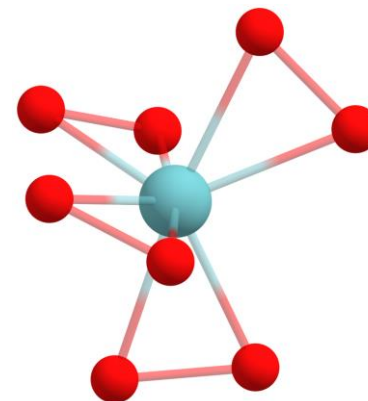


# *Electronic Structure and CO<sub>2</sub> Reactivity of Group IV/V/VI Tetraperoxometalates*

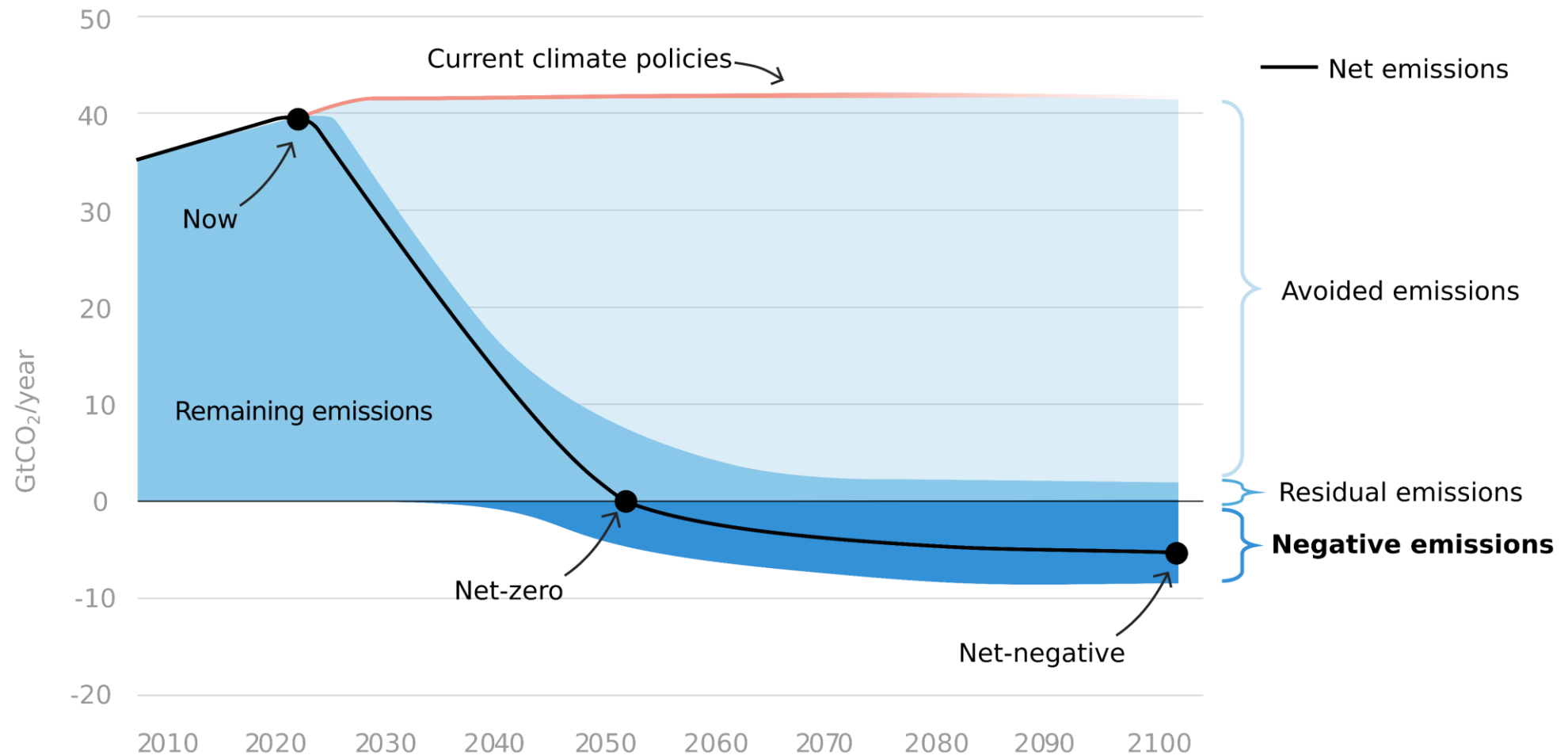


---

Jacob Hirschi  
Advisor: Prof. Tim Zuehlisdorff  
August 18, 2024



# 1.5°C Warming Scenario



# Direct Air Capture (DAC) Costs

---

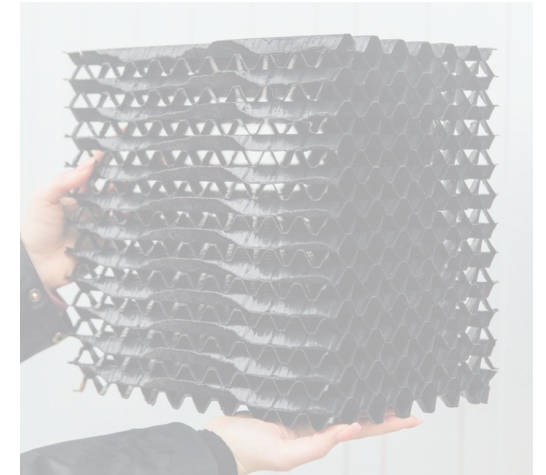
Economies of scale



Present: \$600 – 1,000/t-CO<sub>2</sub>

**DOE Target: \$100/t-CO<sub>2</sub>**

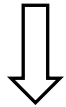
Engineering



# Direct Air Capture (DAC) Costs

---

Economies of scale



Present: \$600 – 1,000/t-CO<sub>2</sub>

DOE Target: **\$100/t-CO<sub>2</sub>**

Engineering



# Tetraperoxometalates

---

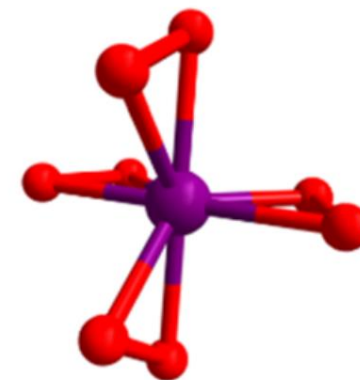
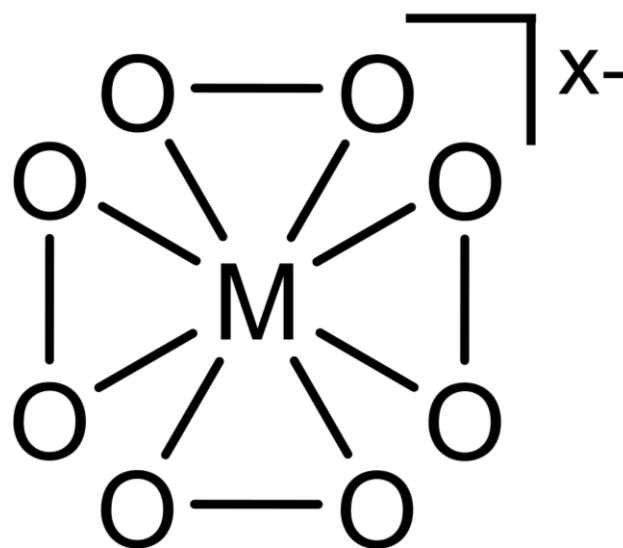


*Prof. May Nyman*

Four  $\text{O}_2^{2-}$  ligands

$d^0$  transition metal, M

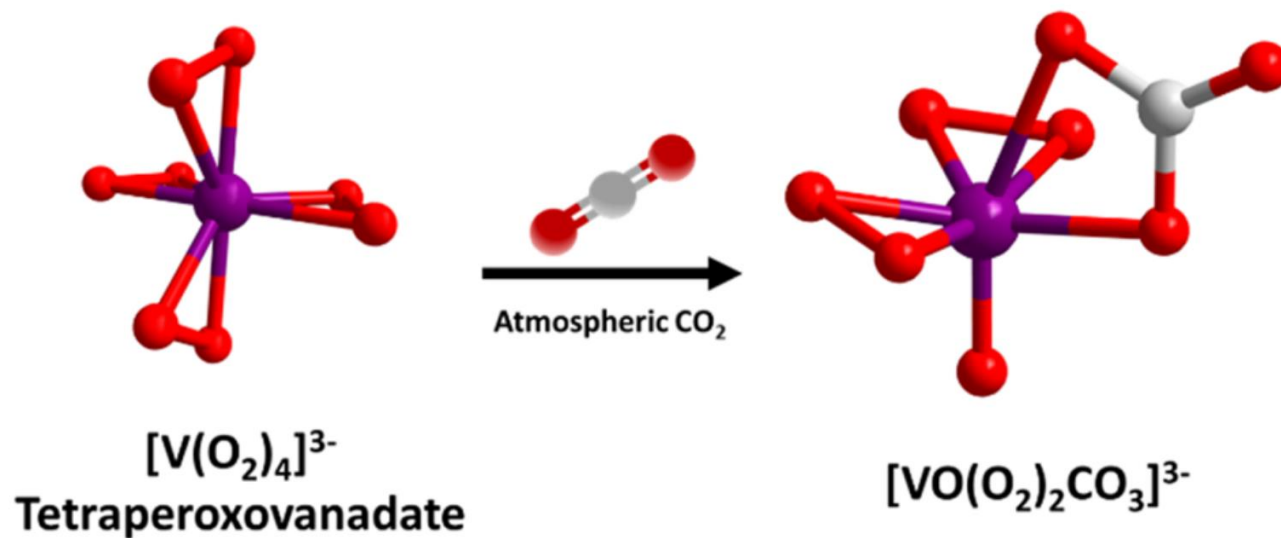
Anionic,  $x^-$



$[\text{V}(\text{O}_2)_4]^{3-}$   
Tetraperoxovanadate

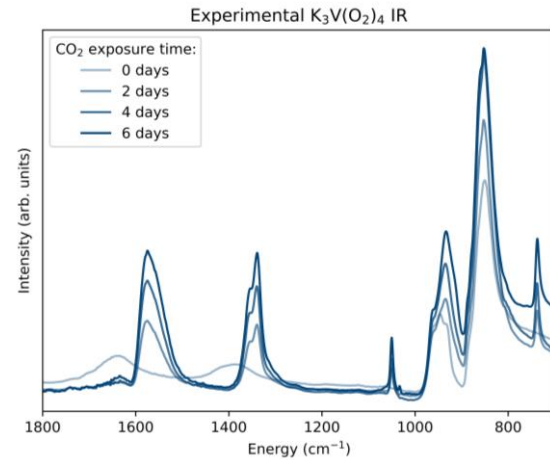


# DAC with $(\text{Cs}/\underline{\text{K}}/\text{Na})_3\underline{\text{V}}(\text{O}_2)_4$

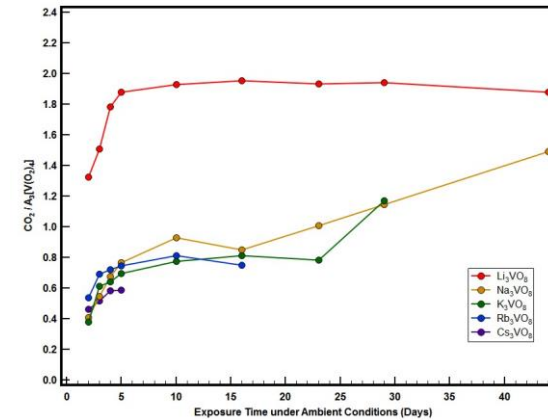


> 1 month exposure

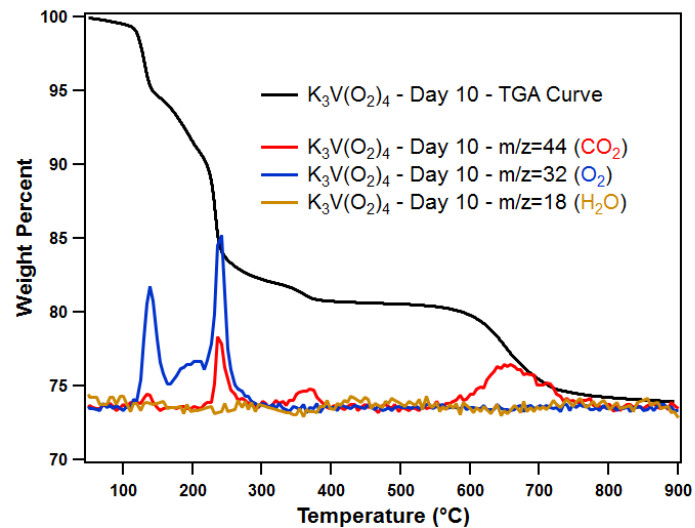
# Experimental Characterization



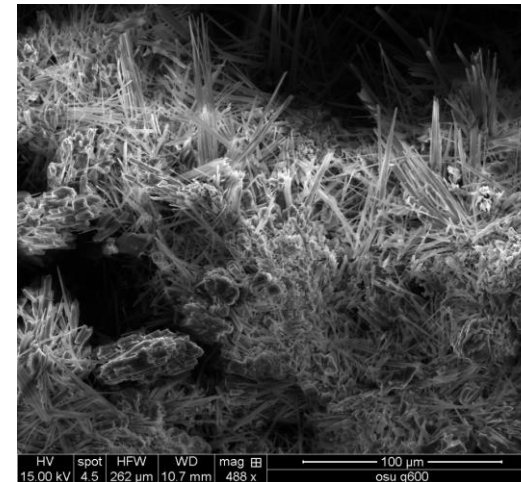
IR/Raman Spectra



CHN Analysis



TGA-MS



$\text{Na}_3[\text{V}(\text{O}_2)_4]$  + 4 months exposure

SEM Images

# DFT Modelling

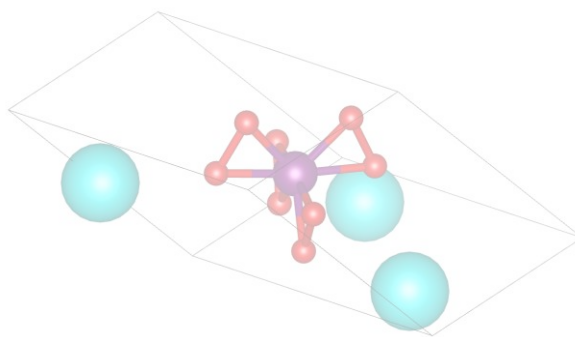
## Experiment



*Solid  $K_3V(O_2)_4$*

## Simulation

### Solid-state

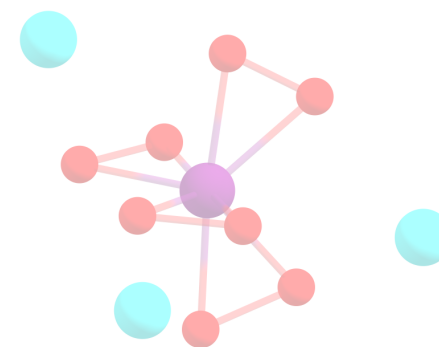


 CASTEP

PBE  
850 eV  
2x2x2 k-grid

VS

### Cluster-model



CAM-B3LYP  
LANL2DZ/6-31+G\*



# DFT Modelling

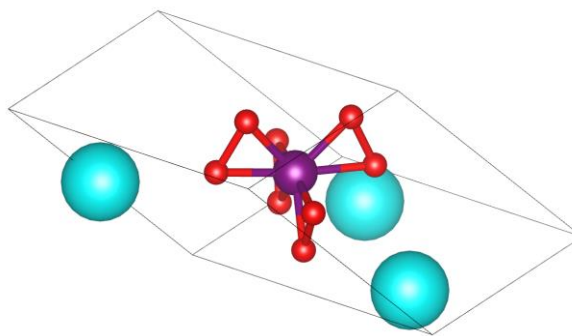
## Experiment



*Solid  $K_3V(O_2)_4$*

## Simulation

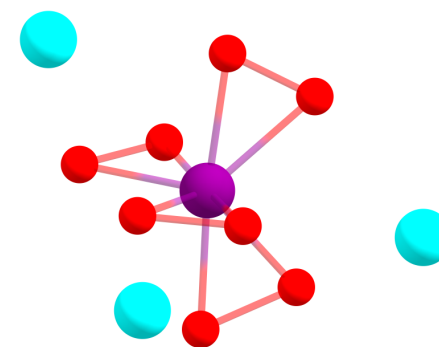
### Solid-state



PBE  
850 eV  
2x2x2 k-grid

VS

### Cluster-model

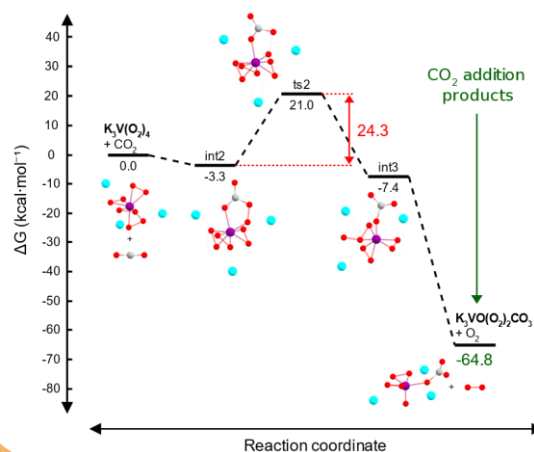


CAM-B3LYP  
LANL2DZ/6-31+G\*

# DAC with $\text{K}_3\text{V}(\text{O}_2)_4$

## Computations

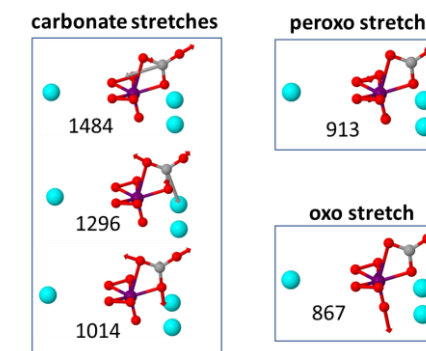
### Mechanism



### Solid-state Thermo.

Reaction	$\Delta G_{298 \text{ K}}$ (kcal/mol)
$\text{K}_3\text{V}(\text{O}_2)_4 + \text{CO}_2 \rightarrow \text{K}_3\text{VO}(\text{O}_2)_2\text{CO}_3 + \text{O}_2$	-52.1
$\text{K}_3\text{VO}(\text{O}_2)_2\text{CO}_3 + \text{CO}_2 \rightarrow \text{K}_3\text{VO}_2(\text{CO}_3)_2 + \text{O}_2$	-29.5
$\text{K}_3\text{V}(\text{O}_2)_4 + 2\text{CO}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow \text{KVO}_3 + 2\text{KHCO}_3 + \text{O}_2$	-92.8
$\text{K}_3\text{V}(\text{O}_2)_4 + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow \text{KVO}_3 + 2\text{KOH} + 2\text{O}_2$	-58.2
$\text{K}_3\text{VO}(\text{O}_2)_2\text{CO}_3 \rightarrow \text{K}_3\text{VO}_4 + \text{CO}_2 + \text{O}_2$	-14.5

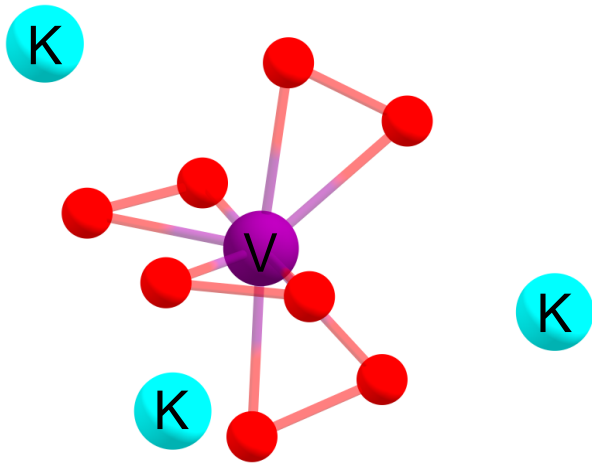
### Phonons



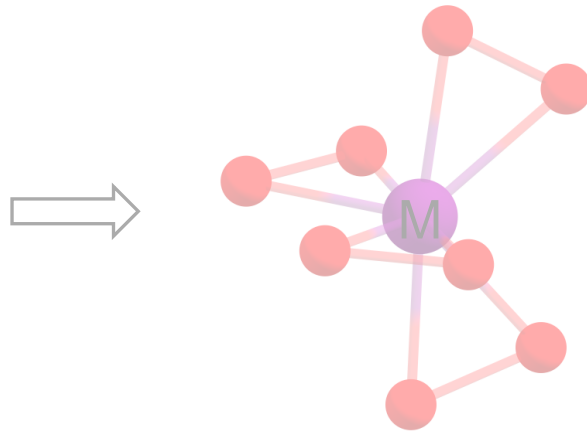
# Can We Improve the Material?

---

$K_3V(O_2)_4$  in vacuum



$[M(O_2)_4]^{x-}$  in PCM:water

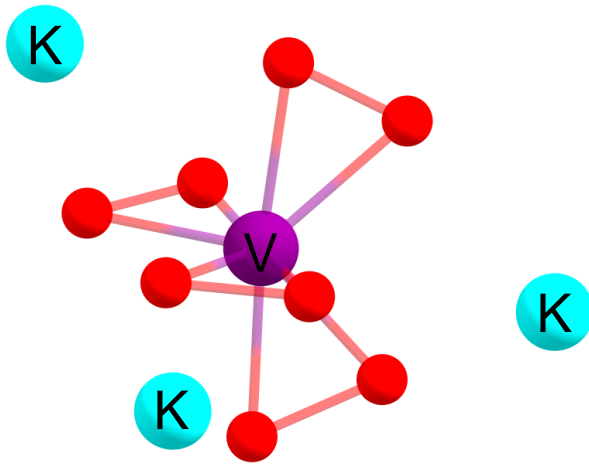


Metal Center, **M** =  
Ti, **V**, Cr  
Zr, Nb, Mo  
Hf, Ta, W

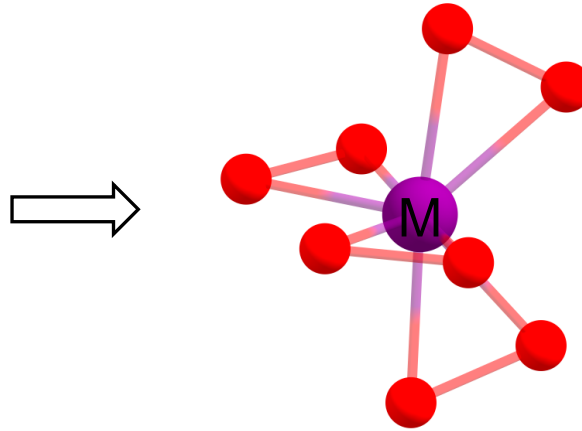
# Can We Improve the Material?

---

$K_3V(O_2)_4$  in vacuum

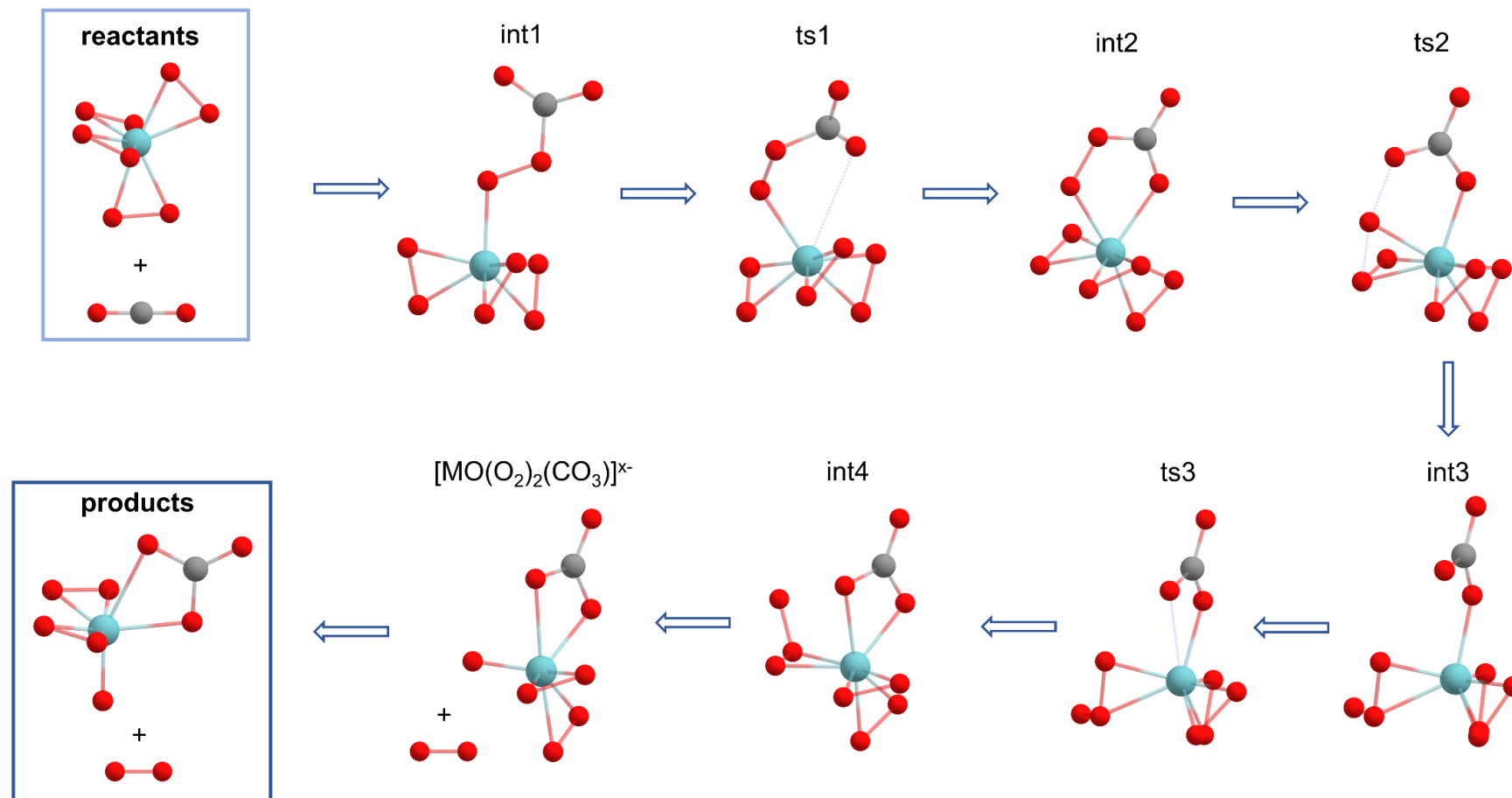


$[M(O_2)_4]^{x-}$  in PCM:water



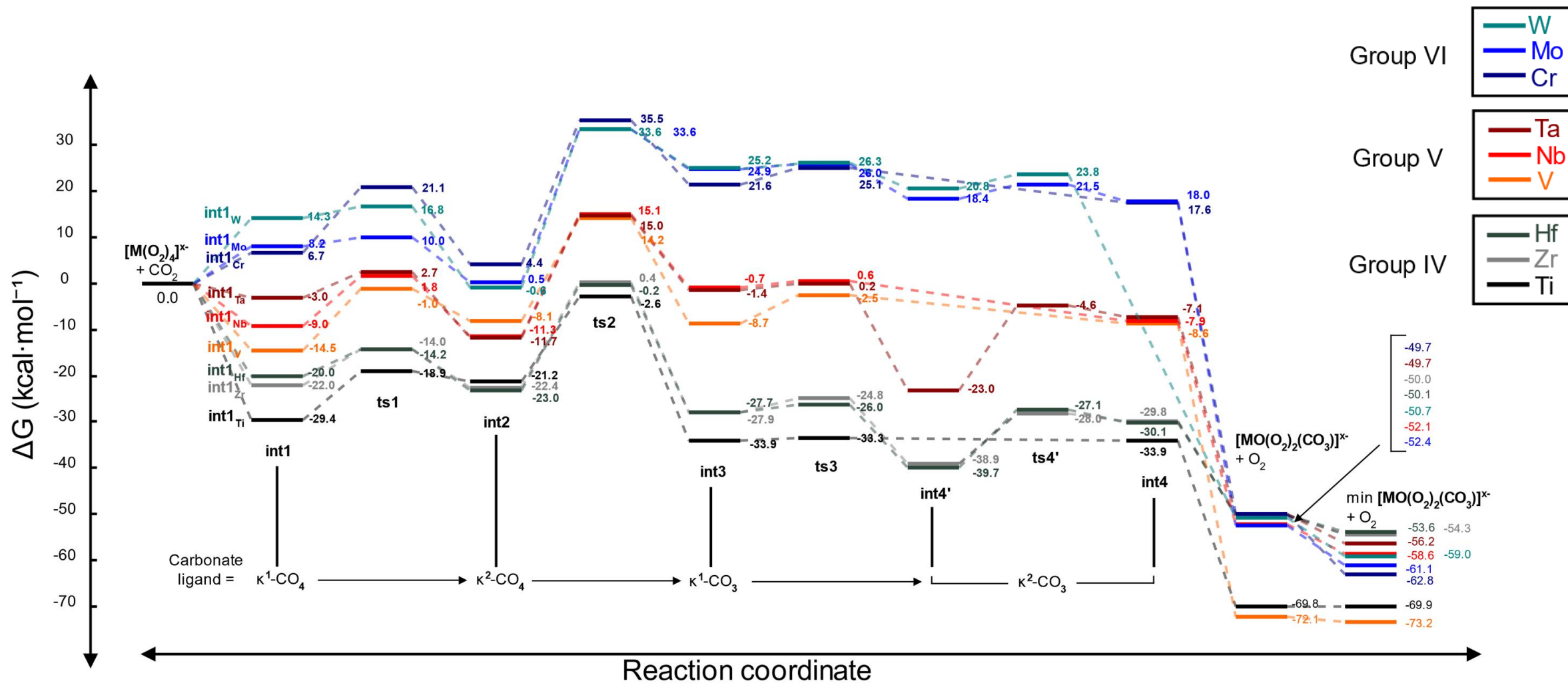
Metal Center, **M** =  
Ti, **V**, Cr  
Zr, Nb, Mo  
Hf, Ta, W

# Reaction Mechanism





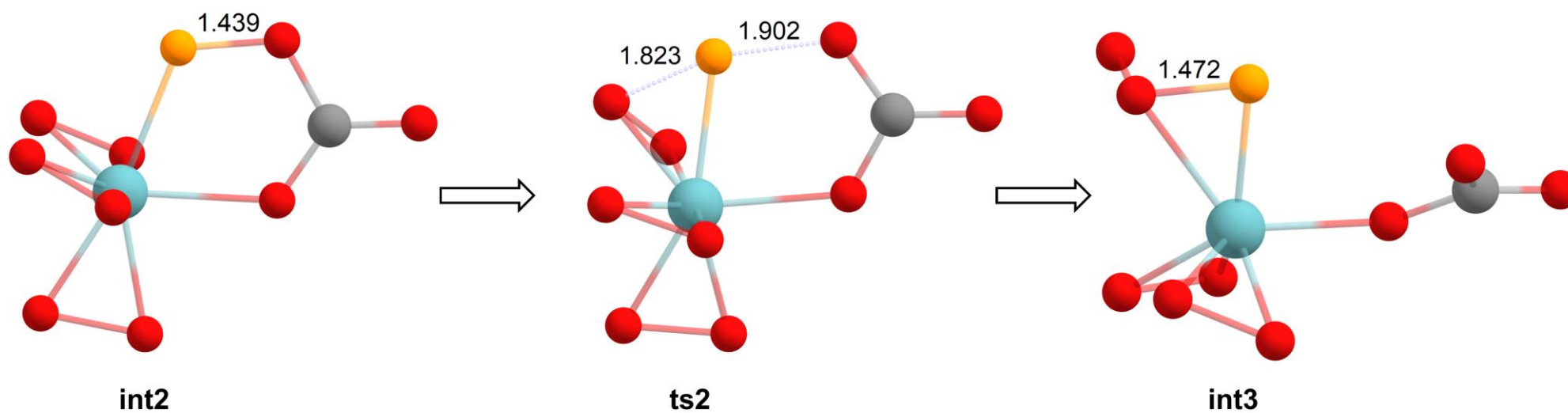
# Reaction Mechanism



# Rate-Determining (RD) Step

---

## Oxygen atom transfer

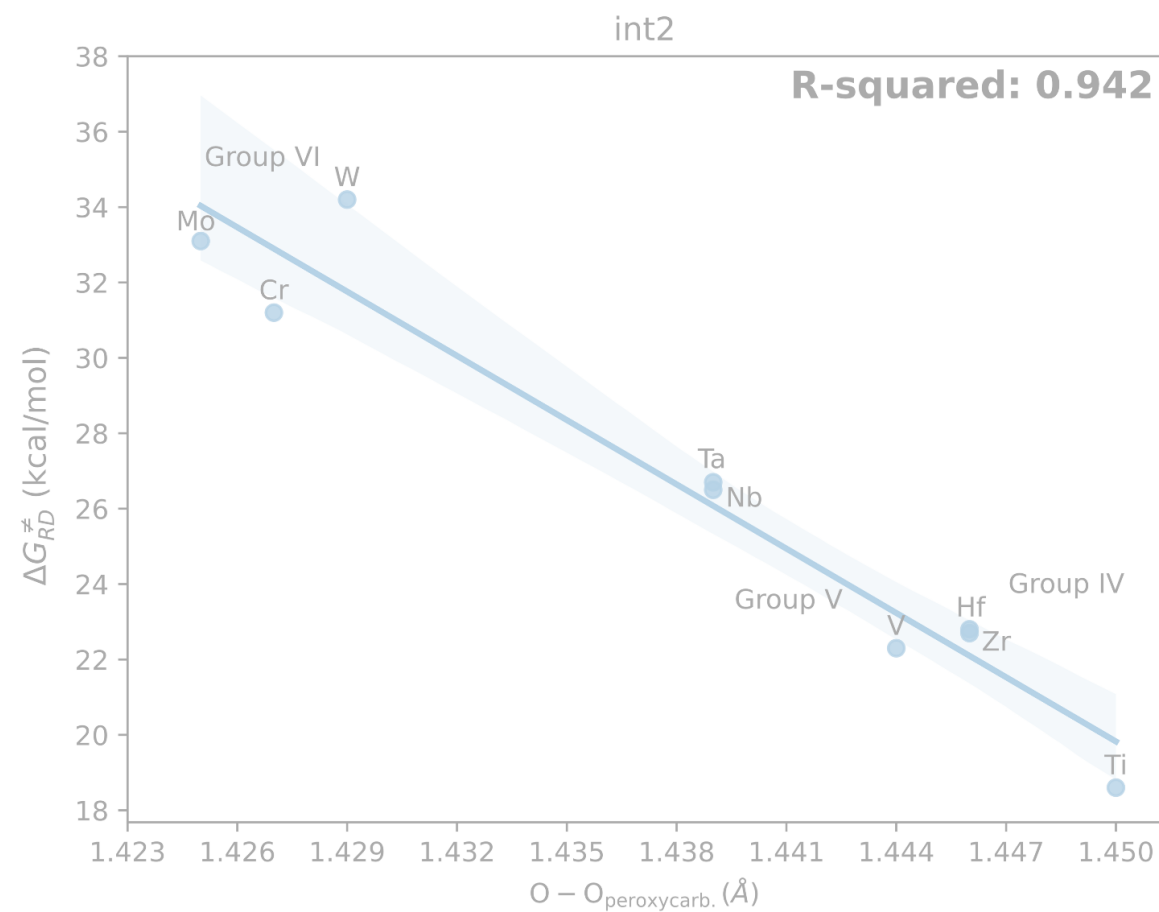
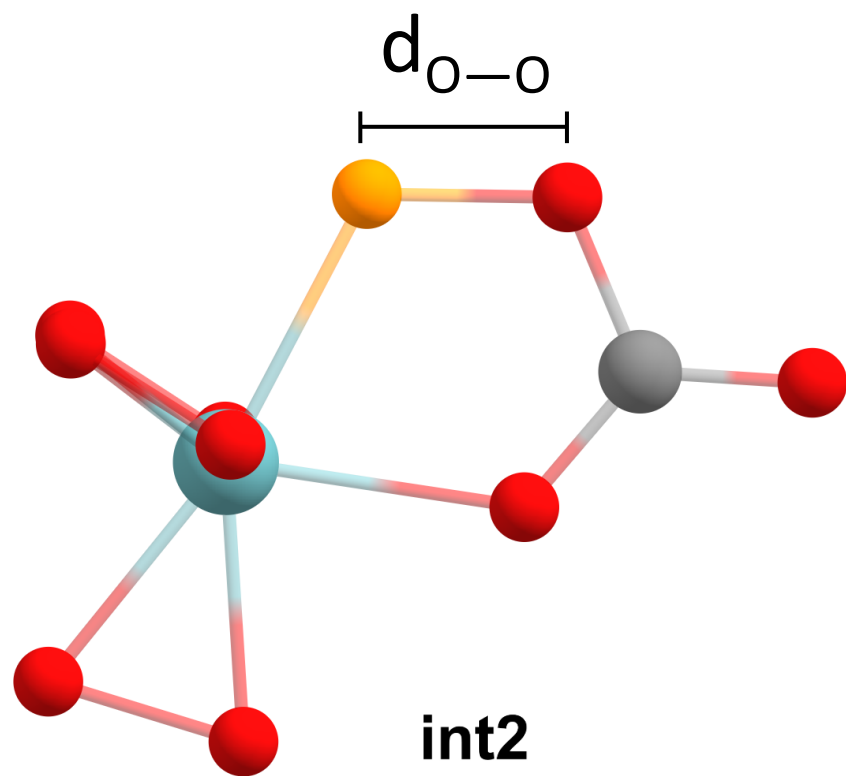


# Rate-Determining (RD) Step

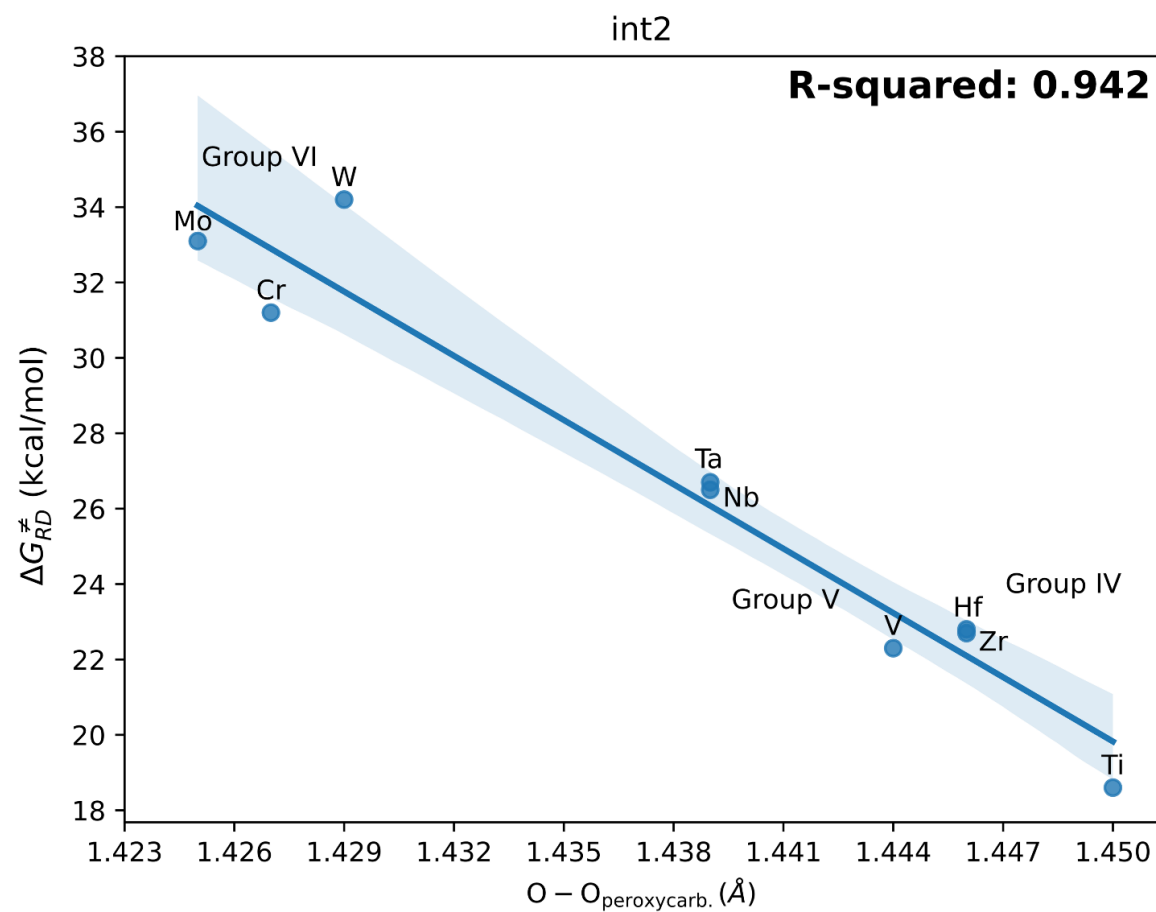
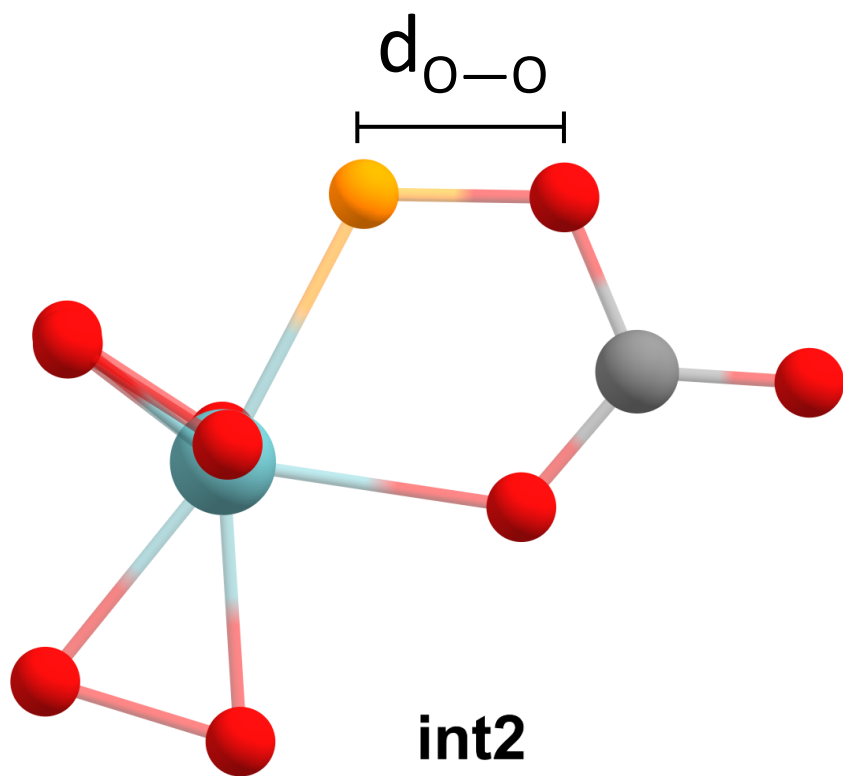
---

$\text{M}$ $\Delta G^\ddagger$ (kcal/mol)	IV	V	VI
	<b>Ti</b> 18.6	<b>V</b> 22.3	<b>Cr</b> 31.2
	<b>Zr</b> 22.8	<b>Nb</b> 26.5	<b>Mo</b> 33.1
	<b>Hf</b> 22.7	<b>Ta</b> 26.7	<b>W</b> 34.2

