



Weekly Work Report

Hongzhi Liu

VISION@OUC

August 12, 2018

1 Research problem

During this period of week, I spend time studying deep learning courses and working about Faster R-CNN algorithm for off-line test and FGFA algorithm for video object detection method in order to prepare URPC2018. Our team try to modify codes in project in order to output txt documents to evaluate algorithm performance. Besides, I download ILSVRC2015 DET and VID datasets to train a FGFA model and solve the problem in running code.

Because of difficulty in code modification, I have difficulty in adding codes to realize the function which can read test_list.txt then output a txt which includes information about picture ID, class, confidence and correct bounding box. Furthermore, I need to rectify and debug the relevant codes of algorithm until they can meet the requirement to test and evaluate a contest model. At last, I should try to train a contest model by using flow guided feature aggregation algorithm.

2 Research approach

In the process of research, I use the method of documentary analysis, comparative analysis and experimental research method. I read the thesis of Fast R-CNN [1], Faster R-CNN algorithm [2] and flow guided feature aggregation [3]. I try to unferstand core ideology in paper and learn about concept introduced by author.

Besides, I learn grammatical structure of python on the one hand, and on the other hand, I try to write script files to achieve batch processing commands. By this method, I can have a better understanding of python.

For deep learning, I watch the fourth course videos and write down the issues which I think are much important for further research. And then, I not only have learned the lessons of deep learning, but also put them into coding action.

3 Research progress

During preparation for URPC2018, I receive two more kinds of image restoration datasets to train models and test how good the restoration algorithm are with mAP value. I continue to learn about Faster R-CNN algorithm [2] and relevant theory of flow guided feature aggregation [3]. Furthermore, I receive three datasets which have been image restored. By using the remote server, I try to train three knids of contest models with data sets and solve the porblem encountered when running a program with help of senior student. I will list details about weekly work in Tab. 1 below.

Table 1: Weekly work progress.

URPC2018	Finish modifying codes in Faster R-CNN algorithm project.
	Functions can be realized to read information in test_list.txt and output the detection result. .
	Finish test four image restoration method that are cla2, cla6, hsv and dcp and compare mAP value among them.
	Succeed in running a demo of flow-guided feature aggregation for video object detection algorithm.
Deep Learning	Finish learning Convolutional Neural Networks which is the fourth course of deep learning.

4 Progress in this week

During preparation for URPC2018, I have reordered four image restoration datasets upload to server. Then I spend time checking why output results of mAP value is too low and know the reason finally. After getting the correct result of mAP value of four image restoration methods, we compare them with origin picture to sum up experience. Besides, I modified code to make the output text is in

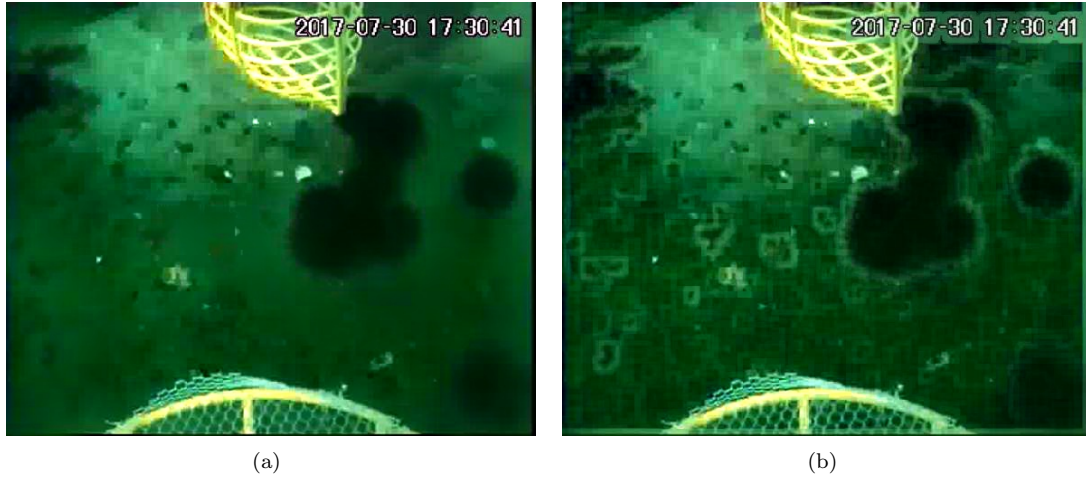


Figure 1: Two kinds of image restoration.

correct method according to the official description. Furthermore, I can run a FGFA demo and solve the problem in running code.

Step 1 Finish uploading cla2, cla6, hsv datasets which are reordered.

Step 2 Finish analyzing the low test value of output text and modifying codes in Faster R-CNN algorithm project.

Step 3 Finish outputting the correct txt to meet the requirement of contest and compare the method of image restoration.

Step 4 Finish learning Convolutional Neural Networks which is the fourth lesson.

