MA615_Berries_Kunyu Liu

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Introduction

The berries data were collected from the USDA database and stored online[^1], which contains blueberries, raspberries, and strawberries. *** # Data Cleaning

Data Import

```
berries = read.csv('berries.csv', header = TRUE)
im1 = berries %>%
  select(Year, Period, State, Commodity, Data. Item, Domain, Domain. Category, Value)
head(im1)
##
     Year
                  Period
                              State
                                       Commodity
## 1 2019 MARKETING YEAR CALIFORNIA BLUEBERRIES
## 2 2019 MARKETING YEAR CALIFORNIA BLUEBERRIES
## 3 2019 MARKETING YEAR CALIFORNIA BLUEBERRIES
## 4 2019 MARKETING YEAR CALIFORNIA RASPBERRIES
## 5 2019 MARKETING YEAR CALIFORNIA RASPBERRIES
## 6 2019 MARKETING YEAR CALIFORNIA RASPBERRIES
##
                                                                  Data. Item Domain
                   BLUEBERRIES, TAME - PRICE RECEIVED, MEASURED IN $ / LB
## 1
## 2 BLUEBERRIES, TAME, FRESH MARKET - PRICE RECEIVED, MEASURED IN $ / LB
       BLUEBERRIES, TAME, PROCESSING - PRICE RECEIVED, MEASURED IN $ / LB
                         RASPBERRIES - PRICE RECEIVED, MEASURED IN $ / LB
## 4
                                                                             TOTAL
## 5
           RASPBERRIES, FRESH MARKET - PRICE RECEIVED, MEASURED IN $ / LB
                                                                             TOTAL
             RASPBERRIES, PROCESSING - PRICE RECEIVED, MEASURED IN $ / LB
## 6
                                                                             TOTAL
     Domain.Category Value
       NOT SPECIFIED
                      2.85
## 1
       NOT SPECIFIED
## 2
                      3.56
       NOT SPECIFIED
                     0.29
      NOT SPECIFIED
                      2.69
## 5
      NOT SPECIFIED
                       (D)
## 6
      NOT SPECIFIED
                       (D)
```

Initial Screening of the Data

There are many categorical variables, we need to replace many (D),(NA),(X) and (Z) with NA in Value, because this column is defined as categorical.

```
im1$Value <- as.numeric(im1$Value)</pre>
```

```
## Warning: NA

# Replace (D), (NA), (X) and (Z) with NA
im1[im1 =="(D)"] = NA
im1[im1 =="(NA)"] = NA
im1[im1 =="(X)"] = NA
im1[im1 =="(Z)"] = NA

# summary the new dataset
summary(im1)
```

```
##
         Year
                                          State
                                                            Commodity
                      Period
##
    Min.
           :2015
                   Length: 13238
                                       Length: 13238
                                                           Length: 13238
##
    1st Qu.:2016
                   Class : character
                                       Class : character
                                                           Class :character
##
    Median:2017
                   Mode :character
                                       Mode :character
                                                           Mode :character
##
  Mean
           :2017
    3rd Qu.:2019
  Max.
           :2019
##
##
##
                                                                   Value
    Data.Item
                          Domain
                                           Domain.Category
  Length: 13238
                                           Length: 13238
                                                               Min.
##
                       Length: 13238
                                                                       : 0.000
    Class : character
                        Class : character
                                           Class : character
                                                               1st Qu.: 0.550
##
##
    Mode :character
                       Mode :character
                                           Mode :character
                                                               Median : 1.831
                                                                      : 49.564
##
                                                               Mean
##
                                                               3rd Qu.: 26.000
##
                                                                       :960.000
                                                               Max.
##
                                                               NA's
                                                                       :8854
```