# RD Step Trends 1



# RD Step Trends 1





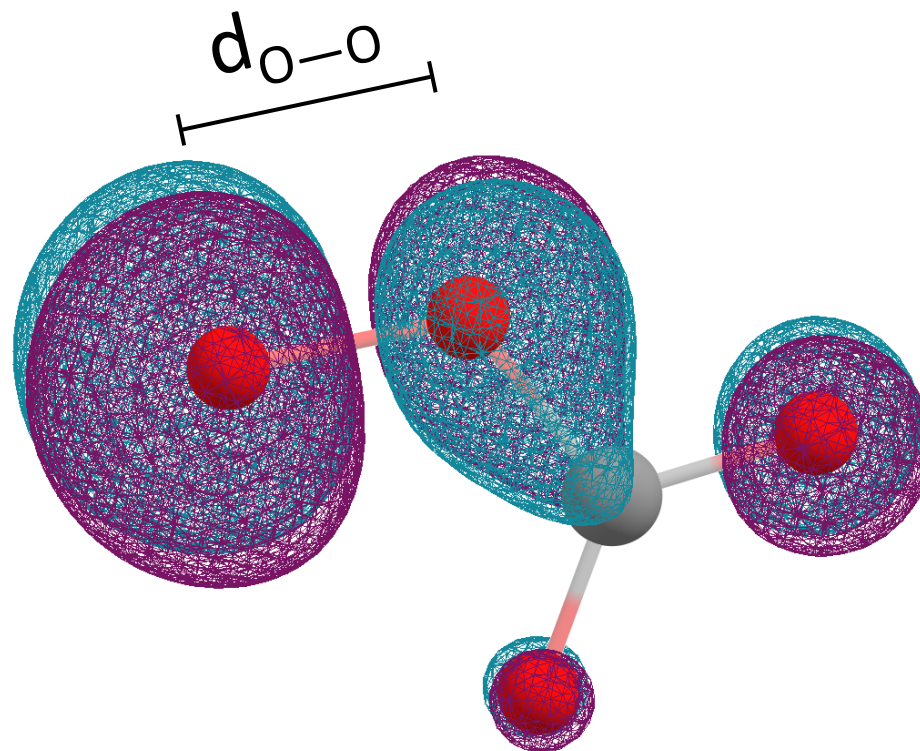
# Peroxycarbonate, $\text{CO}_4^{2-}$

---

$\pi^*(\text{O} - \text{O})$  Orbital

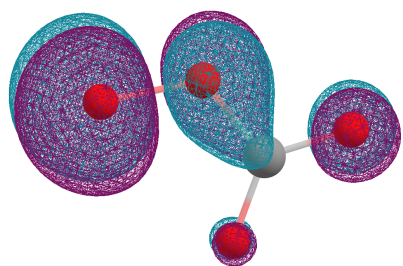
$E(\text{HOMO}) = -6.26 \text{ eV}$

$d_{\text{O}-\text{O}} = 1.456 \text{ \AA}$



# $\pi^*(0 - 0)$ Orbital

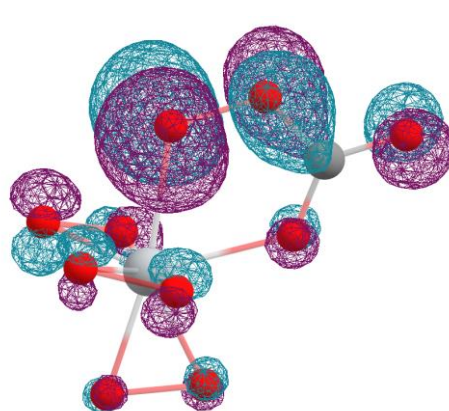
free ligand



$\text{CO}_4^{2-}$   
-6.26 eV

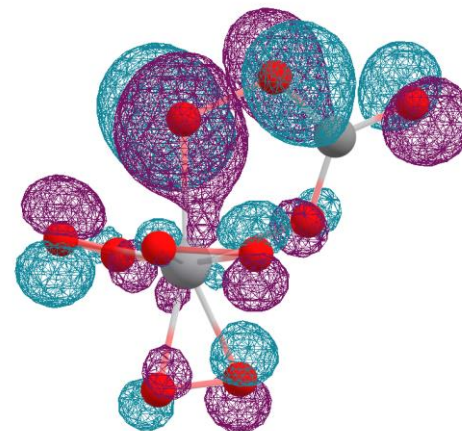
1.456 Å

int2



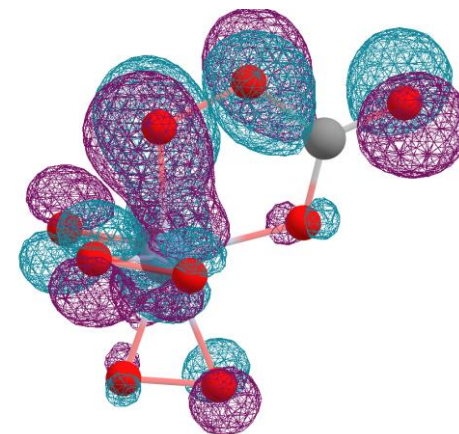
Ti  
-6.50 eV

1.450 Å



V  
-7.26 eV

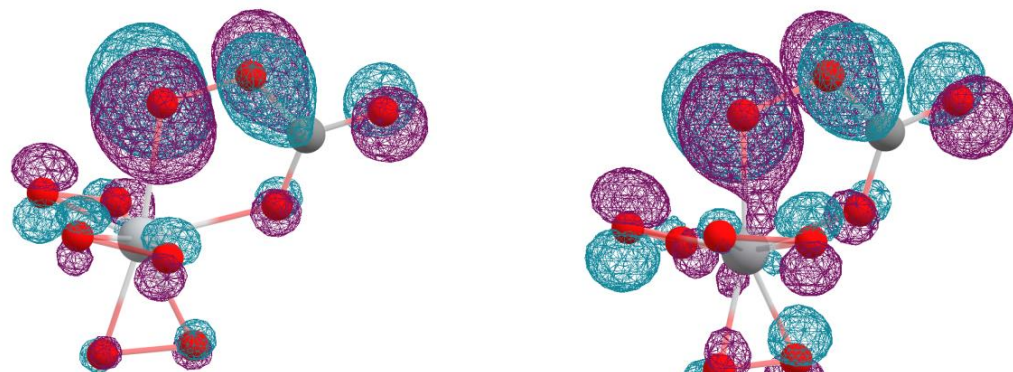
1.444 Å



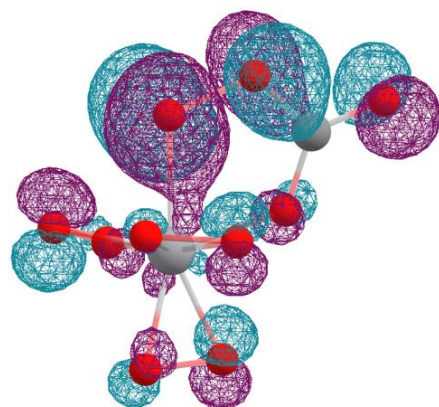
Cr  
-8.50 eV

1.427 Å

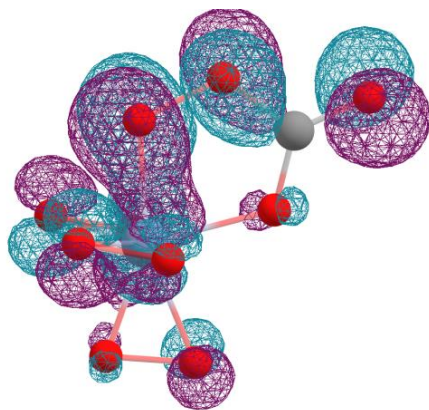
# RD Step Trends 2



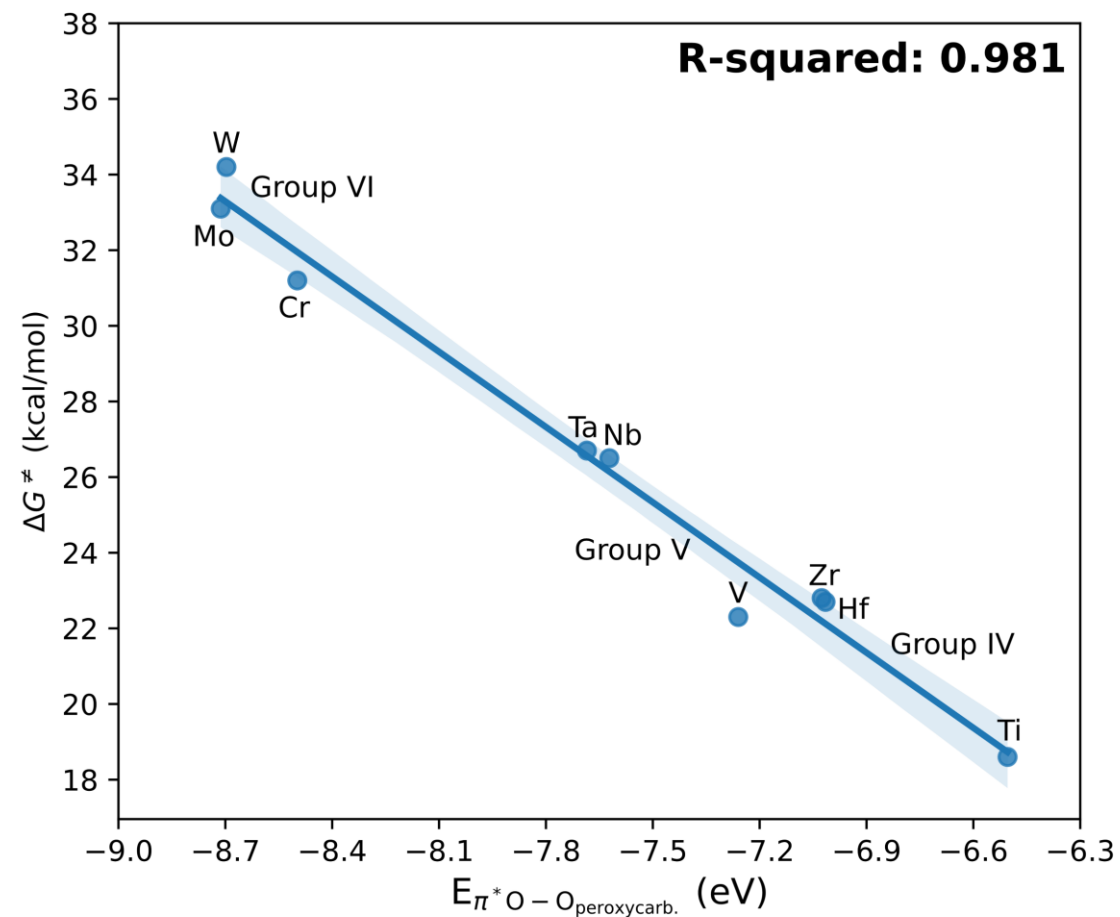
Ti, -6.50 eV



V, -7.26 eV



Cr, -8.50 eV



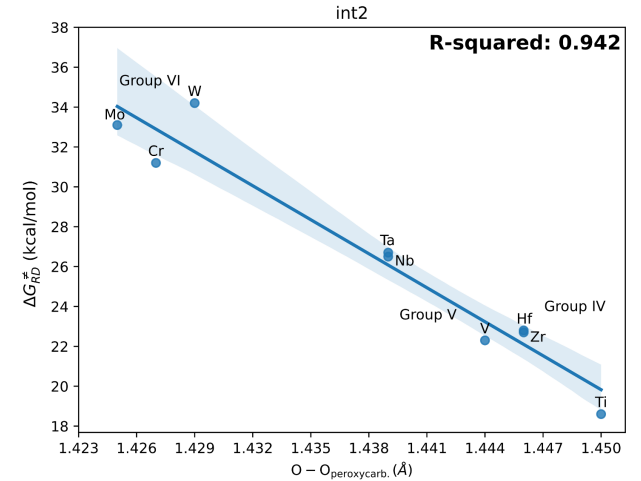
# RD Step Trends

$$M \Delta G^\ddagger =$$

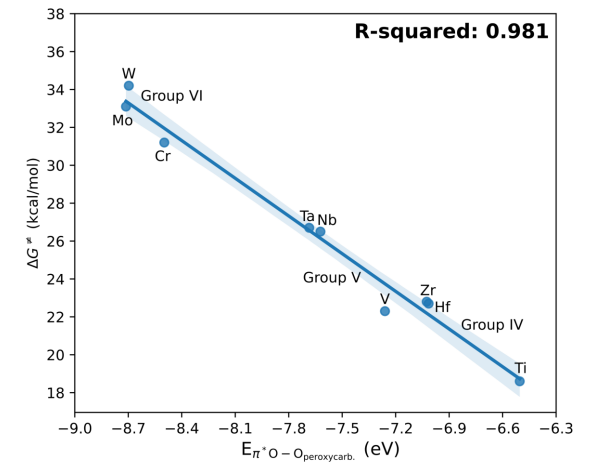
(kcal/mol)

IV	V	VI
<b>Ti</b> 18.6	<b>V</b> 22.3	<b>Cr</b> 31.2
<b>Zr</b> 22.8	<b>Nb</b> 26.5	<b>Mo</b> 33.1
<b>Hf</b> 22.7	<b>Ta</b> 26.7	<b>W</b> 34.2

