Let a and b be positive integers such that $a \mid n$ and $b \mid n$.

Show that lcm(a, b) | n.

Justify your answer.

Let a and b be positive integers such that a^3 divides b^2 .

Does it follow that a divides b?

Justify your answer.

From your textbook:

Klain: Essential Number Theory, Exercise 8.4 on page 41.

In Smurfland, there are 5-dollar and 12-dollar bills in circulation. There are no other types of paper bills and no coins either.

Show that Smurfs can make cash payments of n dollars, for any integer amount n that is 44 or larger.

PS: Assume that Smurfs can print as many \$5 and \$12 bills as necessary, but only \$5 and \$12 bills.

Homework Problem 11* (optional)

Find the *smallest* pair of integers on which the Euclidean algorithm takes exactly 10 steps.

PS: "smallest pair" means that if the inputs are n, m with $n \ge m$, then n should be as small as possible.

* Due (optionally) Thu, Sept 26, in class.

- (a) What is $gcd(F_n, F_{n+1})$?
- (b) What is $gcd(F_n, F_{n+2})$?

Justify your answer.

Set
$$\phi = \frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2}$$
.

(a) Show that

$$\lim_{n\to\infty} \left(F_n - \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \phi^n \right) = 0$$

(b) Show that for any $n \ge 0$, F_n is the integer closest to the value of $\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}\phi^n$.