

DATABASE DESIGN FOR UBER

CS6360.003

UBER-1



Team:

Fatemeh Hajiheidari(fxh200004)

Lipi Vikram Thakker(lxt190004)

Monish Alur Gowdru (mxa190025)

TABLE OF CONTENT

- Requirements
- Modeling of Requirements as ER Diagram
- Mapping of ERD to Relational Schema and Normalization
- SQL Statements to Create Relations in DB and Add Constraints
- Procedures and Triggers
- APEX application

Requirements:

Uber is a ride Transportation Network Company. It provides peer-to-peer ridesharing service to the customers. The company does not own most of the cars, they let customers join as drivers with a personal registered vehicle. But, in case if anyone wants to join and does not own a car, the company sponsors the employee. It acts as a broker, receiving commissions from each booking.

Uber mainly has two types of users:

1. Driver:
2. Customer

Major Services:

1. User can sign up by providing the basic information, creating login id and password.
2. User can register as a driver and provide rides.
3. Driver provides information about the car including the make, model, number of seats, and insurance.
4. Customer has the flexibility to choose the type of ride(for example UberX or UberXL). The estimated fare price is also visible to the customer based on the type of ride chosen. The customer gets allotted to a ride according to the availability of the driver in the current location.
5. Customer can apply promo code if available while making the booking.
6. Customer can book a cab from the current location to destination.
7. Driver can make a choice of whether to accept or deny the ride.
8. Once the cab is confirmed, customer and driver can communicate with each other via messaging.
9. After reaching the destination, driver ends the ride and estimated fare is deducted by payment option chosen by the customer at the beginning of the ride.
10. Customer and driver can give reviews and rate their ride experience.

We need to create database design based on the following requirements of UBER database:

DRIVER: To qualify as an Uber driver, a user must be at least 21 years of age, have a valid driver's license, SSN, clean driving record and registered vehicle under insurance.

CUSTOMER: User above the age of 18, can have an Uber account who needs a ride from current location to destination location.

A **USER** entity has been created which can be either CUSTOMER or a DRIVER, both are registered with Uber.

It stores the personal information about the user including name, date of birth, address, email, and phone number. Each user is identified uniquely with the User ID generated by Uber when the user registers. Note that drivers can also be a customer when not riding their vehicle.

The **CUSTOMER** is uniquely identified with customer ID, which is derived from the UserID.

The **DRIVER** is identified by a driver ID which is derived from user ID. Driver information including driver's license number, SSN, join date are also stored.

Driver's **VEHICLE** information must be stored to help customers locate the car when they are booking a ride and to help companies to understand the condition of the car and keep track of their employees. Details include, Vehicle Identification Number (VIN), registration number, make, condition, color, capacity, insurance number, last inspected, purchased date, mileage, manufacture year.

We need to know the driver's license details. Creating **DL_DETAILS** would keep track of the expiry date of DL, what state issued the license along with DL number.

Driver can make a choice of hitting the road to provide service at the time of their convenience. The database will store **SHIFT** details, that provides information about the date, login time, logout time, referring to each driver. One driver can have multiple shifts during a day.

Whenever a customer requests a ride, details will be stored in **TRIP** with a trip ID which will contain the information about fare, distance from pickup address to drop off address, booking date. Will assume that a customer is assigned a driver who is near to pick up location (might be the one looking to provide rides or one who's drop off location of a customer is near to pick up location).

Will consider the two possibilities trips:

COMPLETED TRIP: The database stores information about the pickup time, drop off time, duration of the ride, final deductible amount paid by customer's account after including the tip.

