What is version control?

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- You don't have to worry about accidentally losing or deleting code.
- ▶ You can experiment and reset to a known good state.
- Makes collaborating with others easier.

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What is git?

- 'the stupid content tracker'
- ▶ Distributed everything is kept on your local machine.
- 'Repository' a collection of code.
- 'Commit' a chunk of saved changes.

Getting Started

- git init Makes a new empty git repository.
- ▶ git add FILE Adds changes in FILE to the next commit.
- git status Shows the status of the repository.

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- ▶ git config --global user.name NAME
- ▶ git config --global user.email EMAIL

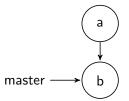
Committing

git commit -m ''a''

master \longrightarrow a

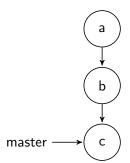
Committing

git commit -m ''b''

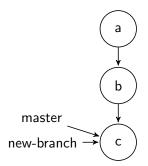


Committing

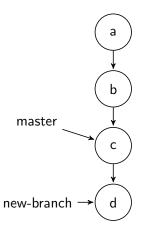
git commit -m ''c''

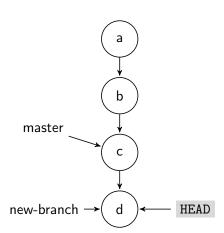


git checkout -b new-branch

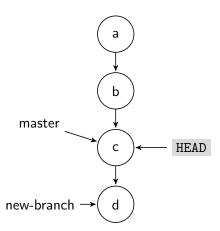


git commit -m ''d''

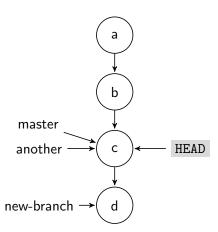




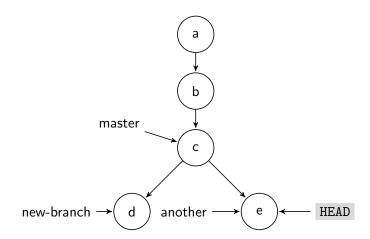
git checkout master



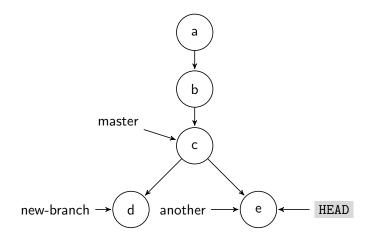
git checkout -b another



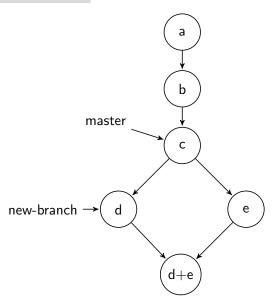
git commit -m ''e''



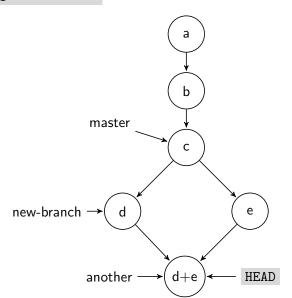
git merge new-branch



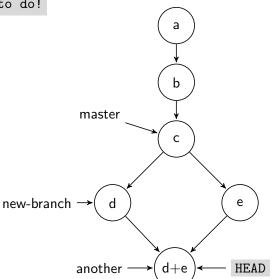
git merge new-branch



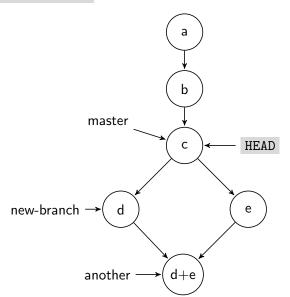
git merge new-branch



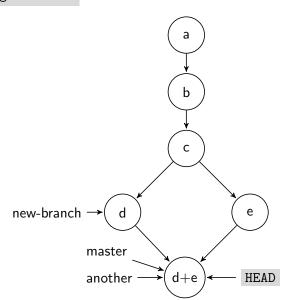
git merge master Nothing to do!



git checkout master



git merge another



Merge conflicts

CONFLICT (content): Merge conflict in the-file.txt Automatic merge failed; fix conflicts and then commit the result.

Merge conflicts

CONFLICT (content): Merge conflict in the-file.txt Automatic merge failed; fix conflicts and then commit the result.

```
In the-file.txt:
<<<<< HEAD
The current branch's contents
======
Stuff from the branch you're merging
>>>>>> new-branch
```

Merge conflicts

CONFLICT (content): Merge conflict in the-file.txt Automatic merge failed; fix conflicts and then commit the result.

git add the-file.txt and git commit

Looking at stuff

- ▶ git log Show a log of commits
 - ▶ --graph Neat ASCII graph
 - ▶ ¬p Show what changed in each commit

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 - --graph Neat ASCII graph
 - ▶ ¬p Show what changed in each commit
- git diff Show uncommitted changes
- gitk Graphical log
- git gui Graphical tool for committing

Working with remotes

▶ git clone REPO_LOCATION makes a copy of a repository.

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- ▶ git push Pushes changes from your current branch to the remote branch it tracks.
- ▶ git pull Pulls changes from the remote branch and merges them into your current branch.

Working with remotes

- ▶ git clone REPO_LOCATION makes a copy of a repository.
- ▶ git push Pushes changes from your current branch to the remote branch it tracks.
- ▶ git pull Pulls changes from the remote branch and merges them into your current branch.
- git remote add REMOTE_NAME REPO_LOCATION adds a remote to an existing repository.

Git Tips

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- ▶ Don't add generated files (like a.out) to your repo.
- You can ignore certain files by putting their names in a .gitignore file in your repo.

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- Make your commit messages descriptive!
- ▶ Don't add generated files (like a.out) to your repo.
- ► You can ignore certain files by putting their names in a .gitignore file in your repo.
- When collaborating, work on separate branches and merge as you go along.