## Chapter 14. Kernels

14.1.

$$\phi(x_1) = (1, 0, 0), \phi(x_2) = (1, 2, 2).$$

a.  $\mathbf{w} \parallel (0, 2, 2)$ .

b. The intersection with decision boundary and the line segment that connects two point is (1, 1, 1), so the margin is  $\sqrt{2}$ .

c. 
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \|\mathbf{w}\| \Rightarrow \mathbf{w} = (0, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}).$$

d. 
$$-w_0 \ge 1, 2 + w_0 \ge 1 \Rightarrow w_0 = -1$$

c. 
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \|\mathbf{w}\| \Rightarrow \mathbf{w} = (0, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}).$$
  
d.  $-w_0 \ge 1, 2 + w_0 \ge 1 \Rightarrow w_0 = -1.$   
e.  $f(x) = -1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}x + \frac{1}{2}x^2.$ 

14.2.

Yes, since the dataset is linearly separable, the separating hyperplanes guaranteed to be exist. SVM will correctly find the one that maximizes the margin.