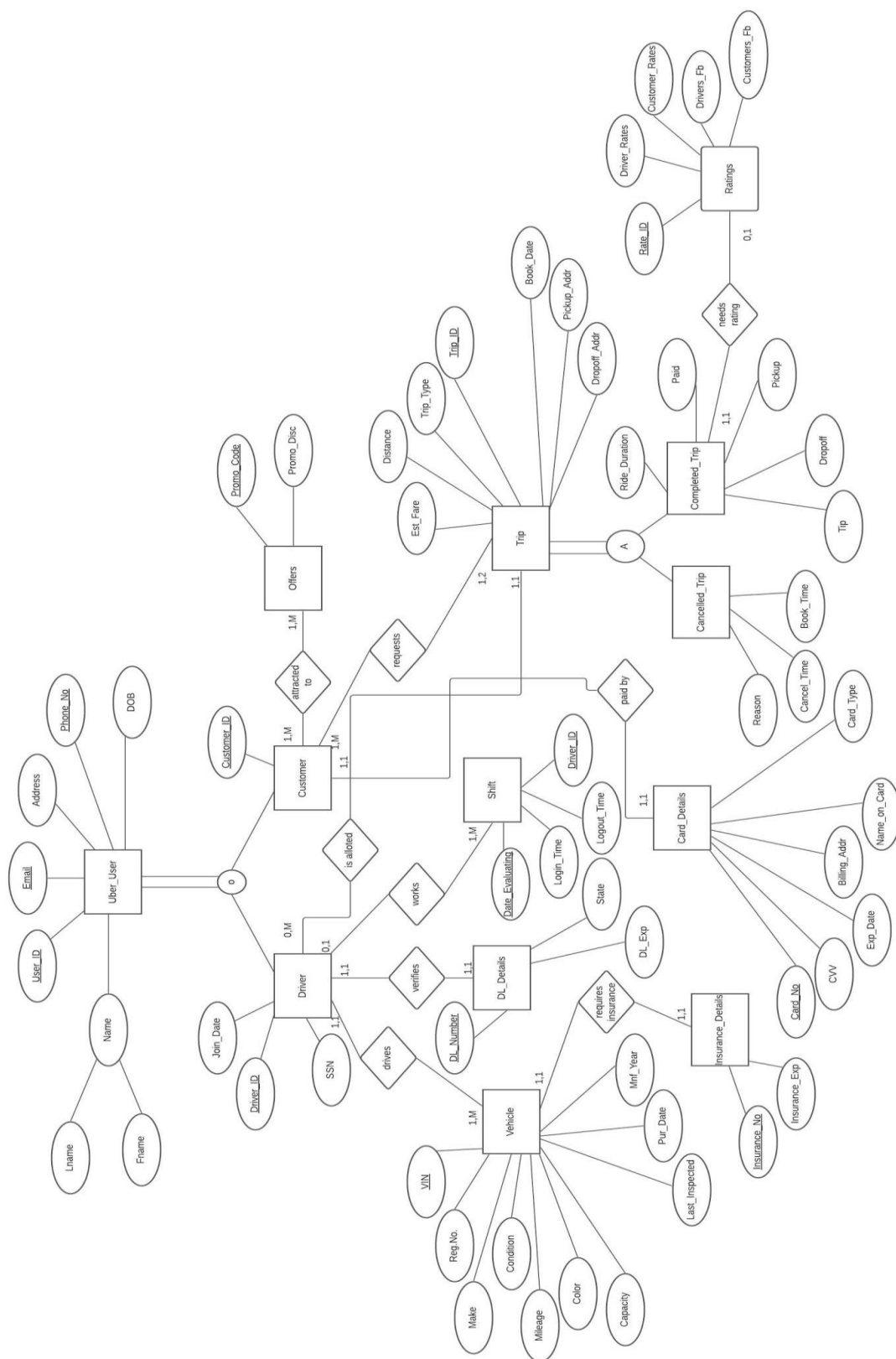
CANCELLED TRIP: To analyze the situation and provide feedback about the user, when the trip is cancelled, make sure to store the data about booking time, cancelation time and reason for cancellation.

While requesting for a trip, customers can enter promo code, if there are any **OFFERS** listed under the customer. Usually, providing discounts would help an organization to attract customers.

Modeling of Requirements as ER Diagram:

Considerations for relationships:

- A driver can drive one vehicle(in the case of changing the vehicle driver should update vehicle's information), at the same time multiple drivers can drive one registered vehicle.
- A driver can possess only one driver's license.
- A driver can login in one shift a day, and there can be multiple drivers logged in at the same shift.
- Trip can only be accepted by one driver, once the driver is assigned, the trip will not be available for other users.
- Vehicle can be registered with only one insurance company for a duration of time.
- Trip can be shared with two customers at the max.
- Customer can have access to multiple promo codes, at the same time multiple customers can use the same promo code.
- For a trip amount is deducted by the customer's registered card with Uber.
- For a trip users may or may not give the ratings.
- Customers have at least one offer(welcome offer).



Mapping of ERD to Relational Schema

Mapping of generalization and specialization:

Uber_User has two subclasses Driver and Customer. The specialization has total participation. Therefore can use 8a or 8b to create the relation. Used 8a to create Uber_User with common attributes, customer and driver have their attributes.

M:N Relationships:

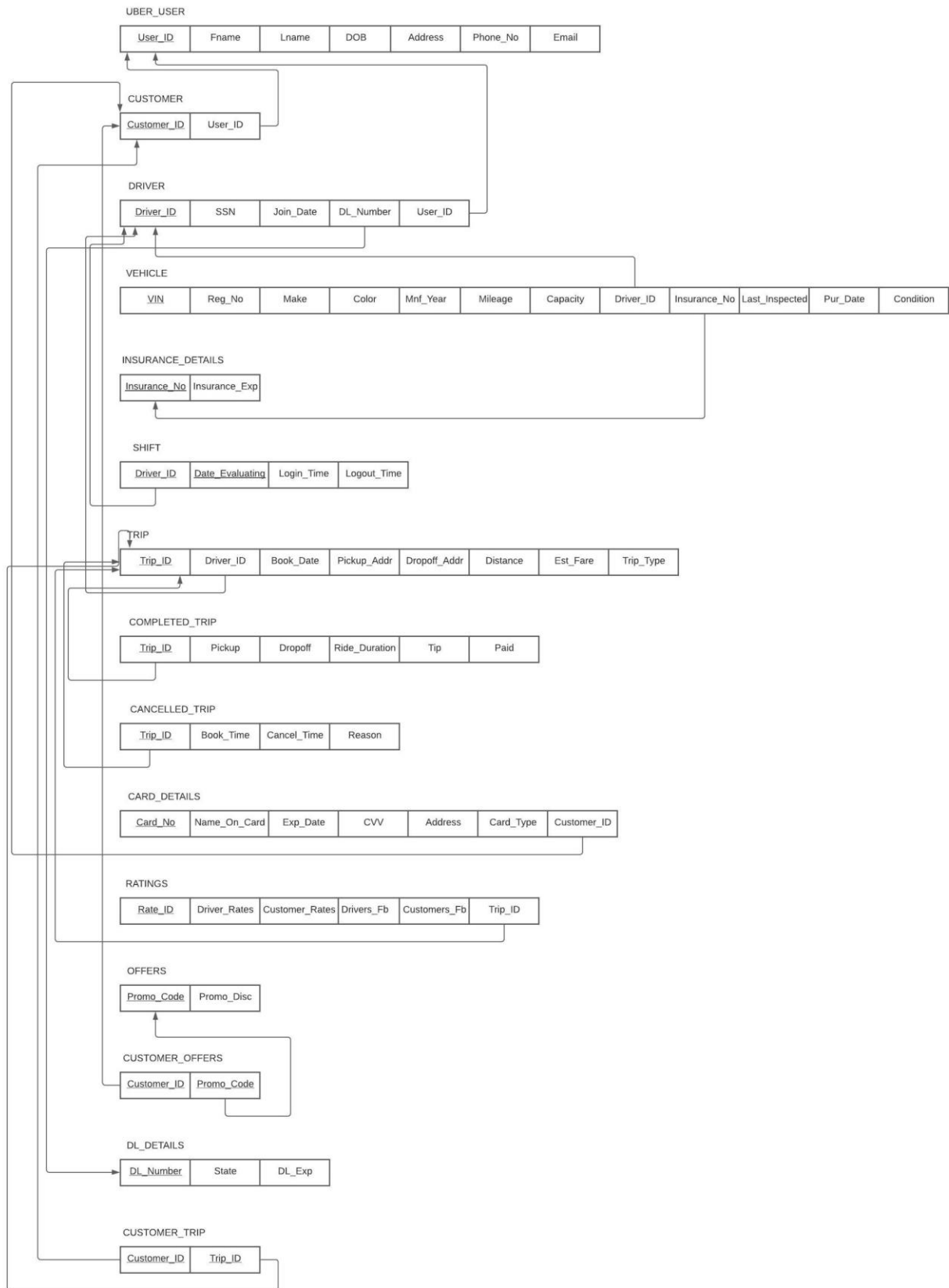
Relations involved in Requests and attracted_to have M:N relationship and thus a new relation is created, which has foreign key, primary keys of the entities related using the relationship and has attributes of the relationship. The key value for this relation is the combination of primary keys of each of the participating entities.

1:1 Relationships:

Relations involved in Verifies, Requires_Insurance, Paid_By, Needs_Rating are having 1:1 relationship. Used foreign key approach, which says to include primary key of either of the entity as foreign key in other entity relation. It is recommended to include foreign key in the relation which has total participation.

1:N Relationships:

Relations involved in Drives, Works and Is_Alloted have 1:N relationship. Identify the relation that represents the participating entity type at N-side of the relationship and include foreign key as the primary key of the relation of other entity participating in the relationship.



Normalization of Relational Schema

1. Uber_User: {**User_ID** → Fname, Lname, DOB, Address, Phone_No, Email}
2. Customer: {**Customer_ID** → User_ID}
3. Driver: {**Driver_ID** → SSN, Join_Date, DL_Number, User_ID}
4. Vehicle: {**VIN** → Reg_No, Make, Color, Mnf_Year, Mileage, Capacity, Driver_ID, Insurance_No, Last_Inspected, Pur_Date, Condition}
5. Insurance_Info: {**Insurance_No** → Insurance_Exp}
6. DL_Details: {**DL_Number** → DL_Exp, State}
7. Shift: {**Driver_ID, Date_Evaluating** → login time, logout time}
8. Trip: {**Trip_ID** → Driver_ID, Book_Date, Pickup_Addr, Dropoff_Addr, Distance, Est_Fare, Trip_Type}
9. Cancelled_Trip: {**Trip_ID** → Book_Time, Cancel_Time, Reason}
10. Complete_Trip: {**Trip_ID** → Pickup, Dropoff, Ride_Duration, Tip, Paid}
11. Card_Details: {**Card_No** → Name_on_Card, Exp_Date, CVV, Billing_Addr, Card_Type, Trip_ID}
12. Ratings: {**Rate_ID** → Driver_Rates, Customer_Rates, Drivers_Fb, Customers_Fb, Trip_ID}
13. Offers: {**Promo_Code** → Promo_Disc, Customer_ID}
14. Customer_Trip: {**Customer_ID, Trip_ID**}
15. Customer_Offers: {**Customer_ID, Promo_Code**}

The above schema is in 3NF.

