

## Assignment 7

Due on Wednesday, May 1

Please hand in Solutions to all 5 problems.

1. Let  $X$  be a topological vector space,  $C$  be a closed subset of  $X$ , and  $K$  be a compact subset of  $X$ . Show that  $C + K$  is closed.
2. Let  $X$  be a locally convex topological vector space and let  $x \in X \setminus \{0\}$  be given. Show that there exists a continuous linear functional  $f : X \rightarrow \mathbb{K}$  such that  $f(x) \neq 0$ .
3. Let  $\mathbb{K} = \mathbb{C}$  and let  $X$  be the set of all continuous functions  $f : [0, 1] \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ . Define the metric  $\rho$  on  $X$  by

$$\rho(f, g) = \int_0^1 \frac{|f(x) - g(x)|}{1 + |f(x) - g(x)|} dx.$$

Let  $(X, \sigma)$  denote  $X$  equipped with the topology induced by  $\rho$  and let  $(X, \tau)$  denote  $X$  equipped with the topology defined by the separating family  $\{p_x : x \in [0, 1]\}$  of seminorms, where

$$p_x(f) = |f(x)| \text{ for all } x \in X.$$

Let  $I$  denote the identity mapping on  $X$ .

- (a) Show that  $I : (X, \tau) \rightarrow (X, \sigma)$  is bounded. (Notice that this is equivalent to showing that every set that is topologically  $\tau$ -bounded is also topologically  $\sigma$ -bounded.)
- (b) Show that  $I : (X, \tau) \rightarrow (X, \sigma)$  fails to be continuous.

(Note: This is also an example of a linear mapping between two TVS that is sequentially continuous, but not continuous.)

4. Let  $X$  be a topological vector space and let  $E$  be a subset of  $X$ . Show that  $E$  is topologically bounded if and only if the following property holds: For every sequence  $\{\alpha_n\}_{n=1}^\infty$  in  $\mathbb{K}$  such that  $\alpha_n \rightarrow 0$  as  $n \rightarrow \infty$  and every sequence  $\{x_n\}_{n=1}^\infty$  such that  $x_n \in E$  for all  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ , we have  $\alpha_n x_n \rightarrow 0$  as  $n \rightarrow \infty$ .
5. Let  $X$  be a locally convex topological vector space with a countable local base. Let  $\{V_n : n \in \mathbb{N}\}$  be a local base such that for each  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ ,  $V_n$  is balanced and convex. (Each  $V_n$  is automatically absorbing.) For each  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  put

$$p_n(x) = p^{V_n}(x) \text{ for all } x \in X,$$

where  $p^{V_n}$  is the Minkowski functional for  $V_n$ . Define  $F : X \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  by

$$F(x) = \max \left\{ \frac{1}{n} \min\{1, p_n(x)\} : n \in \mathbb{N} \right\} \quad \text{for all } x \in X.$$

Define  $\rho : X \times X \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  by

$$\rho(x, y) = F(x - y) \quad \text{for all } x, y \in X.$$

- (a) Convince yourself that  $\rho$  is a translation invariant metric on  $X$ . You do not need to hand anything in for this part, just make sure that you convince yourself, and that you could convince me if I were to ask for details.
- (b) Show that each open  $\rho$ -ball centered at 0 is balanced.
- (c) Show that each open  $\rho$ -ball is convex.
- (d) Show that  $\rho$  induces the topology of  $X$ .

(Observe that radii  $r > 1$  are irrelevant since  $F(x) \leq 1$  for all  $x \in X$ . For  $0 < r \leq 1$ , there is an elegant formula for  $\{x \in X : F(x) < r\}$ .)