IIM from zero to Hero

Plan:

1. Build a basic LLM without prebuilt layers or the minimum necessary.

Basic LLM

- 1. Get access to data
- 2. Tokenization

!wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/karpathy/char-rnn/master/data/tinyshakespeare/input.txt

%load_ext tensorboard

```
import string
import torch
import math
import os
import numpy as np
import time
import torch.nn as nn
import torch.nn.functional as F
from torch.utils.data import Dataset
from torch.utils.data import DataLoader
import torch.optim as optim
from torch.utils.tensorboard import SummaryWriter
from torch.optim.lr_scheduler import LambdaLR
from collections import Counter
from torch.profiler import profile, record_function, ProfilerActivity, schedule
import csv
import time
LOWER_CASE = True
seq_length = 64
batch_size = 256
embed_dim = 256
num_epochs = 4
num\_heads = 1
num_att_layers = 1
f = open("input.txt")
data = f.read()
```

Functions and classes

```
def BPE_vocab(data):
    punctuation_set = set(string.punctuation)
    data_sep = word_separator(data=data.lower(), special_char = punctuation_set)
    data_word_char = [list(word) + ["</w>"] for word in data_sep]
    vocab = Counter(tuple(word) for word in data_word_char)
    pairs = Counter()
    for word, freq in vocab.items():
        for i in range(len(word) - 1):
            pair = (word[i], word[i+1])
            pairs[pair] += freq
    vocab = [''.join(word) for word, _ in pairs.most_common(100)] + list(set(data.lower())) + ["</w>"]
    return vocab
```

