

lively⁴ Cache

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Web Development 2016 Software Architecture Group Supervisors Jens Lincke and Stefan Lehmann



Context

Lively 4

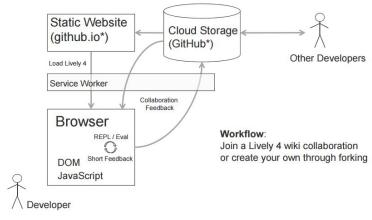
Next generation in-web publishing platform

- → Embrace newest web technologies
- → Reuse existing web APIs

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Inter-Team Collaboration

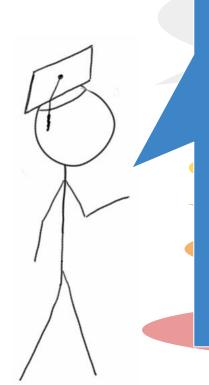
- → Working on living code (don't break things)
- → Weekly inter-team meetings (if available)







Motivation



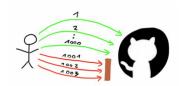
... just fast(er)!





Goals

→ Avoid hitting API limits



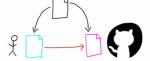
→ Speed up loading lively environment



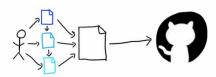
→ Work offline



→ Write conflict detection



→ Local write store / bulk write







Background: Unified Data Backend



Service Worker based hierarchical "file system"

- → Uniform API (read, write, stat)
- → Mount different filesystems (exchange)
- → Mount subtree at any point (combine)

Everything is a file

- → Expose internals as filesystem
- → Control and configure by writing to files





Background: Cache

Read Cache

- → Usually transparent to user
 - HTTP client cache
 - OS file system caches
 - RAM page cache
 - CPU instruction cache
- → Widely used technique
 - In-Memory cache techniques
 - Redis, Memcached

Write Cache

- → Often explicit controlled
 - ◆ Git Index
 - Offline google docs
- → Less used
 - Requires application specific handling code (conflicts)





A local programmable caching server?

Service workers essentially act as **proxy servers** that sit **between web applications**, and the browser **and network** (when available.)

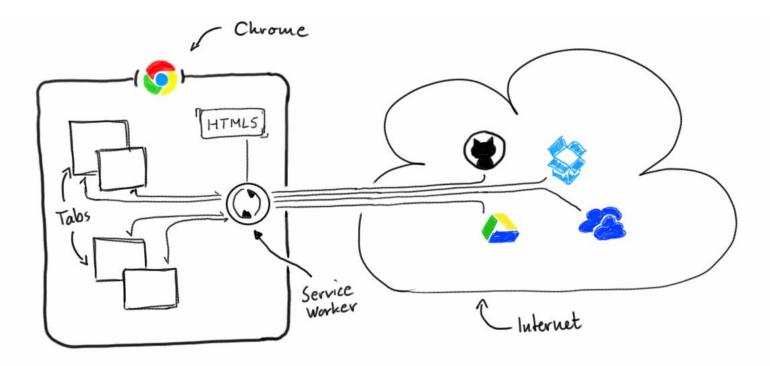
They are intended to (amongst other things) enable the creation of effective **offline experiences**, intercepting network requests and taking appropriate action based on whether the network is available and **updated assets reside on the server**. They will also allow access to push notifications and background sync APIs.

