Exercise: Building a Movie Rating List

Objective:

Create a web page that fetches movie details from an external API and displays them using the provided HTML and CSS files.

Perquisites

In this exercise, you will work with this API: themoviedb. Please register to it. You will find the relevant documentation for this exercise in this <u>link</u>. There is a data.json in this exercise folder that shows the data structure that is being received from this API.

Steps:

1. Define a Movie Class:

Create a class named Movie with the following properties:

- title
- releaseDate
- picture
- rating

Add the following methods to the class:

- getTitle: Returns the title
- getReleaseDate: Converts the release date to a localized date string and returns it
- getPicture: Returns the picture URL
- getRating: Returns the rating

```
class Movie {
    constructor(title, releaseDate, picture, rating) {
        this.title = title;
        this.releaseDate = releaseDate;
        this.picture = picture;
        this.rating = rating;
    }
    // Define getTitle, getReleaseDate, getPicture, getRating methods
here...
}
```

2. Create a function to get the Headers and Authorization:

Create a getHttpOptions function that will return an object with the method set to 'GET' and include headers with the accept field set to 'application/json'. Include the Authorization header with the provided Bearer token.

```
const getHttpOptions = () => ({
  method: 'GET',
  headers: {
     accept: 'application/json',
     Authorization: 'Bearer your-bearer-token-here'
  }
});
```

3. Set Up API Constants:

Define in a constant the base URL for the movie database API

```
const API_BASE_URL =
  'https://api.themoviedb.org/3/';
```

3. Create a function to get a movie image URL:

- Write a function getImage to return the image URL from the image path, accepting a size parameter:
 - 1. **Define the Function Name and Parameters**: Begin by defining a constant named getImage. This function will take one parameter: imgPath, which is the specific path to the image.

- 2. **Utilize Template Literals**: Inside the function, you will return a template literal.
- 3. **Construct the URL**: Begin the URL with the base path for images: https://image.tmdb.org/t/p/original/.
- 4. **Append the Image Path Parameter**: After the forward slash / add the imgPath parameter using \${imgPath} . This includes the specific image path in the URL.

4. Write a Function to Fetch Movies:

- **Create a Function Named** fetchMovies: Define the fetchMovies function to handle fetching movie data from the now-playing endpoint.
- **Use the** fetch **API for the GET Request**: Utilize the fetch function to make a GET request to the now-playing endpoint by combining the API base URL with the specific path and also pass the getHttpOptions() function, to pass the necessary options with the request.

```
fetch(`${API_BASE_URL}movie/popular?language=en-US&page=1`,
getHttpOptions())
```

• Handle the Response: Use .then to transform the response to JSON.

```
.then(response => response.json())
```

• Iterate Through the Results and Create Movie Instances: In the next .then block, iterate through the results of the transformed response using .forEach . For each item, create a new instance of the Movie class with the relevant properties (title, release date, picture, and rating). Utilize the provided getImage function for the image path. Pass to the getImage function the item.poster_path or the item.backdrop_path, since the item my come from the API without item.poster_path property. After creating a new instance of the Movie class, call the createMovieCard() function (we will write it later).

- **Update the Item Count**: Call the updateItemCount function after iterating through the movies.
- Handle Errors: Implement a .catch block to log any errors that may occur.

4. Create a Function to Update Item Count:

- 1. **Define the Function**: Start by defining a function called updateItemCount that takes no parameters.
- 2. **Select the Items Count Element**: Within the function, you will need to select the paragraph element where the count of items will be displayed. Use the querySelector method to select the paragraph inside the element with a class of "sort-bar."
- 3. **Select All Movie Elements**: Next, you need to find out how many movie elements are in the document. Use the querySelectorAll method to select all the elements with a class of movie. This will give you a NodeList of movie elements.
- 4. **Calculate the Number of Movies**: Determine the number of movie elements by accessing the length property of the NodeList obtained in the previous step.
- 5. **Update the Text Content**: Finally, update the text content of the paragraph element selected earlier with the number of movies. Use a template literal to format the text, incorporating the number of movies followed by the word "items."

5. Write a Function to Create Movie Cards:

Create the createMovieCard function that builds the HTML for each movie. Use the HTML code of the movie.html file in this exercise files.

Don't forget to insert real data in the relevant places like in this example, such as the src attribute and other movie details.

6. Call the fetchMovies Function:

Finally, call the fetchMovies function to start fetching movies:

```
fetchMovies();
```

Tips:

- Remember to handle errors with a .catch block in the fetch function
- Make sure to utilize the Movie class methods within the createMovieCard and fetchMovies functions
- Test each part of the code as you build it to ensure everything is working correctly

Challenge:

• Extend the functionality by showing a special error message in the HTML if there is any error. Write a function <code>createErrorMessage</code> that will be similar to the <code>createMovieCard</code> function, to display an error message, in case of an error.

Conclusion:

This exercise allows you to apply concepts of classes, API calls, and DOM manipulation to build a functional web application. By following the steps and code snippets, you will create a movie

list web page that connects various JavaScript concepts you have learned in the course up til
now.