How to use GitHub + Unity + SourceTree, page 2

Let's try using SourceTree for managing our Git repo. If you use other tools like GitKraken or Rider's VCS integration, it's OK, you can use SourceTree with it too. It's very common to use more than one Git program, and it usually won't cause any problems.

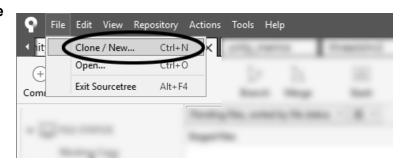
- 1. Create a Unity project and make sure it has at least one file somewhere in /Assets/
 - If you want to try this on an existing project folder, then BACKUP THAT PROJECT FIRST, in case you destroy everything. (Don't worry, that won't happen though!!)

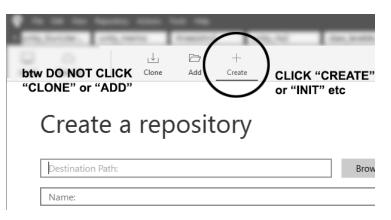
2. Download and install and open SourceTree.

- Go to sourcetreeapp.com and click "Download"
- When you install on your computer:
 - You must register a free Atlassian account. Sorry.
 - When asked, give SourceTree your GitHub account login and password.
 - MacOS users, THIS IS VERY IMPORTANT: make sure you select "Basic" authentication mode, don't use the OAuth mode, it's buggy.
- Open SourceTree.

3. In SourceTree, create / initialize a new Git repo inside your Unity project folder.

- In the top menu bar, click
 File > Create / New, and
 then click the "Create" (or
 "Init") button.
- "Destination Path" = your Unity project folder. This is the folder that has /Assets/ and /ProjectSettings/, etc.
- "Name" = whatever you want to call it
- Leave repo type as "Git"
- Make sure you disable "Create Repository On Account", and most of the time it doesn't even work anyway.





Also: Keep in mind that Windows and MacOS versions look different. Sorry.

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4. Setup the .gitignore file (VERY IMPORTANT)

- The most important things to ignore are /Library/ folder and /Temp/ folder.
- However, it's easiest to just copy and paste a pre-made .gitignore file.
- Go to https://github.com/NYUGameCenter/Unity-Git-Config/blob/master/.gitignore in your browser, and copy and paste the text file there.
- Then, to access your gitignore file from SourceTree:
 - o In the SourceTree menu bar at the top, go to Repository > Repository Settings
 - Click the "Advanced" tab
 - Near the top, you will see "repository-specific ignore list"... click "Edit" button.
 - You can edit the .gitignore in Notepad (Windows) or TextEdit (MacOS)
 - Paste the contents from the URL above.
 - Save the file and close it.

5. Setup your GitHub repo. You need to setup your git repo's twin on GitHub, so you can upload your files to it.

- Open <u>GitHub.com</u> in your browser and login
- Click the "+" button in the top right of the page, and "Create a New Repository"
- Type in a good descriptive name, ignore their bad twee name suggestions
- IMPORTANT: DO NOT INITIALIZE THE REPO WITH ANY FILES
 - DO NOT ADD A GITIGNORE
 - DO NOT ADD A README
 - DO NOT PASS GO, DO NOT COLLECT \$200
 - In fact, after you type in a name, DON'T EDIT ANYTHING ELSE, just click the big green "Create" button at the bottom.
 - o (Why? We already created / initialized a repo in step 3.)
- After you create the repo, it should be empty.
- Copy the "clone URL" in the webpage, it should start with "https://" and end with ".git"

6. Connect your local repo to your remote repo in SourceTree.

- In the SourceTree menu bar at the top, go to Repository > Repository Settings
- Click the "Add" button to add a remote
 - "Remote name" = traditionally, we use the name "origin"
 - "URL/Path" = paste the URL you copied from GitHub.com (see step 5)

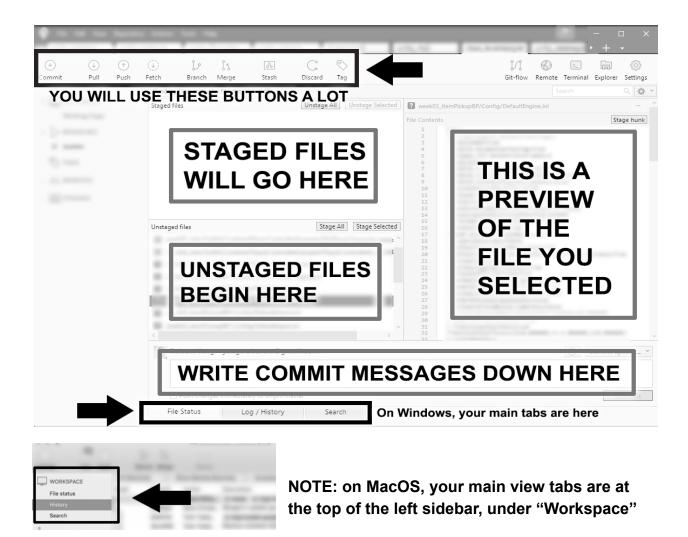
7. OK, you finished setting up your local and remote repo!

Good job. Now you need to make a commit, and push that commit to GitHub. (next page)

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Let's practice your typical daily workflow:

- click "Commit" button in top-left to open the File Status commit screen
- stage files; select unstaged files and click "Stage Selected" (or click "Stage All")
- write descriptive commit message at bottom,
- click "Commit" button in bottom-right to commit staged files
- click "Push" button at the top to upload committed files to GitHub



+ IMPORTANT WARNING ABOUT STAGING / UNSTAGING:

- If you want to unstage a file, then right-click the staged file and select "Unstage"
- **DO NOT select "Remove"**... this means "remove this file from tracking", and if the file isn't tracked, then that actually means "**remove this file from existence**"