DATA STRUCTURES

BATCH - B

[THURSDAY MARCH 9, 2017: 2:00 PM – 5:00 PM]

Assignments – 8 Code: assign08

INSTRUCTIONS: [Total Marks: 30]

- iv) Read all assignments and each problem has to be answered in the same c file.
- v) Create a .c file following the file name convention: abc-assign08.c Where abc is your roll number and assign08 is the assignment code
- vi) Strictly follow the file name convention and do not use scanf()

PROBLEMS: (on Binary Search Trees)

3) [Marks: 5 marks]

Define a node - BSTREE - of a Binary Search Tree (BST) with following fields:

The values of these fields could be generated using a random number generator in the specified range. Assume a list of specific names for the field "mname"

4) [Marks: 25 marks]

Using above data structure and function prototypes given below, write your code for following tasks:

g) [Marks: 5 marks]

Assume that we are going to generate the Binary Search Tree with the details of n (=20) movies. Create a binary search tree with n nodes.

```
BSTREE *genMovieDataset (BSTREE *bstree, int n);
```

This function should insert an element into the binary search tree in such a way that the nodes insertion is based on movieID.

h) [Marks: 3 marks]

Write a function to print the details of movies by year one per line:

```
void printMovieDetailsByYear(BSTREE *bstree, int year);
```

i) [Marks: 3 marks]

Write a function to search and print the details of the movie by the given moviename

void FindMovieByName(BSTREE *bstree, char *moviename);

j) [Marks: 3 marks]

Write a function to modify the rating of all movies with specific rating ranging from oldrating in [4.15, 5.35] to newrating in [6.25, 8.27]

void ModifyRating(BSTREE *bstree, float oldrating, float newrating);

k) [Marks: 5 marks]

Write a function to convert the existing Binary Search Tree into two subtrees of near equal heights based on the running time. Note that each subtree should be a complete binary tree.

void SplitBST(BSTREE *bstree, BSTREE *one, BSTREE *two);

1) [Marks: 6 marks]

Write a function to delete all movies that has a specific profit within the given range [min, max]. Here profit has to be calculated by profit = (revenue – budget). You may round off the min and max values to the nearest integer.

BSTREE *deleteMovies(BSTREE *bstree, float min, float max);

At the end of the function call print the details of the remaining nodes in the binary search tree.