$d_{O-O}$  Bond

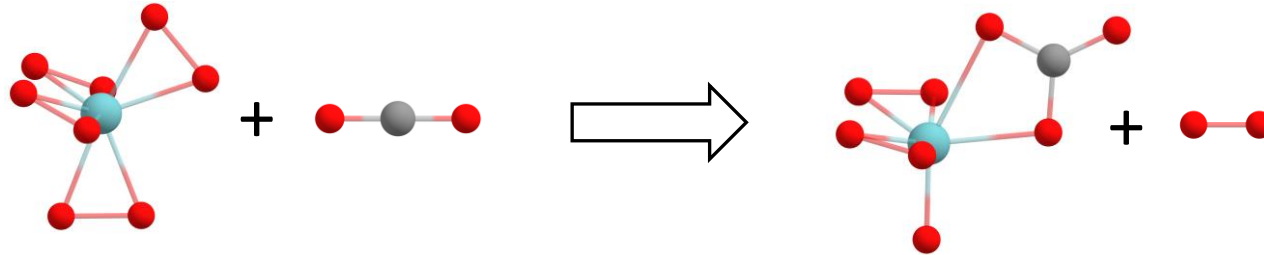


$\pi^*(O-O)$  Orbital



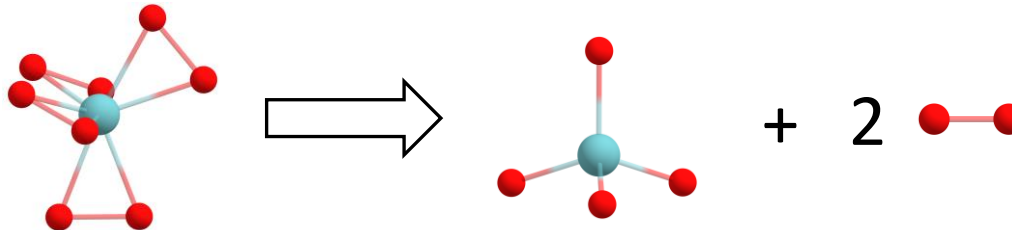
# Material Degradation

## Carbon Capture



VS

## Decomposition





# Material Degradation

**Carbon Capture**

vs

**Decomposition**

M	$\Delta G_{\text{CO}_2 \text{ cap.}}$ (kcal/mol)	$\Delta G_{\text{decomp.}}$ (kcal/mol)	$\frac{\Delta G_{\text{CO}_2 \text{ cap.}}}{\Delta G_{\text{decomp.}}}$
Ti	-69.9	-39.2	1.78
Zr	-54.3	-10.9	4.98
Hf	-53.6	-12.9	4.16
V	-73.2	-82.3	0.89
Nb	-58.6	-55.2	1.06
Ta	-56.2	-53.7	1.05
Cr	-62.8	-114.4	0.55
Mo	-61.1	-104.0	0.59
W	-59.0	-102.4	0.58

# Material Degradation

**Carbon Capture**

vs

**Decomposition**

M	$\Delta G_{\text{CO}_2 \text{ cap.}}$ (kcal/mol)	$\Delta G_{\text{decomp.}}$ (kcal/mol)	$\frac{\Delta G_{\text{CO}_2 \text{ cap.}}}{\Delta G_{\text{decomp.}}}$	
Ti	-69.9	-39.2	1.78	> 1
Zr	-54.3	-10.9	4.98	
Hf	-53.6	-12.9	4.16	
V	-73.2	-82.3	0.89	~ 1
Nb	-58.6	-55.2	1.06	
Ta	-56.2	-53.7	1.05	
Cr	-62.8	-114.4	0.55	< 1
Mo	-61.1	-104.0	0.59	
W	-59.0	-102.4	0.58	

# Conclusion

---

$[\text{Ti}(\text{O}_2)_4]^{4-}$  is

1. Faster for DAC ✓
2. Stable ✓

Cost:

$\text{V}_2\text{O}_5$  \$300/mole

$\text{TiO}_2$  \$3/mole

$$\frac{\text{M}}{\Delta G^\ddagger} =$$

(kcal/mol)

IV	V	VI
<b>Ti</b> 18.6	<b>V</b> 22.3	<b>Cr</b> 31.2
<b>Zr</b> 22.8	<b>Nb</b> 26.5	<b>Mo</b> 33.1
<b>Hf</b> 22.7	<b>Ta</b> 26.7	<b>W</b> 34.2

Hirschi, J. S.; Nyman, M.; Zuehlsdorff, T. J. *Under Review JPC A. ChemRxiv*. DOI: 10.26434/chemrxiv-2024-blwjs

# Conclusion

$[\text{Ti}(\text{O}_2)_4]^{4-}$  is

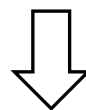
1. Faster for DAC ✓
2. Stable ✓

Cost:

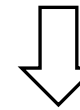
$\text{V}_2\text{O}_5$  \$300/mole

$\text{TiO}_2$  \$3/mole

Promising



X



$\text{M}$   
 $\Delta G^\ddagger$  =  
(kcal/mol)

III	IV	V	VI	VII
Sc ?	Ti 18.6	V 22.3	Cr 31.2	Mn ?
Y ?	Zr 22.8	Nb 26.5	Mo 33.1	Tc ?
	Hf 22.7	Ta 26.7	W 34.2	Re ?

Hirschi, J. S.; Nyman, M.; Zuehlsdorff, T. J. *Under Review*  
*JPC A. ChemRxiv*. DOI: 10.26434/chemrxiv-2024-blwjs

# Acknowledgments

Zuehlendorff Group

Nyman Group

MaD Lab

DOE Grant DE-SC0022278



Chemistry Department Summer Fellowship (2021)





# Publications

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1. **Hirschi, J. S.**; Nyman, M.; Zuehlsdorff, T. J. Electronic Structure and CO<sub>2</sub> Reactivity of Group IV/V/VI Tetraperoxometalates. *Under Review*. [ChemRxiv](#).
2. Ribó, E. G.; Mao, Z.; **Hirschi, J. S.**; Lindsay, T.; Bach, K.; Walter, E. D.; Simons, C. R.; Zuehlsdorff, T. J.; Nyman, M. Implementing vanadium peroxides as Direct Air Carbon Capture Materials. [Chem. Sci.](#) 2024, 15, 1700-1713.

# Appendix Slides

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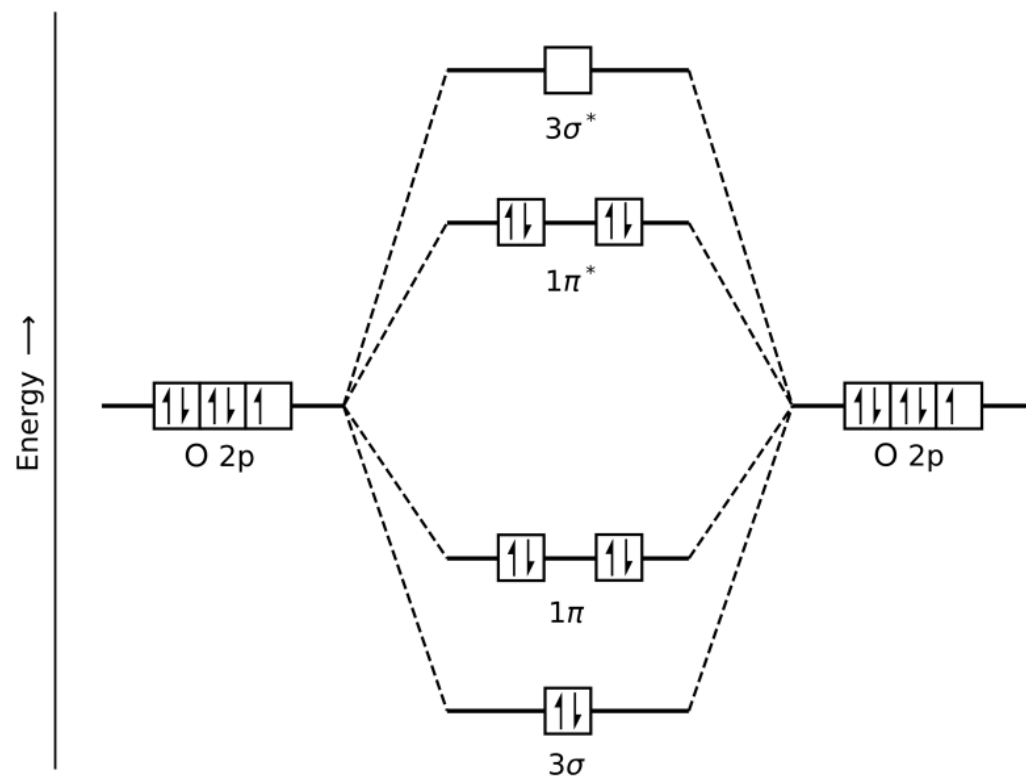
# Functional Benchmarking

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**Table S3:** Gibbs activation barrier of the rate-determining step,  $\text{int2} \longrightarrow \text{ts2}$ , with various DFT functionals. Values are in units of kcal/mol.

M	PBE	PBE0	M06-2X	MN15	CAM-B3LYP	CAM-B3LYP-D3
Ti	2.9	15.3	25.9	20.1	18.6	18.6
Zr	6.9	19.4	30.3	24.3	22.8	22.7
Hf	6.5	19.3	29.7	23.6	22.7	22.8
V	3.3	17.9	31.2	24.1	22.3	22.4
Nb	6.9	22.7	33.8	27.5	26.5	26.5
Ta	8.2	23.0	33.8	27.6	26.7	26.8
Cr	10.2	27.0	40.3	32.8	31.2	30.9
Mo	8.9	28.5	40.5	34.6	33.1	33.1
W	12.4	30.4	40.8	35.6	34.2	34.2

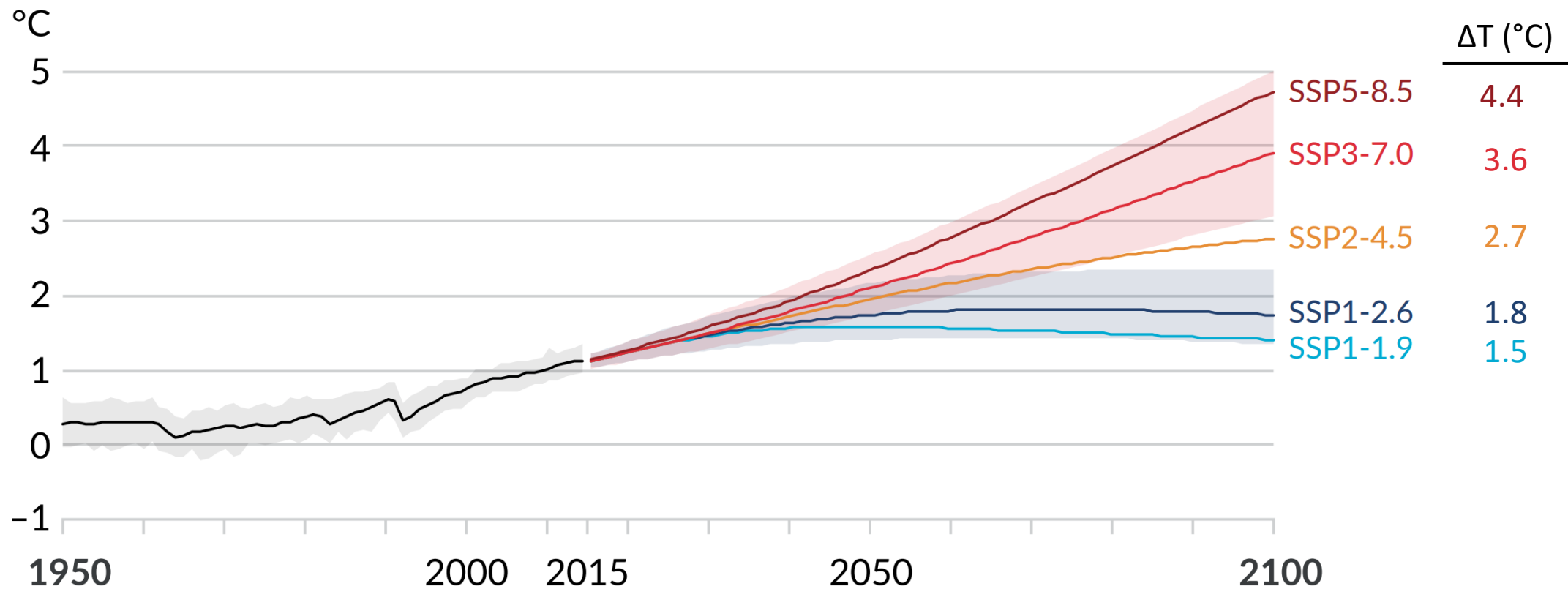
# Peroxide Orbitals



**Figure S5:** Qualitative molecular orbital diagram of the peroxide dianion,  $\text{O}_2^{2-}$ , showing two sets of occupied  $\pi$  and  $\pi^*$  orbitals.

