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What is "the gap"?

The background image shows a vast mountain range with Half Dome on the left and other peaks in the distance under a clear sky.

# Vue 3

breaking changes  
dependency conflicts  
publishing strategies  
*Testing issues*  
code duplication

# Vue 2





# We have to...

1. Write **compatible code** that respects breaking changes
2. Write **tests** that can be run against both versions
3. Manage **conflicting dependencies**
4. Decide how to **bundle and publish** the project

# Introducing Vue-Bridge

`@vue-bridge/runtime`

Polyfills some bridging code at runtime. Tiny (600b)

`@vue-bridge/testing`

Wrapper for Vue's test utils, providing unified API

`@vue-bridge/eslint-config`

Small set of helpful eslint rules

`@vue-bridge/vite-plugin`

Vite Plugin providing additional optimizations at build time for edge cases

Documentation & Reference Material

# Vue 2.7 will make this easier

- `Vue 2.7-alpha` was released this week
  - Supports Composition API in Vue 2
  - `vue-demi` / `@vue/composition-api` not required anymore
  - allows optimization of a few things in VueBridge
- ➔ It might be worth to wait until `2.7` drops

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# 1. Writing compatible code

# Example: v-model on Components

Vue 2

```
export default {
  props: {
    value: String
  },
  methods: {
    handleInput(e) {
      this.$emit('input', e.target.value)
    }
  }
}
```

Vue 3

```
export default {
  props: {
    modelValue: String
  },
  emits: ['update: modelValue'],
  methods: {
    handleInput(e) {
      this.$emit('update: modelValue', e.target.value)
    }
  }
}
```

# Example: v-model - Manual Fix

```
export default {
  props: {
    modelValue: String
  },
  emits: ['update: modelValue'],
  model: {
    prop: 'modelValue',
    event: 'update:modelValue'
  },
  methods: {
    handleInput(e) {
      this.$emit('update:modelValue', e.target.value)
    }
  }
}
```

- Manual work every time
- Easy to miss
- Tricky with Typescript

# Example: v-model - Vue-Bridge helper

```
import {defineComponent} from '@vue-bridge/runtime'

export default defineComponent({
  props: {
    modelValue: String
  },
  emits: ['update: modelValue'],
  methods: {
    handleInput(e) {
      this.$emit('update: modelValue', e.target.value)
    }
  }
})
```

- Write component for Vue 3 (future-proof)
- `@vue-bridge/runtime` adds model config
- works fine with TS

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Unit testing against both Versions



# Challenges for unit Testing

- Two versions of `@vue/test-utils` required (`v1` vs. `v2`)
- Subtle API differences between those versions

How to run the same tests against two different versions?

# Example - Unit test

## Vue 3 (test-utils v2)

```
import { mount } from '@vue/test-utils'

test('displays message', () => {
  const wrapper = mount(MessageComponent, {
    props: {
      msg: 'Hello world'
    },
    global: {
      provide: {
        store: mockStore
      }
    }
  })

  // Assert the rendered text of the component
  expect(wrapper.text()).toContain('Hello world')
})
```

## Vue 2 (test-utils v1)

```
import { mount } from '@vue/test-utils'

test('displays message', () => {
  const wrapper = mount(MessageComponent, {
    propsData: {
      msg: 'Hello world'
    },
    provide: {
      store: mockStore
    }
  })

  // Assert the rendered text of the component
  expect(wrapper.text()).toContain('Hello world')
})
```

# Example - Unit test

## Using `@vue-bridge/testing`

```
- import { mount } from '@vue/test-utils'  
+ import { mount } from '@vue-bridge/testing'  
  
test('displays message', () => {  
  const wrapper = mount(MessageComponent, {  
    props: {  
      msg: 'Hello world'  
    },  
    global: {  
      provide: {  
        store: mockStore  
      }  
    }  
  })  
  
  // Assert the rendered text of the component  
  expect(wrapper.text()).toContain('Hello world')  
})
```

⬆️ Write in `v2` style for Vue 3

⬆️ Options transformed for Vue 2

⬆️ TS Support

⬆️ More tricks in the docs later

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# Build-Time Optimizations

# Build-time features

```
import { defineConfig } from 'vite'  
import { createVuePlugin } from 'vite-plugin-vue2'  
import { vueBridge } from '@vue-bridge/vite-plugin'  
  
export default defineConfig({  
  plugins: [  
    createVuePlugin(),  
    vueBridge({  
      vueVersion: '2',  
    }),  
  ],  
})
```

- Support for version-specific style blocks
- Support for version-specific imports
- alias trickery for easier source-sharing in monorepos

# Version-specific styles

```
<template>
  <div class="root-wrapper">
    <slot />
  </div>
</template>
<style scoped v2>
  .root-wrapper /deep/ .class-in-slot {
    color: red;
  }
</style>
<style scoped v3>
  .root-wrapper :deep(.class-in-slot) {
    color: red;
  }
</style>
```

- Different deep selectors
- Different transition styles
- escape hatch for various style fixes

# Version-specific imports

```
import Teleport from './custom/teleport.ts?v-bridge'
```

- put version-specific code into dedicated `*.vueX.js` files

```
// Compiled for Vue 3
import Teleport from './custom/teleport.vue3.ts'
```

```
// Compiled for Vue 2
import Teleport from './custom/teleport.vue2.ts'
```

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# Managing conflicting dependencies

# Dependency issues in flat repositories

```
{  
  "name": "my-vue-package",  
  "dependencies": {  
    "lodash": "^4.17.21",  
    "@vueuse/core": "^8.5.0"  
  },  
  "devDependencies": {  
    "vue": "^3.2.32",  
    "vue2": "npm:vue@^2.6.14",  
    "@vitejs/plugin-vue": "^2",  
    "vite-plugin-vue2": "^2",  
    "vue-template-compiler": "^2.6.14",  
  },  
  "peerDependencies": {  
    "vue": "^2.6 || ^3.2"  
  }  
}
```

Flat repositories are bad because:

- they require package aliases
- ...which can lead to peer Dependency issues on install
- Packages relying on vue-demi make process cumbersome

A better solution: workspaces

# Clean Dependencies with Workspaces (1)

```
# Folder Structure

lib-vue2/
├── package.json
├── vite.config.js
└── src/          # --> Symlink to /lib-vue3/src

lib-vue3/
├── package.json
├── vite.config.js
└── src/
    ├── index.js
    └── MyComponent.vue

package.json
pnpm-workspaces.yaml
vite.config.shared.js  # shared build config
```

# Clean Dependencies with Workspaces (2)

```
# Folder Structure

lib-vue2/
├── package.json
├── vite.config.js
└── src/          # --> Symlink to /lib-vue3/src

lib-vue3/
├── package.json
├── vite.config.js
└── src/
    ├── index.js
    └── MyComponent.vue

package.json
pnpm-workspaces.yaml
vite.config.shared.js  # shared build config
```

# Clean Dependencies with Workspaces (3)

```
# Folder Structure

lib-vue2/
├── package.json
├── vite.config.js
└── src/          # --> Symlink to /lib-vue3/src

lib-vue3/
├── package.json
├── vite.config.js
└── src/
    ├── index.js
    └── MyComponent.vue

package.json
pnpm-workspaces.yaml
vite.config.shared.js  # shared build config
```

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# Bundling & Publishing

# Bundling and Publishing as two Packages

```
// Vue 3
import { MyComponent } from 'vue3-my-package'
// Vue 2
import { MyComponent } from 'vue2-my-package'
```

```
lib-vue3
├─ dist/
  ├─ index.js # Vue 3 Bundle
└─ package.json
lib-vue2
  dist/
    ├─ index.js # Vue 2 Bundle
  └─ package.json
```

```
{
  "name": "vue{2,3}-my-package"
  "exports": {
    ".": {
      "import": "./dist/index.js"
    },
  }
}
```

- ➊ Dedicated bundles for Vue 2 and Vue 3
- ➋ Separate packages for Vue 2 and Vue 3
- ➌ Clean separation of dependencies
- ➍ straightforward generation of type declarations

# Bundling and Publishing as one Package

```
// Vue 3  
import { MyComponent } from 'vue-my-package'  
  
// Vue 2  
import { MyComponent } from 'vue-my-package/vue2'
```

```
lib-vue3  
  |- dist/  
    |  index.js # Vue 3 Bundle  
dist-vue2/  
  |- index.js # Vue 2 Bundle  
package.json
```

```
{  
  "name": "vue-my-package",  
  "exports": {  
    ".": {  
      "import": "./dist/index.js"  
    },  
    "./vue2": "./dist-vue2/index.js"  
  }  
}
```

- ⬆️ Dedicated bundles for Vue 2 and Vue 3
- ⬆️ One package to install regardless of target version
- ⬇️ Possibly more conflicts with `peerDependencies`
- ⬇️ Trickier to get right with type declarations



# Demo Time!

<https://github.com/vue-bridge/template-monorepo>



# VueBridge

## Tooling & Templates for



# Vue-Bridge needs you!

- Add missing Documentation chapters
- Review & proof-read existing Documentation
- Provide additional Templates
- Contribute eslint rules
- Write proper end-to-end tests
- ... and so much more!

Become a contributor!

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Docs	<a href="https://vue-bridge.docs.netlify.app">https://vue-bridge.docs.netlify.app</a>
Repo	<a href="https://github.com/vue-bridge/vue-bridge">https://github.com/vue-bridge/vue-bridge</a>
Template	<a href="https://github.com/vue-bridge/template-monorepo">https://github.com/vue-bridge/template-monorepo</a>
Twitter	<a href="https://twitter.com/VueBridge">https://twitter.com/VueBridge</a>

You made it! We're done!

Questions?



This talk was built with Sliderv

<https://sli.dev>

# No bundling - Publishing raw SFCs

```
// Vue 3  
import { MyComponent } from 'vue-my-package'  
  
// Vue 2  
import { MyComponent } from 'vue-my-package'
```

```
# Folder Structure  
src/  
|-- index.js  
|-- MyComponent.vue
```

package.json

```
{  
  "main": "src/index.js"  
}
```

- 👉 No build/test necessary (for JS)
- 👉 Can be published in one package
- 👎 Adds SFC compilation overload to consuming app
- 👎 Needs additional tooling when using TS
- 👎 Unit tests for both Versions need trickery



# Three Levels of support

1. Have them handled for you
2. Have them be pointed out to you
3. Have resources to consult about them.

# Linting for compat issues

✓  App.vue playground/app-vue3/src 1

💡 'v-model' directives require no argument. eslint(vue/no-v-model-argument) [Ln 6, Col 7]

VS:

✓  App.vue playground/app-vue3/src 1

🚫 '.sync' modifier on 'v-bind' directive is deprecated. Use 'v-model:propName' instead.

`@vue-bridge/eslint-config` preset uses rules from `eslint-plugin-vue` for both versions: