1 Intro

In the early nineties, GSM was deployed in many European countries. Global System for Mobile communication (GSM) offered for the first time international roaming for mobile subscribers. The GSM?s use of Time Division Multiple Access (TDMA) as its communication standard was debated at length. And every now and then there are big discussion whether Code Division Multiple Access (CDMA) should have been chosen over TDMA.

2 Furthermore

The reader could have forgotten all the nice acronyms, so we repeat the meaning again.

If you want to know more about Global System for Mobile communication (GSM), Time Division Multiple Access (TDMA), Code Division Multiple Access (CDMA) and other acronyms, just read a book about mobile communication. Just to mention it: There is another Used Acronym (UA), just for testing purposes!

Figure

Figure 1: A float also admits references like GSM or Code Division Multiple Access (CDMA).

2.1 Some chemistry and physics

Nicotinamide Adenine Dinucleotide (NAD⁺) is a major electron acceptor in the oxidation of fuel molecules. The reactive part of NAD⁺ is its nictinamide ring, a pyridine derivate.

One mol consists of N_A atoms or molecules. There is a relation between the constant of Boltzmann and the Number of Avogadro:

$$k = R/N_{A} \tag{1}$$

Liquid Oxygen/Liquid Hydrogen (LOX/LH_2)

2.2 Some testing fundamentals

When testing Integrated Circuits (ICs), one typically wants to identify functional blocks to be tested separately. The latter are commonly indicated as Block Under Tests (BUTs). To test a BUT requires defining a testing strategy...

3 Acronyms

CDMA	Code Division Multiple Access1	
GSM	Global System for Mobile communication	
$N_{ m A}$	Number of Avogadro (see $\S 2.1$)	
NAD+	Nicotinamide Adenine Dinucleotide	
TDMA	Time Division Multiple Access1	
UA	Used Acronym	
LOX	Liquid Oxygen	
LH_2	Liquid Hydrogen	
IC	Integrated Circuit	
BUT	Block Under Test	