

1)

400 pgs

$36 \text{ m}^2 = \text{área}$

forma lo = Quadrado \square

A) $36/400 = 0,09 \text{ m}^2$

B) $0,09 = l^2 \rightarrow l^2 = \sqrt{0,09} = 0,3$

$2p = 0,3 \cdot 4 = 1,2$

2) $5 = x^2$

$25 = y^2$

$5 = y^2/2$

$x^2 = y^2/2$

$= 2x^2 = y^2$

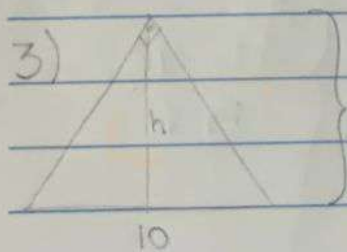
$y = \sqrt{2}x^2$

$y = \sqrt{2}x^2$

$y = \sqrt{2}x$

R: D

3)



$15 = 10 \cdot h / 2$

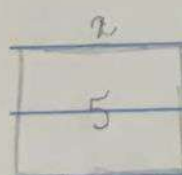
$10h = 30$

$h = 30/10$

$h = 3$

R: D

4)



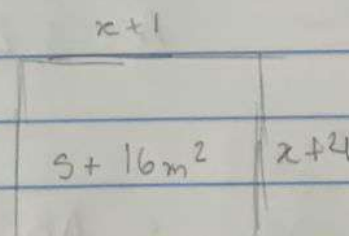
$x+3 \text{ m} \rightarrow S = x(x+3)$

$S = x^2 + 3x$

$S = 6^2 + 3 \cdot 6$

$S = 36 + 18$

$S = 54$



$S+16 = (x+1) \cdot (x+4)$

$S+16 = x^2 + 4x + x + 4$

$S = x^2 + 5x - 12$

$x^2 + 3x = x^2 + 5x - 12$

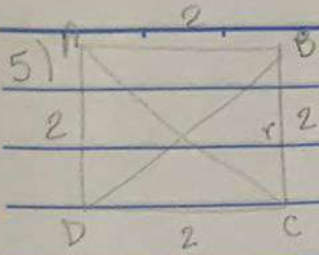
$-2x = 12$

$x = 6$

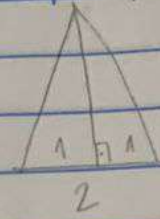
$x = 5+16$

$x = 54+16$

$x = 70 \text{ m}^2$



$$l = 2$$
$$r = 2$$



$$r = l = 2$$

$$2^2 = 1^2 + h^2$$

$$h^2 = 4 - 1$$

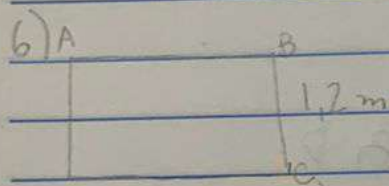
$$h = \sqrt{3}$$

$$A = b \cdot h / 2$$

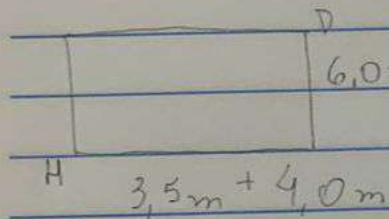
$$A = 2 \cdot \sqrt{3} / 2$$

$$A = \sqrt{3}$$

R. B)



$$A = b \cdot h \rightarrow 2,5 \cdot 1,2 = 3 \text{ m}^2$$



$$6,0 - 1,2 \text{ m}$$

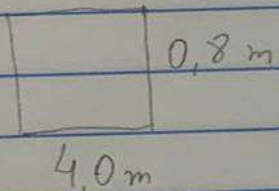
$$A = 3,5 + 4,6 - 1,2$$

$$A = 36 \text{ m}^2$$

$$A = 3 + 36 + 3,2$$

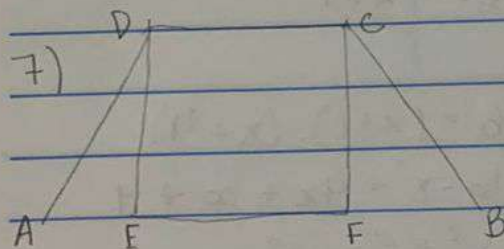
$$A = 42,2 \text{ m}^2$$

R. E



$$A = 4 \cdot 0,8$$

$$A = 3,2 \text{ m}^2$$



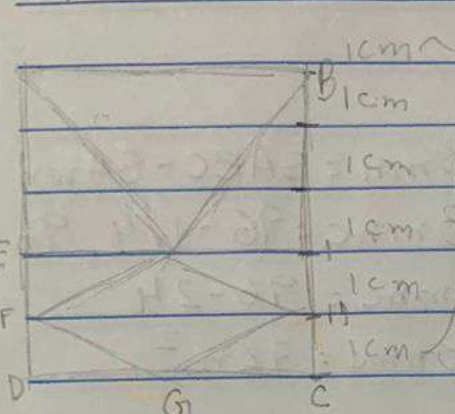
$$ABCD = 36 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$AB = 2 \cdot CD$$

