# Osnove robotike

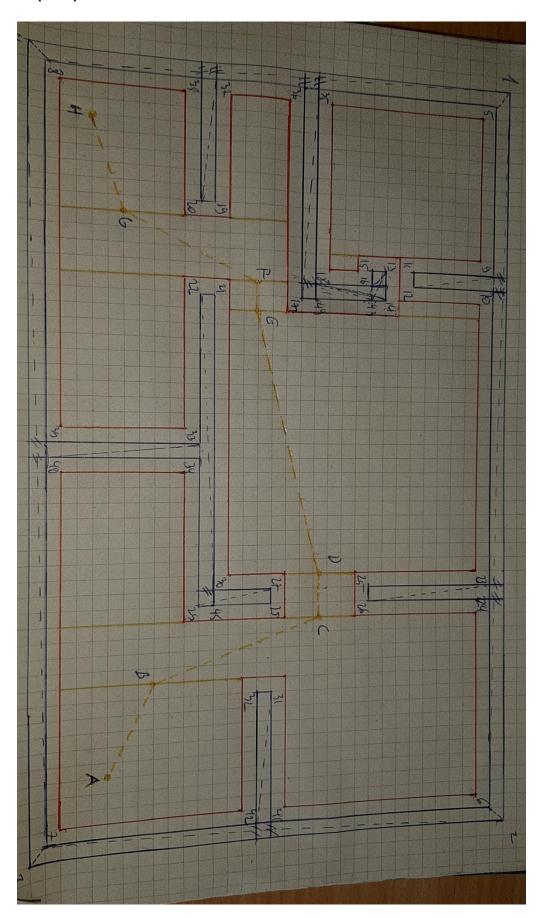
LV7

## PLANIRANJE KRETANJA MOBILNOG ROBOTA

**Denis Lazor** 

**Zadatak:** Na temelju nacrtane karte radne okoline mobilnog robota treba izraditi skriptu za prikaz te okoline i planiranje kretanja te pozvati skriptu za simlaciju kretanja mobilnog robota kroz prostor.

## → Mapa radne okoline (nacrt) :



#### → Skripta environment\_map.m

```
clear;
close all;
clc;
% environment map
map.dim = 2;
map.X = [
    260, 0;
                %1
    260, 165;
                응2
    0, 165;
                %3
    0, 0;
                응4
    5, 160;
                응5
    255, 160;
                응6
    255, 5;
                응7
    5, 5;
                응8
    60, 160;
                응 9
    65, 160;
                %10
    60, 145;
                %11
    65, 145;
                %12
    60, 120;
                %13
    70, 120;
                %14
    60, 115;
                %15
    65, 115;
                %16
    70, 100;
                %17
    65, 105;
                %18
    45, 40;
                %19
    45, 35;
                %20
    75, 60;
                %21
    75, 55;
                %22
    175, 160;
180, 160;
                %23
                %24
    175, 115;
                %25
    180, 115;
                %26
    175, 80;
                %27
    180, 80;
                %28
    180, 55;
                %29
    175, 60;
                %30
    210, 80;
                %31
    210, 75;
                %32
    125, 55;
                %33
    130, 55;
                %34
    5, 105;
                %35
    5, 100;
                %36
    5, 40;
                %37
    5, 35;
                %38
    125, 5;
                %39
                %40
    130, 5;
    255, 80;
                응41
    255, 75;
                %42
    70, 115;
                %43
    70, 105;
                %44
    180, 60;
                %45
    ]'*0.05;
                % 45 kuteva radne okoline (neki zapravo nisu kutevi u
                % stvarnosti, ali su bili potrebni radi podjele određenih
                % prepreka na trokute
```

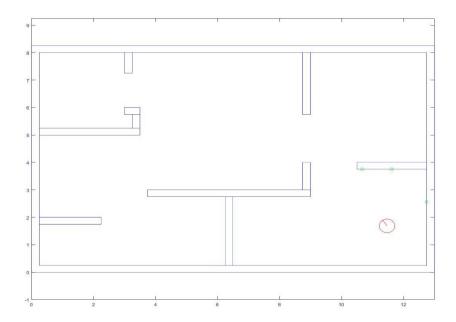
```
map.S = [
    1, 2, 6;
    1, 6, 5;
    2, 3, 7;
    2, 7, 6;
    3, 4, 7;
    4, 8, 7;
    4, 1, 8;
    1, 5, 8;
    9, 10, 12;
    9, 12, 11;
    13, 14, 43;
    13, 43, 15;
    16, 43, 18;
    43, 44, 18;
    35, 44, 17;
    35, 17, 36;
    37, 19, 20;
    37, 20, 38;
    23, 26, 25;
    23, 24, 26;
    31, 41, 42;
    31, 42, 32;
    27, 28, 45;
    27, 45, 30;
    21, 45, 22;
    45, 29, 22;
    33, 40, 39;
    33, 34, 40
    ]';
map = edges2(map);
map.nL = 0;
% robot
robot = createmobrob();
x0 = [235*0.05 25*0.05 2*pi/3]'; % Pocetni polozaj i kut mobilnog robota
robot.mem = [1; x0]; %mobrobctrlalg -> [iPt we]
% controller
ctrlparam.T = 0.05;
ctrlparam.vmax = 0.5;
ctrlparam.rho0 = 1;
ctrlparam.eta = 1e-4;
ctrlparam.path = [
    225, 40; %B
    180, 92.5;%C
    165, 92.5;%D
    80, 75;
    70, 75;
             %F
    50, 30;
              응G
    20, 20
              %H
    ]'*0.05;
             % Tocke putanje mobilnog robota
```

sim('mobrob sim.mdl');

### → Rezultati:

## Simulacija planiranog kretanja mobilnog robota: <a href="https://streamable.com/vunhag">https://streamable.com/vunhag</a>

Pozicija nakon 1,2 sekunde kretanja:



### Finalna pozicija:

