Exercise 3: Digging into DNS (marked, include in the lab report, 5 Marks)

```
z5369144@vx13:~/Downloads/comp3331/week3$ dig www.princeton.edu A

; <<>> DiG 9.18.24-1-Debian <<>> www.princeton.edu A

;; global options: +cmd
;; global options: +cmd
;; global options: +cmd
;; Got answer:
;; ->>HEADER<-- opcode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id: 38644
;; flags: qr rd ra; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 3, AUTHORITY: 0, ADDITIONAL: 1

;; OPT PSEUDOSECTION:
; EDNS: version: 0, flags:; udp: 1232
; COOKIE: 4763a6af9026f6f80100000065e822048e1f32dfca1c6a6b (good)
;; QUESTION SECTION:
;www.princeton.edu. IN A

;; ANSWER SECTION:
www.princeton.edu. 3578 IN CNAME www.princeton.edu.cdn.cloudflare.net.
www.princeton.edu.cdn.cloudflare.net. 82 IN A 104.18.5.101
www.princeton.edu.cdn.cloudflare.net. 82 IN A 104.18.4.101

;; Query time: 0 msec
;; SERVER: 129.94.242.2#33(129.94.242.2) (UDP)
;; WHEN: Wed Mar 06 18:57:56 AEDT 2024
;; MSG SIZE rcvd: 156
```

Question 1. What is the IP address of www.princeton.edu ? What type of DNS query is sent to get this answer?

104.18.5.101 and 104.18.4.101

A type

Question 2. What is the canonical name for the Princeton webserver (i.e., www.princeton.edu)? Suggest a reason for having an alias for this server.

www.princeton.edu.cdn.cloudflare.net

Distribute traffic to different servers to share load and improve performance

Question 3. What can you make of the rest of the response/what is it used for (i.e., the details available in the DNS response (cookies and other fields))?

- 1.Authority Section: If you need to know the authoritative server information about the query domain name, you can check the authoritative section
- 2.Cookies: Used for authentication and verifying data integrity between DNS queries and responses.

Question 4. What is the IP address of the local nameserver for your machine?

```
z5369144@vx13:~/Downloads/comp3331/week3$ cat /etc/resolv.conf domain orchestra.cse.unsw.EDU.AU search orchestra.cse.unsw.EDU.AU cse.unsw.edu.au. nameserver 129.94.242.2 nameserver 129.94.242.45 nameserver 129.94.242.33
```

nameserver 129.94.242.2

nameserver 129.94.242.45

nameserver 129.94.242.33

Question 5. What are the DNS nameservers for the "princeton.edu" domain (note: the domain name is princeton.edu and not www.princeton.edu. This is an example of what is referred to as the apex/naked domain)? Find their IP addresses. Which DNS query type is used to obtain this information?

```
5369144@vx13:~/Downloads/comp3331/week3$ dig princeton.edu NS
; <<>> DiG 9.18.24-1-Debian <<>> princeton.edu NS
;; global options: +cmd
;; Got answer:
;; ->HEADER<<- opcode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id: 23636
;; flags: qr rd ra; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 9, AUTHORITY: 0, ADDITIONAL: 14
;; OPT PSEUDOSECTION:
; EDNS: version: 0, flags:; udp: 1232
; COOKIE: 2cbd23f4f6bb2f430100000065e82718aca799cd579c85a5 (good)
;; QUESTION SECTION:
;princeton.edu.
                                        IN
                                                  NS
;; ANSWER SECTION:
                             14831 IN
                                                            a20-65.akam.net.
princeton.edu.
                                                            a6-64.akam.net.
princeton.edu.
                                                  NS
                                                           ns6.dnsmadeeasy.com.
                                                           ns7.dnsmadeeasy.com.
princeton.edu.
                                                  NS
                                                           a24-66.akam.net.
princeton.edu.
                                                            a3-67.akam.net.
princeton.edu.
                                                  NS
                                                            ns5.dnsmadeeasv.com.
                                                           a7-65.akam.net.
princeton.edu.
                                                            a1-158.akam.net.
;; ADDITIONAL SECTION:
                              38122 IN
79028 IN
79783 IN
70141 IN
70379 IN
                                                            208.94.148.13
ns5.dnsmadeeasy.com.
ns6.dnsmadeeasy.com.
                                                            208.80.124.13
ns7.dnsmadeeasy.com.
                                                            208.80.126.13
a3-67.akam.net.
                                                            96.7.49.67
a7-65.akam.net.
                                                            23.61.199.65
a1-158.akam.net.
                              49505 IN
33184 IN
1041 IN
75447 IN
64359 IN
72316 IN
15354 IN
a20-65.akam.net.
                                                            95.100.175.65
a24-66.akam.net.
                                                           2.16.130.66
                                                          2600:1801:6::1
2600:1802:7::1
2600:1408:1c::43
ns6.dnsmadeeasy.com.
ns7.dnsmadeeasy.com.
                                                  AAAA
a3-67.akam.net.
                                                  AAAA
                                                            2600:1406:32::41
                                                  AAAA
a7-65.akam.net.
                              85576 IN
a24-66.akam.net.
                                                            2600:1480:9800::42
;; Query time: 0 msec
;; SERVER: 129.94.242.2#53(129.94.242.2) (UDP)
;; WHEN: Wed Mar 06 19:19:36 AEDT 2024
;; MSG SIZE rcvd: 538
```