As the schema is already in 3NF relational schema would be the same as above.

SQL Statements to Create Relations in DB and Add Constraints

```
CREATE TABLE UBER_USER(  
    USER_ID      VARCHAR(15) NOT NULL,  
    FNAME        VARCHAR(25) NOT NULL,  
    LNAME        VARCHAR(25) NOT NULL,  
    DOB          DATE          NOT NULL,  
    ADDRESS      VARCHAR(25) NOT NULL,  
    PHONE_NO     INTEGER       NOT NULL UNIQUE,  
    EMAIL        VARCHAR(25) NOT NULL UNIQUE,  
    PRIMARY KEY(USER_ID));
```

```
CREATE TABLE CUSTOMER(  
    CUSTOMER_ID   VARCHAR(15) NOT NULL,  
    USER_ID      VARCHAR(15) NOT NULL,  
    PRIMARY KEY(CUSTOMER_ID));
```

```
CREATE TABLE DRIVER(  
    DRIVER_ID     VARCHAR(15) NOT NULL,  
    SSN           CHAR(9)      NOT NULL,  
    JOIN_DATE     DATE          NOT NULL,  
    DL_NUMBER     CHAR(8)       NOT NULL,  
    USER_ID      VARCHAR(15) NOT NULL,  
    PRIMARY KEY(DRIVER_ID));
```

