Step A

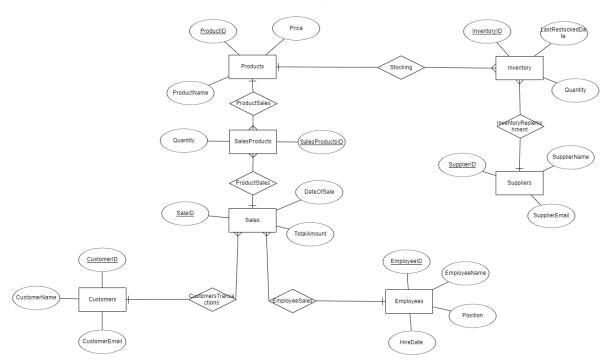
1. Introduction:

The purpose of this project is to design and implement a database system for a store, capturing essential data such as customer details, employee records, product information, sales transactions, inventory status, and supplier information. The primary functionalities include managing customer information, tracking sales, maintaining inventory levels, and ensuring smooth supplier interactions.

This report details the design, implementation, and testing of the database system, covering the creation of tables, data entry methods, and backup/recovery processes.

2. ERD and DSD Diagrams:

ERD Diagram



DSD Diagram

Inventory Products InventoryID ProductID Quantity ProductName LastRestockedDate Price ProductID SupplierID SalesProducts SalesProductsID Quantity ProductID SaleID (FK) Suppliers SupplierID SupplierName SupplierEmail Sales SaleID DateOfSale TotalAmount CustomerID EmployeeID Customers EmployeelD CustomerID EmployeeName CustomerName Position CustomerEmail HireDate

3. Design decisions:

Many-to-Many Relationship: We chose to represent the many-to-many relationship between Sales and Products using a junction table called SalesProducts to accurately reflect real-world scenarios where multiple products can be part of a single sale.

Foreign Keys: Each table with foreign key constraints helps maintain data integrity and establish clear relationships between entities.

Data Types: INT was used for numeric fields, VARCHAR2 for text fields, and DATE for date fields, ensuring appropriate data representation and storage efficiency.

4. SQL Commands:

- createTables.sql

This script contains the SQL commands to create all the necessary tables for the database, including Customers, Employees, Products, Suppliers, Inventory, Sales, and SalesProducts. Each table is defined with its respective columns and data types, and foreign key constraints are set to maintain data integrity and establish relationships between tables.

- dropTables.sql

This script provides the SQL commands to drop all the tables created by the createTables.sql script. It ensures that tables are dropped in the correct order, taking into account the dependencies between them, and includes the CASCADE CONSTRAINTS option to handle foreign key constraints smoothly.

- insertTables.sql

This script includes SQL commands to insert data into each of the tables in the database. We provided sample data for Customers, Employees, Products, Suppliers, Inventory, Sales, and SalesProducts tables to facilitate the testing and demonstration of the database's functionality.

- selectAll.sql

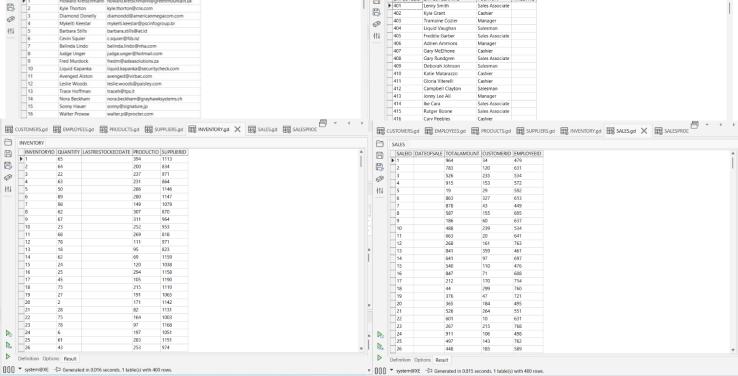
This script contains SQL commands to retrieve and display all data from each of the tables in the database. It is used to verify that the data has been correctly inserted and to provide an overview of the current state of the database.

5. <u>Data Entry Methods</u>

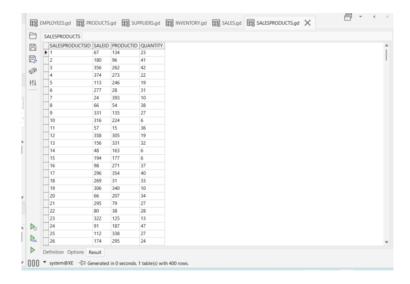
Method 1: Data Generator

We used the Data Generator tool in PL/SQL Developer to generate realistic data for each table.

Screenshots



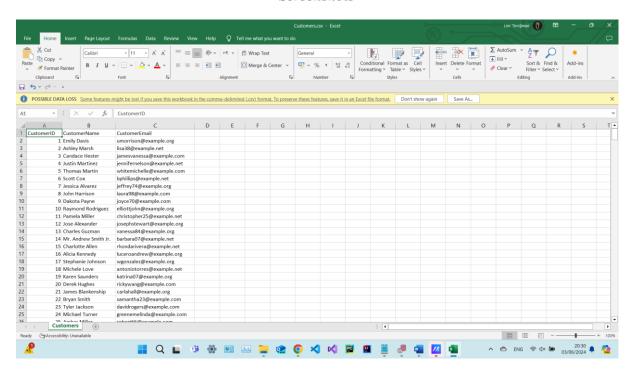
345537708 Samuel Tapiro - 133467 Lior Tordjman - 346012065 Daniel Elbaz



