



Cálculo - Análise e Desenvolvimento de Sistemas

Prova 02

Data: 23/06/2020

Calcule, pela definição de derivadas (fórmula do limite), as derivadas das funções abaixo:

1.
$$f(x) = -4x^2 + x + 2$$
 (1,5)

2.
$$f(x) = \frac{x+2}{x-3}$$
 (2,5)

3.
$$f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 - x}$$
 (3,0)

4.
$$f(x) = 4 - \sqrt{2x - 1}$$
 (3,0)

Obs.: todos os desenvolvimentos deverão ser demonstrados.

Cálculo de derivada pela definição

$$f'(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{f(x + \Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x}$$

Alguns produtos notáveis

$$(a+b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2$$

$$(a-b)^2 = a^2 - 2ab + b^2$$

$$a^2 - b^2 = (a + b)(a - b)$$





1)
$$f(x) = -4x^2 + x + 2$$

 $f(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{f(x + \Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x}$
 $f(x + \Delta x) = -4(x + \Delta x)^2 + (x + \Delta x) + 2$
 $= -4(x^2 + 2x \Delta x + \Delta x^2) + x + \Delta x + 2$
 $= -4x^2 - 8x \Delta x - 4\Delta x^2 + x + \Delta x + 2$
 $f(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{-4x^2 - 8x \Delta x - 4\Delta x^2 + x + \Delta x + 2 - (-4x^2 + x + 2)}{\Delta x}$
 $f(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{-4x^2 - 8x \Delta x - 4\Delta x^2 + x + \Delta x + 2 + 4x^2 - x - 2}{\Delta x}$
 $f(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{-8x \Delta x - 4\Delta x^2 + \Delta x}{\Delta x} = \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{4x(-8x - 4\Delta x + 1)}{\Delta x}$
 $f(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} (-8x - 4\Delta x + 1) = -8x - 4 \cdot 0 + 1 = -8x + 1$





2)
$$f(x) = \frac{x+2}{x-3}$$
 $f(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{f(x+\Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x}$
 $f(x+\Delta x) = \frac{(x+\Delta x)+2}{(x+\Delta x)-3} = \frac{x+\Delta x+2}{x+\Delta x-3}$
 $f(x+\Delta x) - f(x) = \frac{x+\Delta x+2}{x+\Delta x-3} = \frac{x+2}{x-3} = \frac{(x+\Delta x-3)(x-3)}{(x+\Delta x-3)(x-3)}$
 $f(x+\Delta x) - f(x) = \frac{x^2+x\Delta x+2x-3x-3\Delta x-6-(x^2+x\Delta x-3x+2x+2x+2x-6)}{(x+\Delta x-3)(x-3)}$
 $f(x+\Delta x) - f(x) = \frac{x^2+x\Delta x+2x-3x-3\Delta x-6-(x^2+x\Delta x-3x+2x+2x+2x-6)}{(x+\Delta x-3)(x-3)}$
 $f(x+\Delta x) - f(x) = \frac{x^2+x\Delta x+2x-3x-3\Delta x-6-(x^2+x\Delta x-3x+2x+2x+2x+2x-6)}{(x+\Delta x-3)(x-3)}$
 $f(x+\Delta x) - f(x) = \frac{x^2+x\Delta x+2x-3x-3x-6-(x^2+x\Delta x-3x+2x+2x+2x+2x+2x-6)}{(x+\Delta x-3)(x-3)}$
 $f(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{(x+\Delta x-3)(x-3)}{(x+\Delta x-3)(x-3)} = \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{-5\Delta x}{(x+\Delta x-3)(x-3)}$
 $f(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{(x+\Delta x-3)(x-3)}{(x+\Delta x-3)(x-3)} = \frac{-5}{(x-3)^2}$





3)
$$f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 - x}$$
 $f(x) = \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{f(x + \Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x}$
 $f(x) = \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{f(x + \Delta x)^2 - (x + \Delta x)}{\Delta x} - \sqrt{x^2 - x}$
 $f(x) = \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{(x + \Delta x)^2 - (x + \Delta x)}{\Delta x} - \sqrt{x^2 - x} \frac{(x + \Delta x)^2 - (x + \Delta x)}{\Delta x} + \sqrt{x^2 x}$
 $f(x) = \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{(x + \Delta x)^2 - (x + \Delta x)}{\Delta x} - (x + \Delta x) + \sqrt{x^2 + x}$
 $f(x) = \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{(x + \Delta x)^2 - (x + \Delta x)}{\Delta x} - (x + \Delta x) + \sqrt{x^2 + x}$
 $f(x) = \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x^2 + 2x\Delta x + \Delta x^2}{\Delta x} \frac{x - \Delta x - x^2 + x}{\Delta x}$
 $f(x) = \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x^2 + 2x\Delta x + \Delta x^2 - \Delta x}{\Delta x} - (x + \Delta x) + \sqrt{x^2 + x}$
 $f(x) = \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x^2 + 2x\Delta x + \Delta x^2 - \Delta x}{\Delta x} - (x + \Delta x)^2 - (x + \Delta x)^2 + \sqrt{x^2 + x}$
 $f(x) = \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x^2 + 2x\Delta x + \Delta x^2 - \Delta x}{\Delta x} - (x + \Delta x)^2 - (x + \Delta x)^2 + \sqrt{x^2 + x}$
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 $f(x) = \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x^2 + 2x\Delta x + \Delta x^2 - \Delta x}{\Delta x} - (x + \Delta x)^2 + (x$





4)
$$f(x) = 4 - \sqrt{2x-1}$$
 $f(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} f(x + \Delta x) - f(x)$
 $f(x + \Delta x) - f(x) = 4 - \sqrt{2(x + \Delta x) - 1} - (4 - \sqrt{2x - 1})$
 $= x - \sqrt{2(x + \Delta x) - 1} - A + \sqrt{2x - 1}$
 $= \sqrt{2x - 1} - \sqrt{2(x + \Delta x) - 1}$
 $f(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} (\sqrt{2x - 1} + \sqrt{2(x + \Delta x) - 1})$
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