--Not needed to define as foregin key leave it as it is

```
CREATE TABLE VEHICLE(  
VIN          CHAR(17)    NOT NULL,  
REG_NO       CHAR(7)     NOT NULL,  
MAKE         VARCHAR(25) NOT NULL,  
COLOR        VARCHAR(25) NOT NULL,  
MNF_YEAR     INTEGER     NOT NULL,  
MILEAGE       INTEGER     NOT NULL,  
CAPACITY     INTEGER     NOT NULL,  
DRIVER_ID    VARCHAR(15) NOT NULL,  
INSURANCE_NO CHAR(9)     NOT NULL,  
LAST_INSPECTED INTEGER   NOT NULL,  
PUR_DATE     DATE        NOT NULL,  
CONDITION    VARCHAR(25) NOT NULL,  
PRIMARY KEY(VIN));
```

```
CREATE TABLE INSURANCE_DETAILS(  
INSURANCE_NO CHAR(9)    NOT NULL,  
INSURANCE_EXP DATE      NOT NULL,  
PRIMARY KEY(INSURANCE_NO));
```

```
CREATE TABLE DL_DETAILS(  
DL_NUMBER     CHAR(8)    NOT NULL,  
STATE         VARCHAR(25) NOT NULL,  
DL_EXP        DATE       NOT NULL,  
PRIMARY KEY(DL_NUMBER));
```

```
CREATE TABLE SHIFT(  
    DRIVER_ID          VARCHAR(15) NOT NULL,  
    DATE_EVALUATING    DATE          NOT NULL,  
    LOGIN_TIME         TIMESTAMP    NOT NULL,  
    LOGOUT_TIME        TIMESTAMP    NOT NULL,  
    PRIMARY KEY(DRIVER_ID,DATE_EVALUATING));
```

```
CREATE TABLE TRIP(  
    TRIP_ID            VARCHAR(15) NOT NULL,  
    DRIVER_ID          VARCHAR(15) NOT NULL,  
    BOOK_DATE          DATE          NOT NULL,  
    PICKUP_ADDR        VARCHAR(25) NOT NULL,  
    DROPOFF_ADDR       VARCHAR(25) NOT NULL,  
    DISTANCE           INTEGER       NOT NULL,  
    EST_FARE           INTEGER       NOT NULL,  
    TRIP_TYPE          VARCHAR(25) NOT NULL,  
    PRIMARY KEY(TRIP_ID));
```

```
CREATE TABLE CANCELLED_TRIP(  
    TRIP_ID            VARCHAR(15) NOT NULL,  
    BOOK_TIME          TIMESTAMP    NOT NULL,  
    CANCEL_TIME        TIMESTAMP    NOT NULL,  
    REASON             VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,  
    PRIMARY KEY(TRIP_ID));
```

```
CREATE TABLE COMPLETED_TRIP(  
  
TRIP_ID          VARCHAR(15) NOT NULL,  
  
PICKUP           TIMESTAMP  NOT NULL,  
  
DROPOFF          TIMESTAMP  NOT NULL,  
  
RIDE_DURATION    INTEGER     NOT NULL,  
  
TIP              INTEGER     NOT NULL,  
  
PAID             INTEGER     NOT NULL,  
  
PRIMARY KEY(TRIP_ID));
```

```
CREATE TABLE CARD_DETAILS(  
  
CARD_NO          CHAR(12)    NOT NULL,  
  
NAME_ON_CARD     VARCHAR(25) NOT NULL,  
  
EXP_DATE         DATE        NOT NULL,  
  
CVV              CHAR(3)     NOT NULL,  
  
BILLING_ADDR     VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,  
  
CARD_TYPE        VARCHAR(25) NOT NULL,  
  
CUSTOMER_ID      VARCHAR(15) NOT NULL,  
  
PRIMARY KEY(CARD_NO));
```

```
CREATE TABLE RATINGS(  
  
RATE_ID          VARCHAR(15) NOT NULL,  
  
DRIVER_RATES     INTEGER     NOT NULL,  
  
CUSTOMER_RATES   INTEGER     NOT NULL,  
  
DRIVERS_FB       VARCHAR(25) NOT NULL,  
  
CUSTOMERS_FB     VARCHAR(25) NOT NULL,  
  
TRIP_ID          VARCHAR(15) NOT NULL,
```

```
PRIMARY KEY(RATE_ID));
```

```
CREATE TABLE OFFERS(
```

```
PROMO_CODE      CHAR(8)      NOT NULL,
```

```
PROMO_DISC      INTEGER      NOT NULL,
```

```
PRIMARY KEY(PROMO_CODE));
```

```
CREATE TABLE CUSTOMER_OFFERS(
```

```
CUSTOMER_ID     VARCHAR(15) NOT NULL,
```

```
PROMO_CODE      CHAR(8)      NOT NULL,
```

```
PRIMARY KEY(CUSTOMER_ID, PROMO_CODE));
```

```
CREATE TABLE CUSTOMER_TRIP(
```

```
CUSTOMER_ID     VARCHAR(15) NOT NULL,
```

```
TRIP_ID         VARCHAR(15) NOT NULL,
```

```
PRIMARY KEY(CUSTOMER_ID, TRIP_ID));
```

```
ALTER TABLE DRIVER ADD CONSTRAINT FKDL FOREIGN KEY (DL_NUMBER) REFERENCES  
DL_DETAILS(DL_NUMBER);
```

```
ALTER TABLE VEHICLE ADD CONSTRAINT FKDID FOREIGN KEY (DRIVER_ID) REFERENCES  
DRIVER(DRIVER_ID);
```

```
ALTER TABLE VEHICLE ADD CONSTRAINT FKINSURANCE FOREIGN KEY (INSURANCE_NO)  
REFERENCES INSURANCE_DETAILS(INSURANCE_NO);
```

```
ALTER TABLE SHIFT ADD CONSTRAINT FKDRIVERID FOREIGN KEY (DRIVER_ID) REFERENCES  
DRIVER(DRIVER_ID);
```

```
--ALTER TABLE OFFERS ADD CONSTRAINT FKCID FOREIGN KEY (CUSTOMER_ID) REFERENCES  
CUSTOMER(CUSTOMER_ID);
```

```
ALTER TABLE TRIP ADD CONSTRAINT FKDRIVEID FOREIGN KEY (DRIVER_ID) REFERENCES  
DRIVER(DRIVER_ID);
```

```
ALTER TABLE TRIP ADD CONSTRAINT FKC_ID FOREIGN KEY (CUSTOMER_ID) REFERENCES  
CUSTOMER(CUSTOMER_ID);
```

```
ALTER TABLE CARD_DETAILS ADD CONSTRAINT FKTID FOREIGN KEY (TRIP_ID) REFERENCES  
TRIP(TRIP_ID);
```

```
ALTER TABLE RATINGS ADD CONSTRAINT FKT_ID FOREIGN KEY (TRIP_ID) REFERENCES  
TRIP(TRIP_ID);
```

```
ALTER TABLE customer_offers ADD CONSTRAINT FKCID FOREIGN KEY (CUSTOMER_ID)  
REFERENCES CUSTOMER(CUSTOMER_ID);
```

```
ALTER TABLE customer_offers ADD CONSTRAINT FKPC FOREIGN KEY (PROMO_CODE)  
REFERENCES OFFERS(PROMO_CODE);
```

```
ALTER TABLE customer_trip ADD CONSTRAINT FK_CuID FOREIGN KEY (CUSTOMER_ID)  
REFERENCES CUSTOMER(CUSTOMER_ID);
```

```
ALTER TABLE customer_trip ADD CONSTRAINT FK_TID FOREIGN KEY (TRIP_ID) REFERENCES  
TRIP(TRIP_ID);
```

```
ALTER TABLE CUSTOMER ADD CONSTRAINT FKUID FOREIGN KEY (USER_ID) REFERENCES  
UBER_USER(USER_ID);
```

```
ALTER TABLE DRIVER ADD CONSTRAINT FK_UID FOREIGN KEY (USER_ID) REFERENCES  
UBER_USER(USER_ID);
```

Stored Procedures:

1. Stored Procedure to Calculate Average Ratings of all Drivers:

```
create or replace PROCEDURE Average_Rating AS
```

```
CURSOR Driver_Rating IS SELECT AVG(R.Customer_Rates) as Avg_Rating, T.Driver_ID  
FROM
```

```
Trip T, Ratings R WHERE T.Trip_ID=R.Trip_ID GROUP BY T.Driver_ID;
```

```
thisRating Driver_Rating%ROWTYPE;
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
OPEN Driver_Rating;
```

```
LOOP
```

```
FETCH Driver_Rating INTO thisRating;
```

```
EXIT WHEN (Driver_Rating%NOTFOUND);
```

```
dbms_output.put_line(thisRating.Avg_Rating || ' is the Average rating for the driver ID:'
```

```
|| thisRating.Driver_ID);
```

```
END LOOP;
```

```
CLOSE Driver_Rating;
```

```
END;
```

```
begin
```

```
Average_Rating;
```

```
End;
```



```

171 create or replace PROCEDURE Average_Rating AS
172 CURSOR Driver_Rating IS SELECT AVG(R.Customer_Rates) as Avg_Rating, T.Driver_ID FROM
173 Trip T, Ratings R WHERE T.Trip_ID=R.Trip_ID GROUP BY T.Driver_ID;
174 thisRating Driver_Rating%ROWTYPE;
175 BEGIN
176 OPEN Driver_Rating;
177 LOOP
178 FETCH Driver_Rating INTO thisRating;
179 EXIT WHEN (Driver_Rating%NOTFOUND);
180 dbms_output.put_line(thisRating.Avg_Rating || ' is the Average rating for the driver ID:');
181 || thisRating.Driver_ID);
182 END LOOP;
183 CLOSE Driver_Rating;
184 END;
185
186 begin
187 Average_Rating;
188 End;
189
190
191
192
193
194
195

```

Query Result Script Output DBMS Output Explain Plan Autotrace SQL History Data Loading



Procedure AVERAGE_RATING compiled

Elapsed: 00:00:00.200

```

5 is the Average rating for the driver ID:U143
5 is the Average rating for the driver ID:U333
3 is the Average rating for the driver ID:U621
5 is the Average rating for the driver ID:U595
5 is the Average rating for the driver ID:U186

```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

Elapsed: 00:00:00.013

2. Stored Procedure to Calculate Total Fare for a given Ride:

```
create or replace PROCEDURE Calculate_Fare (base_fare IN number, tax IN number,  
cost_per_mile IN number) AS
```

```
CURSOR Total_Fare IS
```

```
SELECT
```

```
CT.Trip_ID as TID, CT.Tip as TIP, T.Distance as Dist
```

```
FROM
```

```
Trip T,
```

```
Completed_Trip CT
```

```
WHERE
```

```
T.Trip_ID=CT.Trip_ID;
```

```
thisTrip Total_Fare %rowtype;
```

```
thisTotalFare Completed_Trip.Paid%TYPE;
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
OPEN Total_Fare ;
```

```
LOOP
```

```
FETCH Total_Fare INTO thisTrip;
```

```
EXIT WHEN (Total_Fare %NOTFOUND);
```

```
thisTotalFare:= (base_fare + tax + cost_per_mile*thisTrip.Dist + thisTrip.TIP);
```

```
dbms_output.put_line(thisTotalFare || ' is the total fare for the Trip ID:' || thisTrip.TID);
```

```
END LOOP;
```

```
CLOSE Total_Fare;
```

```
END;
```

Begin

Calculate_Fare(5,10,1);

End;

```
252 create or replace PROCEDURE Calculate_Fare (base_fare IN number, tax IN number, cost_per_mile IN number) AS
253 CURSOR Total_Fare IS
254 SELECT
255 CT.Trip_ID as TID, CT.Tip as TIP, T.Distance as Dist
256 FROM
257 Trip T,
258 Completed_Trip CT
259 WHERE
260 T.Trip_ID=CT.Trip_ID;
261 thisTrip
262 Total_Fare %rowtype;
263 thisTotalFare Completed_Trip.Paid%TYPE;
264 BEGIN
265 OPEN
266 Total_Fare ;
267 LOOP
268 FETCH
269 Total_Fare INTO thisTrip;
270 EXIT WHEN
271 (Total_Fare %NOTFOUND);
272 thisTotalFare:= (base_fare + tax + cost_per_mile*thisTrip.Dist + thisTrip.TIP);
273 dbms_output.put_line(thisTotalFare || ' is the total fare for the Trip ID:' || thisTrip.TID);
274 END LOOP;
275 CLOSE
276 Total_Fare;
277 END;
278
279
280
281 Begin
282 Calculate_Fare(5,10,1);
283 END;
284
285
286
```

Query Result Script Output DBMS Output Explain Plan Autotrace SQL History Data Loading



25 is the total fare for the Trip ID:T500
48 is the total fare for the Trip ID:T600
40 is the total fare for the Trip ID:T700
33 is the total fare for the Trip ID:T800
29 is the total fare for the Trip ID:T900

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

Elapsed: 00:00:00.009

Triggers:

1. Trigger to check if the driver license is expired

```
create or replace TRIGGER DLRenewal
before insert or update
on DL_DETAILS for each row
Begin
if (:new.DL_EXP < sysdate) then
raise_application_error( -20030, 'DL EXP indicates DL not valid');
end if;
End;
```

