## Informatics II, Spring 2023, Solution 5

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## Task 1: Heap and Heapsort

```
1.1 void heapify(int A[], int i, int n, int d) {
    int max = i;
     int k, child;
     for (k = 1; k \le d; k++){
      child = (d*i) + k;
       if (child < n && A[child] > A[max]) { max = child; }
    if (max != i) {
      swap(A, i, max);
       heapify(A, max, n, d);
 10
 11
 12 }
 13
 void buildMaxHeap(int A[], int n, int d) {
    int i;
    for (i = (n-1)/d; i >= 0; i--) {heapify(A, i, n, d);}
```

```
1.2
| void printHeap(int A[], int n, int d) {
| int i, l, r, k;
| printf("graph_ug_u{\n"});
| for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
| for (k = 1; k<=d; k++){
| if ((d*i) + k < n) { printf("uu\%du--u\%d\n", A[i], A[(d*i) + k]); }
| }
| }
| printf("}");
| }
```

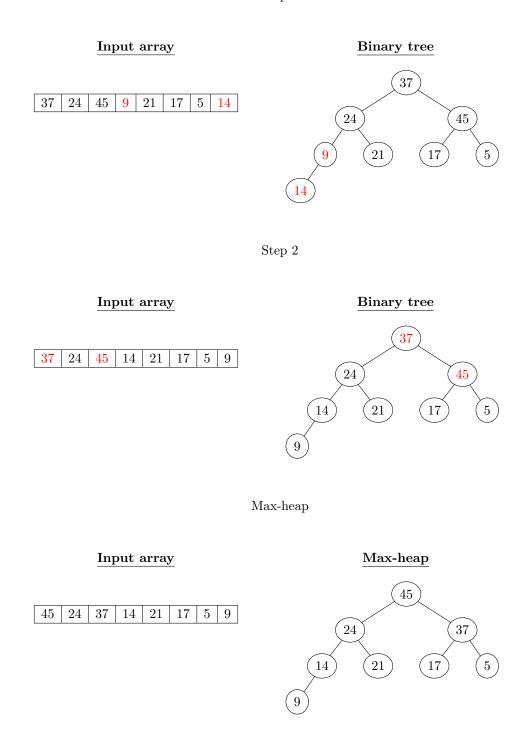
```
1.3
1
2
void heapSort(int A[], int n, int d) {
    int i, s = n;

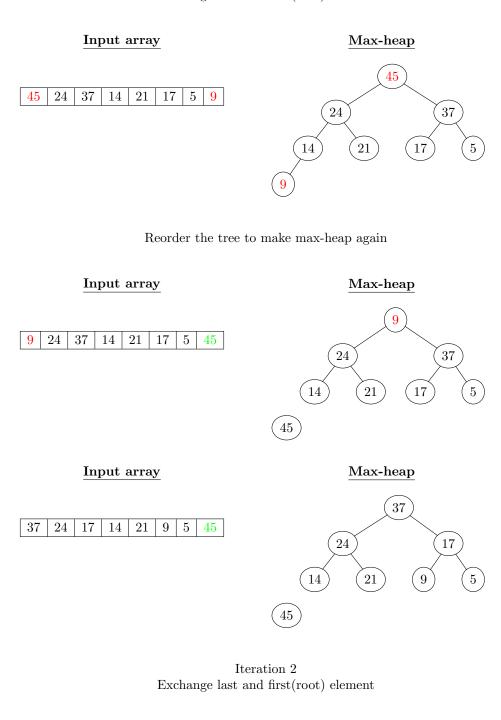
    buildMaxHeap(A, n, d);
    for (i=n-1; i>0; i--) {
        swap(A, i, 0);
        s--;
        heapify(A, 0, s, d);
    }
}
```