DNS type: NS

a20-65.akam.net. : 95.100.175.65

a6-64.akam.net. : didnt provide

ns6.dnsmadeeasy.com. : 208.80.124.13 ns7.dnsmadeeasy.com. : 208.80.126.13

a24-66.akam.net. : 2.16.130.66

a3-67.akam.net. : 96.7.49.67

ns5.dnsmadeeasy.com.: 208.94.148.13

a7-65.akam.net. : 23.61.199.65 a1-158.akam.net. : 193.108.91.158

Question 6. What is the DNS name associated with the IP address 198.54.223.213? Which DNS query type is used to obtain this information?

```
z5369144@vx13:~/Downloads/comp3331/week3$ dig -x 198.54.223.213
; <<>> DiG 9.18.24-1-Debian <<>> -x 198.54.223.213
;; global options: +cmd
;; Got answer:
;; ->>>HEADERK<- opcode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id: 54399
;; flags: qr rd ra; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 1, AUTHORITY: 0, ADDITIONAL: 1
;; QPT PSEUDOSECTION:
; EDNS: version: 0, flags:; udp: 1232
; COOKIE: d3666f139c6e7b7c0100000065e82e8079dbf48e95c2705b (good)
; QUESTION SECTION:
;213.223.54.198.in-addr.arpa. IN PTR
;; ANSWER SECTION:
213.223.54.198.in-addr.arpa. 85243 IN PTR cput.ac.za.
;; Query time: 0 msec
;; SERVER: 129.94.242.2#53(129.94.242.2) (UDP)
;; WHEN: Wed Mar 06 19:51:12 AEDT 2024
;; MSG SIZE rcvd: 108
```

cput.ac.za.

DNS query type: PTR

Question 7. Run, dig and query the CSE nameserver (129.94.242.2) for the mail servers for google.com (again, the domain name is google.com, not www.google.com). Did you get an authoritative answer? Why? (HINT: Just because a response contains information in the authoritative part of the DNS response message does not mean it came from an authoritative name server. You should examine the flags in the response message to determine the answer)

```
z5369144@xxi3:-/Downloads/comp3331/week3$ dig @129.94.242.2 google.com MX
; <>> DiG 0.18.24-1-Debian <<>> @129.94.242.2 google.com MX
; (1 server found)
;; global options: x-rad
;; Gat anome:
;; >> NEEDERK<- optode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id: 44162
;; Flags: qr dr drs, QUERY: 1, ANSAER: 1, AUTHORITY: 0, ADDITIONAL: 1
;; OPT PSEUDOSECTION:
;; DMS: version: 0, Flags:; udp: 1232
; CONKIE: 1410Heed#73497cy091000900005x83030244c3a62c6c921ea (good)
;; QUESTION SECTION:
google.com. IN MX
;; ANSAER SECTION:
google.com. 380 IN MX 10 smtp.google.com.
;; Query time: 12 msec
;; Gery time: 12 msec
;; SERVER: 129.94.242.2853(129.94.242.2) (UDP)
;; Weffil: Wed Mar 06 19:58:35 AEDT 2024
; MS 512E rvd: 88
```