Further data cleaning on strawberries

Cleaning - Data Item

Use filter function for extracting data of strawberries

```
im2 = im1 %>% filter(Commodity=="STRAWBERRIES")
summary(im2)
```

```
##
         Year
                      Period
                                          State
                                                            Commodity
           :2015
                   Length: 3476
                                       Length:3476
                                                           Length:3476
##
   Min.
##
    1st Qu.:2016
                   Class : character
                                       Class : character
                                                           Class : character
##
   Median:2018
                   Mode :character
                                       Mode :character
                                                           Mode :character
##
   Mean
           :2017
##
    3rd Qu.:2019
           :2019
##
    Max.
##
##
    Data.Item
                           Domain
                                           Domain.Category
                                                                    Value
## Length:3476
                        Length: 3476
                                           Length: 3476
                                                               Min.
                                                                       : 0.000
## Class :character
                        Class : character
                                           Class : character
                                                               1st Qu.: 0.307
```

```
##
    Mode :character Mode :character
                                         Mode :character
                                                             Median : 2.000
##
                                                             Mean : 63.618
##
                                                             3rd Qu.: 37.000
##
                                                             Max. :960.000
                                                             NA's
                                                                    :2247
strawberry1 = im2 %>% drop_na()
pre = strawberry1$Data.Item
m1 = gsub(" - ",",",pre)
unit1 = str_extract_all(m1, "MEASURED.*[^./AVG] | ACRES")
unit1 = str_replace(unit1, ",","")
unit1 = trimws(1)
type1 = str_extract_all(m1,"(FRESHMARKET)|(PROCESSING)")
type_data = data.frame(Market.Channel=as.character(type1))
type_data[type_data=="character(0)"] = NA
```

EDA

Data exploration

Summarize Data

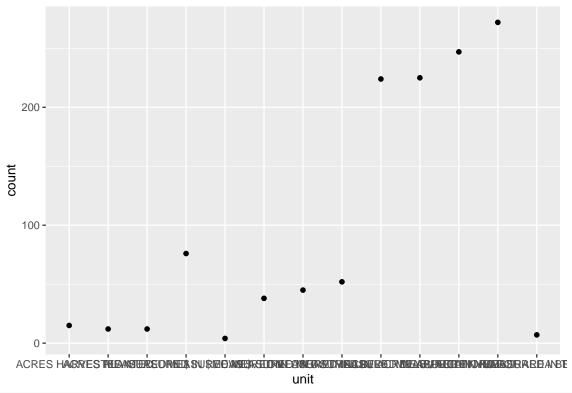
Because the measurement of each data are different, we need to group and summarize them.

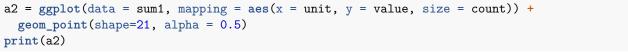
```
# Measurement of the strawberry
strawberry1$unit = str_extract_all(m1,"MEASURED IN.*[^, /AVG]|ACRES.*")
strawberry1$unit = as.character(strawberry1$unit)
sum1 = strawberry1 %>%
  group_by(unit)%>%
  summarize(
   count=n(),
   value=sum(Value)
  )
```

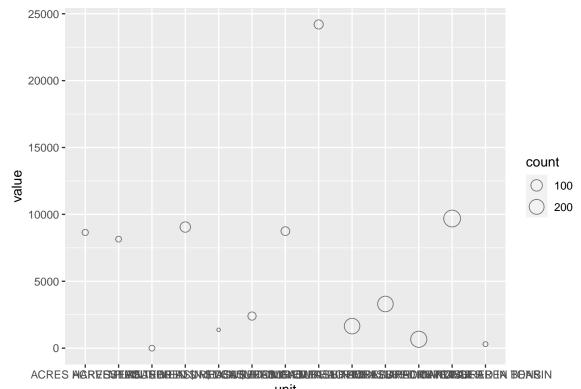
`summarise()` ungrouping output (override with `.groups` argument)

Plot the whole dataset

```
a1 = ggplot(data = sum1, mapping = aes(x = unit, y = count))+
    geom_point()
print(a1)
```







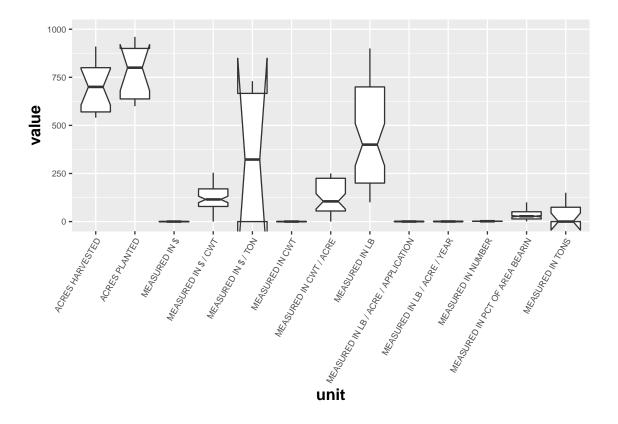
From the first plot, we can see the number of each measurement. The second plot shows the reason for

seperate variable item.