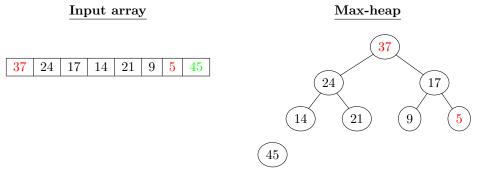
```
1.4
    void printArray(int A[], int n) {
        int i;
        printf("[_"");
        for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            printf("%d", A[i]);
            if (i < n-1) {printf(",u");}
        }
        printf("_\[]\n");
        }
        printf("_\[]\n");
    }
}</pre>
```

Task 2

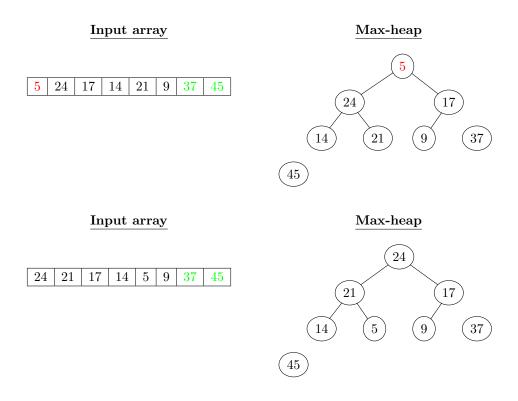
## Making max-heap Step 1

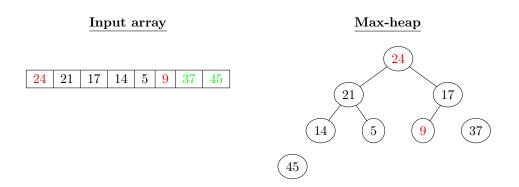




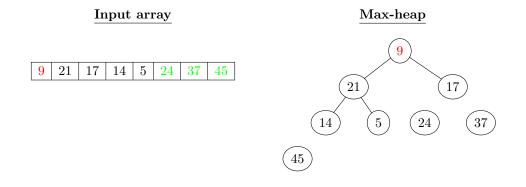


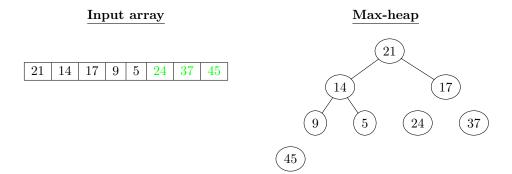
Reorder the tree to make max-heap again

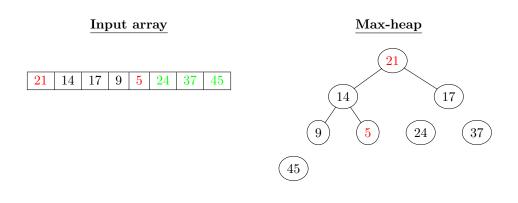




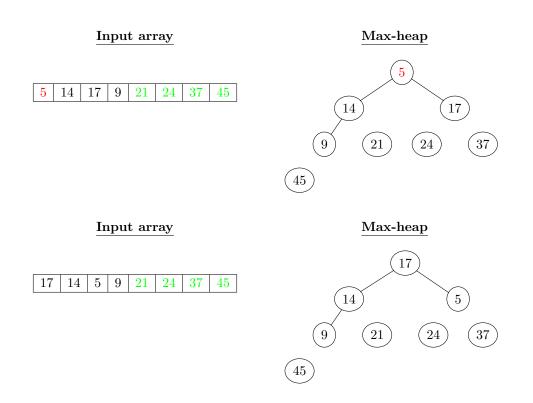
Reorder the tree to make max-heap again

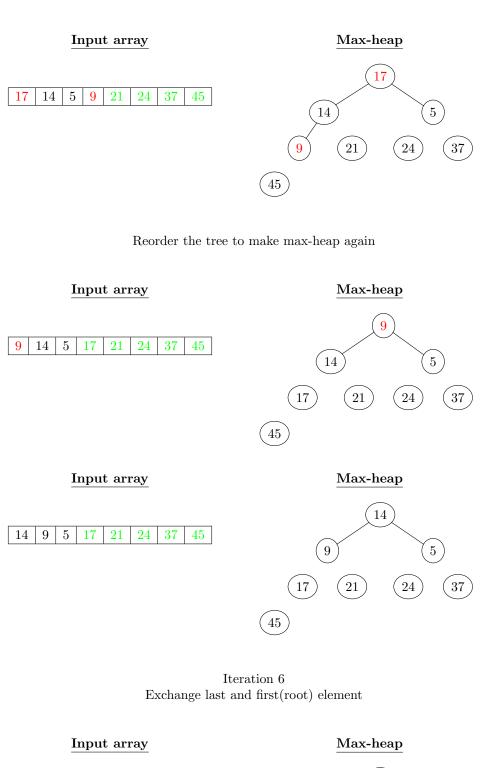


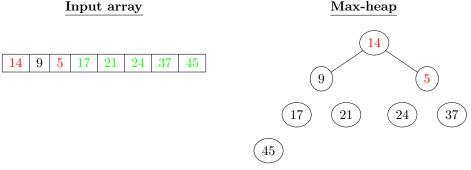




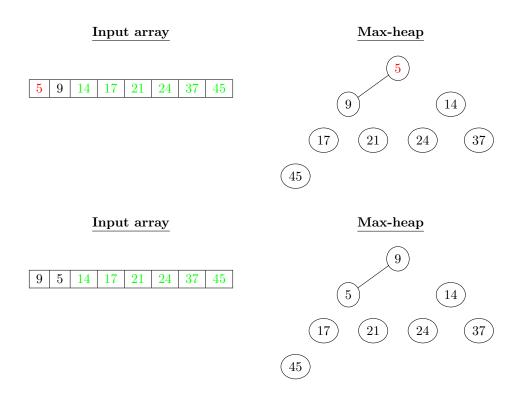
Reorder the tree to make max-heap again



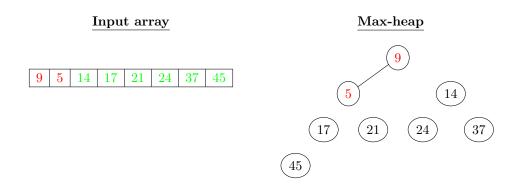




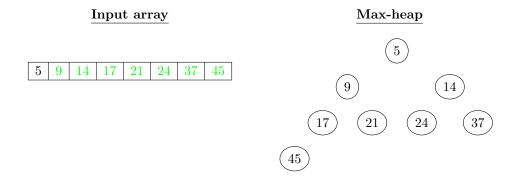
Reorder the tree to make max-heap again