I didnt get authoritative answer because AUTHORITY: 0 is 0

Question 8. Repeat the above (i.e. Question 7), but use one of the nameservers obtained in Question 5. What is the result?

```
13369144@vv13:~/Downloads/comp3331/week35 dig @2.16.130.66 google.com MX

; <<>> DiG 9.18.24-1-Debian <<>> @2.16.130.66 google.com MX

; (1 server found)
;; Got answer:
;; global options: +cmd
;; Got answer:
;> >>>**EOMERC< opcode: QUERY, status: NDERROR, id: 47443
;; 1-lags: qr am rd; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 0, ANTHORITY: 1, ADDITIONAL: 1
;; MARPURE: recursion requested but not available
;; QPT PSELDOSECTION:
; EDMS: version: 0, flags:; udp: 4896
;QUESTION SECTION:
; QUESTION SECTION:
;google.com.

IN MX

;; ANTHORITY SECTION:
google.com.
7200 IN SOA a18-66.akam.net. hostmaster.akamai.com. 1473132465
;; QUENTY time: 16 msec
;; SEMVER: 2,61-330.66693(2.16.130.66) (UDP)
;; SEMVER: 2,61-330.6693(2.16.130.66) (UDP)
;; SEMVER: 2,61-330.6693(2.16.130.66) (UDP)
;; WEN: Ned Mar 06 29:06:44 AEDT 2024
;; MSG SIZE Ford: 180
```

I get the Authority answer because AUTHORITY:1

Question 9. Obtain the authoritative answer for the mail servers for google.com. What type of DNS query is sent to obtain this information?

SOA(Start of Authority)

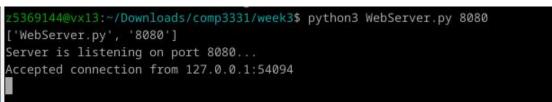
Question 10. In this exercise, you simulate the iterative DNS query process to find the IP address of your machine (e.g. lyre00.cse.unsw.edu.au). If you are using VLAB then find the IP address of one of the following: lyre00.cse.unsw.edu.au, lyre01.cse.unsw.edu.au, flute00.cse.unsw.edu.au or flute01.cse.unsw.edu.au. First, find the name server (query type NS) of the "." domain (root domain). Query this nameserver to find the authoritative name server for the "au." domain. Query this second server to find the authoritative nameserver for "edu.au." domain. Now query this nameserver to find the authoritative nameserver for "unsw.edu.au". Next, query the nameserver of unsw.edu.au to find the authoritative name server of cse.unsw.edu.au. Now, query the nameserver of cse.unsw.edu.au to find your host's IP address. How many DNS servers do you have to query for an authoritative answer?

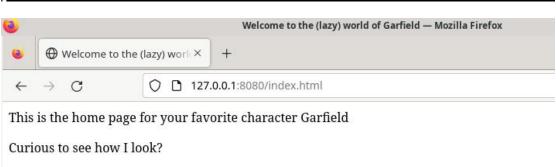
5

Question 11. Can one physical machine have several names and/or IP addresses associated with it?

Yes

Exercise 4
Run python3 WebServer.py 8080
Input 127.0.0.1:8080/(resource_name) in website.





```
z5369144@vx13:~/Downloads/comp3331/week3$ python3 WebServer.py 8080
['WebServer.py', '8080']
Server is listening on port 8080...
Accepted connection from 127.0.0.1:54094
Accepted connection from 127.0.0.1:45942
Accepted connection from 127.0.0.1:45944
```