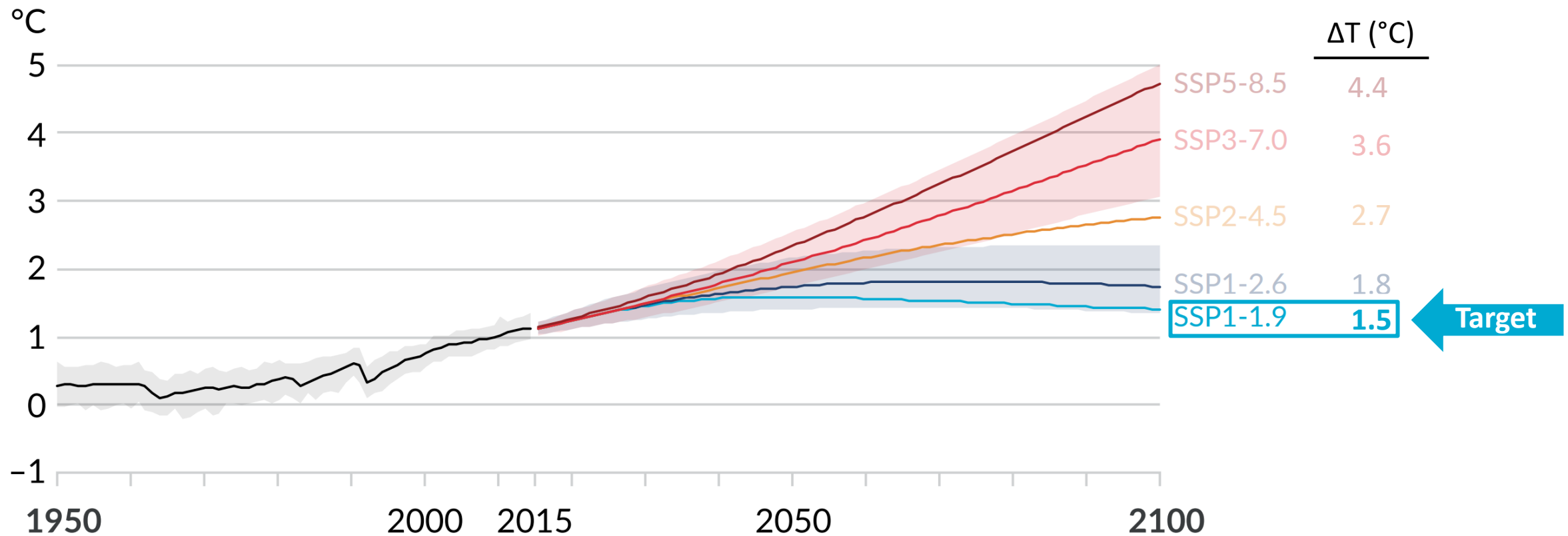
# Climate Outcomes

(a) Global surface temperature change relative to 1850–1900

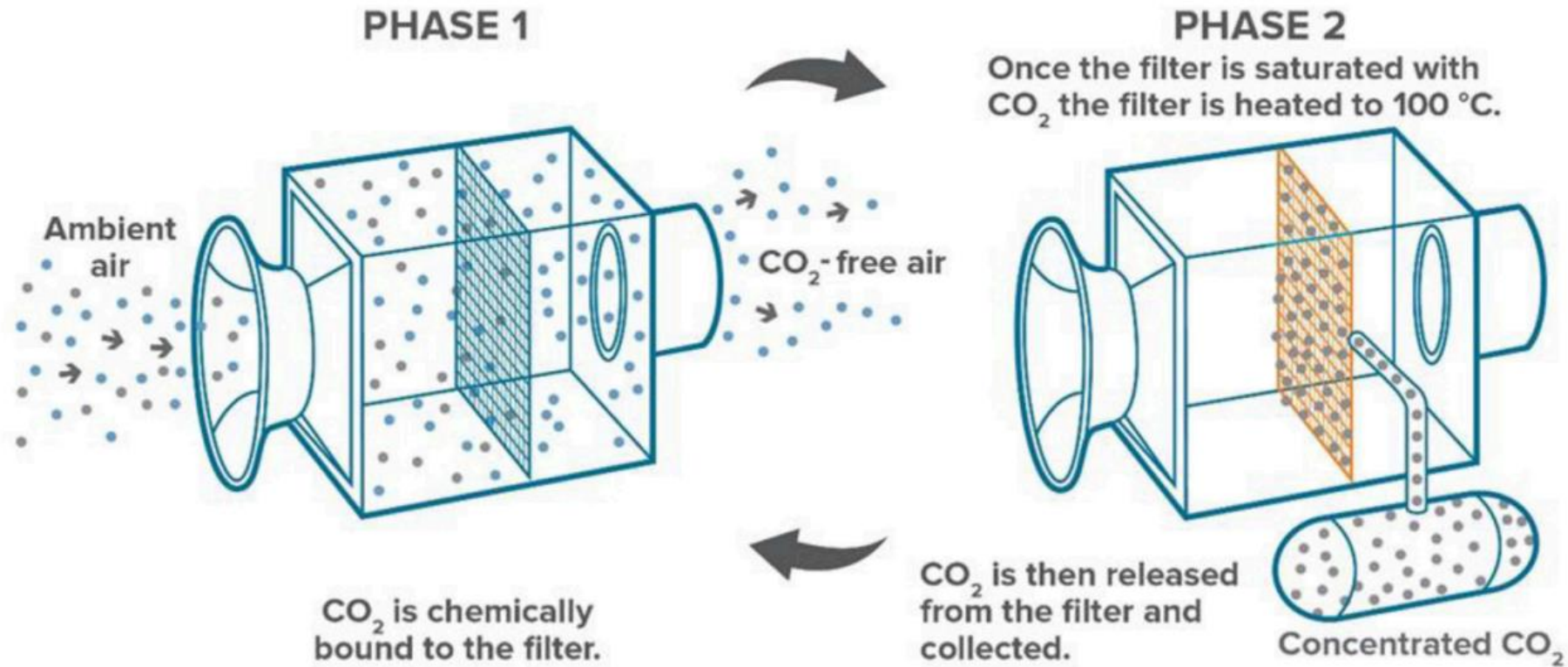


# Climate Outcomes

(a) Global surface temperature change relative to 1850–1900

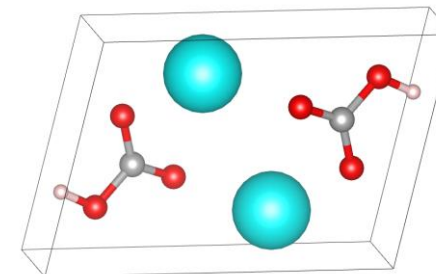
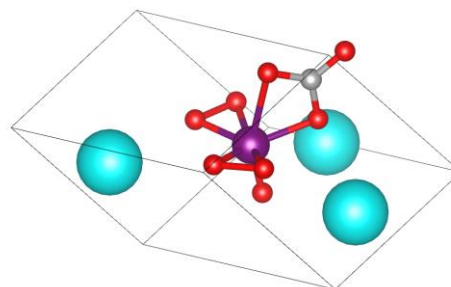
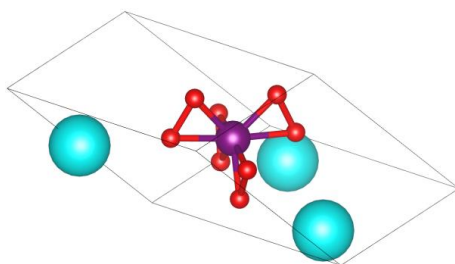


# Direct Air Capture (DAC)





# Solid-state Thermodynamics



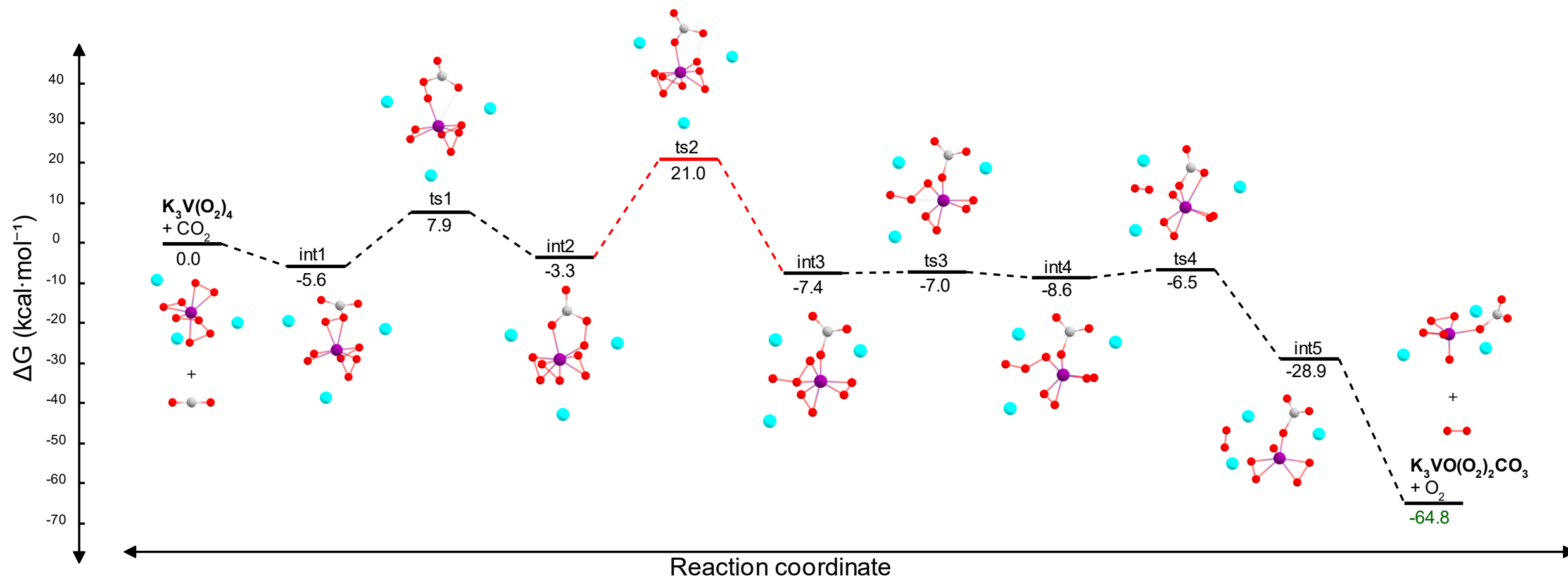
carbon capture →

decomp. {

Reaction	$\Delta G_{298\text{ K}}$ (kcal/mol)
$\text{K}_3\text{V}(\text{O}_2)_4 + \text{CO}_2 \rightarrow \text{K}_3\text{VO}(\text{O}_2)_2\text{CO}_3 + \text{O}_2$	-52.1
$\text{K}_3\text{V}(\text{O}_2)_4 + 2\text{CO}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow \text{KVO}_3 + 2\text{KHCO}_3 + \text{O}_2$	-92.8
$\text{K}_3\text{V}(\text{O}_2)_4 + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow \text{KVO}_3 + 2\text{KOH} + 2\text{O}_2$	-58.2
$\text{K}_3\text{VO}(\text{O}_2)_2\text{CO}_3 \rightarrow \text{K}_3\text{VO}_4 + \text{CO}_2 + \text{O}_2$	-14.5