After compiling, run the below query:

```
update DL_DETAILS set DL_EXP = '20-MAY-16' where DL_NUMBER= '87654321';
```

```
224 create or replace TRIGGER DLRenewal
225 before insert or update
226 on DL_DETAILS for each row
227 Begin
228 if (:new.DL_EXP < sysdate) then
229 raise_application_error( -20030, 'DL EXP indicates DL not valid');
230 end if;
231 End;
232
233 update DL_DETAILS set DL_EXP = '20-MAY-16' where DL_NUMBER= '87654321';
234
235
236
237
238
239
240
241
```

Query Result Script Output DBMS Output Explain Plan Autotrace SQL History Data Loading

Download

ORA-20030: DL EXP indicates DL not valid ORA-06512: at "ADMIN.DLRENEWAL", line 3 ORA-04088: error during execution of trigger 'ADMIN.DLRENEWAL'

2. Trigger to check if the Insurance of a vehicle is expired

create or replace TRIGGER Insurance_Renewal

before insert or update

on Insurance_Details for each row

Begin

if (:new.INSURANCE_EXP < sysdate) then

raise_application_error(-20031, 'Insurance has been expired');

end if;

End;

After compiling, run the below query:

Update Insurance_Details set INSURANCE_EXP = '20-MAY-16' where INSURANCE_NO= 'I23456789';

```
223 create or replace TRIGGER DLRenewal
224 before insert or update
225 on DL_DETAILS for each row
226 Begin
227 if (:new.DL_EXP < sysdate) then
228 raise_application_error( -20030, 'DL EXP indicates DL not valid');
229 end if;
230 End;
231
232
233
234 update DL_DETAILS set DL_EXP = '20-MAY-16' where DL_NUMBER= '87654321';
235
236
237
238 create or replace TRIGGER Insurance_Renewal
239 before insert or update
240 on Insurance_Details for each row
241 Begin
242 if (:new.INSURANCE_EXP < sysdate) then
243 raise_application_error( -20031, 'Insurance has been expired');
244 end if;
245 End;
246
247
248
249 Update Insurance_Details set INSURANCE_EXP = '20-MAY-16' where INSURANCE_NO= 'I23456789';
250
251
252
253
```

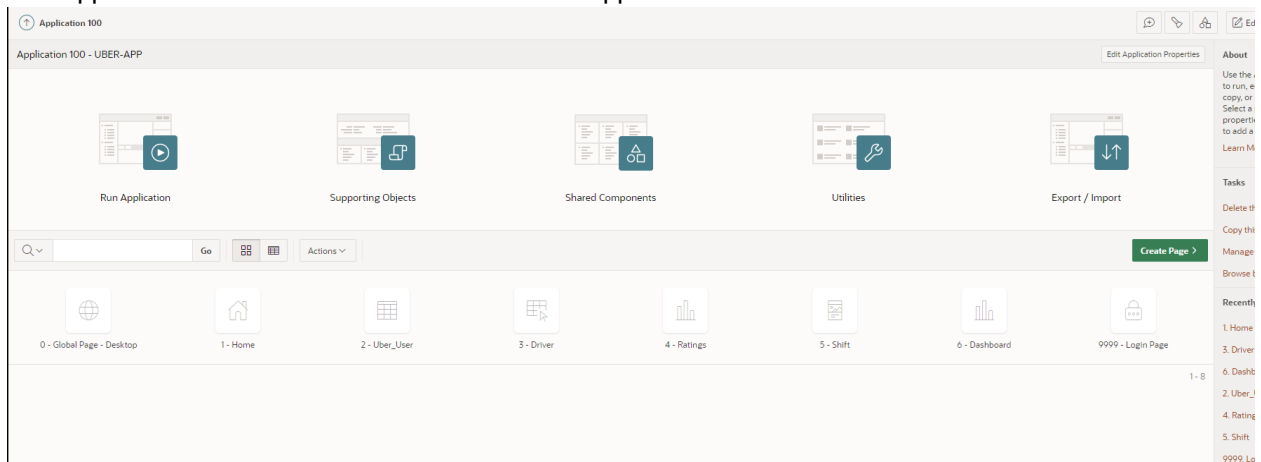
Query Result Script Output DBMS Output Explain Plan Autotrace SQL History Data Loading

    Download ▼

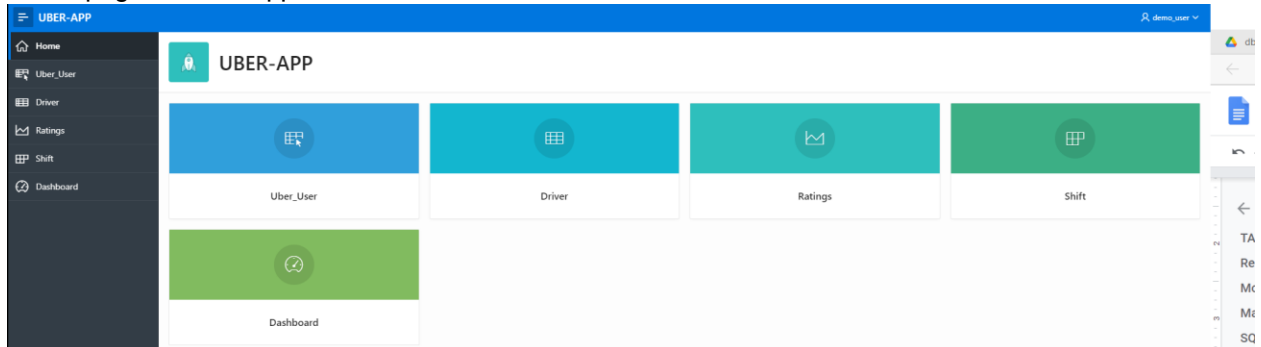
ORA-20031: Insurance has been expired ORA-06512: at "ADMIN.INSURANCE_RENEWAL", line 3 ORA-04088: error during execution of trigger 'ADMIN.INSURANCE_RENEWAL'

