21-373, Algebraic Structures, Department of Mathematical Sciences, Carnegie Mellon University Fall 2011: (Math Studies Section) Monday, Wednesday, Friday, 10:30 am, Porter Hall 226B. Luc Tartar, University Professor of Mathematics, Wean Hall 6212, tartar@cmu.edu

Assignment 10 - Wednesday November 30, 2011. Due Monday December 5

**Exercise 64**: Show that the polynomial  $P = -1 + (x-1)(x-2)\cdots(x-n)$  is irreducible in  $\mathbb{Z}[x]$  for all  $n \geq 1$ .

**Exercise 65**: For  $n \ge 2$ , show that  $P = 1 + x + \ldots + x^{n-1}$  is irreducible in  $\mathbb{Z}[x]$  if and only if n is prime.

**Exercise 66**: Determine the splitting field extensions  $F \subset \mathbb{C}$  for  $P_j$  over  $\mathbb{Q}$  and compute  $[F:\mathbb{Q}]$  for

- i)  $P_1 = x^4 2$ ,
- ii)  $P_2 = x^4 + 2$ , iii)  $P_3 = x^4 + x^2 + 1$ , iv)  $P_4 = x^6 4$ .

**Exercise 67:** Show that the product of the non-zero elements of any finite field E is -1.

**Exercise 68**: Find the number of monic irreducible polynomials of degree 4 in  $\mathbb{Z}_3[x]$ .

**Exercise 69**: Find the number of monic irreducible polynomials of degree d in  $\mathbb{Z}_p[x]$ , when both d and p are prime.

**Exercise 70**: (Putnam 2001-A3) For each integer m, consider the polynomial

$$P_m(x) = x^4 - (2m+4)x^2 + (m-2)^2$$
.

For what values of m is  $P_m(x)$  the product of two non-constant polynomials with integer coefficients?