalingIdealEffTemp = []
    for j in range(len(rScale)):
        currentRotorOuter = rotorOuter*rScale[i]
        currentRotorInner = rotorInner
        currentDiscSpacing = rScale[j]**kScale[i]*discSpacing
        KJ, sol, rs = solutionGenerator(currentRotorInner, currentRotorOuter, \
            discThickness, nDisc ~ 1, voluteThickness, wallSpace, \
            wallDisplacement, TotalMassFlowRate, density, defaultRPM)

        currentRotorEff = rotorEff_sol[i, j], rs, KJ
        scalingMechanicalEffTemp.append(currentRotorEff)

        currentIdealEff = efficiencyIdeal_sol, rs, KJ
        scalingIdealEffTemp.append(currentIdealEff)

        currentPowerOut = power_sol[i, j], rs, KJ
        powerRatio = currentPowerOut/nominalPower
        scalingNominalPowerStorageTemp.append(powerRatio)
        scalingMechanicalEffTemp.append(scalingMechanicalEffTemp)
        scalingNominalPowerStorage.append(scalingNominalPowerStorageTemp)

scalingIdealEff = np.array(scalingIdealEff)
scalingMechanicalEff = np.array(scalingMechanicalEff) # convert to percentage format
scalingNominalPowerStorageRef = np.array(scalingNominalPowerStorage)

fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10, 10))
for i in range(len(scalingNominalPowerStorage)):
    ax.plot(rScale, scalingNominalPowerStorage[i], label='k = %d' % kScale[i])
ax.set_xlabel('rScale', color='white', fontsize=8)
ax.set_ylabel('Normalized Power Output', color='white', fontsize=8)
ax.set_ytick_params(axis='x', colors='white', labelsize=8)
ax.set_ytick_params(axis='y', colors='white', labelsize=8)
ax.set_ylim(top=massFlowRateRange[-1], bottom=massFlowRateRange[0])
ax.set_xlim(left=rpmRange[0], right=rpmRange[-1])
char = plt.colorbar(cs, ax=axs)
char.ax.set_ylabel('Power (W)', fontsize=8)
char.ax.yaxis.label.set_color('white')
char.ax.yaxis.label.set_color('white')
char.ax.tick_params(axis='y', colors='white')

ticklabs = char.ax.get_yticklabels()
char.ax.set_yticklabels(ticklabs, fontsize=8)
fig.patch.set_facecolor('#37364B')

fig1, ax1 = plt.subplots(figsize=(10, 10))
for i in range(len(scalingMechanicalEff)):
    ax1.plot(rScale, scalingMechanicalEff[i], label='k = %d' % kScale[i])
ax1.set_xlabel('rScale', color='white', labelsize=8)
ax1.set_ylabel('Mechanical Efficiency (%)', color='white', labelsize=8)
ax1.set_ytick_params(axis='x', colors='white', labelsize=8)
ax1.set_ytick_params(axis='y', colors='white', labelsize=8)
ax1.set_ylim(top=massFlowRateRange[-1], bottom=massFlowRateRange[0])
ax1.set_xlim(left=rpmRange[0], right=rpmRange[-1])
char = plt.colorbar(cs, ax=axs)
char.ax.set_ylabel('Power (W)', fontsize=8)
char.ax.yaxis.label.set_color('white')
char.ax.yaxis.label.set_color('white')
char.ax.tick_params(axis='y', colors='white')

ticklabs = char.ax.get_yticklabels()
char.ax.set_yticklabels(ticklabs, fontsize=8)
fig1.patch.set_facecolor('#37364B')

fig2, ax2 = plt.subplots(figsize=(10, 10))
for i in range(len(scalingIdealEff)):
    ax2.plot(rScale, scalingIdealEff[i], label='k = %d' % kScale[i])
ax2.set_xlabel('rScale', color='white', labelsize=8)
ax2.set_ylabel('Ideal Efficiency (%)', color='white', labelsize=8)
ax2.set_ytick_params(axis='x', colors='white', labelsize=8)
ax2.set_ytick_params(axis='y', colors='white', labelsize=8)
ax2.set_ylim(top=massFlowRateRange[-1], bottom=massFlowRateRange[0])
ax2.set_xlim(left=rpmRange[0], right=rpmRange[-1])
char = plt.colorbar(cs, ax=axs)
char.ax.set_ylabel('Power (W)', fontsize=8)
char.ax.yaxis.label.set_color('white')
char.ax.yaxis.label.set_color('white')
char.ax.tick_params(axis='y', colors='white')

ticklabs = char.ax.get_yticklabels()
char.ax.set_yticklabels(ticklabs, fontsize=8)
fig2.patch.set_facecolor('#37364B')

```

