现代操作系统应用开发实验报告

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实验名称: _	UWP 实验 1

一、参考资料

- 1. 博客
- 2. QQ 群提问答疑
- 3. 微软官方文档

二、实验步骤

- 1. 自适应 UI 设计
- 2. Page 之间数据绑定
- 3. 逻辑结构部分完成优化
- 4. 页面设计美化

三、关键步骤截图

1. 自适应 UI

自适应分为两部分设计

① Mainpage 的宽度在 0 到 800 的时候右边部分不显示, 大于 800 的时候右边部分

显示

```
<VisualStateManager.VisualStateGroups>
    <VisualStateGroup x:Name="VisualStateGroup">
        <VisualState x:Name="VisualStateMin0">
            <VisualState.Setters>
               <Setter Target="rightView. (UIElement. Visibility)" Value="Collapsed" />
               </VisualState.Setters>
           <VisualState.StateTriggers>
                <AdaptiveTrigger MinWindowWidth="1" />
            </VisualState.StateTriggers>
        </VisualState>
        <VisualState x:Name="VisualStateMin800">
            <VisualState.Setters>
               <Setter Target="AddAppBarButton.Visibility" Value="Collapsed" />
<Setter Target="rightView. (UIElement.Visibility)" Value="Visible" />
            </VisualState.Setters>
            <VisualState.StateTriggers>
                <AdaptiveTrigger MinWindowWidth="800" />
            </VisualState.StateTriggers>
        </VisualState>
    </VisualStateGroup>
</VisualStateManager.VisualStateGroups>
```

② Mainpage 的宽度在 0 到 600 的时候右 Item 的图片不显示,大于 600 的时候图

片显示

```
<VisualStateManager.VisualStateGroups>
    <VisualStateGroup>
        <VisualState x:Name="narrow">
           <VisualState.StateTriggers>
               <AdaptiveTrigger MinWindowWidth="0" />
            </VisualState.StateTriggers>
            <VisualState.Setters>
                <\!Setter\ Target="MyImage". (UIElement.Visibility)"\ Value="Collapsed"/>
            </VisualState.Setters>
        </VisualState>
        <VisualState x:Name="wide">
            <VisualState.StateTriggers>
                <AdaptiveTrigger MinWindowWidth="600" />
            </VisualState.StateTriggers>
            <VisualState.Setters>
               <Setter Target="MyImage. (UIElement.Visibility)" Value="Visible" />
            </VisualState. Setters>
       </VisualState>
    </VisualStateGroup>
</VisualStateManager.VisualStateGroups>
```

③ Mainpage 添加一个 Frame, 让其宽度超过 800 显示

```
<Frame Name="rightView" Grid.Column="1">
//Frame
```

2. 数据绑定

定义 Model

其中 isChecked 表示 checkbox 是否选定和 opacity 表示直线是否显示

```
public class TodoItem
{
    private string id:
    public string Title { get: set: }
    public string Description { get: set: }
    public string Description { get: set: }
    public ImageSource image { get: set: }
    public double picSize { get: set: }
    public bool? igChecked { get: set: }
    public int opacity { get: set: }
    public int opacity { get: set: }
    public void UpdateItem(ImageSource image, double picSize, string title, string description, DateTimeOffset date, bool? isChecked, int opacity)
    {
        this.image = (image == null ? new BitmapImage(new Uri("Assets/pic_5.jpg")) : image): :
        this.fitle = title:
        this.Description = description:
        this.IsChecked = isChecked:
        this.Special == picSize:
        this.isChecked = isChecked:
        this.opacity = opacity:
}

public TodoItem(ImageSource_image, double picSize, string title, string description, DateTimeOffset itemDate, bool? isChecked = false, int opacity = 0)

{
        this.id = Gould.NewGouldO.ToString(): //生孫id
        this.image = (image == null ? new BitmapImage(new Uri("Assets/pic_5.jpg")) : _image):
        this.id = Gould.NewGouldO.ToString(): //生孫id
        this.picSize = picSize:
        this.spicSize = picSize:
```

ModelList 中定义一些方法

MainPage:

创建一个全局的静态 allItem,用来存储和删除 Item

```
public static ViewModels.TodoItemViewModel allItem = new ViewModels.TodoItemViewModel();

// strongly-typed view models enable x:bind
public ViewModels.TodoItemViewModel ViewModel { get { return allItem; } }
```

将 Item 模块化并且绑定

```
(ListView x:Name="listView" Grid.Row="1" IsItemClickEnabled="True" ItemClick="ListView_ItemClick" ItemsSource="{x:Bind ViewModel.AllItems}">
                            <Grid Height="100"
                                                                       <ColumnDefinition Width="Auto"/>
<ColumnDefinition Width="*"/>
                                                                                    <ColumnDefinition Width="100"/</pre>

(/Grid_ColumnDefinitions>
(/Grid_ColumnDefinitions>
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(/Grid_Column=finitions)
(
                                                                                     <AppBarButton.Flyout>
                                                                                                   <MenuFlvout>
                                                                                                                <MenuFlyoutItem Text="Edit" Click="EditItem"/>
                                                                                                                <MenuFlyoutItem Text="Delete" Click="DeleteItem"/>
                                                                                                </MenuFlyout>
                                                                                    </AppBarButton. Flyout>
                                                                     </AppBarButton>
                                                        </Grid>
                                         </UserControl>
                          </DataTemplate>
            </ListView.ItemTemplate>
```

Item 的 check 部分:

```
private void MyCheckBox_Click(object sender, RoutedEventArgs e)
    DependencyObject parent = VisualTreeHelper.GetParent((CheckBox)sender);
    Line MyLine = (Line) VisualTreeHelper. GetChild(parent, 3);
    CheckBox MyCheckBox = (CheckBox) sender;
    if (MyCheckBox.IsChecked == false)
       MyLine.Opacity = 0;
       var data = (sender as FrameworkElement).DataContext;
        var item = data as Models.TodoItem;
       this. ViewModel. selectedItem = item;
        this. ViewModel. selectedItem. isChecked = false;
        this. ViewModel. selectedItem. opacity = 0;
    else
       MyLine.Opacity = 1;
       var data = (sender as FrameworkElement).DataContext;
       var item = data as Models. TodoItem;
        this. ViewModel. selectedItem = item;
       this. ViewModel. selectedItem. isChecked = true;
        this. ViewModel. selectedItem. opacity = 1;
```

对 Item 的操作:

- ① 点击显示详情
- ② 添加
- ③ 删除

```
private\ void\ ListView\_ItemClick(object\ sender,\ ItemClickEventArgs\ e)
    allItem.selectedItem = e.ClickedItem as Models.TodoItem;
    if (rightView. Visibility == Visibility. Visible)
       rightView. Navigate(typeof(NewPage), allItem.selectedItem);
    else
       Frame rootFrame = Window. Current. Content as Frame;
       rootFrame. Navigate (typeof (NewPage), allItem. selectedItem);
private void DeleteItem(object sender, RoutedEventArgs e)
   var data = (sender as FrameworkElement).DataContext;
   var item = data as Models. TodoItem;
    this.ViewModel.selectedItem = item;
    this. ViewModel. RemoveTodoItem("");
   if(rightView.Visibility == Visibility.Visible)
       rightView. Navigate(typeof(NewPage));
   var msgbox = new MessageDialog("刪除成功!");
    var result = msgbox.ShowAsync();
private void EditItem(object sender, RoutedEventArgs e)
    var data = (sender as FrameworkElement).DataContext;
   var item = data as Models.TodoItem;
   allItem.selectedItem = item;
   if(rightView.Visibility == Visibility.Visible)
        rightView.Navigate(typeof(NewPage), allItem.selectedItem);
    else
       Frame rootFrame = Window. Current. Content as Frame;
       rootFrame. Navigate (typeof (NewPage), allItem. selectedItem);
```

窄屏"+"按钮操作

```
private void AddAppBarButton_Click(object sender, RoutedEventArgs e)
{
    if(rightView.Visibility != Visibility.Visible)
    {
        Frame rootFrame = Window.Current.Content as Frame;
        rootFrame.Navigate(typeof(NewPage));
    }
    else
    {
        rightView.Navigate(typeof(NewPage));
    }
}
```