$$S_{ABCD} = \frac{(B+b) \cdot h}{2} \rightarrow 36 = \frac{(2x+x) \cdot h}{2} \rightarrow 72 = 3x \cdot h$$

$$x \cdot h = 24 \rightarrow x \cdot h = S_{CDEF} = 24 \text{ cm}^2$$

8)



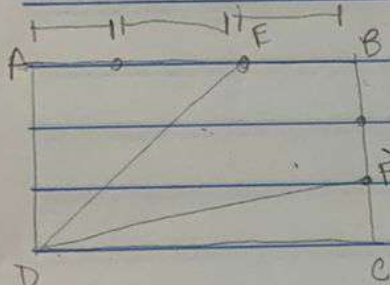
$$S_{ABJ} = 6 \cdot 4 / 2 = 24 / 2 = 12 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$S_{FGHI} = 6 \cdot 2 / 2 = 6 \text{ m}^2$$

$$S_{FGHI} / S_{ABJ} = 6 / 12 = 1 / 2$$

R: D

9)



$$S_{ABCD} = 4x \cdot 3x$$

$$S_{ADE} = \frac{(2 \cdot 3) \cdot (2 \cdot 3)}{2}$$

$$48 = 12x^2$$

$$x^2 = 4$$

$$x = 2$$

$$S_{ADE} = 18$$

$$S_{CDF} = \frac{(2 \cdot 4) \cdot 2}{2}$$

$$S_{CDF} = 8$$

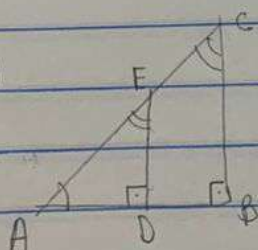
$$S_{BEFD} = 48 - 18 - 8$$

$$S_{BEFD} = 22$$

(R: E)

$$\triangle ADE \sim \triangle ABC$$

10)



$$\left(\frac{AD}{AB} \right)^2 = \frac{S_{ADE}}{S_{ABC}}$$

$$\left(\frac{AD}{8} \right)^2 = \frac{1/2 \cdot S_{ABC}}{S_{ABC}}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{AD^2}{64} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$2AD^2 = 64$$

$$AD^2 = 64 / 2 = 32$$

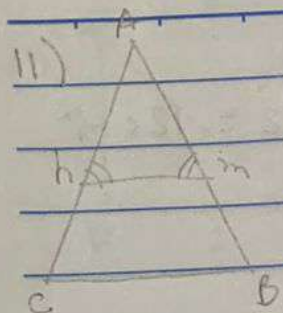
$$AD = \sqrt{32}$$

$$AD = \sqrt{2^2 \cdot 2^2 \cdot 2}$$

$$AD = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot \sqrt{2}$$

$$AD = 4\sqrt{2}$$

R: A



$$S_{ABC} = 96 \text{ m}^2$$

$$\Delta Amn \sim \Delta ABC$$

$$mn = 1/2 BC$$

$$\frac{S_{Amn}}{S_{ABC}} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2$$

$$S_{Bmn} = S_{ABC} - S_{Amn}$$

$$S_{Bmnc} = 96 - \frac{1}{4} \cdot 96$$

$$S_{Bmnc} = 96 - 24$$

$$S_{Amn} = \frac{1}{4} S_{ABC}$$

$$S_{Bmnc} = 72 \text{ m}^2$$