Further EDA

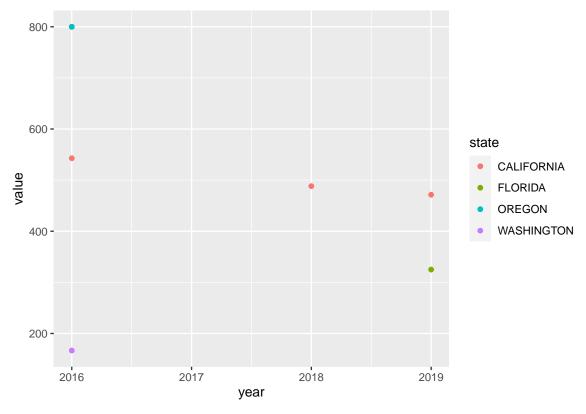
Creat a new frame in order to exact data to do the further EDA

```
unit_new = strawberry1 %>%
 group_by(unit)%>%
  summarize(
   state=State,
   year= Year,
   count=n(),
   value=Value
## `summarise()` regrouping output by 'unit' (override with `.groups` argument)
tail(unit_new)
## # A tibble: 6 x 5
## # Groups: unit [1]
##
    unit
                                    year count value
                     state
##
     <chr>
                                    <int> <int> <dbl>
                     <chr>
## 1 MEASURED IN TONS NORTH CAROLINA 2018
                                              7
## 2 MEASURED IN TONS FLORIDA
                                     2018
                                              7
                                                    0
## 3 MEASURED IN TONS NORTH CAROLINA 2018
                                              7
## 4 MEASURED IN TONS NORTH CAROLINA 2017
                                              7 149
## 5 MEASURED IN TONS NORTH CAROLINA 2017
                                             7
                                                  150
## 6 MEASURED IN TONS FLORIDA
                                     2016
# Do a plot, excluding outliers
boxplot = ggplot(unit_new, aes(x = unit, y = value))+
 geom_boxplot(outlier.colour = NA,notch = TRUE) +
 theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 60, hjust = 1),
       axis.text = element_text(size = 7),
       axis.title = element_text(size = 13, face = "bold")) +
  coord_cartesian(ylim = c(0, 1000))
print(boxplot)
## notch went outside hinges. Try setting notch=FALSE.
## notch went outside hinges. Try setting notch=FALSE.
## notch went outside hinges. Try setting notch=FALSE.
```



Creat a data frame contain MEASURED IN LB

```
LB = filter(unit_new,unit=="MEASURED IN LB" )
LB$value = as.numeric(LB$value)
LB$value[LB$value ==0] = NA
LB_new = group_by(LB,year,state)
LB_final = summarize(LB_new, value = mean(value, na.rm = TRUE))
## `summarise()` regrouping output by 'year' (override with `.groups` argument)
summary(LB_final)
##
                                           value
         year
                      state
##
   Min.
           :2016
                   Length:7
                                       Min.
                                              :166.7
##
   1st Qu.:2016
                   Class :character
                                       1st Qu.:398.2
##
   Median :2016
                   Mode :character
                                       Median :488.2
                                              :513.5
    Mean
           :2017
                                       Mean
##
    3rd Qu.:2018
                                       3rd Qu.:671.4
   Max.
           :2019
                                       Max.
                                              :800.0
##
# Making plot
a3 = ggplot(LB_final, aes(x = year, y = value))+
  geom_point(aes(color=state))
print(a3)
```

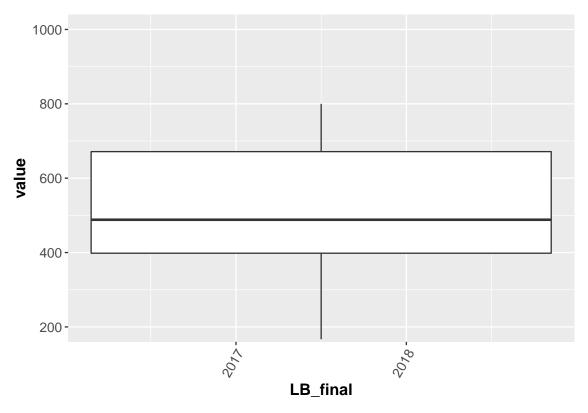


From the plot above, we can see that California always has the highest value in each year when we measured in LB, except in year 2016.