APEX:

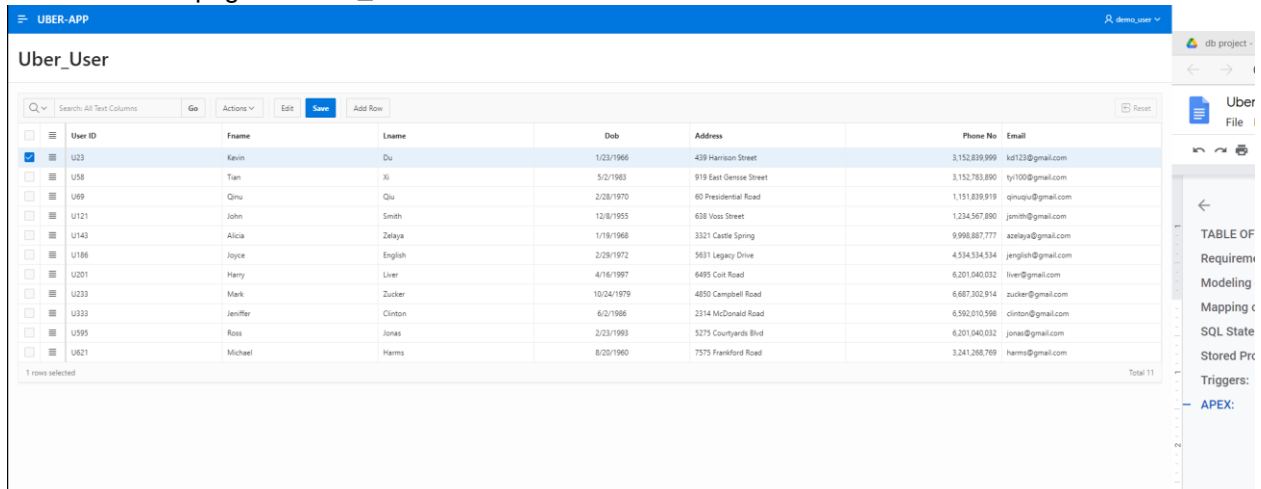
Run application and enter credentials to view the app:



Home page of Uber-App:



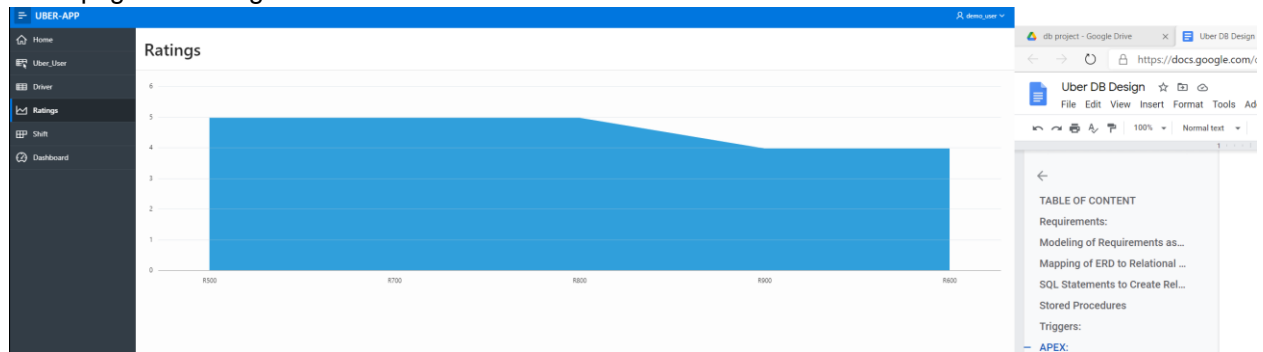
Interactive Grid page for Uber_User:



Interactive Report page for Driver:

Driver ID	SSN	Join Date	DR Number
U143	987654321	12/31/2009	24682468
U186	666884444	6/4/2015	13571357
U23	123456789	11/23/2009	12345678
U333	987967967	4/14/2012	24657442
U58	333445555	3/1/2010	87654321
U595	654456654	11/14/2018	42564123
U621	135357379	2/22/2013	67434128

Chart page for Ratings:



Cards page for shift:



Dashboard page for multiple tables:

