



# DATA VISUALISATION 2

FIT3179

## IFSC WORLD CUPS 2015-2021

[Dashboard](#)

[GitHub Repository](#)

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Lab 15

Word Count

999

## Domain and Audience

The domain is International Federation of Sports Climbing (IFSC) World Cup competition locations, demographics and results from 2015-2021, for all three disciplines: lead, boulder and speed. The visualisation (Figure 1) is aimed towards the general public (average English-speaker), introducing them to competitive sport climbing and educating them about competitions and athletes.

## What

Data was sourced from the [IFSC Official website](#) (2021). It provided information on past World Cup competitions, demographics, athletes and results. Data from 2015-2021 was collected. Data came in table format, so it was collated, filtered and transformed using basic Excel calculations to find relevant attributes and remove unnecessary information. The map shapefile was found from [Natural Earth](#) (2021) and transformed to topojson using [MapShaper](#) (2021). Geographic longitude and latitude values of each competition location was found using [Maps.ie](#) (2021).

## Why and How Entire visualisation

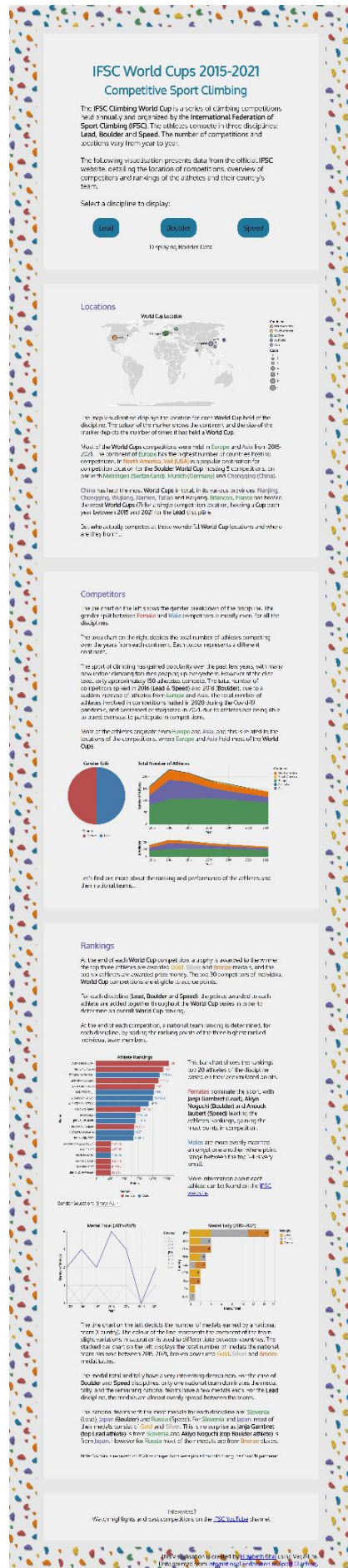


Figure 1 Entire view of IFSC World Cup dashboard

Inspiration for chart layouts came from Vega-Lite examples (Vega-Lite, 2021) and from FIT3179 Studios.

## 1. World Cup Location

This proportional symbol map idiom (Figure 2) allows the user to see the spatial distribution of IFSC World Cups. A point mark is located at longitude and latitude (qualitative) of the city (nominal). The size encodes the number of times (quantitative) the city has hosted (1-7), and the colours represent continent of the country. This reduced colours, making the chart easier to read. A world map was used for consistency, as other disciplines have competitions in other continents.



Figure 2 Proportional symbol map showing spatial distribution of IFSC World Cups

## 2. Gender Split

This pie chart (Figure 3) uses area, angle and colour to encode the percentage (quantitative) gender (categorical) breakdown of competing athletes. This visualisation can be used to lookup and compare proportion for gender.

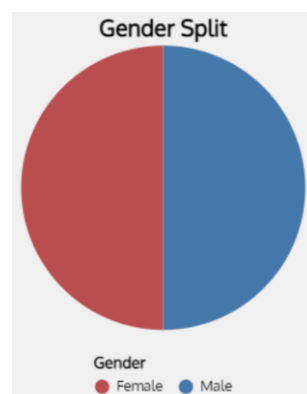


Figure 3 Pie chart to display gender breakdown of athletes for a specific discipline

### 3. Total Number of Athletes

This area chart (Figure 4) displays number (quantitative) of athletes (categorical) competing at World Cups over time (ordinal), via area marks, colour channel and height of area. A smaller area chart is displayed underneath to allow for brushing over time, and linking is used for selection of continents displayed. This allows the user to analyse trends of athletes competing over time.

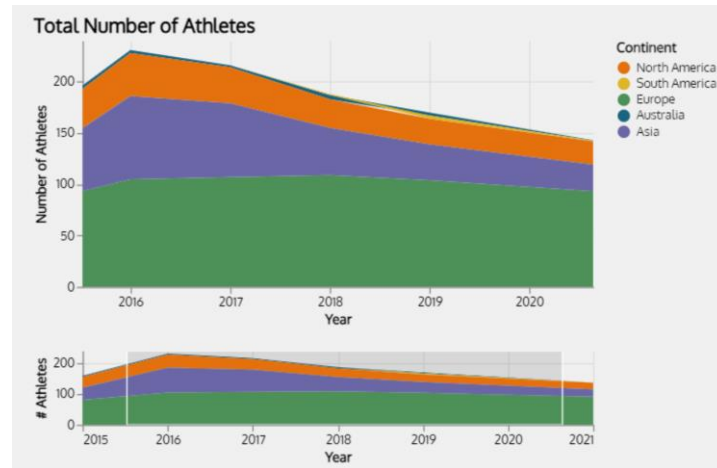


Figure 4 Area chart depicting total number of athletes participating in World Cups over time (2015-2021)

### 4. Athlete Rankings

This ranked bar chart (Figure 5) uses line marks and length channel to show number of points (quantitative) the top 20 athletes (horizontal position along framed common scale, nominal) have accumulated from competing. The colour channel is used to contrast female and male (categorical) competitors. The chart is sorted in descending order and a filter can be selected to display either female, male or both. This enables users to identify and compare the best athletes as described by annotations and text.

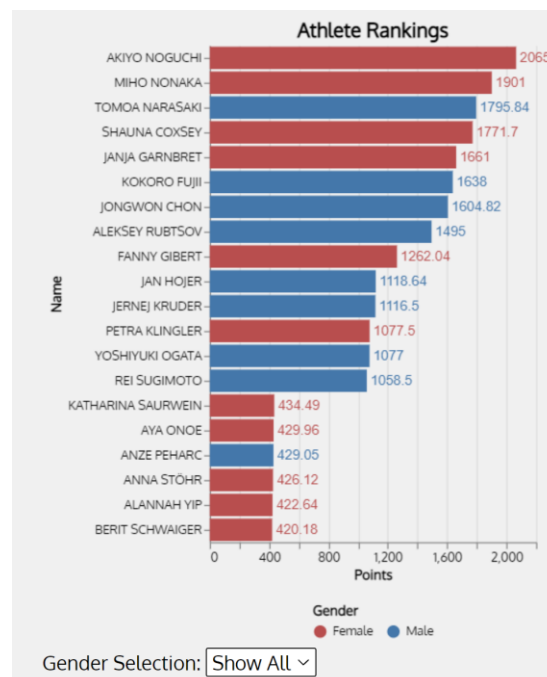


Figure 5 Bar chart illustrating the top 20 athlete point rankings for each discipline

## 5. Medal Total

This line chart (Figure 6) displays medal total (quantitative) of each country's national team (categorical) over time (ordinal). A point mark is used with line connections, where colour channel of the line indicates the continent the country belongs to. Slightly different saturations of continent hue are used to differentiate between countries from the same continent. Linking of the legend is used to allow users to highlight specific countries. This enables used to find trends and peaks for each country, and compare performance of each country.

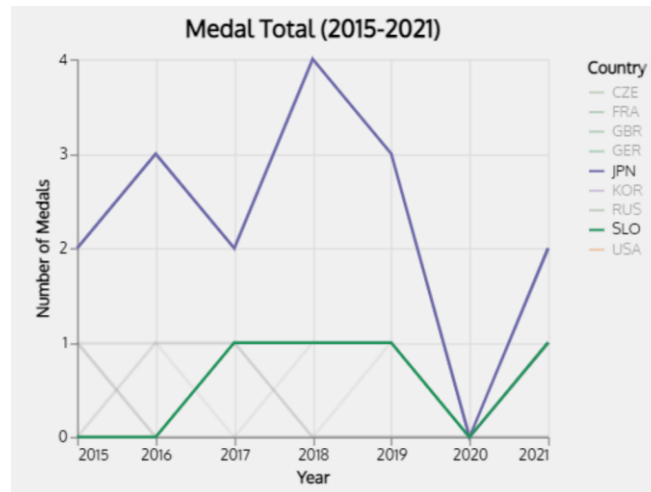


Figure 6 Line chart of medal total (2015-2021) which shows performance of each country's national team

## 6. Medal Tally

This stacked bar chart (Figure 7) illustrates a medal tally breakdown (line mark, length channel, quantitative) for each country (vertical position along framed common scale, nominal). Intuitive colours are used to represent the three categories of medal: Gold, Silver and Bronze. The countries are ordered in descending order and bar glyphs are ordered so that the bars are stacked in order of medal importance. Linking via the legend is also enabled. This allows users to compare countries and identify individual medal contributions.

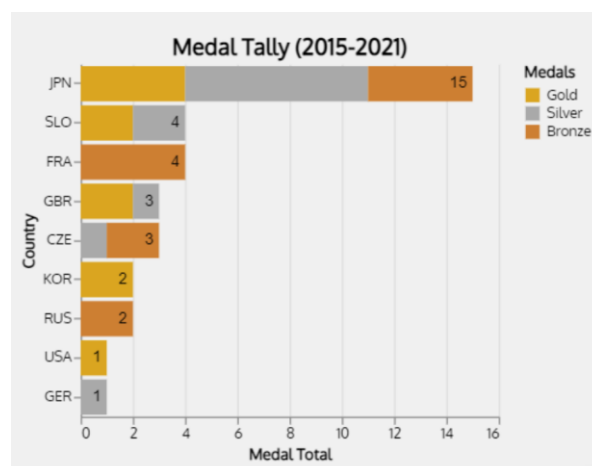


Figure 7 Stacked bar chart displaying the number of medals and type of medal each country has won

## Design

### Layout

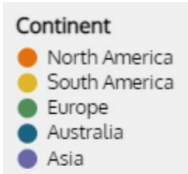
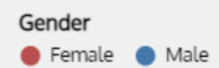

The vertical scrolling layout of the dashboard has a balanced layout and whitespace, and symmetrical layout. It is split horizontally using PureCSS, where some sections are 1:1, 1:2 or 1:3/2:3 to display elements. These sections were indicated using Gestalt principles of enclosure (by bounding elements in a box with a non-distracting background, and under same heading) and proximity (elements were grouped close together). Vertical sightlines are created via bounding boxes and text. Horizontal sightlines are indicated by enclosure and by aligning elements in HTML dividers.

### Figure-Ground

The visual centre of dashboard is the map, which is the biggest element, centred near towards the top of the dashboard. Other visualisations are also comparatively large and coloured, so that they remain in the figure. Headings and chart titles are large and coloured to also allow them to standout. Narrative text is also large, with some words bolded and coloured to draw attention. Smaller, lighter fonts are used for chart labels, annotations and other less important ground elements.

### Colour

Aesthetic and intuitive colour hues from the Paul Tol's colour schemes (2021) were used to represent country, gender and medal categorical attributes.

<b>Continent</b> 	North America	#e4710e
	South America	#dfb52b
	Europe	#4d9159
	Australia	#1a6381
	Asia	#6b67a7
<b>Gender</b> 	Female	#b84e4e
	Male	#4477AA
<b>Medals</b> 	Gold	#DAA520
	Silver	#A9A9A9
	Bronze	#cd7f32

These colours were kept consistent throughout, wherever a category is mentioned in a chart or text. The background was a tiled image (Figure 8) and was edited so the holds match colour hue of each continent. Light grey boxes are used to 'box' sections together, following the Gestalt principle of Enclosure. Black was used for text, and hue or saturation varied with importance of the text.



Figure 8 Tiling background of climbing holds (VectorStock, 2021)

These colours were checked for colour-blindness using a simulator (Wickline, 2001), depicted in Figure 9. Even with severe red-green blindness, different categories can be distinguished via different hues and shades. The red from the pie chart versus the green from the area chart maybe hard to distinguish, but they are encoding different attributes from separate data.

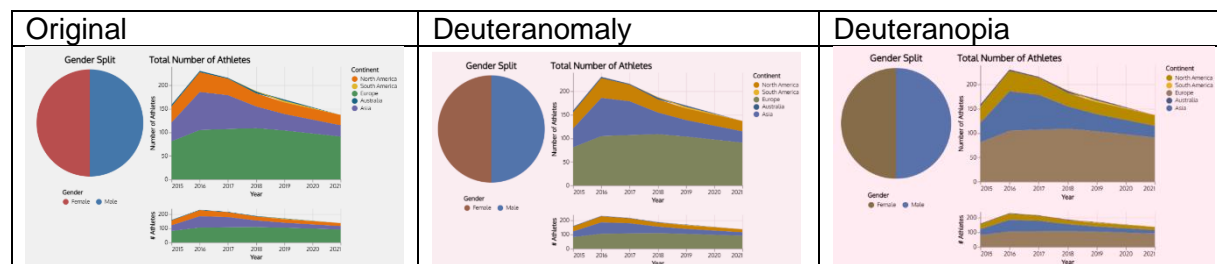


Figure 9 Visualising dashboard with different colour blindness lens

## Typography

A Google sans serif typeface, Oxygen (Google Fonts, 2021), was chosen based on aesthetics and readability. A hierarchy was used to make the visualisation readable by varying size, weight, font style and colour when required. Font size was based off a percentage of the containing block. The heading (300%) and subheadings (250%, 175%) are large in size, text (125%) was average-sized, visualisation headings (16pt) and visualisation annotations/text was smaller (11pt).

The title is centre aligned, and headings, informative text and annotations are left aligned for readability. Narrative text is also kept to less than 10 words per line (via padding) with line spacing for readability. Annotations and text were laid out so that nothing was overlapping.

## Storytelling

Genres of annotated chart and partitioned poster were used for the dashboard (Figure 1). Storytelling text (Figure 10) is scattered throughout the dashboard to maintain narrative and explain visualisations. Tooltips, annotations, brushing, linking and filtering were added onto visualisations to help the user read and enjoy the data.



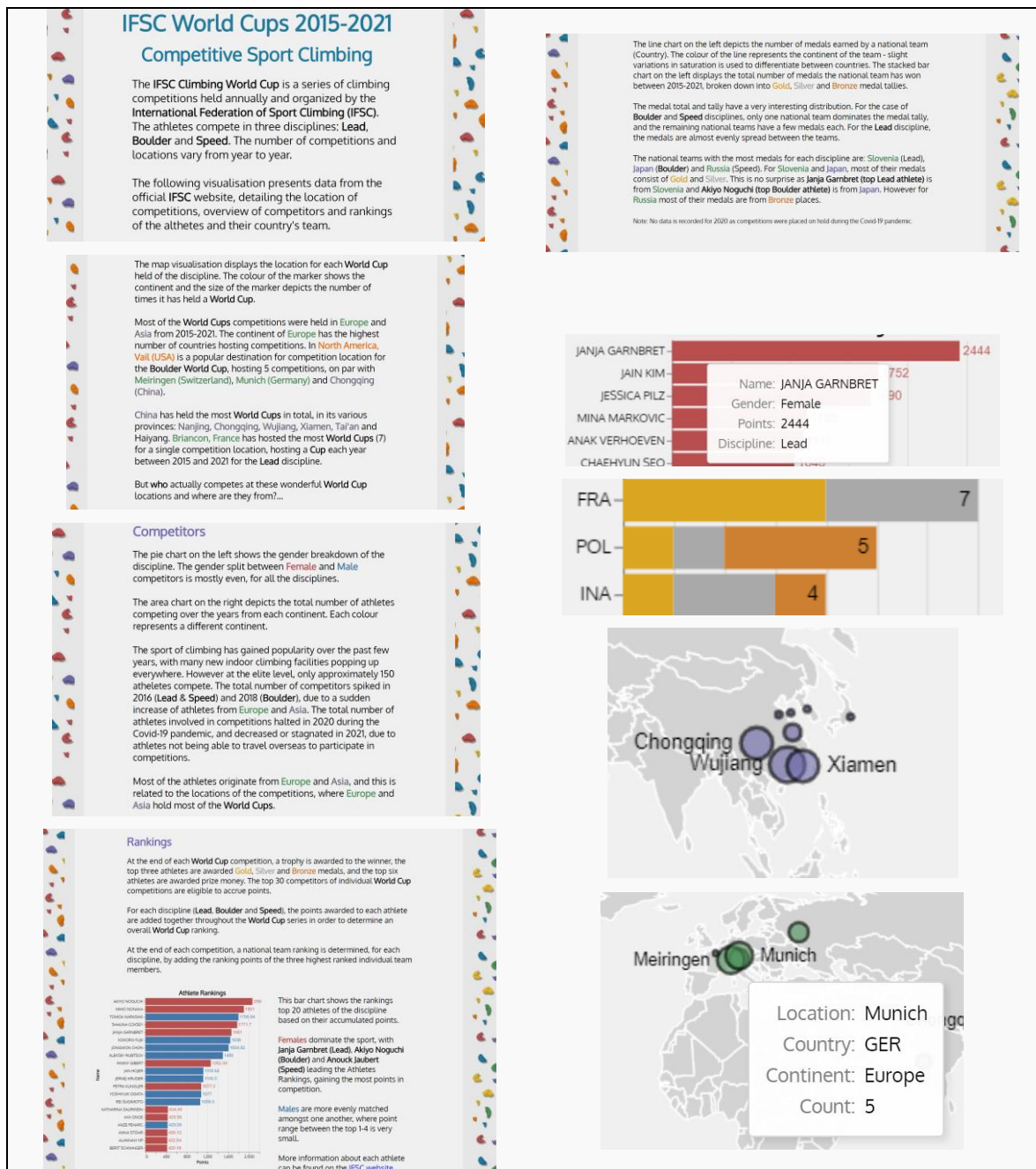


Figure 10 Text, tooltips and annotations presented that explain visualisations and provide narrative

A button filter for each discipline (Figure 11) is used at the top of the dashboard, increases interactivity, as well as provides 'details on demand'. When selected, the button colour is changed to purple until another event happens.

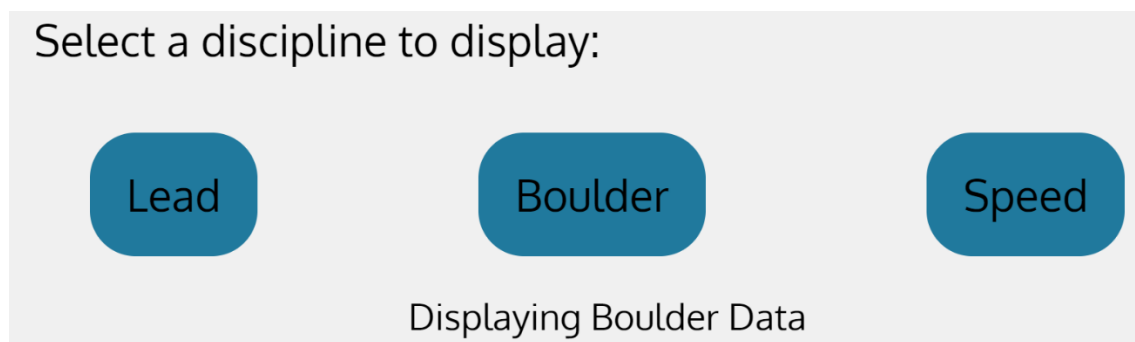


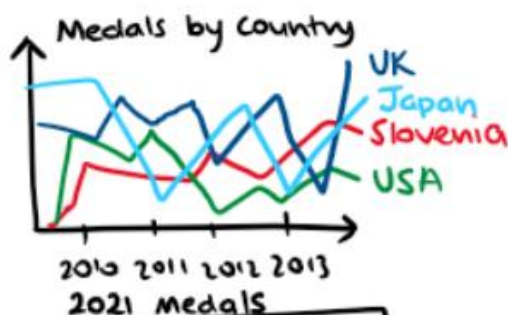
Figure 11 Interactive element for user to filter between Lead, Boulder and Speed disciplines to aid narrative

## Bibliography

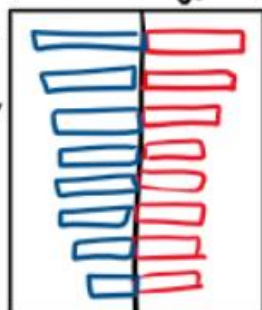
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- Wickline, M. (2001). *Color Blindness Simulator*. Retrieved 12 September 2021, from <https://www.color-blindness.com/coblis-color-blindness-simulator/>

# SHEET 1 IFSC World Cups

## IDEAS

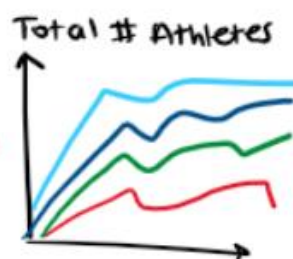


Filter by  
Lead  
Boulder  
Speed



Top Athletes

1.		~ 000
2.		~ 000
3.		~ 000
4.		~ 00



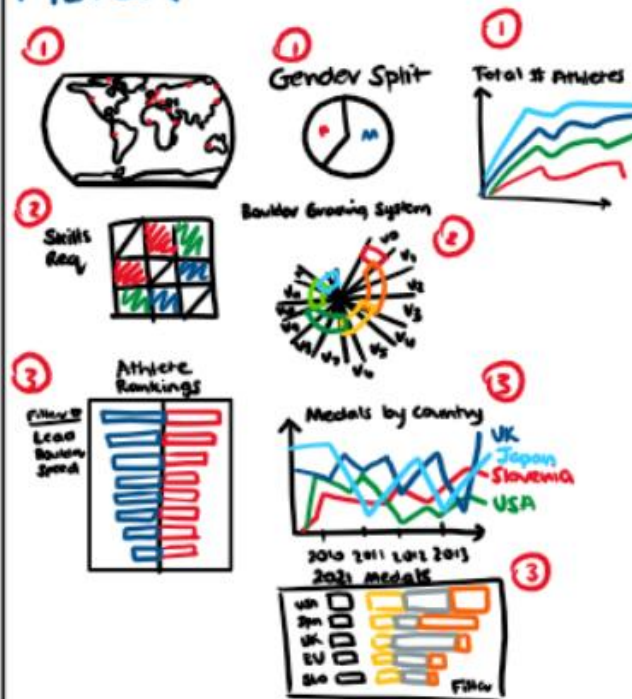
Gender Split



Boulder Grading System



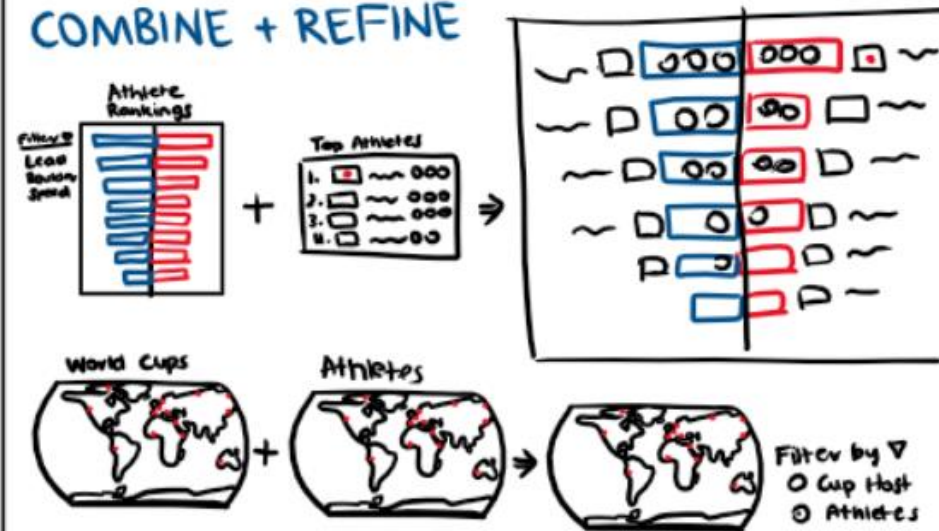
## FILTER



## CATEGORISE

- World Cup Overview
  - ↳ locations/hosts
  - ↳ athletes (where + how many)
  - ↳ gender split
- Requirements for Sports Climbing
  - ↳ physical traits of a climber
  - ↳ boulder/lead grading system + rules
  - ↳ speed (time)
- World Cup Results
  - ↳ athlete rankings 2021
  - ↳ country medals 2021
  - ↳ country ranking over time