Making boxplot of MEASURED IN LB

```
# excluding outliers
bp1 = ggplot(LB_final, aes(x = year, y = value))
bp1 = bp1 + geom_boxplot(outlier.colour = NA) +
    theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 60, hjust = 1),
        axis.text = element_text(size = 11),
        axis.title = element_text(size = 13, face = "bold")) +
    coord_cartesian(ylim = c(200, 1000)) +
    labs(x = "LB_final")
print(bp1)
```

Warning: Continuous x aesthetic -- did you forget aes(group=...)?

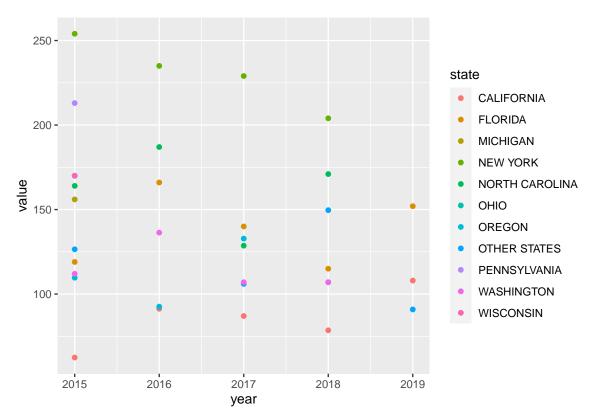


From the boxplot, we can find the value for LB_final is between 400-700

Creat a data frame contain MEASURED IN \$ / CWT

```
CWT = filter(unit new,unit=="MEASURED IN $ / CWT" )
CWT$value = as.numeric(CWT$value)
CWT$value[CWT$value ==0] = NA
CWT_new = group_by(CWT, year, state)
CWT_final = summarize(CWT_new, value = mean(value, na.rm = TRUE))
## `summarise()` regrouping output by 'year' (override with `.groups` argument)
summary(CWT_final)
                                           value
##
                      state
         year
           :2015
                   Length:35
                                      Min.
                                              : 62.47
##
   Min.
                                      1st Qu.:107.00
   1st Qu.:2015
                   Class :character
##
## Median :2016
                   Mode :character
                                      Median :130.73
  Mean
           :2017
                                      Mean
                                             :140.54
##
    3rd Qu.:2018
                                       3rd Qu.:169.00
##
           :2019
##
   Max.
                                      Max.
                                              :254.00
##
                                      NA's
                                              :1
# Making plot
a4 = ggplot(CWT_final, aes(x = year, y = value))+
  geom_point(aes(color=state))
print(a4)
```

Warning: Removed 1 rows containing missing values (geom_point).

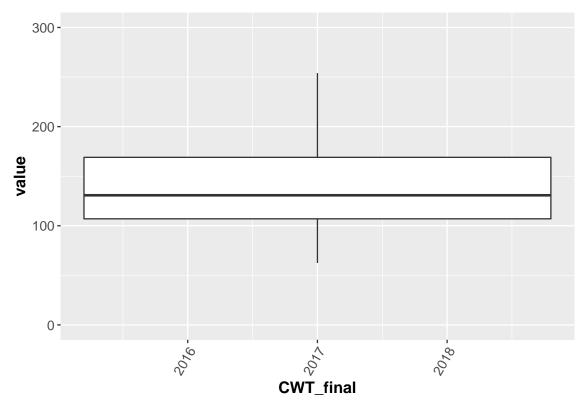


From the plot above, we can see that New York has the highest value in each year when we measured in \$ / CWT.

Making boxplot of MEASURED IN \$ / CWT

```
## Warning: Continuous x aesthetic -- did you forget aes(group=...)?
```

^{##} Warning: Removed 1 rows containing non-finite values (stat_boxplot).



From the boxplot, we can find the value for CWT_final is between 100-200

Discussion

From the analysis we did above, we can conclude that the California is a good state for buying strawberry, but further analysis is needed in better determine this conclusion, because some states have missing values for some variables. Thus, we need further analysis to find out all the states have the same measurement.

References

^1: Berry Dataset–(https://quickstats.nass.usda.gov/results/D416E96E-3D5C-324C-9334-1D38DF88FF F1)