- Mozilla Developer Network





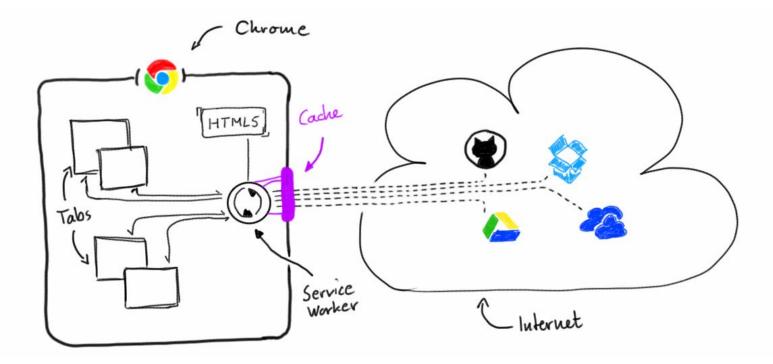
Unified Data Backend Concept







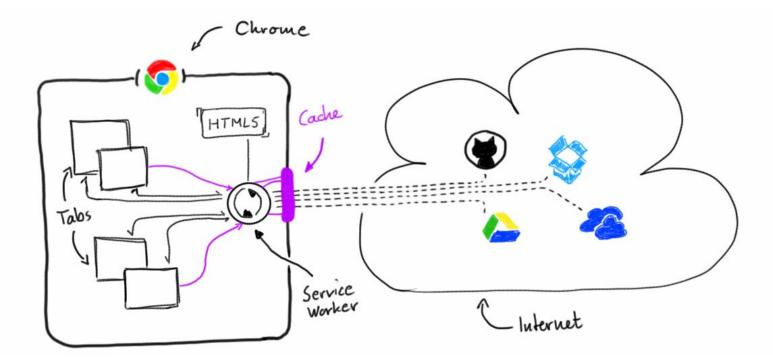
Cache Concept







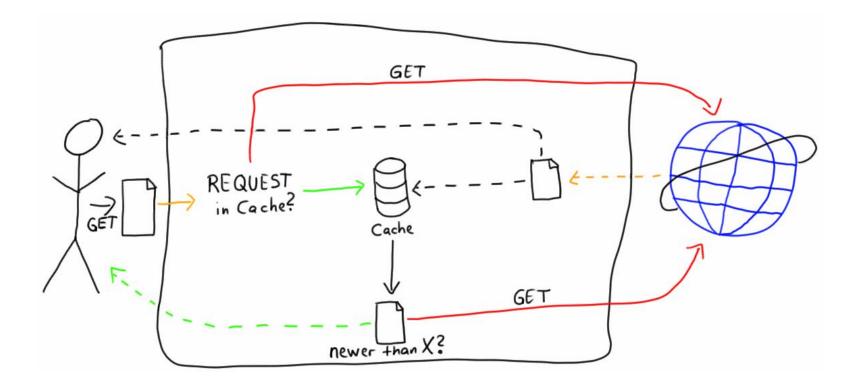
Cache Interaction Concept







Cache Internals

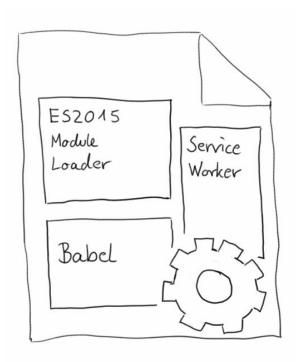






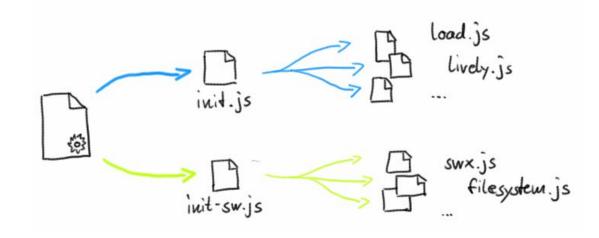
Single precompiled loader:

- Handling ES2015 modules
 - Custom ES6 module micro loader
- Transpiling ES6/7+ code
 - o Babel 6 w/ plugin support
 - No transpile to ES3 but latest
 Chrome (already has 98% ES6 cov)
- Initialize service worker (SW)
 - Avoid SW scoping issues
- Load "init process" files
 - Expose small kernel API as module













```
// kernel.conf.14.js
module.exports = {
   LOADER_TRANSPILE: true,
   WORKER_BASE: "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/LivelyKernel/lively4-serviceworker/master/src/",
   WORKER_ENABLED: true,
   WORKER_INIT: "/swx.js",
   WORKER_EMBED: false,
   CLIENT_ENABLED: true,
   CLIENT_BASE: "./",
   CLIENT_INIT: "/src/init.js",
}
```

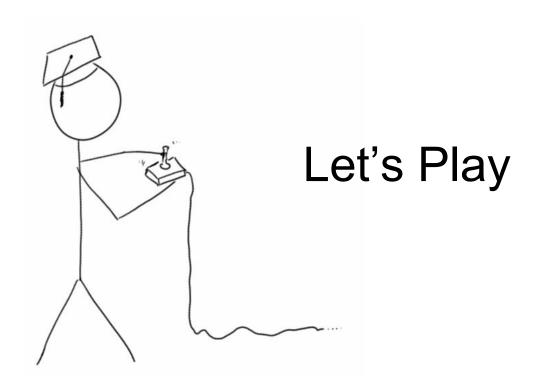




```
<html>
 <head>
   <title>Lively 4 Kernel Example Page</title>
    <script src="../dist-kernel-loader.js"</pre>
            type="text/javascript"
            data-lively-kernel>
    </script>
 </head>
 <body>
    <script>
     System.import('/examples/test.js').then((test) => {
        if (Notification.permission !== "granted")
          Notification.requestPermission();
        var notification = new Notification(test.message);
      })
   </script>
 </body>
</html>
```













Discussion

- Concept Advantages
 - Based on HTTP caching
 - Read cache transparent to user
 - Integration into filesystems
 - Client library independent
- Technology Advantages
 - Use browser cache API
 - Build on client library independent code

- Serviceworker Limitations
 - No caching of early boot files without hacks
 - Cannot/does not cache its own files
- Filesystem Limitations
 - File systems need to be adjusted
 - Does not quickly detect changes (no backend support)
 - Limited sysfs controlling





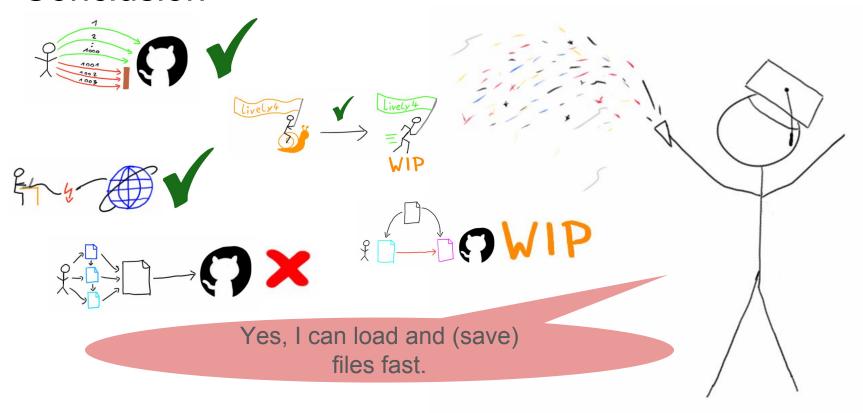
Future Work

- Collect multiple changes and write as bulk
 - FS-specific bulk writes: git commit multiple files [more]
- Self-contained pre-compiled minimal loader for distribution
 - Use it! Boot lively4 core from loader
- Cache loader files itself
 - o start.html, swx-loader, SW files
- Handle conflicts in editor, file browser, diff tool more
- Use file systems (infrastructure) on lively4-server





Conclusion







Sources

https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/API/Service_Worker_API

http://uxrepo.com/static/icon-sets/font-awesome/png32/256/000000/linux-256-000000.png

Inspiration: The Greatest™ Seminar Software Design 15/16 Team 4 Final Presentation





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Explicit commit on GitHubFS

```
PUT /src/file1.js
PUT /src/file2.js
GET /sys/fs/0/changes
// => {files: {435: "/src/files1.js", 264: "/src/files2.js"}, diff: ...}
PUT /sys/fs/0/commit
  {message: "Change whitespace formatting", ...}
// => {sha: "43f45...", url: "https://github.com/..."}
// PS.: Could be mirrored on lively4-server for remote usage (gitfs)
```





Conflict detection

```
GET /file.js
  ETag: 63fee7436
PUT /file.js
  If-Unmodified: 63fee7436
  //=> 412 Precondition failed
GET /file.js
 //=> Returns new file content
// Do local diff in editor and save with new ETag
```