```

In (8):
'''Scaling a power density plot as constant except radius and disc spacing'''
every aspect set as constant except radius and disc spacing
kScale = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5])
rScale = np.arange(1, 5, 1)

scalingPowerDensityStorage = []
scalingPowerDensityStorageTemp = []
scalingVolumeStorage = []
scalingVolumeStorageTemp = []
defaultRPM = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5])
for i in range(len(kScale)):
    scalingPowerDensityStorageTemp = []
    scalingVolumeStorageTemp = []
    scalingPowerDensityStorageRef = []
    scalingVolumeStorageRef = []
    for j in range(len(rScale)):
        currentRotorOuter = rotorOuter*rScale[i]
        currentRotorInner = rotorInner
        currentDiscSpacing = rScale[j]**kScale[i]*discSpacing
        KJ, sol, rs = solutionGenerator(currentRotorInner, currentRotorOuter, \
            discThickness, nDisc ~ 1, voluteThickness, wallSpace, \
            wallDisplacement, TotalMassFlowRate, density, defaultRPM)

        currentPowerOut = power_sol[i, j], rs, KJ
        scalingPowerDensityStorageTemp.append(currentPowerOut)
        currentVolume = nDisc ~ 1 * pi * currentRotorOuter**2 * currentDiscSpacing # 4 signifies the number of segments
        scalingVolumeStorageTemp.append(currentVolume)
        scalingPowerDensityStorage.append(scalingPowerDensityStorageTemp)
        scalingVolumeStorage.append(scalingVolumeStorageTemp)

scalingPowerDensityStorageRef = scalingPowerDensityStorageTemp/referencePowerDensity
scalingVolumeStorageRef = scalingVolumeStorageTemp/referenceVolume

fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10, 10))
for i in range(len(scalingPowerDensityStorageRef)):
    ax.plot(rScale, scalingPowerDensityStorageRef[i], label='k = %d' % kScale[i])
ax.set_xlabel('rScale', color='white', labelsize=8)
ax.set_ylabel('Normalized Power Density (W/m3)', color='white', labelsize=8)
ax.set_ytick_params(axis='x', colors='white', labelsize=8)
ax.set_ytick_params(axis='y', colors='white', labelsize=8)
ax.set_ylim(top=massFlowRateRange[-1], bottom=massFlowRateRange[0])
ax.set_xlim(left=rpmRange[0], right=rpmRange[-1])
char = plt.colorbar(cs, ax=axs)
char.ax.set_ylabel('Power (W)', fontsize=8)
char.ax.yaxis.label.set_color('white')
char.ax.yaxis.label.set_color('white')
char.ax.tick_params(axis='y', colors='white')

ticklabs = char.ax.get_yticklabels()
char.ax.set_yticklabels(ticklabs, fontsize=8)
fig.patch.set_facecolor('#37364B')

fig1, ax1 = plt.subplots(figsize=(10, 10))
for i in range(len(scalingVolumeStorageRef)):
    ax1.plot(rScale, scalingVolumeStorageRef[i], label='k = %d' % kScale[i])
ax1.set_xlabel('rScale', color='white', labelsize=8)
ax1.set_ylabel('Normalized Volume Output (m3)', color='white', labelsize=8)
ax1.set_ytick_params(axis='x', colors='white', labelsize=8)
ax1.set_ytick_params(axis='y', colors='white', labelsize=8)
ax1.set_ylim(top=massFlowRateRange[-1], bottom=massFlowRateRange[0])
ax1.set_xlim(left=rpmRange[0], right=rpmRange[-1])
char = plt.colorbar(cs, ax=axs)
char.ax.set_ylabel('Power (W)', fontsize=8)
char.ax.yaxis.label.set_color('white')
char.ax.yaxis.label.set_color('white')
char.ax.tick_params(axis='y', colors='white')

ticklabs = char.ax.get_yticklabels()
char.ax.set_yticklabels(ticklabs, fontsize=8)
fig1.patch.set_facecolor('#37364B')

```

