# Kali Linux Commands Cheat Sheet

Todos os comandos básicos de A a Z em Kali Linux.

#### Α

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•apropos : Search Help manual pages (man -k)
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apt-get : Search for and install software packages (Debian/Ubuntu)

•aptitude : Search for and install software packages (Debian/Ubuntu)

•aspell : Spell Checker

•awk : Find and Replace text, database sort/validate/index

#### В

•basename : Strip directory and suffix from filenames

•bash : GNU Bourne-Again SHell

•bc : Arbitrary precision calculator language

•bg : Send to background

•break : Exit from a loop

•builtin : Run a shell builtin

bzip2 : Compress or decompress named file(s)

•cal : Display a calendar

case : Conditionally perform a command

•cat : Concatenate and print (display) the content of files

•cd : Change Directory

•cfdisk : Partition table manipulator for Linux

chgrp : Change group ownership

•chmod : Change access permissions

•chown : Change file owner and group

chroot : Run a command with a different root directory

chkconfig : System services (runlevel)

•cksum : Print CRC checksum and byte counts

•clear: Clear terminal screen

•cmp: Compare two files

•comm : Compare two sorted files line by line

•command : Run a command - ignoring shell functions •

•continue : Resume the next iteration of a loop •

•cp : Copy one or more files to another location

•cron : Daemon to execute scheduled commands

•crontab : Schedule a command to run at a later time

•csplit : Split a file into context-determined pieces

•cut : Divide a file into several parts

D

•date : Display or change the date & time

•dc : Desk Calculator

•dd : Convert and copy a file, write disk headers, boot records

•ddrescue: Data recovery tool

•declare : Declare variables and give them attributes •

•df : Display free disk space

•diff : Display the differences between two files

•diff3 : Show differences among three files

•dig : DNS lookup

•dir : Briefly list directory contents

•dircolors : Colour setup for `ls'

•dirname : Convert a full pathname to just a path

•dirs: Display list of remembered directories

•dmesg : Print kernel & driver messages

•echo: Display message on screen •

•egrep : Search file(s) for lines that match an extended expression

•eject : Eject removable media

•enable: Enable and disable builtin shell commands •

•env: Environment variables

•ethtool : Ethernet card settings

•eval : Evaluate several commands/arguments

•exec : Execute a command

•exit : Exit the shell

•expect : Automate arbitrary applications accessed over a terminal

expand : Convert tabs to spaces

•export : Set an environment variable

•expr : Evaluate expressions

F

•false : Do nothing, unsuccessfully

•fdformat : Low-level format a floppy disk

•fdisk : Partition table manipulator for Linux

•fg : Send job to foreground

•fgrep : Search file(s) for lines that match a fixed string

•file: Determine file type

•find : Search for files that meet a desired criteria

•fmt : Reformat paragraph text

•fold : Wrap text to fit a specified width.

•for : Expand words, and execute commands

•format : Format disks or tapes

•free : Display memory usage

•fsck : File system consistency check and repair

•ftp : File Transfer Protocol

•function: Define Function Macros

•fuser : Identify/kill the process that is accessing a file

G

•gawk : Find and Replace text within file(s)

•getopts : Parse positional parameters

•grep : Search file(s) for lines that match a given pattern

•groupadd : Add a user security group

•groupdel : Delete a group

•groupmod : Modify a group

•groups : Print group names a user is in

•gzip : Compress or decompress named file(s)

## Н

•hash : Remember the full pathname of a name argument

•head : Output the first part of file(s)

•help : Display help for a built-in command

history : Command History

•hostname : Print or set system name

•iconv : Convert the character set of a file

•id : Print user and group id's

•if : Conditionally perform a command

•ifconfig : Configure a network interface

•ifdown : Stop a network interface

•ifup : Start a network interface up

•import : Capture an X server screen and save the image to file

•install : Copy files and set attributes

•jobs : List active jobs

•join : Join lines on a common field

K

•kill : Stop a process from running

•killall : Kill processes by name

L

•less: Display output one screen at a time

•let: Perform arithmetic on shell variables

•In : Create a symbolic link to a file

•local : Create variables

•locate : Find files

•logname : Print current login name

•logout : Exit a login shell

•look : Display lines beginning with a given string

•lpc : Line printer control program

•lpr : Off line print

•lprint : Print a file

•lprintd : Abort a print job

•lprintq: List the print queue

•lprm : Remove jobs from the print queue

•ls : List information about file(s)

•lsof : List open files

#### M

•make : Recompile a group of programs

•man : Help manual

•mkdir : Create new folder(s)

•mkfifo : Make FIFOs (named pipes)

•mkisofs : Create an hybrid ISO9660/JOLIET/HFS filesystem

•mknod : Make block or character special files

•more : Display output one screen at a time

•mount : Mount a file system

•mtools : Manipulate MS-DOS files

•mtr : Network diagnostics (traceroute/ping)

•mv : Move or rename files or directories

•mmv : Mass Move and rename (files)

#### N

netstat : Networking information

•nice Set : the priority of a command or job

•nl Number : lines and write files

•nohup : Run a command immune to hangups

•notify-send : Send desktop notifications

•nslookup : Query Internet name servers interactively

#### C

•open : Open a file in its default application

•op : Operator access

## P

passwd : Modify a user password

•paste : Merge lines of files

•pathchk : Check file name portability

•ping : Test a network connection

pkill: Stop processes from running

•popd : Restore the previous value of the current directory

•pr : Prepare files for printing

printcap : Printer capability database

•printenv : Print environment variables

•printf : Format and print data •

•ps : Process status

•pushd : Save and then change the current directory

•pwd : Print Working Directory

C

•quota : Display disk usage and limits

•quotacheck : Scan a file system for disk usage

•quotactl : Set disk quotas

•ram : ram disk device •rcp : Copy files between two machines •read : Read a line from standard input •readarray : Read from stdin into an array variable readonly : Mark variables/functions as readonly •reboot : Reboot the system •rename : Rename files •renice : Alter priority of running processes •remsync : Synchronize remote files via email •return: Exit a shell function •rev: Reverse lines of a file •rm : Remove files

S

•screen : Multiplex terminal, run remote shells via ssh

•rsync : Remote file copy (Synchronize file trees)

•scp : Secure copy (remote file copy)

•rmdir : Remove folder(s)

•sdiff : Merge two files interactively

•sed : Stream Editor

•select : Accept keyboard input

•seq : Print numeric sequences

•set: Manipulate shell variables and functions

•sftp : Secure File Transfer Program

shift : Shift positional parameters

•shopt : Shell Options

•shutdown : Shutdown or restart linux

•sleep: Delay for a specified time

•slocate : Find files

•sort : Sort text files

•source : Run commands from a file `.'

split : Split a file into fixed-size pieces

•ssh : Secure Shell client (remote login program)

•strace : Trace system calls and signals

•su : Substitute user identity

•sudo : Execute a command as another user

•sum: Print a checksum for a file

•suspend : Suspend execution of this shell

•symlink : Make a new name for a file

•sync : Synchronize data on disk with memory

#### Т

•tail : Output the last part of file

•tar : Tape ARchiver

•tee : Redirect output to multiple files

•test : Evaluate a conditional expression

•time : Measure Program running time

•times : User and system times

•touch : Change file timestamps

•top: List processes running on the system

•traceroute : Trace Route to Host

•trap : Run a command when a signal is set(bourne)

•tr : Translate, squeeze, and/or delete characters

•true : Do nothing, successfully

tsort : Topological sort

•tty : Print filename of terminal on stdin

#### •type : Describe a command

U

•ulimit : Limit user resources

•umask : Users file creation mask

•umount : Unmount a device

•unalias : Remove an alias

•uname : Print system information

•unexpand : Convert spaces to tabs

•uniq : Uniquify files

•units: Convert units from one scale to another

•unset : Remove variable or function names

•unshar : Unpack shell archive scripts

•until : Execute commands (until error)

•uptime : Show uptime

•useradd: Create new user account

•userdel : Delete a user account

usermod : Modify user account

•users: List users currently logged in

•uuencode : Encode a binary file

•uudecode : Decode a file created by uuencode

#### V

•v : Verbosely list directory contents (`ls -l -b')

•vdir : Verbosely list directory contents (`ls -l -b')

•vi : Text Editor

vmstat : Report virtual memory statistics

#### W

•wait : Wait for a process to complete

watch : Execute/display a program periodically

•wc : Print byte, word, and line counts

•whereis : Search the user's \$path, man pages and source files for a program

•which : Search the user's \$path for a program file

while: Execute commands

•who: Print all usernames currently logged in

•whoami : Print the current user id and name (`id -un')

•wget : Retrieve web pages or files via HTTP, HTTPS or FTP

•write : Send a message to another user

Χ

•xargs : Execute utility, passing constructed argument list(s)

•xdg-open : Open a file or URL in the user's preferred application.