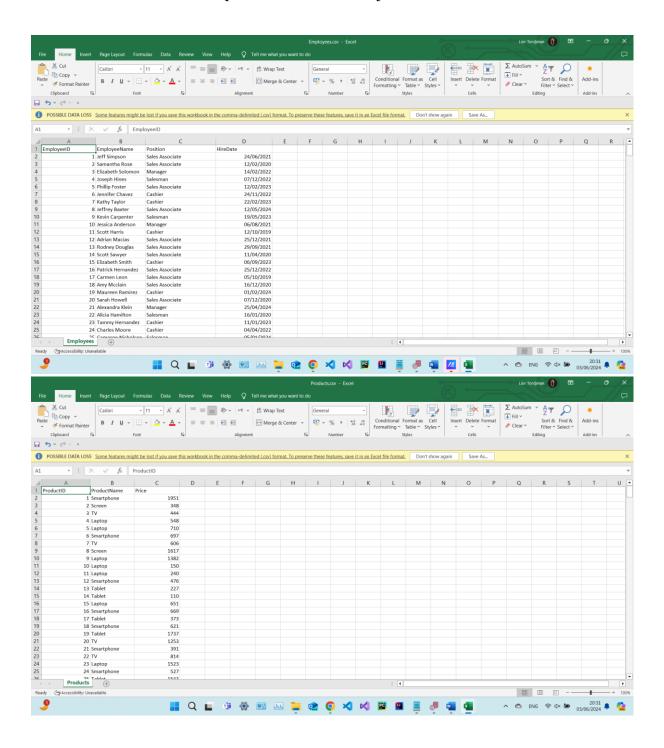
Method 2: CSV Files

We used Python scripts to generate CSV files for each table with 400 records.

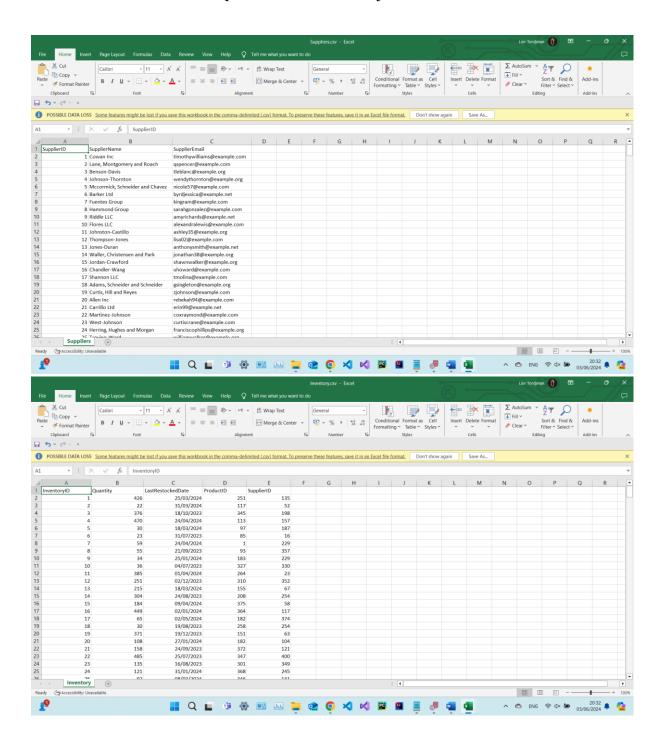
Screenshots

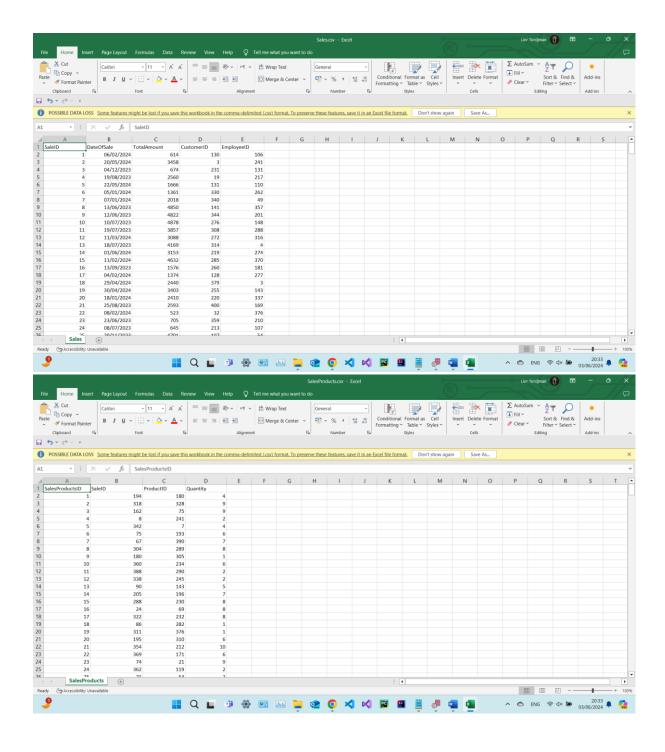


345537708 Samuel Tapiro - 133467 Lior Tordjman - 346012065 Daniel Elbaz



345537708 Samuel Tapiro - 133467 Lior Tordjman - 346012065 Daniel Elbaz





Method 3: Programming with Python

We created Python scripts to automate the data insertion process, leveraging the Faker library to generate realistic data (in Programming folder on the GitHub).

6. Data Backup and Recovery

Backup Process

345537708 Samuel Tapiro - 133467 Lior Tordiman - 346012065 Daniel Elbaz

We used PL/SQL Developer to create a backup of the database using the SQL Insert method, ensuring that CREATE TABLE commands were included.

Screenshots

