Algorithm of the maximum likelihood estimation with Newton-Raphson iteration for single-population mortality models

The log-likelihood function of the **Poisson Lee–Carter model** can be formulated as follows:

$$\ell_j(\theta) = \sum_{xt} \left\{ D_{xtj} \left(\alpha_{xj} + \beta_{1,xj} \kappa_{1,tj} \right) - E_{xt}^c e^{\alpha_{xj} + \beta_{1,xj} \kappa_{1,tj}} \right\} + \text{constant}$$

$$\theta = (\alpha_{xj}, \beta_{1,xj}, \kappa_{1,tj})$$

The parameters θ are updated using the following iterative scheme:

$$\widehat{\theta}^{\,(v+1)} = \widehat{\theta}^{\,(v)} - \frac{\partial \ell_j^{\,(v)}/\partial \theta}{\partial^2 \ell_j^{\,(v)}/\partial \theta^2} \, \text{where} \,\, \ell_j^{\,\,(v)} = \ell_j^{\,\,(v)}(\widehat{\theta}^{\,\,(v)})$$

The iterative updating scheme

1. Get initial values for the parameters

$$\hat{\alpha}_{xj} = \frac{1}{n_Y} \sum_t \ln \frac{D_{xtj}}{E_{xt}^c}$$
 where n_Y is the total number of calendar years

$$\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj} = (n_Y, ..., 1) - \frac{(n_Y + 1)}{2}$$
 where n_Y is the total number of calendar years

$$\hat{\beta}_{1,xj} = \frac{1}{n_A}$$
 where n_A is the total number of ages

2. Update the parameter $\hat{\alpha}_x$

$$\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v+1)} = \hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \frac{\sum_{t} \left(D_{xtj} - E_{xt}^{c} e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)}} \right)}{\sum_{t} \left(E_{xt}^{c} e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)}} \right)}$$

Adjust the parameter $\hat{\alpha}_{xj} \to \hat{\alpha}_{xj} = \hat{\alpha}_{xj} + \hat{\beta}_{1,xj} \frac{1}{n_Y} \sum_t \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}$

Calculate the log-likelihood function ℓ_i

3. Update the parameter $\hat{k}_{1,t}$

$$\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v+1)} = \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} + \frac{\sum_{x} \left(\left(D_{xtj} - E_{xt}^{c} e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)}} \right) \hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \right)}{\sum_{x} \left(E_{xt}^{c} e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)}} \left(\hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \right)^{2} \right)}$$

Adjust the parameter $\hat{k}_{1,tj}$ in order to satisfy the constraint $\rightarrow \hat{k}_{1,tj} = \sum_{x} \hat{\beta}_{1,xj} (\hat{k}_{1,tj} - \frac{1}{n_{y}} \sum_{t} \hat{k}_{1,tj})$ Recalculate the log-likelihood function: compute $\ell_{j}^{updated}$

4. Update the parameter $\hat{\beta}_{1,xj}$

$$\hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v+1)} = \hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} + \frac{\sum_{t} \left(\left(D_{xtj} - E_{xt}^{c} e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)}} \right) \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} \right)}{\sum_{t} \left(E_{xt}^{c} e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)}} \left(\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} \right)^{2} \right)}$$

Adjust the parameter $\hat{\beta}_{1,xj}$ in order to satisfy the constraint $\rightarrow \hat{\beta}_{1,xj} = \hat{\beta}_{1,xj} \frac{1}{\sum_{x} \hat{\beta}_{1,xj}}$

Recalculate the log-likelihood function: compute $\ell_j^{updated}$

5. Check convergence: the difference between the log-likelihood and the updated log-likelihood is less than 10^{-6}

 $\Delta \ell_j = \ell_j - \ell_j^{updated}$ ($\ell_j^{updated}$ is the updated log-likelihood from step 4) In case of nonconvergence ($\Delta \ell_j > 10^{-6}$), select different initial values for the parameters.

The log-likelihood function of the **Binomial Lee–Carter model** can be formulated as follows:

$$\ell_{j}(\theta) = \sum_{xt} \{ D_{xtj} \ln q_{xtj} + (E_{xt}^{0} - D_{xtj}) \ln(1 - q_{xtj}) \} + \text{constant}$$
where $q_{xtj} = e^{\alpha_{xj} + \beta_{1,xj} \kappa_{1,tj}} / (1 + e^{\alpha_{xj} + \beta_{1,xj} \kappa_{1,tj}})$

$$\theta = (\alpha_{xj}, \beta_{1,xj}, \kappa_{1,tj})$$

The parameters θ are updated using the following iterative scheme:

$$\widehat{\theta}^{(v+1)} = \widehat{\theta}^{(v)} - \frac{\partial \ell_j^{(v)} / \partial \theta}{\partial^2 \ell_j^{(v)} / \partial \theta^2} \text{ where } \ell_j^{(v)} = \ell_j^{(v)} (\widehat{\theta}^{(v)})$$

The iterative updating scheme

1. Get initial values for the parameters

$$\hat{\alpha}_{xj} = \frac{1}{n_Y} \sum_t \ln \frac{D_{xtj}}{E_{xt}^0}$$
 where n_Y is the total number of calendar years

$$\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj} = (n_Y, ..., 1) - \frac{(n_Y + 1)}{2}$$
 where n_Y is the total number of calendar years

$$\hat{\beta}_{1,xj} = \frac{1}{n_A}$$
 where n_A is the total number of ages

2. Update the parameter $\hat{\alpha}_{xi}$

$$\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v+1)} = \hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \frac{\sum_{t} \left((D_{xtj} e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)}} - E_{xt}^{0} e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)}} + D_{xtj}) / (e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)}} + 1) \right)}{\sum_{t} \left((E_{xt}^{0} e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)}}) / (e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)}} + 1)^{2} \right)}$$

Adjust the parameter $\hat{\alpha}_{xj} \to \hat{\alpha}_{xj} = \hat{\alpha}_{xj} + \hat{\beta}_{1,xj} \frac{1}{n_y} \sum_t \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}$

Calculate the log-likelihood function ℓ_i

3. Update the parameter $\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}$

$$\hat{\kappa}_{1,t\,i}^{(v+1)} =$$

$$= \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} + \frac{\sum_{x} \left(\left((D_{xtj} e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)}} - E_{xt}^{0} e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)}} + D_{xtj}) / (e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)}} + 1) \right) \hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)}}{\sum_{x} \left(\left((E_{xt}^{0} e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)}}) / (e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)}} + 1)^{2} \right) \left(\hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \right)^{2} \right)}$$

Adjust the parameter $\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}$ in order to satisfy the constraint $\rightarrow \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj} = \sum_{x} \hat{\beta}_{1,xj} \left(\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj} - \frac{1}{n_{Y}} \sum_{t} \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj} \right)$ Recalculate the log-likelihood function: compute $\ell_{j}^{updated}$ 4. Update the parameter $\hat{\beta}_{1,xj}$

$$\hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v+1)} = \hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} + \frac{\sum_{t} \left(\left((D_{xtj} e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)}} - E_{xt}^{0} e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)}} + D_{xtj} \right) / (e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)}} + 1) \right) \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)}}{\sum_{t} \left(\left((E_{xt}^{0} e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)}}) / (e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)}} + 1)^{2} \right) \left(\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} \right)^{2} \right)}$$

Adjust the parameter $\hat{\beta}_{1,xj}$ in order to satisfy the constraint $\rightarrow \hat{\beta}_{1,xj} = \hat{\beta}_{1,xj} \frac{1}{\sum_{x} \hat{\beta}_{1,xj}}$

Recalculate the log-likelihood function: compute $\ell_i^{updated}$

5. Check convergence: the difference between the log-likelihood and the updated log-likelihood is less than 10^{-6}

 $\Delta \ell_j = \ell_j - \ell_j^{updated}$ ($\ell_j^{updated}$ is the updated log-likelihood from step 4) In case of nonconvergence ($\Delta \ell_i > 10^{-6}$), select different initial values for the parameters.

The log-likelihood function of the **Poisson Lee–Carter model with two factors** can be formulated as follows:

$$\ell_{j}(\theta) = \sum_{xt} \{ D_{xtj} (\alpha_{xj} + \beta_{1,xj} \kappa_{1,tj} + \beta_{2,xj} \kappa_{2,tj}) - E_{xt}^{c} e^{\alpha_{xj} + \beta_{1,xj} \kappa_{1,tj} + \beta_{2,xj} \kappa_{2,tj}} \} + \text{constant}$$

$$\theta = (\alpha_{xj}, \beta_{1,xj}, \kappa_{1,tj}, \beta_{2,xj}, \kappa_{2,tj})$$

The parameters θ are updated using the following iterative scheme:

$$\widehat{\theta}^{\,(v+1)} = \widehat{\theta}^{\,(v)} - \frac{\partial \ell_j^{\,(v)}/\partial \theta}{\partial^2 \ell_j^{\,(v)}/\partial \theta^2} \, \text{where} \, \, \ell_j^{\,(v)} = \ell_j^{\,(v)}(\widehat{\theta}^{\,(v)})$$

The iterative updating scheme

1. Get initial values for the parameters

$$\hat{a}_{xj} = \frac{1}{n_Y} \sum_t ln \frac{D_{xtj}}{E_{xt}^c}$$
 where n_Y is the total number of calendar years

$$\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj} = (n_Y, ..., 1) - \frac{(n_Y + 1)}{2}$$

$$\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj} = (n_Y, ..., 1) - \frac{(n_Y + 1)}{2}$$
 where n_Y is the total number of calendar years

$$\hat{\beta}_{1,xj} = \frac{1}{n_A}$$

$$\hat{\beta}_{2,xj} = \frac{1}{n_A}$$
where n_A is the total number of ages

2. Update the parameter $\hat{\alpha}_{xj}$

$$\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v+1)} = \hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \frac{\sum_{t} \left(D_{xtj} - E_{xt}^{c} e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)} \right)}{\sum_{t} \left(E_{xt}^{c} e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)} \right)}$$

Adjust the parameter $\hat{\alpha}_{xj} \to \hat{\alpha}_{xj} = \hat{\alpha}_{xj} + \hat{\beta}_{1,xj} \frac{1}{n_Y} \sum_t \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj} + \hat{\beta}_{2,xj} \frac{1}{n_Y} \sum_t \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}$

Calculate the log-likelihood function ℓ_i

3. Update the parameters $\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}$ and $\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}$

$$\begin{split} \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v+1)} &= \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} + \frac{\sum_{x} \left(\left(D_{xtj} - E_{xt}^{c} e^{\widehat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \widehat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \widehat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} + \widehat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)} \widehat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)} \right) \hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \right)}{\sum_{x} \left(E_{xt}^{c} e^{\widehat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \widehat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \widehat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} + \widehat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)} \widehat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)} \left(\widehat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \right)^{2} \right)} \\ \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v+1)} &= \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)} + \frac{\sum_{x} \left(\left(D_{xtj} - E_{xt}^{c} e^{\widehat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \widehat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \widehat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} + \widehat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)} \widehat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)} \right) \hat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)} \right)}{\sum_{x} \left(E_{xt}^{c} e^{\widehat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \widehat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \widehat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} + \widehat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)} \widehat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)} \left(\widehat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)} \right)^{2} \right)} \end{split}$$

Adjust the parameters $\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}$ and $\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}$ in order to satisfy the constraints \rightarrow

$$\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj} = \sum_{x} \hat{\beta}_{1,xj} \left(\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj} - \frac{1}{n_Y} \sum_{t} \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj} \right) \text{ and } \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj} = \sum_{x} \hat{\beta}_{2,xj} \left(\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj} - \frac{1}{n_Y} \sum_{t} \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj} \right)$$

Recalculate the log-likelihood function: compute $\ell_i^{updated}$

4. Update the parameters $\hat{\beta}_{1,xj}$ and $\hat{\beta}_{2,x}$

$$\begin{split} \hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v+1)} &= \hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} + \frac{\sum_{t} \left(\left(D_{xtj} - E_{xt}^{c} e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)} \right) \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} \right)}{\sum_{t} \left(E_{xt}^{c} e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)} \left(\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} \right)^{2} \right)} \\ \hat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v+1)} &= \hat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)} + \frac{\sum_{t} \left(\left(D_{xtj} - E_{xt}^{c} e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)} \right) \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)} \right)}{\sum_{t} \left(E_{xt}^{c} e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)} \left(\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)} \right)^{2} \right)} \end{split}$$

Adjust the parameters $\hat{\beta}_{1,xj}$ and $\hat{\beta}_{2,xj}$ in order to satisfy the constraints $\rightarrow \hat{\beta}_{1,xj} = \hat{\beta}_{1,xj} \frac{1}{\sum_{x} \hat{\beta}_{1,xj}}$ and $\hat{\beta}_{2,xj} = \hat{\beta}_{2,xj} \frac{1}{\sum_{x} \hat{\beta}_{2,xj}}$

Recalculate the log-likelihood function: compute $\ell_i^{updated}$

5. Check convergence: the difference between the log-likelihood and the updated log-likelihood is less than 10^{-6}

 $\Delta \ell_j = \ell_j - \ell_j^{updated}$ ($\ell_j^{updated}$ is the updated log-likelihood from step 4) In case of nonconvergence ($\Delta \ell_j > 10^{-6}$), select different initial values for the parameters.

The log-likelihood function of the **Binomial Lee–Carter model with two factors** can be formulated as follows:

$$\ell_{j}(\theta) = \sum_{xt} \{ D_{xtj} \ln q_{xtj} + (E_{xt}^{0} - D_{xtj}) \ln(1 - q_{xtj}) \} + \text{constant}$$
where $q_{xtj} = e^{\alpha_{xj} + \beta_{1,xj} \kappa_{1,tj} + \beta_{2,xj} \kappa_{2,tj}} / (1 + e^{\alpha_{xj} + \beta_{1,xj} \kappa_{1,tj} + \beta_{2,xj} \kappa_{2,tj}})$

$$\theta = (\alpha_{xj}, \beta_{1,xj}, \kappa_{1,tj}, \beta_{2,xj}, \kappa_{2,tj})$$

The parameters θ are updated using the following iterative scheme:

$$\widehat{\theta}^{\,(v+1)} = \widehat{\theta}^{\,(v)} - \frac{\partial \ell_j^{\,(v)}/\partial \theta}{\partial^2 \ell_j^{\,(v)}/\partial \theta^2} \text{ where } \ell_j^{\,(v)} = \ell_j^{\,(v)} (\widehat{\theta}^{\,(v)})$$

The iterative updating scheme

1. Get initial values for the parameters

$$\hat{a}_{xj} = \frac{1}{n_Y} \sum_t ln \frac{D_{xtj}}{E_{xt}^0}$$
 where n_Y is the total number of calendar years

$$\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj} = (n_Y, ..., 1) - \frac{(n_Y + 1)}{2}$$

$$\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj} = (n_Y, ..., 1) - \frac{(n_Y + 1)}{2}$$
 where n_Y is the total number of calendar years

$$\hat{\beta}_{1,xj} = \frac{1}{n_A}$$

$$\hat{\beta}_{2,xj} = \frac{1}{n_A}$$
where n_A is the total number of ages

2. Update the parameter $\hat{\alpha}_{x_i}$

$$\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v+1)} = \hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} +$$

$$+\frac{\sum_{t}\left((D_{xtj}e^{\widehat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)}+\widehat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)}\widehat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)}+\widehat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)}\widehat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)}}-E_{xt}^{0}e^{\widehat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)}+\widehat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)}\widehat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)}+\widehat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)}\widehat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)}}+D_{xtj})/(e^{\widehat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)}+\widehat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)}\widehat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)}+\widehat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)}\widehat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)}}+1)\right)}{\sum_{t}\left((E_{xt}^{0}e^{\widehat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)}+\widehat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)}\widehat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)}+\widehat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)}\widehat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)}})/(e^{\widehat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)}+\widehat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)}\widehat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)}+\widehat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)}\widehat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)}}+1)^{2}\right)}$$

Adjust the parameter $\hat{\alpha}_{xj} \to \hat{\alpha}_{xj} = \hat{\alpha}_{xj} + \hat{\beta}_{1,xj} \frac{1}{n_v} \sum_t \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj} + \hat{\beta}_{2,xj} \frac{1}{n_v} \sum_t \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}$

Calculate the log-likelihood function ℓ_i

3. Update the parameters $\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}$ and $\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}$

$$\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v+1)} = \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} +$$

$$+\frac{\sum_{x}\left(\left((D_{xtj}e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)}+\hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)}\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)}+\hat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)}\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)}}-E_{xt}^{0}e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)}+\hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)}\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)}+\hat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)}\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)}}+D_{xtj})/(e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)}+\hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)}\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)}+\hat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)}\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)}}+1)\right)\hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)}}{\sum_{x}\left(\left((E_{xt}^{0}e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)}+\hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)}\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)}+\hat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)}\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)}})/(e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)}+\hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)}\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)}+\hat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)}\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)}}+1)^{2}\right)\left(\hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)}\right)^{2}\right)}$$

$$\sum_{x} \left(\left((E_{xt}^{0} e^{\widehat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \widehat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \widehat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} + \widehat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)} \widehat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)}}) / (e^{\widehat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \widehat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \widehat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} + \widehat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)} \widehat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)}} + 1)^{2} \right) \left(\widehat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \right)^{2} \right)$$

$$\hat{\kappa}_{2,t,i}^{(v+1)} = \hat{\kappa}_{2,t,i}^{(v)} +$$

$$+\frac{\sum_{x}\Biggl(\Bigl((D_{xtj}e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)}+\hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)}\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)}+\hat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)}\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)}}-E_{xt}^{0}e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)}+\hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)}\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)}+\hat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)}\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)}}+D_{xtj})/(e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)}+\hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)}\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)}+\hat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)}\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)}}+1)\Bigr)\hat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)}\Biggr)}{\sum_{x}\Biggl(\Bigl((E_{xt}^{0}e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)}+\hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)}\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)}+\hat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)}\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)}})/(e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)}+\hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)}\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)}+\hat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)}\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)}}+1)^2\Bigr)\Bigl(\hat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)}\Bigr)^2\Biggr)}$$

Adjust the parameters $\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}$ and $\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}$ in order to satisfy the constraints \rightarrow

$$\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj} = \sum_{x} \hat{\beta}_{1,xj} \left(\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj} - \frac{1}{n_Y} \sum_{t} \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj} \right) \text{ and } \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj} = \sum_{x} \hat{\beta}_{2,xj} \left(\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj} - \frac{1}{n_Y} \sum_{t} \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj} \right)$$

Recalculate the log-likelihood function: compute $\ell_i^{updated}$

4. Update the parameters $\hat{\beta}_{1,xj}$ and $\hat{\beta}_{2,xj}$

$$\hat{\beta}_{1, i}^{(v+1)} = \hat{\beta}_{1, i}^{(v)} +$$

$$+\frac{\sum_{t}\left(\left((D_{xtj}e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)}+\hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)}\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)}+\hat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)}\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)}-E_{xt}^{0}e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)}+\hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)}\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)}+\hat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)}\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)}}+D_{xtj})/(e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)}+\hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)}\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)}+\hat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)}\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)}}+1)\right)\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)}}}{\sum_{t}\left(\left((E_{xt}^{0}e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)}+\hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)}\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)}+\hat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)}\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)}})/(e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)}+\hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)}\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)}+\hat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)}\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)}}+1)^{2}\right)\left(\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)}\right)^{2}}\right)}$$

$$\begin{split} \hat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v+1)} &= \hat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)} + \\ &+ \frac{\sum_{t} \left(\left((D_{xtj} e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)} - E_{xt}^{0} e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)} + D_{xtj}) / (e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)} + 1) \right) \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)}} \\ &+ \frac{\sum_{t} \left(\left((E_{xt}^{0} e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)} + D_{xtj}} \right) / (e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)} + 1)^{2}} \right) \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)}}{\sum_{t} \left(\left((E_{xt}^{0} e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{1,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)} + \hat{\beta}_{2,xj}^{(v)} \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)} + 1)^{2} \right) \left(\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)} \right)^{2}} \right)} \end{split}$$

Adjust the parameters $\hat{\beta}_{1,xj}$ and $\hat{\beta}_{2,xj}$ in order to satisfy the constraints $\rightarrow \hat{\beta}_{1,xj} = \hat{\beta}_{1,xj} \frac{1}{\sum_{x} \hat{\beta}_{1,xj}}$ and

$$\hat{\beta}_{2,xj} = \hat{\beta}_{2,xj} \frac{1}{\sum_{x} \hat{\beta}_{2,xj}}$$

Recalculate the log-likelihood function: compute $\ell_j^{updated}$

5. Check convergence: the difference between the log-likelihood and the updated log-likelihood is less than 10^{-6}

 $\Delta \ell_j = \ell_j - \ell_j^{updated}$ ($\ell_j^{updated}$ is the updated log-likelihood from step 4) In case of nonconvergence ($\Delta \ell_j > 10^{-6}$), select different initial values for the parameters.

The log-likelihood function of the **CBD model** can be formulated as follows:

$$\ell_{j}(\theta) = \sum_{xt} \{ D_{xtj} \ln q_{xtj} + (E_{xt}^{0} - D_{xtj}) \ln(1 - q_{xtj}) \} + \text{constant}$$
where $q_{xtj} = e^{\kappa_{1,tj} + (x - \bar{x})\kappa_{2,tj}} / (1 + e^{\kappa_{1,tj} + (x - \bar{x})\kappa_{2,tj}})$

$$\theta = (\kappa_{1,tj}, \kappa_{2,tj})$$

The parameters θ are updated using the following iterative scheme:

$$\widehat{\theta}^{\,(v+1)} = \widehat{\theta}^{\,(v)} - \frac{\partial \ell_j^{\,(v)}/\partial \theta}{\partial^2 \ell_j^{\,(v)}/\partial \theta^2} \, \text{where} \, \, \ell_j^{\,\,(v)} = \ell_j^{\,\,(v)}(\widehat{\theta}^{\,\,(v)})$$

The iterative updating scheme

1. Get initial values for the parameters and fix the values of the parametric coefficient $\beta_{2,xj}$ $\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}=0$ $\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}=0$ $\beta_{2,xj}=(x-\bar{x})$

2. Update the parameter $\hat{k}_{1,t}$

$$\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v+1)} = \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} + \frac{\sum_{x} \left((D_{xtj} e^{\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} + (x-\bar{x})\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)}} - E_{xt}^{0} e^{\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} + (x-\bar{x})\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)}} + D_{xtj}) / (e^{\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} + (x-\bar{x})\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)}} + 1) \right)}{\sum_{x} \left((E_{xt}^{0} e^{\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} + (x-\bar{x})\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)}}) / (e^{\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} + (x-\bar{x})\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)}} + 1)^{2} \right)}$$

Calculate the log-likelihood function ℓ_i

3. Update the parameter
$$\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}$$

$$\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v+1)} = \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)} +$$

$$+\frac{\sum_{x}\left(\left((D_{xtj}e^{\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(\nu)}+(x-\bar{x})\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(\nu)}}-E_{xt}^{0}e^{\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(\nu)}+(x-\bar{x})\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(\nu)}}+D_{xtj})/(e^{\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(\nu)}+(x-\bar{x})\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(\nu)}}+1)\right)(x-\bar{x})\right)}{\sum_{x}\left(\left((E_{xt}^{0}e^{\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(\nu)}+(x-\bar{x})\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(\nu)}})/(e^{\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(\nu)}+(x-\bar{x})\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(\nu)}}+1)^{2}\right)(x-\bar{x})^{2}\right)}$$

Recalculate the log-likelihood function: compute $\ell_j^{updated}$

4. Check convergence: the difference between the log-likelihood and the updated log-likelihood is less than 10^{-6}

 $\Delta \ell_j = \ell_j - \ell_j^{updated}$ ($\ell_j^{updated}$ is the updated log-likelihood from step 3) In case of nonconvergence ($\Delta \ell_j > 10^{-6}$), select different initial values for the parameters.

The log-likelihood function of the **reduced Plat model with three factors** can be formulated as follows:

$$\ell_{j}(\theta) = \sum_{xt} \left\{ D_{xtj} \left(\alpha_{xj} + \kappa_{1,tj} + (\bar{x} - x)\kappa_{2,tj} + (\bar{x} - x)^{+} \kappa_{3,tj} \right) - E_{xt}^{c} e^{\alpha_{xj} + \kappa_{1,tj} + (\bar{x} - x)\kappa_{2,tj} + (\bar{x} - x)^{+} \kappa_{3,tj}} \right\} + \\ + \text{constant} \\ \theta = \left(\alpha_{xj}, \kappa_{1,tj}, \kappa_{2,tj}, \kappa_{3,tj} \right)$$

The parameters θ are updated using the following iterative scheme:

$$\widehat{\theta}^{\,(v+1)} = \widehat{\theta}^{\,(v)} - \frac{\partial \ell_j^{\,(v)}/\partial \theta}{\partial^2 \ell_j^{\,(v)}/\partial \theta^2} \, \text{where} \, \, \ell_j^{\,\,(v)} = \ell_j^{\,\,(v)}(\widehat{\theta}^{\,\,(v)})$$

The iterative updating scheme

1. Get initial values for the parameters and fix the values of the parametric coefficients $\beta_{2,xj}$ and $\beta_{3,xj}$

$$\hat{\alpha}_{xj} = \frac{1}{n_Y} \sum_t \ln \frac{D_{xtj}}{E_{xt}^c}$$
 where n_Y is the total number of calendar years

$$\hat{\kappa}_{1,ti} = 0$$

$$\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj} = 0$$

$$\hat{\kappa}_{3,tj} = 0$$

$$\beta_{2,xi} = (\bar{x} - x)$$

$$\beta_{3xi} = (\bar{x} - x)^+$$

2. Update the parameter $\hat{\alpha}_{xi}$

$$\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v+1)} = \hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \frac{\sum_{t} \left(D_{xtj} - E_{xt}^{c} e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} + (\bar{x} - x) \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)} + (\bar{x} - x)^{+} \hat{\kappa}_{3,tj}^{(v)} \right)}{\sum_{t} \left(E_{xt}^{c} e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} + (\bar{x} - x) \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)} + (\bar{x} - x)^{+} \hat{\kappa}_{3,tj}^{(v)} \right)}$$

Adjust the parameter $\hat{\alpha}_{xj} \to \hat{\alpha}_{xj} = \hat{\alpha}_{xj} + \frac{1}{n_Y} \sum_t \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj} + (\bar{x} - x) \frac{1}{n_Y} \sum_t \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj} + (\bar{x} - x)^+ \frac{1}{n_Y} \sum_t \hat{\kappa}_{3,tj}$ Calculate the log-likelihood function ℓ_j

3. Update the parameters $\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}$, $\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}$ and $\hat{\kappa}_{3,tj}$

$$\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v+1)} = \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} + \frac{\sum_{x} \left(D_{xtj} - E_{xt}^{c} e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} + (\bar{x} - x) \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)} + (\bar{x} - x)^{+} \hat{\kappa}_{3,tj}^{(v)} \right)}{\sum_{x} \left(E_{xt}^{c} e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} + (\bar{x} - x) \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)} + (\bar{x} - x)^{+} \hat{\kappa}_{3,tj}^{(v)} \right)}$$

$$\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v+1)} = \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)} + \frac{\sum_{x} \left(\left(D_{xtj} - E_{xt}^{c} e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} + (\bar{x} - x) \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)} + (\bar{x} - x)^{+} \hat{\kappa}_{3,tj}^{(v)} \right) (\bar{x} - x) \right)}{\sum_{x} \left(E_{xt}^{c} e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} + (\bar{x} - x) \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)} + (\bar{x} - x)^{+} \hat{\kappa}_{3,tj}^{(v)} \right) (\bar{x} - x)^{2} \right)}$$

$$\hat{\kappa}_{3,tj}^{(v+1)} = \hat{\kappa}_{3,tj}^{(v)} + \frac{\sum_{x} \left(\left(D_{xtj} - E_{xt}^{c} e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} + (\bar{x} - x) \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)} + (\bar{x} - x)^{+} \hat{\kappa}_{3,tj}^{(v)} \right) (\bar{x} - x)^{+} \right)}{\sum_{x} \left(E_{xt}^{c} e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} + (\bar{x} - x) \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)} + (\bar{x} - x)^{+} \hat{\kappa}_{3,tj}^{(v)} \right) (\bar{x} - x)^{+} \right)}$$

Adjust the parameters $\hat{k}_{1,tj}$, $\hat{k}_{2,tj}$ and $\hat{k}_{3,tj}$ in order to satisfy the constraints \rightarrow

$$\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj} = \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj} - \frac{1}{n_Y} \sum_t \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}, \, \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj} = \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj} - \frac{1}{n_Y} \sum_t \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj} \text{ and } \hat{\kappa}_{3,tj} = \hat{\kappa}_{3,tj} - \frac{1}{n_Y} \sum_t \hat{\kappa}_{3,tj}$$

Recalculate the log-likelihood function: compute $\ell_i^{updated}$

4. Check convergence: the difference between the log-likelihood and the updated log-likelihood is less than 10^{-6}

 $\Delta \ell_j = \ell_j - \ell_j^{updated}$ ($\ell_j^{updated}$ is the updated log-likelihood from step 3) In case of nonconvergence ($\Delta \ell_i > 10^{-6}$), select different initial values for the parameters.

The log-likelihood function of the **reduced Plat model with two factors** can be formulated as follows:

$$\ell_{j}(\theta) = \sum_{xt} \{ D_{xtj} (\alpha_{xj} + \kappa_{1,tj} + (\bar{x} - x)\kappa_{2,tj}) - E_{xt}^{c} e^{\alpha_{xj} + \kappa_{1,tj} + (\bar{x} - x)\kappa_{2,tj}} \} + \text{constant}$$

$$\theta = (\alpha_{xj}, \kappa_{1,tj}, \kappa_{2,tj})$$

The parameters θ are updated using the following iterative scheme:

$$\widehat{\theta}^{\,(v+1)} = \widehat{\theta}^{\,(v)} - \frac{\partial \ell_j^{\,(v)}/\partial \theta}{\partial^2 \ell_j^{\,(v)}/\partial \theta^2} \, \text{where} \, \, \ell_j^{\,(v)} = \ell_j^{\,(v)}(\widehat{\theta}^{\,(v)})$$

The iterative updating scheme

1. Get initial values for the parameters and fix the values of the parametric coefficient $\beta_{2,xj}$ $\hat{\alpha}_{xj} = \frac{1}{n_Y} \sum_t \ln \frac{D_{xtj}}{E_{xt}^c}$ where n_Y is the total number of calendar years $\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj} = 0$ $\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj} = 0$

$$\beta_{2,xj} = (\bar{x} - x)$$

2. Update the parameter $\hat{\alpha}_{xj}$

$$\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v+1)} = \hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \frac{\sum_{t} \left(D_{xtj} - E_{xt}^{c} e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} + (\bar{x} - x) \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)}} \right)}{\sum_{t} \left(E_{xt}^{c} e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} + (\bar{x} - x) \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)}} \right)}$$

Adjust the parameter $\hat{\alpha}_{xj} \to \hat{\alpha}_{xj} = \hat{\alpha}_{xj} + \frac{1}{n_Y} \sum_t \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj} + (\bar{x} - x) \frac{1}{n_Y} \sum_t \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}$

Calculate the log-likelihood function ℓ_i

3. Update the parameters $\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}$ and $\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}$

$$\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v+1)} = \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} + \frac{\sum_{x} \left(D_{xtj} - E_{xt}^{c} e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} + (\bar{x} - x) \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)}} \right)}{\sum_{x} \left(E_{xt}^{c} e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} + (\bar{x} - x) \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)}} \right)}$$

$$\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v+1)} = \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)} + \frac{\sum_{x} \left(\left(D_{xtj} - E_{xt}^{c} e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} + (\bar{x} - x)\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)}} \right) (\bar{x} - x) \right)}{\sum_{x} \left(E_{xt}^{c} e^{\hat{\alpha}_{xj}^{(v)} + \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}^{(v)} + (\bar{x} - x)\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}^{(v)}} (\bar{x} - x)^{2} \right)}$$

Adjust the parameters $\hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}$ and $\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}$ in order to satisfy the constraints $\rightarrow \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj} = \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj} - \frac{1}{n_Y} \sum_t \hat{\kappa}_{1,tj}$ and $\hat{\kappa}_{2,tj} = \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj} - \frac{1}{n_Y} \sum_t \hat{\kappa}_{2,tj}$

Recalculate the log-likelihood function: compute $\ell_j^{updated}$

4. Check convergence: the difference between the log-likelihood and the updated log-likelihood is less than 10^{-6}

 $\Delta \ell_j = \ell_j - \ell_j^{updated} \; (\ell_j^{updated} \; \text{is the updated log-likelihood from step 3})$

In case of nonconvergence ($\Delta \ell_j > 10^{-6}$), select different initial values for the parameters.