```

Out (8):
scalingPowerDensityStorageRef, scalingPowerDensityStorageRef[i], label='k = %d' % kScale[i])
ax1.set_xlabel('rScale', color='white', labelsize=8)
ax1.set_ylabel('Normalized Volume Output (m3)', color='white', labelsize=8)
ax1.set_ytick_params(axis='x', colors='white', labelsize=8)
ax1.set_ytick_params(axis='y', colors='white', labelsize=8)
ax1.set_ylim(top=massFlowRateRange[-1], bottom=massFlowRateRange[0])
ax1.set_xlim(left=rpmRange[0], right=rpmRange[-1])
char = plt.colorbar(cs, ax=axs)
char.ax.set_ylabel('Power (W)', fontsize=8)
char.ax.yaxis.label.set_color('white')
char.ax.yaxis.label.set_color('white')
char.ax.tick_params(axis='y', colors='white')

ticklabs = char.ax.get_yticklabels()
char.ax.set_yticklabels(ticklabs, fontsize=8)
fig1.patch.set_facecolor('#37364B')

```



```
Out[143]:
'''Base Case Simulation'''

KJ, solKJ, rsKJ = solutionGenerator(rotorInner, rotorOuter, discSpacing, discThickness, nDisc,
                                   voluteThickness, wallSpace, wallDisplacement,
                                   TotalMassFlowRate, density, revPerMinute, profileN = 1)

df = pd.read_excel('baseCase\\baseCase\\discThickness.xlsx')
columnList = list(df.columns)

rowToAdd = 0
indexToAdd = 0
storeDict = {}

for i in range(len(columnList)):
    columnName = columnList[i]

    if 'x' in columnName:
        justInCase = columnName.split('x')

        justInCase = columnName
    elif 'y' in columnName:
        justInCase = 'not in justInCase'

    x_df = df[columnName]

np.array(list(df[columnName].loc[df[columnName].map(safeFloatConvert, 1))/KJ.outerRadius,
              y_df = df[columnList[i+1]].loc[df[columnList[i+1]].map(safeFloatConvert, 1)])

x_df = x_df[['x']]
y_df = y_df[['y']]

y_df = -y_df
storeDict[columnName] = x_df, y_df
indexToAdd.append(i)

constantTerm = KJ.outerRadius**2 * pi
lastRowIndex = len(df)
omegaRange = (pi/10)*np.array([100, 150, 200, 250, 300, 350, 400])
counter = 0

for i in storeDict:
    rProfile, shearValue = storeDict[i][0], storeDict[i][1]
    integrateTerm = shearValue*rProfile**2
    totalPower = omegaRange[counter]*KJ.numberSpacing*integrateTerm
    rowToAdd, indexToAdd = 'Power: totalPower',
    indexToAdd.pop()
    lastRowIndex = len(df) - 1
    counter += 1

df.loc[lastRowIndex] = rowToAdd
df.to_excel('baseCase\\baseCase\\refined2S.xlsx', index=False)
```

```
In [144]:
'''Base Case Simulation'''

KJ, solKJ, rsKJ = solutionGenerator(rotorInner, rotorOuter, discSpacing, discThickness, nDisc,
                                   voluteThickness, wallSpace, wallDisplacement,
                                   TotalMassFlowRate, density, revPerMinute, profileN = 1)

refined2S = np.linspace(-discSpacing/2, discSpacing/2, 100)
normalisedRefined2S = refined2S/discSpacing

nProfileList=[]

for i in range(1, 10):
    np.power(refined2S/KJ.discSpacing, i), "-"
    np.power(refined2S/KJ.discSpacing, i), "-"
    np.power(refined2S/KJ.discSpacing, i), "-"
    np.power(refined2S/KJ.discSpacing, i), "-"

fig, ax = plt.subplots()

for i in nProfileList:
    ax.plot(normalisedRefined2S, nProfileList[i][0], nProfileList[i][1],
            linewidth=2, color="black", label=f"n={i}")
ax.set_xlabel("Normalised Disc Spacing", fontsize=12, labelpad=5)
ax.set_ylabel("Velocity", fontsize=12, labelpad=5)
ax.legend(fontsize=12)
```

```
Out[144]:
```

```
In [ ]:
```