齿轮操作:

- ① 修改
- ② 删除

```
private void DeleteItem(object sender, RoutedEventArgs e)
    var data = (sender as FrameworkElement).DataContext;
    var item = data as Models.TodoItem;
    this. ViewModel. selectedItem = item;
    this.ViewModel.RemoveTodoItem("");
if (rightView.Visibility == Visibility.Visible)
        rightView. Navigate(typeof(NewPage));
    var msgbox = new MessageDialog("刪除成功!");
    var result = msgbox.ShowAsync();
private void EditItem(object sender, RoutedEventArgs e)
    var data = (sender as FrameworkElement).DataContext;
    var item = data as Models.TodoItem;
    allItem.selectedItem = item;
    if (rightView. Visibility == Visibility. Visible)
        rightView. Navigate(typeof(NewPage), allItem. selectedItem);
    else
        Frame rootFrame = Window. Current. Content as Frame;
        {\tt rootFrame.\,Navigate}\,({\tt typeof}\,({\tt NewPage}),\ {\tt allItem.\,selectedItem})\,;
```

NewPage:

创建一个 Item,接收 MainPage 传来的 Item 的详情数据

```
protected override void OnNavigatedTo(NavigationEventArgs e)

{
    this, ViewModel = e. Parameter as Models. TodoItem;
    if (this, ViewModel = mull)
        DeleteAppBarButton, Visibility = Visibility, Visible;
        MySlider. Value = this, ViewModel, picSize;
        titleFext. Text = this, ViewModel, picSize;
        titleFext. Text = this, ViewModel, Description;
        DatePicker. Date = this, ViewModel, Description;
        DatePicker. Date = this, ViewModel, ItemDate;
        pic. Source = this, ViewModel, ItemDate;
        pic. Source = this, ViewModel, image;
        createButton. Content = "Update";

}

dateButtings:

dateButtin
```

按钮 '+' 操作

正在修改Item时候,点击直接到一个新的页面(个人感觉这样比较方便使用所以这样)

```
private void AddAppBarButton_Click(object sender, RoutedEventArgs e)

{
    //修改Item中,直接新建Item
    if(this.ViewModel != null)
    {
        MainPage.allItem.selectedItem = null;
        this.ViewModel = null;
        DeleteAppBarButton.Visibility = Visibility.Collapsed;
        MySlider.Value = 0.5;
        titleText.Text = "";
        detailText.Text = "";
        detailText.Text = "";
        DatePicker.Date = DateTimeOffset.Now;
        createButton.Content = "Create";
    }
    else
    {
        if (Window.Current.Bounds.Width < 800 && SystemNavigationManager.GetForCurrentView().AppViewBackButtonVisibility == AppViewBackButtonVisibility.Collapsed)
        {
            Frame rootFrame = Window.Current.Content as Frame;
            rootFrame.Navigate(typeof(NewPage));
        }
    }
}
```

删除操作

```
private void DeleteAppBarButton_Click(object sender, RoutedEventArgs e)
{
    MainPage.allItem.RemoveTodoItem("");
    DeleteAppBarButton.Visibility = Visibility.Collapsed;
    var msgbox = new MessageDialog("删除成功!");
    var result = msgbox.ShowAsync();
    Frame rootFrame = Window.Current.Content as Frame;
    rootFrame.Navigate(typeof(MainPage));
}
```

创建 更新 取消 按钮逻辑操作

四、亮点与改进 (可选)

齿轮可以操作 Item 的修改和删除

- ① 逻辑部分处理的不够规范, 有点混乱
- ② 很多 C#的操作都不清楚, 代码有点冗余
- ③ 页面跳转的逻辑感觉现在写的不是很清晰,方法有点暴力

五、遇到的问题

- ① MainPage 怎么显示两个页面
- ② 页面怎么自适应
- ③ 数据绑定
- ④ 两个页面之间的数据绑定

六、思考与总结

这次实验问题很多,很多东西都不知道,只能不断翻博客,查文档,还有问别人,对 xmal 和 c#没有系统基础学习,平时有时间应该自己主动学习下。MVVM 模式不熟悉,使用起来不是很规范。