

Лабораторний підсумок №7

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$$\begin{cases} y_1' = 5y_1 + y_2 \\ y_2' = 12y_1 + 9y_2 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 5-\lambda & 1 \\ 12 & 9-\lambda \end{vmatrix} = \lambda^2 - 14\lambda + 33 = 0$$

$$\begin{cases} \lambda_1 = 11 \\ \lambda_2 = 3 \end{cases}$$

$$\lambda_1 = 11 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} y_1(x) = \bar{c}_1 e^{11x} \\ y_2(x) = \bar{c}_2 e^{11x} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} -6\bar{c}_1 + \bar{c}_2 = 0 \\ 12\bar{c}_1 - 2\bar{c}_2 = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} \bar{c}_1 = 1 \\ \bar{c}_2 = 6 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \bar{c}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\lambda_2 = 3 \Rightarrow \bar{c}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\bar{y} = c_1 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} e^{11x} + c_2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} e^{3x}$$

$$\begin{cases} y_1 = c_1 e^{11x} + c_2 e^{3x} \\ y_2 = 6c_1 e^{11x} - 2c_2 e^{3x} \end{cases} \quad Y = \begin{bmatrix} e^{11x} & e^{3x} \\ 6e^{11x} & -e^{3x} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\lambda_1 = 11 > 0 \Rightarrow \text{класичні розв'язки}$$

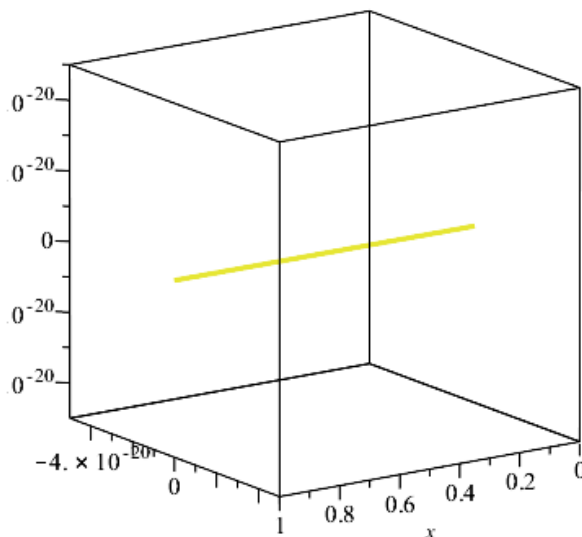
$$\lambda_2 = 3 > 0$$

`sde := {y1' = 5*y1 + y2, y2' = 12*y1 + 9*y2} :`
`dsolve(sde);`

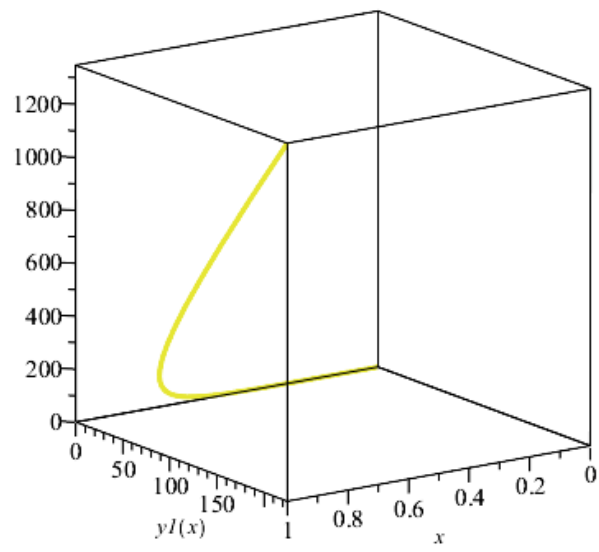
$$\{y1(x) = _C1 e^{11x} + _C2 e^{3x}, y2(x) = 6_C1 e^{11x} - 2_C2 e^{3x}\}$$

`with(DEtools) :`

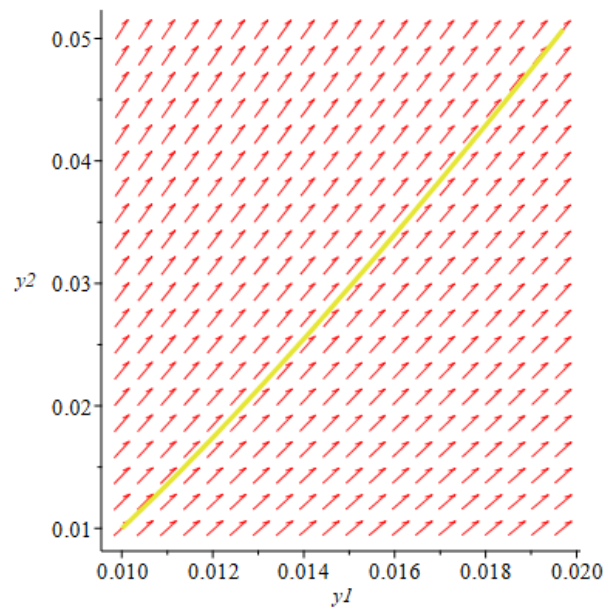
`DEplot3d(sde, {y1(x), y2(x)}, x = 0..1, [[y1(0) = 0, y2(0) = 0]]);`



DEplot3d(sde, {y1(x), y2(x)}, x = 0 .. 1, [[y1(0) = 0.01, y2(0) = 0.01]]);



phaseportrait(sde, {y1(x), y2(x)}, x = 0 .. 0.1, [[y1(0) = 0.01, y2(0) = 0.01]]);



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \sim 2 \\
 & \begin{cases} y_1' = 4y_1 + 13y_2 \\ y_2' = 5y_1 + 3y_2 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} y_1'' = 4y_1' + 13y_2' \\ y_2' = 5y_1 + 3y_2 \end{cases} \\
 & y_1'' = 4y_1' + 65y_1 + 33y_2 \\
 & y_1'' = 4y_1' + 65y_1 + 3y_1' - 12y_1 \\
 & y_1'' - 7y_1' - 53y_1 = 0 \\
 & \lambda^2 - 7\lambda - 53 = 0 \\
 & \Delta = \sqrt{49 + 4 \cdot 53} = 3\sqrt{29} \\
 & \lambda_{1,2} = \frac{7 \pm 3\sqrt{29}}{2} \\
 & y_1 = C_1 e^{\lambda_1 x} + C_2 e^{\lambda_2 x} \\
 & y_2' = 5 \cdot C_1 e^{\lambda_1 x} + 5 \cdot C_2 e^{\lambda_2 x} + 3y_2 \\
 & y_2' - 3y_2 = 5 \cdot C_1 e^{\lambda_1 x} + 5 \cdot C_2 e^{\lambda_2 x} \\
 & y_2 = u(x) \\
 & u' u + u(u' - 3u) = 5 \cdot C_1 e^{\lambda_1 x} + 5 \cdot C_2 e^{\lambda_2 x} \\
 & \begin{cases} u = e^{3x} \\ u' = 5 \cdot C_1 e^{(\lambda_1-3)x} + 5 \cdot C_2 e^{(\lambda_2-3)x} \end{cases} \\
 & u = \frac{5}{\lambda_1-3} C_1 e^{(\lambda_1-3)x} + \frac{5}{\lambda_2-3} C_2 e^{(\lambda_2-3)x} \\
 & y_2 = \frac{5}{\lambda_1-3} C_1 e^{\lambda_1 x} + \frac{5}{\lambda_2-3} C_2 e^{\lambda_2 x}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{cases} y_1 = C_1 \cdot e^{\frac{7+3\sqrt{29}}{2}x} + C_2 \cdot e^{\frac{7-3\sqrt{29}}{2}x} \\ y_2 = -\frac{1-3\sqrt{29}}{26} C_1 \cdot e^{\frac{7+3\sqrt{29}}{2}x} - \frac{1+3\sqrt{29}}{26} C_2 \cdot e^{\frac{7-3\sqrt{29}}{2}x} \end{cases}$$

`dsolve({y1'=4*y1+13*y2,y2'=5*y1+3*y2});`

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left\{ y_1(x) = _C1 e^{\frac{(7+3\sqrt{29})x}{2}} + _C2 e^{-\frac{(-7+3\sqrt{29})x}{2}}, y_2(x) = -\frac{3_C2 e^{-\frac{(-7+3\sqrt{29})x}{2}}}{26} \right. \\
 & \quad \left. + \frac{3_C1 e^{\frac{(7+3\sqrt{29})x}{2}}}{26} - \frac{_C2 e^{-\frac{(-7+3\sqrt{29})x}{2}}}{26} - \frac{_C1 e^{\frac{(7+3\sqrt{29})x}{2}}}{26} \right\}
 \end{aligned}$$

Метод Лагранжа:

$$\begin{cases} \dot{x} = -x - 2y + 1 \\ \dot{y} = -\frac{3}{2}x + y \end{cases} \quad \begin{matrix} x(0) = 1 \\ y(0) = 0 \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} -1-\lambda & -2 \\ -\frac{3}{2} & 1-\lambda \end{vmatrix} = (\lambda-1)(\lambda+1) - 3 = 0$$

$$\lambda^2 - 4 = 0$$

$$\begin{cases} \lambda_1 = 2 \\ \lambda_2 = -2 \end{cases}$$

$$\lambda = 2:$$

$$j_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\lambda = -2:$$

$$j_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{cases} x = 2 \cdot C_1 e^{2t} + 2C_2 e^{-2t} \\ y = -3C_1 e^{2t} + C_2 e^{-2t} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} C_1 = C_1(t) \\ C_2 = C_2(t) \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 2C_1'(t)e^{2t} + 2C_2'(t)e^{-2t} = 1 \\ -3C_1'(t)e^{2t} + C_2'(t)e^{-2t} = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$3C_1'(t)e^{2t} = 1$$

$$C_1'(t) = \frac{e^{-2t}}{3}$$

$$C_2'(t) = \frac{3e^{2t}}{3}$$

$$C_1(t) = -\frac{e^{-2t}}{16} + C_1$$

$$C_2(t) = \frac{3e^{2t}}{16} + C_2$$

$$x = 2\left(C_1 - \frac{e^{-2t}}{16}\right)e^{2t} + 2\left(\frac{3e^{2t}}{16} + C_2\right)e^{-2t}$$

$$y = -3\left(C_1 - \frac{e^{-2t}}{16}\right)e^{2t} + \left(\frac{3e^{2t}}{16} + C_2\right)e^{-2t}$$

$$\begin{cases} x = 2C_1 e^{2t} + 2C_2 e^{-2t} + \frac{1}{4} \\ y = -3C_1 e^{2t} + C_2 e^{-2t} + \frac{3}{8} \end{cases}$$

`dsolve({sde});`

$$\left\{ x(t) = e^{-2t} C_2 + e^{2t} C_1 + \frac{1}{4}, y(t) = \frac{e^{-2t} C_2}{2} - \frac{3e^{2t} C_1}{2} + \frac{3}{8} \right\}$$

Segara Koma:

$$\begin{cases} 1 = 2C_1 + 2C_2 + \frac{1}{4} \\ 0 = -6C_1 + 2C_2 + \frac{3}{4} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} C_1 = \frac{3}{16} \\ C_2 = \frac{3}{16} \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} x = \frac{3}{8} e^{2t} + \frac{3}{8} e^{-2t} + \frac{1}{4} \\ y = -\frac{9}{16} e^{2t} + \frac{3}{16} e^{-2t} + \frac{3}{8} \end{cases}$$

`dsolve({sde, x(0) = 1, y(0) = 0});`

$$\left\{ x(t) = \frac{3e^{-2t}}{8} + \frac{3e^{2t}}{8} + \frac{1}{4}, y(t) = \frac{3e^{-2t}}{16} - \frac{9e^{2t}}{16} + \frac{3}{8} \right\}$$

Metode D'Alembert:

$$(x + \lambda y)' = \left(-1 - \frac{3}{2}\lambda\right) \left(x + \frac{-2+\lambda}{-1-\frac{3}{2}\lambda} y\right) + 1$$

$$(x + \lambda y)' = \left(-1 - \frac{3}{2}\lambda\right) \left(x + \frac{-2+\lambda}{-1-\frac{3}{2}\lambda} y\right) + 1$$

$$\frac{y-2\lambda}{2+3\lambda} = \lambda$$

$$\begin{cases} \lambda_1 = -2 \\ \lambda_2 = \frac{2}{3} \end{cases}$$

$\lambda_1 = -2$:

$$z = (x + \lambda y)$$

$$z' = z(-1+3) + 1$$

$$z' = 2z + 1$$

$$z' - 2z = 1$$

$$z = u \cdot v$$

$$u'v + u(v' - 2u) = 1$$

$$z = u \cdot v = \left(\frac{e^{-2t}}{-2} + C_1\right) e^{2t} = C_1 e^{2t} - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$z' + 2z = 1$$

$$z = u \cdot v$$

$$u'v + u(v' + 2u) = 1$$

$$z = u \cdot v = \left(\frac{e^{2t}}{2} + C_2\right)e^{-2t} = C_2 e^{-2t} + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\begin{cases} x - 2y = C_1 e^{2t} - \frac{1}{2} \\ x + \frac{2}{3}y = C_2 e^{-2t} + \frac{1}{2} \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{8}{3}y = C_2 e^{-2t} + 1 - C_1 e^{2t}$$

$$y = -\frac{3}{8}C_1 e^{2t} + \frac{3}{8}C_2 e^{-2t} + \frac{3}{8}$$

$$x + \frac{3}{4}C_1 e^{2t} - \frac{3}{4}C_2 e^{-2t} - \frac{3}{4} = C_1 e^{2t} - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\begin{cases} x = \frac{1}{4}C_1 e^{2t} + \frac{3}{4}C_2 e^{-2t} + \frac{1}{4} \\ y = -\frac{3}{8}C_1 e^{2t} + \frac{3}{8}C_2 e^{-2t} + \frac{3}{8} \end{cases}$$

`dsolve({sde});`

$$\left\{ x(t) = e^{-2t} C_2 + e^{2t} C_1 + \frac{1}{4}, y(t) = \frac{e^{-2t} C_2}{2} - \frac{3e^{2t} C_1}{2} + \frac{3}{8} \right\}$$

Jagara Korum:

$$\begin{cases} x = \frac{1}{4}C_1 + \frac{3}{4}C_2 + \frac{1}{4} \\ 0 = -\frac{3}{8}C_1 + \frac{3}{8}C_2 + \frac{3}{8} \end{cases}$$

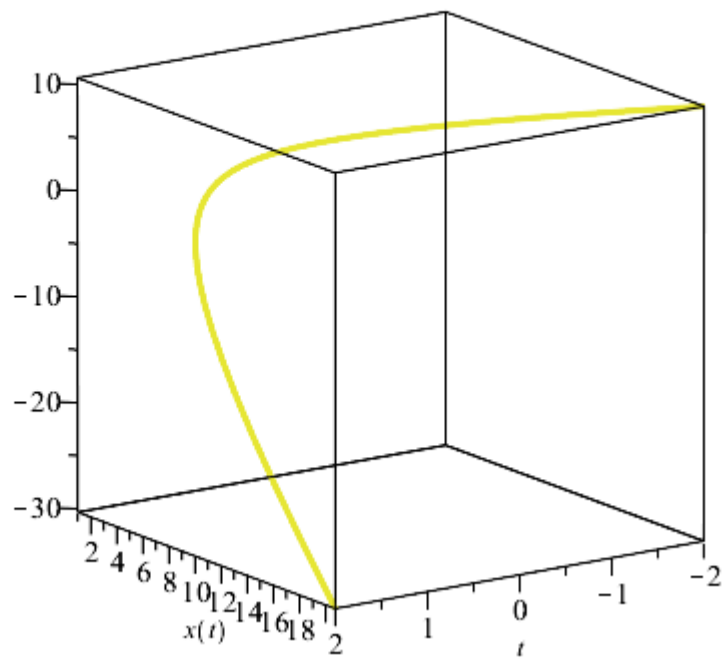
$$\begin{cases} C_1 = \frac{3}{2} \\ C_2 = \frac{1}{2} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x = \frac{3}{8}e^{2t} + \frac{3}{8}e^{-2t} + \frac{1}{4} \\ y = -\frac{9}{16}e^{2t} + \frac{3}{16}e^{-2t} + \frac{3}{8} \end{cases}$$

`dsolve({sde, x(0) = 1, y(0) = 0});`

$$\left\{ x(t) = \frac{3e^{-2t}}{8} + \frac{3e^{2t}}{8} + \frac{1}{4}, y(t) = \frac{3e^{-2t}}{16} - \frac{9e^{2t}}{16} + \frac{3}{8} \right\}$$

DEplot3d({*sde*}, [*x(t)*,*y(t)*], *t* = -2 ..2, [[*x*(0) = 1, *y*(0) = 0]]);



phaseportrait({*sde*}, [*x(t)*,*y(t)*], *t* = -2 ..2, [[*x*(0) = 1, *y*(0) = 0]])