def BPE enc(data. vocab):

```
i = 0
 data_token = []
 while i < len(data):
   if i + 2 <= len(data) and data[i:i+2] in vocab:</pre>
     token = data[i:i+2]
     if token == '\n' and data_token and data_token[-1] == '\n':
       pass
     else:
       data_token.append(token)
      i += 2
   else:
      token = data[i:i+1]
     if token == '\n' and data_token and data_token[-1] == '\n':
       pass
     else:
       data_token.append(token)
     i += 1
 return data_token
def word_separator(data: str, special_char: list[str]) -> list[str]:
 Separate text to words for tokenization
 Aras:
   data: text
   speacial_char: special chatacters to break word
 Return:
   list[str]: list of words and special characters
 data_separated = []
 word = ""
 for char in data:
   if char == " " or char == "\n" or char == "\t":
     if word != "":
       data_separated.append(word)
       word = ""
   elif char in special_char:
     data_separated.append(word)
     data_separated.append(char)
   else:
     word += char
 return data_separated
from torch.utils.data import Dataset
class TokenDataset(Dataset):
 def __init__(self, tokens, seq_len):
     self.tokens = tokens
                               # list or tensor of token IDs
     self.seq_len = seq_len
                              # length of input sequence
 def __len__(self):
     return len(self.tokens) - self.seq_len
 def __getitem__(self, idx):
     x = self.tokens[idx : idx + self.seq_len]
     y = self.tokens[idx + 1 : idx + self.seq_len + 1]
     return x, y
class PositionalEncoding(nn.Module):
 def __init__(self, d_model, max_len=5000):
   super(PositionalEncoding, self).__init__()
   # Create matrix of shape (max_len, d_model)
   pe = torch.zeros(max len, d model)
   position = torch.arange(0, max\_len, dtype=torch.float).unsqueeze(1) \ \# \ (max\_len, \ 1)
   div_term = torch.exp(torch.arange(0, d_model, 2).float() * (-math.log(10000.0) / d_model))
   pe[:, 0::2] = torch.sin(position * div_term)
   pe[:, 1::2] = torch.cos(position * div_term)
   pe = pe.unsqueeze(0)
   # Register as buffer so it's not a parameter, but saved with the model
   self.register_buffer('pe', pe)
 def forward(self, x):
   x: (batch_size, seq_len, d_model)
   sea len = x.size(1)
   # Add positional encoding
```

```
x = x + self.pe[:, :seq_len]
class Attention(torch.nn.Module):
 def __init__(self, embedding_dim, seq_length):
    super(Attention, self).__init__()
    self.softmax = nn.Softmax(-1)
   self.register_buffer('causal', torch.tril(torch.ones(seq_length, seq_length)))
 def forward(self, q, k, v):
   B, T, \underline{\phantom{a}} = q.shape
   x = torch.matmul(q, k.transpose(-2, -1)) / math.sqrt(q.size(-1))
   causal_mask = self.causal[:T, :T]
   x = x.masked_fill(causal_mask == 0, float('-inf'))
   x = self.softmax(x)
   x = torch.matmul(x, v)
    return x
class MultiHeadAttention(torch.nn.Module):
 def __init__(self, embedding_dim, num_heads, seq_length):
   super(MultiHeadAttention, self).__init__()
    assert embedding_dim % num_heads == 0, "embedding_dim must be divisible by num_heads"
   self.attention = Attention(embedding_dim, seq_length)
   self.num_heads = num_heads
   self.head_dim = embedding_dim // num_heads
   # Final projection after concatenating heads
   self.out_proj = nn.Linear(embedding_dim, embedding_dim)
    self.q_proj = nn.Linear(embedding_dim, embedding_dim)
    self.k_proj = nn.Linear(embedding_dim, embedding_dim)
    self.v_proj = nn.Linear(embedding_dim, embedding_dim)
  def forward(self, x):
   B, T, C = x.shape # batch_size, seq_length, embed_size
   q = self.q_proj(x)
    k = self.k_proj(x)
   v = self.v_proj(x)
   q = q.view(B, T, self.num_heads, self.head_dim).transpose(1, 2)
    k = k.view(B, T, self.num_heads, self.head_dim).transpose(1, 2)
   v = v.view(B, T, self.num_heads, self.head_dim).transpose(1, 2)
   # We need to merge batch and heads to call your single-head Attention:
   q = q.reshape(B * self.num_heads, T, self.head_dim)
    k = k.reshape(B * self.num_heads, T, self.head_dim)
   v = v.reshape(B * self.num_heads, T, self.head_dim)
   out = self.attention(q, k, v)
   out = out.view(B, self.num_heads, T, self.head_dim).transpose(1, 2)
   out = out.reshape(B, T, C)
    return self.out proj(out)
class DecoderLayer(torch.nn.Module):
 def __init__(self, embedding_dim, num_head, seq_length):
   super(DecoderLayer, self).__init__()
    self.ff_1 = nn.Linear(embedding_dim, 4*embedding_dim)
   self.ff_2 = nn.Linear(4*embedding_dim, embedding_dim)
    self.m_head_att = MultiHeadAttention(embedding_dim, num_head, seq_length)
   self.layer_norm_1 = nn.LayerNorm(embedding_dim)
   self.layer_norm_2 = nn.LayerNorm(embedding_dim)
   # Activation
    self.relu = nn.ReLU()
 def forward(self, x):
   x_1 = self.m_head_att(x)
   x_2 = self.layer_norm_1(x_1 + x)
   x_3 = self.ff_1(x_2)
   x_4 = self.relu(x_3)
   x_5 = self.ff_2(x_4)
```

```
x_6 = self.layer_norm_2(x_5 + x_2)
   return x_6
class DecoderOnlySmall(torch.nn.Module):
 def __init__(self, vocab_len, embedding_dim, num_head, seq_length, att_lay):
   super(DecoderOnlySmall, self).__init__()
   self.embed = nn.Embedding(vocab_len, embedding_dim)
   self.linear = nn.Linear(embedding_dim, vocab_len)
   self.DecLayer = DecoderLayer(embedding_dim, num_head, seq_length)
   # Activation
   self.softmax = nn.Softmax(dim=-1)
   self.relu = nn.ReLU()
   # weight tying
   self.linear.weight = self.embed.weight
   # postional encoding
   self.pos_encoding = PositionalEncoding(embedding_dim, max_len=seq_length)
   # Attention laywrs
   self.layers = nn.ModuleList([DecoderLayer(embedding_dim, num_head, seq_length) for _ in range(att_lay)])
 def forward(self, x):
   x_{embed} = self.embed(x)
   x_{embed} = self.pos_{encoding}(x_{embed})
   # Decoder layers
   for layer in self.layers:
     x_embed = layer(x_embed)
   x_2 = self.linear(x_embed)
   if self.training:
     return x_2
   else:
     x_3 = self.softmax(x_2)
     return x_3
def train_epoch(epoch_index, tb_writer, training_loader, loss_fn, model, optimizer, scheduler, device):
 running_loss = 0.
 total_batches = 0
 epoch_times = []
 epoch_start = time.time()
 for i, data in enumerate(training_loader):
   inputs, labels = data
   inputs, labels = inputs.to(device), labels.to(device)
   optimizer.zero_grad()
   outputs = model(inputs)
   logits = outputs.view(-1, outputs.size(-1))
   labels = labels.view(-1)
   loss = loss_fn(logits, labels)
   loss.backward()
   optimizer.step()
   scheduler.step()
   running_loss += loss.item()
   total_batches += 1
   if i % 100 == 99:
     avg_loss_so_far = running_loss / total_batches
     print(f' batch {i+1} loss (avg so far): {avg_loss_so_far:.4f}')
     tb_x = epoch_index * len(training_loader) + i + 1
     tb_writer.add_scalar('Loss/train', avg_loss_so_far, tb_x)
 epoch_time = time.time() - epoch_start
 mean_loss = running_loss / total_batches
 print(f"\nEpoch {epoch_index + 1} finished | Loss={mean_loss:.4f} | Time={epoch_time:.2f}s")
 return mean_loss, epoch_time
def val_epoch(val_loader, tb_writer, model, loss_fn, epoch, device):
   running_loss = 0.
   with torch.no_grad():
        for inputs, labels in val_loader:
            inputs, labels = inputs.to(device), labels.to(device)
            outputs = model(inputs)
```

