

```
---  
title: "version2_parallel"  
author: "Linyi Guo"  
date: "2020/1/11"  
output: html_document  
---
```

```
``{r}  
# install.packages("parallel")  
library(parallel)  
library(forecast)  
---
```

****This part is to define funtions****

```
``{r}
```

```
simulation1 <- function(length){  
  
  model <- Arima(ts(rnorm(120),start=c(1980,01),frequency =12), order=c(1,1,1),  
                 seasonal=c(0,1,1), fixed=c(phi=runif(1), theta=runif(1),  
                                             Theta=runif(1))  
                 )  
  
  data <- simulate(model, nsim=length)  
  
  # because if we need to take log later, data must be positive  
  if(min(data) <= 0) data <- data - min(data) + runif(1)  
  else data <- data  
  
  return(data)  
}  
  
simlist1 <- function(n,length) {  
  
  Datalist <- list()  
  
  for (i in 1:n) Datalist[[i]] <- simulation1(length)  
  
  return(Datalist)
```

```
}
```

```
fun1 <- function(x){
```

```
  library(seasonal)
```

```
  seas(x, x11="")
```

```
}
```

```
preprocess <- function(x11) {
```

```
  if(transformfunction(x11) == 'log')
```

```
    data <- log(series(x11, 'b1'))
```

```
  else
```

```
    data <- series(x11, 'b1')
```

```
  return(data)
```

```
}
```

```
# put previous functions 'exhaustion1' and 'Dif1' together
```

```
exhaustion1 <- function(data){
```

```
  Difference <- c()
```

```
  index <- c()
```

```
  x11 <- seas(data, x11="")
```

```
  for (i in 1:100) {
```

```
    for (j in 1:100) {
```

```
      ssmm <- SSMModel(data ~ SSMtrend(1, Q=list(j*0.2)) +
```

```
        SSMseasonal(12, sea.type = 'dummy', Q = 1),
```

```
        H = i*0.2)
```

```
      ssm <- KFS(ssmm)
```

```
      sigma <- c(i*0.2, j*0.2, 1)
```

```
      ### difference ###
```

```
      x11_trend <- series(x11, 'd12')
```

```
      x11_seasonal <- series(x11, 'd10')
```

```
      x11_irregular <- series(x11, 'd13')
```

```

    ssm_trend <- coef(ssm, states = 'trend')
    ssm_seasonal <- -rowSums(coef(ssm, states='seasonal'))
    ssm_irregular <- data[-1] - ssm_trend[-1] - ssm_seasonal[-length(data)]

    D <- sum((x11_irregular[-1]-ssm_irregular)^2)/sigma[1] +
          sum((x11_trend-ssm_trend)^2)/sigma[2] +
          sum((x11_seasonal[-1]-ssm_seasonal[-length(data)])^2)/sigma[3]
    ### end ###

    Difference <- c(Difference, D)

    index <- rbind(index, sigma)
  }
}

df <- data.frame(variance=index, difference = Difference)
return(df)
}
'''

**Simulation**

'''{r}
set.seed(1)

# 400 is the number of datasets and 180 is the length for each one
datalist2 <- simlist1(400, 180)
'''

**Parallel Processing**

'''{r}
# I put 4 cores here
# you could check the cores of your PC and set up this number by yourself
# detectCores()
cl <- makeCluster(4)

# Build the package environment for each core
clusterEvalQ(cl,{
  library(seasonal)
  library(KFAS)

```

```
}  
)
```

```
# Running
```

```
x11list2 <- parLapply(cl, datalist2, fun1 )
```

```
Datalist2 <- parLapply(cl, x11list2, preprocess )
```

```
idevallist2 <- parLapply(cl, Datalist2, exhaustion1)
```

```
idevalmat2 <- c()
```

```
for (i in 1:100){  
  ideval <- idevallist2[[i]][which.min(idevallist2[[i]]$difference),c(1,2)]  
  idevalmat2 <- rbind(idevalmat2, ideval)  
}
```

```
rownames(idevalmat2) <- c(1:100)
```

```
write.csv(idevalmat2, "... ../idevalmat2.csv")
```

```
# Stop parallel processing
```

```
stopCluster(cl)
```

```
...
```