Using the genefilter function to filter genes from a microarray dataset

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Introduction

The genefilter package can be used to filter (select) genes from a microarray dataset according to a variety of different filtering mechanisms. Here, we will consider the example dataset in the sample.ExpressionSet example from the Biobase package. This experiment has 26 samples, and there are 500 genes and 3 covariates. The covariates are named sex, type and score. The first two have two levels and the last one is continuous.

One dichotomy that can be of interest for subsequent analyses is whether the filter is *specific* or *non-specific*. Here, specific means that we are filtering with reference to sample metadata, for example, type. For example, if we want to select genes that are differentially expressed in the two groups defined by type, that is a specific filter. If on the other hand we want to select genes that are expressed in more than 5 samples, that is an example of a non-specific filter.

First, let us see how to perform a non-specific filter. Suppose we want to select genes that have an expression measure above 200 in at least 5 samples. To do that we use the function kOverA.

There are three steps that must be performed.

- 1. Create function(s) implementing the filtering criteria.
- 2. Assemble it (them) into a (combined) filtering function.
- 3. Apply the filtering function to the expression matrix.

```
> f1 <- kOverA(5, 200)
> ffun <- filterfun(f1)
> wh1 <- genefilter(exprs(sample.ExpressionSet), ffun)
> sum(wh1)
[1] 159
```

Here f1 is a function that implies our "expression measure above 200 in at least 5 samples" criterion, the function ffun is the filtering function (which in this case consists of only one criterion), and we apply it using genefilter. There were 159 genes that satisfied the criterion and passed the filter.

As an example for a specific filter, let us select genes that are differentially expressed in the groups defined by type.

```
> f2 <- ttest(sample.ExpressionSet$type, p=0.1)
> wh2 <- genefilter(exprs(sample.ExpressionSet), filterfun(f2))
> sum(wh2)
[1] 88
```

Here, ttest is a function from the genefilter package which provides a suitable wrapper around t.test from package *stats*. Now we see that there are 88 genes that satisfy the selection criterion.

Suppose that we want to combine the two filters. We want those genes for which at least 5 have an expression measure over 200 and which also are differentially expressed between the groups defined by type.

```
> ffun_combined <- filterfun(f1, f2)
> wh3 <- genefilter(exprs(sample.ExpressionSet), ffun_combined)
> sum(wh3)
[1] 35
```

Now we see that there are only 35 genes that satisfy both conditions.

Selecting genes that appear useful for prediction

The function knnCV defined below performs k-nearest neighbour classification using leave-one-out cross-validation. At the same time it aggregates the genes that were selected. The function returns the predicted classifications as its returned value. However, there is an additional side effect. The number of times that each gene was used (provided it was at least one) are recorded and stored in the environment of the aggregator Agg. These can subsequently be retrieved and used for other purposes.

```
}
        else
           v1 <- v1[glist]</pre>
        out <- paste("iter ",i, " num genes= ", sum(glist), sep="")</pre>
        print(out)
        Aggregate(row.names(expr), Agg)
        if(length(v1) == 1)
           outvals[i] <- knn(expr, v1, cov[-i], k=5)</pre>
        else
            outvals[i] \leftarrow knn(t(expr), v1, cov[-i], k=5)
      return(outvals)
  gfun <- function(expr, cov, p=0.05) {
      f2 <- ttest(cov, p=p)</pre>
      ffun <- filterfun(f2)</pre>
      which <- genefilter(expr, ffun)</pre>
    }
   Next we show how to use this function on the dataset geneData.
   library("class")
    ##scale the genes
    ##genescale is a slightly more flexible "scale"
    ##work on a subset -- for speed only
   geneData <- genescale(exprs(sample.ExpressionSet)[1:75,], 1)</pre>
   Agg <- new("aggregator")</pre>
    testcase <- knnCV(geneData, gfun, sample.ExpressionSet$type,</pre>
           Agg, pselect=0.05)
> sort(sapply(aggenv(Agg), c), decreasing=TRUE)
         AFFX-MurIL4_at
                                                           AFFX-hum_alu_at
                                 AFFX-TrpnX-M_at
                      26
                                                26
       AFFX-YEL018w/_at
                                         31308_at
                                                            AFFX-PheX-M_at
               31312_at
                                 AFFX-BioC-3_st AFFX-HUMRGE/M10098_M_at
                                                3
         AFFX-DapX-5_at
                                                          AFFX-BioDn-5_at
                            AFFX-TrpnX-5_at
         AFFX-PheX-5_at
```

The environment Agg contains, for each gene, the number of times it was selected in the cross-validation.

Session Information

The version number of R and packages loaded for generating the vignette were:

• R version 4.2.0 RC (2022-04-19 r82224 ucrt), x86_64-w64-mingw32

- Locale: LC_COLLATE=C, LC_CTYPE=English_United States.utf8, LC_MONETARY=English_United States.utf8, LC_NUMERIC=C, LC_TIME=English_United States.utf8
- Running under: Windows Server x64 (build 20348)
- Matrix products: default
- Base packages: base, datasets, grDevices, graphics, methods, stats, utils
- Other packages: ALL 1.37.0, Biobase 2.56.0, BiocGenerics 0.42.0, class 7.3-20, genefilter 1.78.0, knitr 1.38
- Loaded via a namespace (and not attached): AnnotationDbi 1.58.0, BiocManager 1.30.17, BiocStyle 2.24.0, Biostrings 2.64.0, DBI 1.1.2, GenomeInfoDb 1.32.0, GenomeInfoDbData 1.2.8, IRanges 2.30.0, KEGGREST 1.36.0, Matrix 1.4-1, R6 2.5.1, RCurl 1.98-1.6, RSQLite 2.2.12, Rcpp 1.0.8.3, S4Vectors 0.34.0, XML 3.99-0.9, XVector 0.36.0, annotate 1.74.0, bit 4.0.4, bit64 4.0.5, bitops 1.0-7, blob 1.2.3, cachem 1.0.6, cli 3.3.0, codetools 0.2-18, compiler 4.2.0, crayon 1.5.1, digest 0.6.29, evaluate 0.15, fastmap 1.1.0, grid 4.2.0, highr 0.9, htmltools 0.5.2, httr 1.4.2, lattice 0.20-45, magick 2.7.3, magrittr 2.0.3, memoise 2.0.1, png 0.1-7, rlang 1.0.2, rmarkdown 2.14, splines 4.2.0, stats4 4.2.0, stringi 1.7.6, stringr 1.4.0, survival 3.3-1, tools 4.2.0, vctrs 0.4.1, xfun 0.30, xtable 1.8-4, yaml 2.3.5, zlibbioc 1.42.0