

CS434 – Data Base Theory and Design

Project #1

Team Database Application (TDA): Part 1 - Relational Database Design

Team

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The domain I would like to manage with the TDA is **Washington DC Crime Datasets 2024** by the District of Columbia Metropolitan Police Department (MPD)

Overview

The dataset provides comprehensive information on reported crimes within a subset of locations and attributes of incidents. The purpose of the application is to create a relational database system that tracks, stores, and visualizes reported crime incidents across Washington D.C. The application will use real-world dataset provided by the District of Columbia Metropolitan Police Department (MPD). The dataset will help discover crime patterns and aid in strategic decision-making for community safety and law enforcement.

Entities

The “**Crimes 2024**” dataset includes the following key entities:

1. Crime_incident
 - ccn VARCHAR PRIMARY KEY : A unique identifier assigned by MPD to each incident report.
 - report_date TIMESTAMP : The date the offense was reported, which may be later than the date the offense actually occurred.
 - shift VARCHAR : Time the report was taken. Day shift generally runs between 0700 and 1500 (military time); evening shift between 1500 and 2300, and midnight shift between 2300 and 0700. If the shift is unknown, the field will say "UNK".
 - start_date TIMESTAMP : Crime incident start date and time.
 - end_date TIMESTAMP : Crime incident end date and time.
2. Method
 - method_id INT PRIMARY KEY : Unique key assigned to type of weapon.
 - method_type VARCHAR : Types of weapon used to commit crime.
3. Offense
 - offense_id INT PRIMARY KEY : Unique key assigned to crime offense.
 - method_id INT FOREIGN KEY : Unique key assigned to type of weapon.
 - offense_name VARCHAR : Crime offense.
4. Crime Location
 - crime_id VARCHAR PRIMARY: A unique identifier assigned by MPD to each incident report.
 - location_id INT PRIMARY KEY : Unique key assigned to location crime occurred.
 - latitude FLOAT : Latitude (decimal degrees) of Crime Incident.
 - longitude FLOAT : Longitude (decimal degrees) of Crime Incident.

5. Location

- location_id INT PRIMARY KEY : Unique key assigned to geographical location.
- ward INT : Ward ID
- ans VARCHAR : ANC ID
- district INT : Police district
- psa INT : Police Service Areas
- neighborhood_cluster VARCHAR : Neighbourhood cluster

6. Block Group

- X-block INT : Block X Coordinate
- Y-block INT : Block Y Coordinate

Relationships

Crime and Crime Location have many-to-one relationship, which means one crime occurs at one crime location, but one location may be associated with many crime.

Crime and Offense have many-to-one relationship, where one offense can have multiple crimes but one crime can belong to only one offense.

Crime and Method have many-to-one relationship, where one method can have multiple crimes but one crime can belong to only one method.

Crime Location and Location can have many-to-one relationship, where multiple crime locations is described with a single location

Crime and Block Group have many-to-one relationship, where many crimes can happen in one block group.

Difficult Aspects

- **Missing Data** : Some rows have x_coord = 0, y_coord = 0.
- **Timeline Confusion** : Difference between start_date, end_data and report_date
- **Geographical overlap** : A single incident may belong to overlapping jurisdictional boundaries.

Important Queries

- Which neighbourhood clusters have the highest number of reported theft incidents?
- At what time during the day does the crime occur the most?
- Which voting precincts have experienced more than 3 assault reports at the same street block?
- Is there a certain crime types in specific wards or neighbourhoods?
- What are the top 5 blocks with the highest number of reports?
- How many incidents involved a "Gun" as the method?

ERD