Data Preprocessing

```
word_token = False
char_token = False
BPE = True
if LOWER_CASE:
  data = data.lower()
if word token:
  punctuation_set = set(string.punctuation) # special characters
  data_sep = word_separator(data=data, special_char = punctuation_set)
  vocab = set(data_sep)
if BPE:
  vocab = BPE_vocab(data)
if char_token:
  data_sep = list(data)
  vocab = set(data_sep)
# Vocabulary
word2index = {word: i for i, word in enumerate(sorted(vocab))}
index2word = {i: word for word, i in word2index.items()}
if BPF:
 data_sep = BPE_enc(data, vocab)
# Tokenization
data token = []
data_token = [word2index[word] for word in data_sep]
# Data Splitting
train = data_token[:int(len(data_token)*0.80)]
val = data_token[int(len(data_token)*0.80):int(len(data_token)*0.90)]
test = data_token[int(len(data_token)*0.90):]
# Create datasets
train_dataset = TokenDataset(torch.tensor(train, dtype=torch.long), seq_length)
val_dataset = TokenDataset(torch.tensor(val, dtype=torch.long), seq_length)
test_dataset = TokenDataset(torch.tensor(test, dtype=torch.long), seq_length)
# Wrap in dataloaders
train_loader= DataLoader(train_dataset, batch_size=batch_size, shuffle=True, num_workers=2, pin_memory=True)
val_loader= DataLoader(val_dataset, batch_size=batch_size, shuffle=False, num_workers=2, pin_memory=True)
test\_loader=\ DataLoader(test\_dataset,\ batch\_size=batch\_size,\ shuffle=False,\ num\_workers=2,\ pin\_memory=True)
print(len(vocab))
→ 140
for inputs, labels in train_loader:
  print([index2word[inp.item()] for inp in inputs[0]])
  print([index2word[inp.item()] for inp in labels[0]])
    ['ne', 'w', 's', ' ', 'we', ' ', 'he', 'ar', '\n', 'is', ' ', 'th', 'at', ' ', 'th', 'e', ' ', 're', 'be', 'l', 's', ' '
['w', 's', ' ', 'we', ' ', 'he', 'ar', '\n', 'is', ' ', 'th', 'at', ' ', 'th', 'e', ' ', 're', 'be', 'l', 's', ' ', 'ha'
from collections import Counter
token counts = Counter(data sep)
most_common = token_counts.most_common(20) # top 20 tokens
```

```
for token, count in most_common:
    print(f"Token: '{token}' Count: {count}")
Token: ' ' Count: 169892
Token: '
        Count: 32777
     Token: 'd' Count: 24240
Token: 'e' Count: 23966
     Token: 'th' Count: 23264
Token: 's' Count: 20161
     Token: ','
                 Count: 19846
     Token: 'a'
                 Count: 15161
     Token: 'y'
Token: 't'
                 Count: 15154
                 Count: 14647
     Token: 'r'
Token: 'u'
                 Count: 14359
                 Count: 14054
     Token: 'm'
                 Count: 13951
     Token: 'g'
Token: 'i'
                 Count: 13830
                 Count: 12680
     Token: 'o'
Token: 'in'
                 Count: 11432
                 Count: 10337
     Token: ':' Count: 10316
     Token: 'an' Count: 10212
     Token: 'p' Count: 9974
Model Training
save_dir = "checkpoints"
os.makedirs(save_dir, exist_ok=True)
os.makedirs("log_profiler", exist_ok=True)
tinymodel = DecoderOnlySmall(len(vocab), embed_dim, num_heads, seq_length, num_att_layers)
model_parameters = filter(lambda p: p.requires_grad, tinymodel.parameters())
params = sum([np.prod(p.size()) for p in model_parameters])
print(params)
→ 1615500
custom_run_name = f"run_bs{batch_size}_seq{seq_length}_embed{embed_dim}_{int(time.time())}"
tb_writer = SummaryWriter(log_dir=f"runs/{custom_run_name}")
base_lr = 0.001
warmup\_steps = 100
total_steps = len(train_loader) * num_epochs
device = torch.device("cuda" if torch.cuda.is_available() else "cpu")
tinymodel.to(device)
loss_fn = torch.nn.CrossEntropyLoss()
optimizer = torch.optim.AdamW(tinymodel.parameters(), lr=base_lr)
scheduler = get_lr_scheduler(optimizer, warmup_steps, total_steps)
best_val_loss = float("inf")
epochs_times = []
tinymodel.eval()
with torch.no_grad():
  val_loss = val_epoch(val_loader=val_loader,
                          tb_writer=tb_writer,
                         model=tinymodel,
                         loss_fn=loss_fn,
                         epoch=0,
                         device=device)
  print(f"Epoch {0}: Val Loss {val_loss}")
for epoch in range(num_epochs):
  tinymodel.train()
  train_loss, epoch_times = train_epoch(epoch_index=epoch,
                             tb_writer=tb_writer,
                             training_loader=train_loader,
                             loss_fn=loss_fn,
                             model=tinymodel,
                             optimizer=optimizer,
                             scheduler=scheduler,
                             device=device)
  epochs_times.append(epoch_times)
  tinymodel.eval()
  with torch.no_grad():
```

val_loss = val_epoch(val_loader=val_loader,

```
tb_writer=tb_writer,
                          model=tinymodel,
                          loss_fn=loss_fn,
                          epoch=epoch,
                         device=device)
    print(f"Epoch {epoch + 1}: Train Loss {train_loss}, Val Loss {val_loss}")
 # Save model
  if val_loss < best_val_loss:</pre>
    best_val_loss = val_loss
    checkpoint_path = os.path.join(save_dir, f"best_model_val_{val_loss:.4f}.pt")
    torch.save({
        "epoch": epoch,
        "model_state_dict": tinymodel.state_dict(),
        "optimizer_state_dict": optimizer.state_dict(),
        "train_loss": train_loss,
        "val_loss": val_loss
   }, checkpoint_path)
    print(f"Best model saved at epoch {epoch} with Val Loss {val_loss:.4f}")
      batch 100 loss (avg so far): 2.0073
      batch 200 loss (avg so far): 2.0027
      batch 300 loss (avg so far): 1.9990
      batch 400 loss (avg so far): 1.9957
      batch 500 loss (avg so far): 1.9920
      batch 600 loss (avg so far): 1.9889
      batch 700 loss (avg so far): 1.9856
      batch 800 loss (avg so far): 1.9823
      batch 900 loss (avg so far): 1.9796
batch 1000 loss (avg so far): 1.9769
      batch 1100 loss (avg so far): 1.9740
      batch 1200 loss (avg so far): 1.9715
      batch 1300 loss (avg so far): 1.9689
      batch 1400 loss (avg so far): 1.9663
      batch 1500 loss (avg so far): 1.9636
      batch 1600 loss (avg so far): 1.9610
      batch 1700 loss (avg so far): 1.9585
      batch 1800 loss (avg so far): 1.9561
      batch 1900 loss (avg so far): 1.9538
      batch 2000 loss (avg so far): 1.9515
      batch 2100 loss (avg so far): 1.9491
      batch 2200 loss (avg so far): 1.9469
      batch 2300 loss (avg so far): 1.9448
      batch 2400 loss (avg so far): 1.9426
      batch 2500 loss (avg so far): 1.9406
    Epoch 3 finished | Loss=1.9395 | Time=76.25s
    Epoch 3: Train Loss 1.9394881067797543, Val Loss 4.58490207195282
    Best model saved at epoch 2 with Val Loss 4.5849
      batch 100 loss (avg so far): 1.8851
      batch 200 loss (avg so far): 1.8853
batch 300 loss (avg so far): 1.8843
      batch 400 loss (avg so far): 1.8839
      batch 500 loss (avg so far): 1.8828
      batch 600 loss (avg so far): 1.8813
      batch 700 loss (avg so far): 1.8801
      batch 800 loss (avg so far): 1.8789
      batch 900 loss (avg so far): 1.8778
      batch 1000 loss (avg so far): 1.8768
      batch 1100 loss (avg so far): 1.8758
      batch 1200 loss (avg so far): 1.8751
      batch 1300 loss (avg so far): 1.8739
      batch 1400 loss (avg so far): 1.8731
      batch 1500 loss (avg so far): 1.8722
      batch 1600 loss (avg so far): 1.8714
      batch 1700 loss (avg so far): 1.8707
      batch 1800 loss (avg so far): 1.8700
      batch 1900 loss (avg so far): 1.8695
      batch 2000 loss (avg so far): 1.8690
      batch 2100 loss (avg so far): 1.8684
      batch 2200 loss (avg so far): 1.8678
      batch 2300 loss (avg so far): 1.8672
      batch 2400 loss (avg so far): 1.8668
      batch 2500 loss (avg so far): 1.8663
    Epoch 4 finished | Loss=1.8659 | Time=76.66s
    Epoch 4: Train Loss 1.8659167950507254, Val Loss 4.584011560678482
    Best model saved at epoch 3 with Val Loss 4.5840
tb_writer.add_hparams(
  {
   "batch_size": batch_size,
    "seq_length": seq_length,
    "lr": 0.001,
    "embed_dim": embed_dim,
    "num layers": num att layers,
    "vocab_size": len(vocab)
```

```
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},
{
    "train_loss": train_loss,
    "val_loss": val_loss
}
)
%tensorboard --logdir runs

TensorBoard

Q Filter runs (regex)
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```

```
tinymodel.eval()
with torch.no_grad():
    out = tinymodel(test_dataset.tokens[-64:].unsqueeze(0).to(device))
index2word[torch.argmax(out[:, -1, :]).item()]
<u>→</u> 'g'
pred_length = 50
pred = []
generated_tokens = test_dataset.tokens[-64:].tolist()
for _ in range(pred_length):
    inp = torch.tensor(generated_tokens[-64:], device=device).unsqueeze(0)
    with torch.no_grad():
        out = tinymodel(inp)
    next_token_id = torch.argmax(out[:, -1, :], dim=-1).item()
    generated_tokens.append(next_token_id)
    pred.append(index2word[next_token_id])
pretty_text = ''.join(pred)
print(pretty_text)
    gloucester:
```

the god the prince the god the prince the god the pri

```
activities = [ProfilerActivity.CPU]
if torch.cuda.is_available():
    device = "cuda"
    activities += [ProfilerActivity.CUDA]
elif torch.xpu.is_available():
    device = "xpu"
    activities += [ProfilerActivity.XPU]
else:
    print(
        "Neither CUDA nor XPU devices are available to demonstrate profiling on acceleration devices"
    import sys
    sys.exit(0)
model = tinymodel.to(device)
inputs = torch.tensor(test_dataset.tokens[-64:].tolist(), device=device).unsqueeze(0)
with profile(activities=activities) as prof:
    model(inputs)
prof.export_chrome_trace("trace.json")
# chrome://tracing
sort_by_keyword = "self_" + device + "_time_total"
print(prof.key_averages().table(sort_by=sort_by_keyword, row_limit=10))
\overline{2}
```

Name	Self CPU %	Self CPU	CPU total %	CPU total	CPU tim
aten::addmm	7.44%	383.041us	12.22%	629.446us	89.
volta_sgemm_32x32_sliced1x4_tn	0.00%	0.000us	0.00%	0.000us	0.
volta_sgemm_128x32_tn	0.00%	0.000us	0.00%	0.000us	0.
volta_sgemm_64x32_sliced1x4_tn	0.00%	0.000us	0.00%	0.000us	0.
aten::bmm	1.90%	97.845us	2.41%	124.234us	62.
<pre>void cublasLt::splitKreduce_kernel<32, 16, int, floa</pre>	0.00%	0.000us	0.00%	0.000us	0.
aten::native layer norm	1.29%	66.683us	2.73%	140.829us	70.
void at::native::(anonymous namespace)::vectorized_l	0.00%	0.000us	0.00%	0.000us	0.
volta_sgemm_32x32_sliced1x4_nn	0.00%	0.000us	0.00%	0.000us	0.
aten::_softmax	1.01%	52.152us	1.49%	76.813us	38.

Self CPU time total: 5.151ms Self CUDA time total: 280.274us

```
import statistics
summary_lines = [
    line for line in prof.key_averages().table(sort_by=sort_by_keyword, row_limit=10).splitlines() if line.startswith("Self]
summary_lines.append(statistics.mean(epochs_times))
summary_lines
```

Empieza a programar o a crear código con IA.