4.1 Data Sets

In this week, our team product two new image restoration datasets that are dcp and dcp_guided methods as shown in Fig. 1. We train the contest model with the two datasets. Besides, I reordered cla2, cla6 and hsv pictures with thousands of image to train and test. Fig. 1(a) is the picture restored by dcp method, Fig. 1(b) is the picture restored by dcp_guided method. And we use Algorithm 4.1 to reorder name to VOC format.

```
import os
path = "/home/henry/File/URPC2018/VOC/VOC2007/JPEG/test/dcp"
path1 = "/home/henry/File/URPC2018/VOC/VOC2007/JPEG/test/train"
filelist = os.listdir(path)
for file in filelist:
    Olddir=os.path.join(path, file)
    if os.path.isdir(Olddir):
        continue
    filename=os.path.splitext(file)[0]
    filetype=os.path.splitext(file)[1]
    Newdir=os.path.join(path1, str(int(filename)+1).zfill(6)+filetype)
    os.rename(Olddir, Newdir)
```

4.2 Test a Contest Model

When we first test model by using testlist.txt according to contest, we get a low value. After two days analysis, we know that we have wrong with ID and picture name. Then I try to modified codes

		Fast-CNN						
		阈值	holothurian	echinus	scallop	starfish	mean AP	Median AP
	原图	0.8	0.916	0.945	0.782	0.952	0.898	0.93
		0.78	0.82	0.909	0.668	0.918	0.829	0.864
		0.8	0.817	0.906	0.66	0.916	0.825	0.861
	clahe2	0.82	0.813	0.902	0.651	0.916	0.82	0.857
	clahe6	0.8	0.748	0.883	0.621	0.852	0.776	0.8
clahe	hsv	0.8	0.81	0.899	0.614	0.914	0.809	0.855
	dcp	0.8	0.911	0.944	0.746	0.95	0.888	0.927

Figure 2: Output results of several methods.

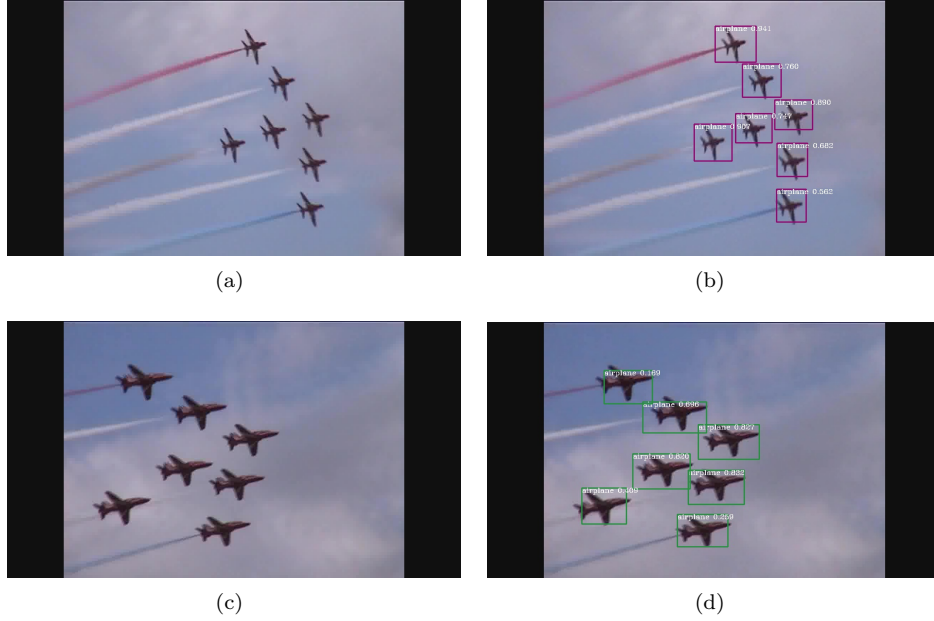


Figure 3: Demo of flow-guided feature aggregation for video object detection.

in the project of Faster R-CNN files, relevant codes in pascal_voc.py need to revise just as shown in Algorithm 4.2. At last, we successfully solved the problem. The results of methods can be seen in Fig. 2.

Furthermore, I should compare check total loss of my model to learn more about my model. Simulation results prove that this improved algorithm achieves an effect in accelerating the converging rate.

```
def demo(sess, net, image_name):
    # Load the demo image
    print('demoDemo_for_data/demo/{}'.format(image_name[0], '.jpg'))
    print('demoDemo_for_data/demo/{}'.format(image_name[1], '.jpg'))
    print('\n')

    all_name = image_name+'.jpg'
    im_file = os.path.join(cfg.DATA_DIR, 'demo', all_name)
    im = cv2.imread(im_file)

    fr = open('/home/henry/Files/tf-faster-rcnn-contest/data/VOCdevkit2007/test.txt', 'r')
    for im_name in fr:
        im_name = im_name.strip()
        im_name = im_name.split('_')
        print('~~~~~')
        print('mainDemo_for_data/demo/{}'.format(im_name[0], '.jpg'))
```

```

print( 'mainDemo_for_data/demo/{}'.format(im_name[1], '.jpg'))
print( '\n')
demo(sess, net, im_name[0])

```

4.3 Demo of FGFA

There are some difficulties running the demo for us because of little issue reference in the github and blogs. So senior student and I try our best to solve the problems. And I can run a demo with some picture just as shown in Fig. 3.

5 Plan

Objective: Finish training a model with flow-guided feature aggregation for video object detection.

Deadline: 2018.08.15

2018.07.16—2018.07.22 Finish neural networks and Deep Learning.

2018.07.23—2018.07.29 Finish improving deep neural networks courses.

2018.07.30—2018.08.05 Finish structuring machine learning projects courses.

2018.08.06—2018.08.12 Finish convolutional neural networks courses.

2018.08.13—2018.08.19 Finish sequence models courses.

References

- [1] R. Girshick. Fast R-CNN. In *ICCV*, 2015. 1
- [2] S. Ren, K. He, R. Girshick, and J. Sun. Faster R-CNN: Towards real-time object detection with region proposal networks. In *NIPS*, 2015. 1
- [3] X. Zhu, Y. Wang, J. Dai, L. Yuan, and W. Yichen. Flow-guided feature aggregation for video object detection. In *ICCV*, 2017. 1