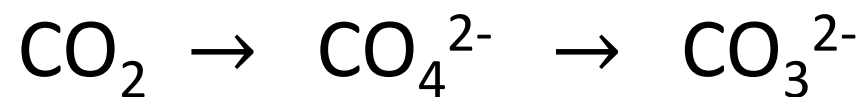


# $K_3V(O_2)_4 + CO_2$ Mechanism



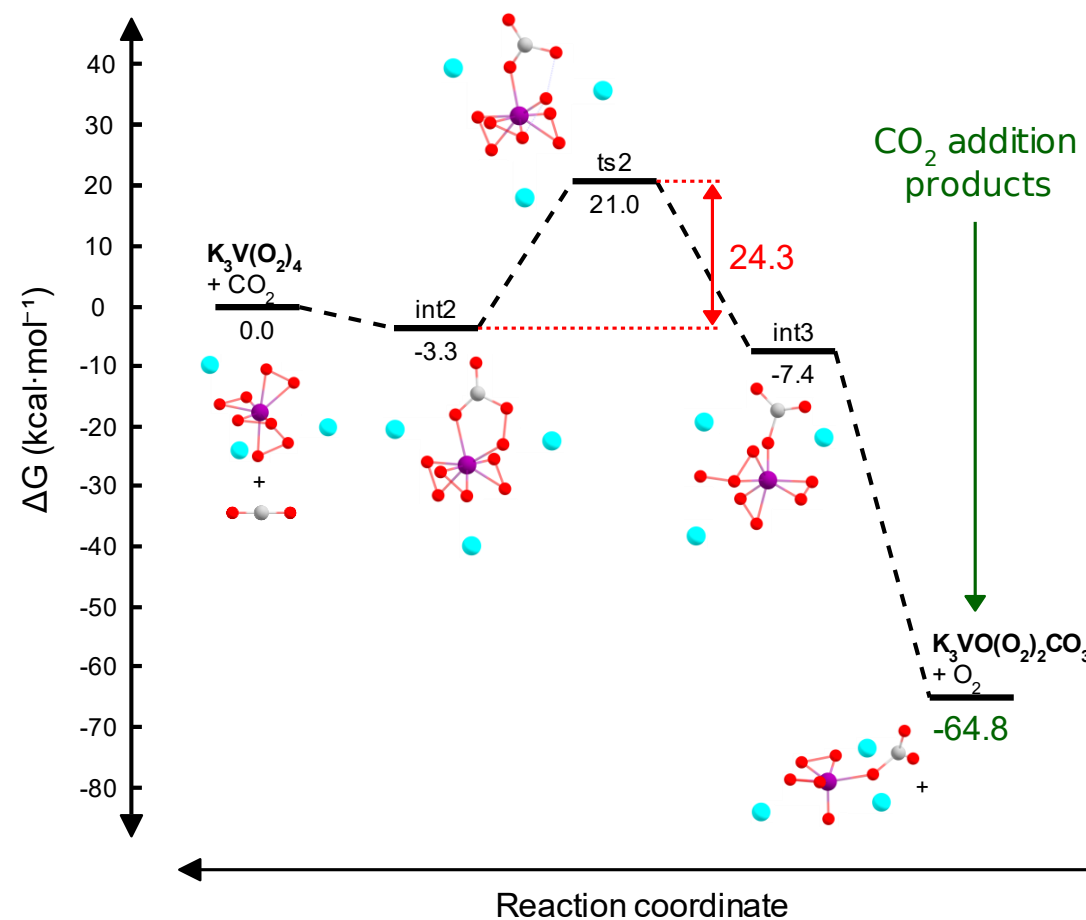


# Simplified Mechanism



$$\Delta G_{\text{RD}}^{\ddagger} = 24.3 \text{ kcal/mol}$$

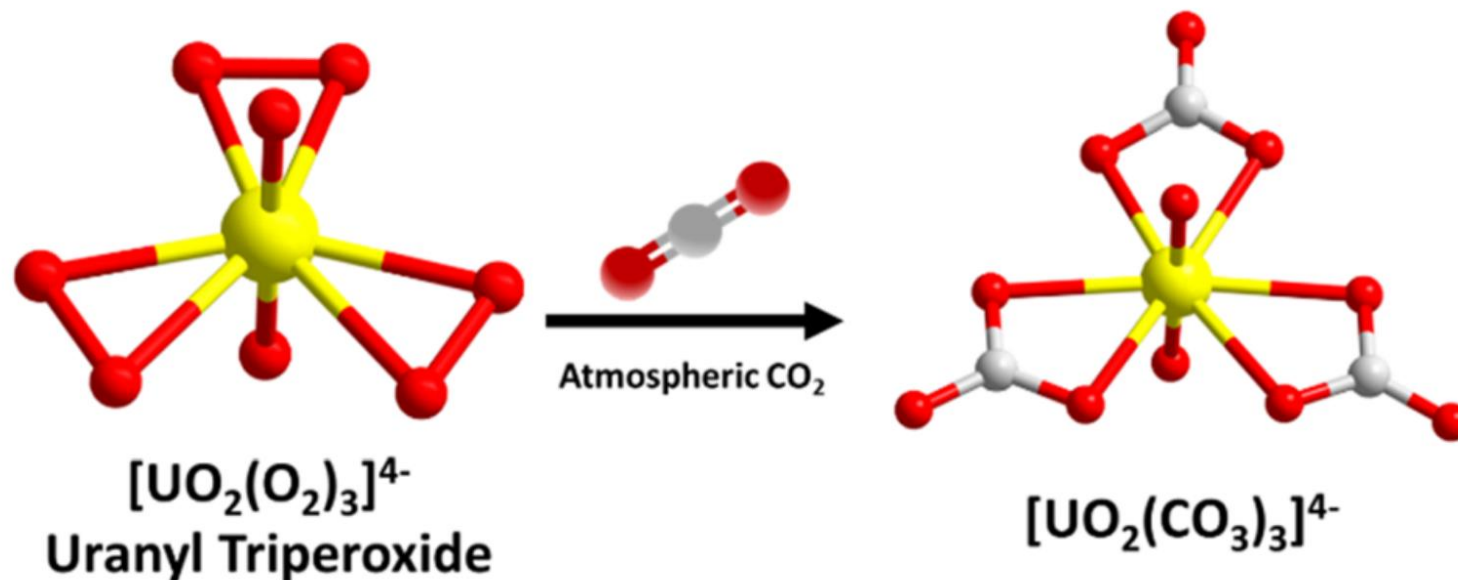
$$\Delta G_{\text{rxn}} = -64.8 \text{ kcal/mol}$$



# DAC with Uranium?



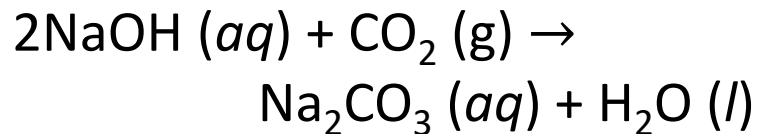
*Prof. May Nyman*



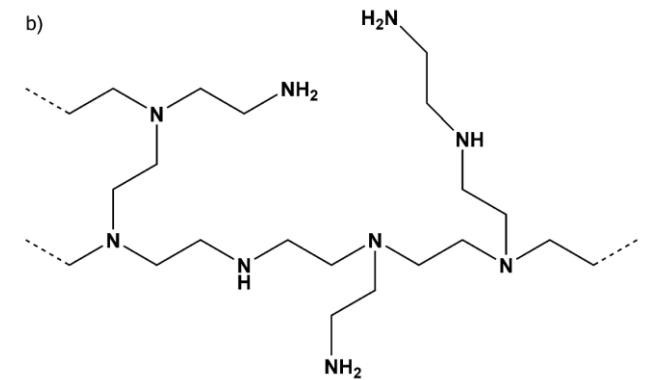
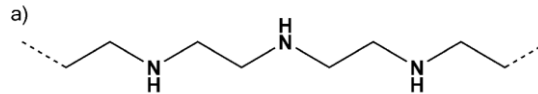
# DAC Commercialization



Alkali hydroxides



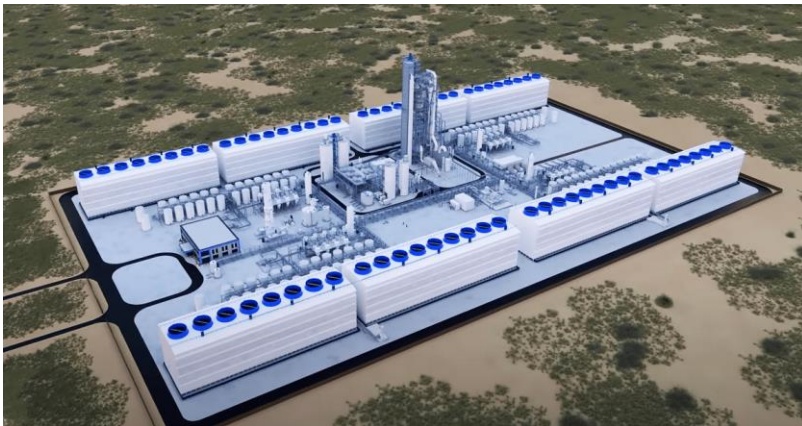
Amine-functionalized solids



# DAC Commercialization



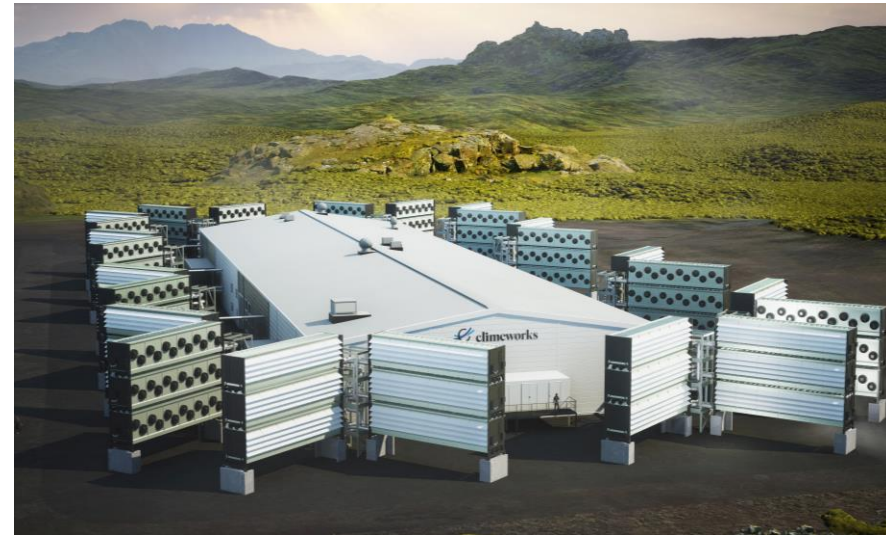
Stratos, Late 2024 (planned)



500,000 t-CO<sub>2</sub>/yr



Mammoth, May 2024



36,000 t-CO<sub>2</sub>/yr

# Title here

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