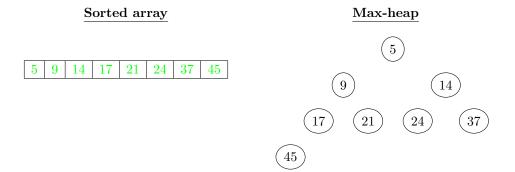


Iteration 7 Exchange last and first(root) element



No need for reorder





## Task 3: Quicksort

```
void partitioning(int A[], int low, int high, int *p1, int *p2) {
  int case1 = 0, case2 =0, case3 = 0;
       int 1 = low+1;
       int k = low+1;
       int g = high;
       while(k < g) {</pre>
           case1 = 0; case2 = 0; case3 = 0;
           if (A[k] < A[low]) { swap(A, l++, k++); case1 = 1; }</pre>
           else if (A[k] >= A[high]) { swap(A, k, --g); case2 = 1;}
else { k++; case3 = 1;}
           printArray(A, ARRAY_SIZE);
11
^{12}
       swap(A, low, 1-1);
13
       swap(A, high, k);
*p1 = 1-1;
14
15
       *p2 = k;
16
17
   }
18
   void quicksort(int A[], int low, int high) {
19
       if (high - low <= 0) { return; }</pre>
20
       if (A[low] > A[high]) { swap(A, low, high); }
21
       int p1, p2;
22
       partitioning(A, low, high, &p1, &p2);
23
       quicksort(A, low, p1-1);
       quicksort(A, p1+1, p2-1);
25
       quicksort(A, p2+1 , high);
26
27
```