```
package main
import "fmt"
func main() {
   var ch chan int
   var count int
   go func() {
       ch <- 1
   }()
   go func() {
       count++
        close(ch)
   }()
   <-ch
   fmt.Println(count)
}
A: 不能编译
B: 输出1
C: 输出0
D: panic
```

```
package main
import (
   "fmt"
    "runtime"
   "time"
)
func main() {
   var ch chan int
    go func() {
       ch = make(chan int, 1)
        ch <- 1
    }()
    go func(ch chan int) {
       time.Sleep(time.Second)
        <-ch
    }(ch)
    c := time.Tick(1 * time.Second)
    for range c {
        fmt.Printf("#goroutines: %d\n", runtime.NumGoroutine())
}
A: 不能编译
B: 一段时间后总是输出#goroutines: 1
C: 一段时间后总是输出#goroutines: 2
D: panic
```

关于channel,下面语法正确的是()(多选) A: var ch chan int

B: ch := make(chan int)

C: <-ch
D: ch<-</pre>

简要说明无缓冲的channel和有缓冲channel的区别?