## COMBINE + REFINE

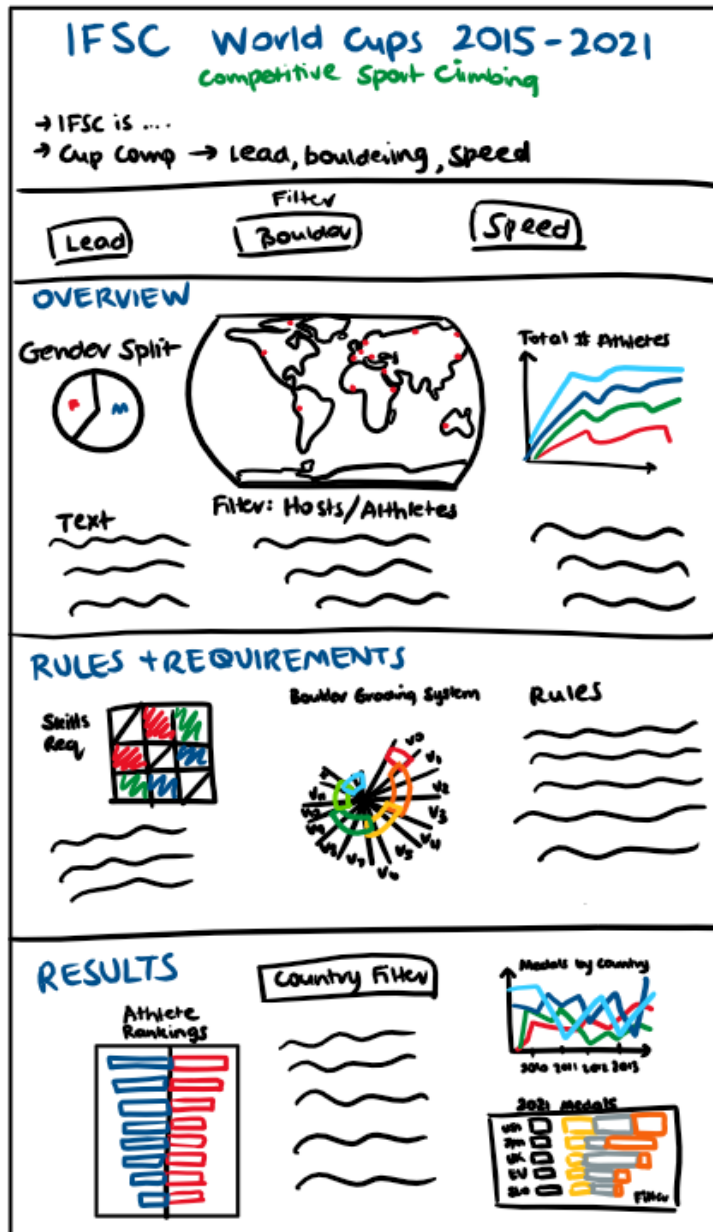


## QUESTIONS

- is the narrative clear?
- are the vis achievable?
- how can I use interactivity to improve storytelling?



# SHEET 2 LAYOUT



## FOCUS



Filters between hosts & athletes

Map is visual centre

↳ shows the extent of competitive sport climbing over 2015-2021

↳ many different countries/athletes/disciplines

↳ very visually interesting

↳ size of dot → # athletes / # times hosted

↳ colour of dot → continent

Overview / Rules + Requirements / Results

↳ sections breakdown is into smaller more manageable pieces

↳ user can focus on parts

## DISCUSSIONS

→ vertical scroll provides visual order and allows user to focus on each section individually

→ ample space for storytelling

→ balanced layout & whitespace

→ simple interactive elements

→ boulder grading polar chart may be difficult to implement in VegaLite

## OPERATION

Filter between 3 main disciplines

↳ lead

↳ boulder

↳ speed

← click on 1

→ filter applied

→ affects gender split, map, total # athletes, athlete rankings, country medals / rankings.

Filter for country in results section

→ affects athlete rankings, medal country / rankings.

## META INFORMATION

Title: IFSC World Cups 2015-2021

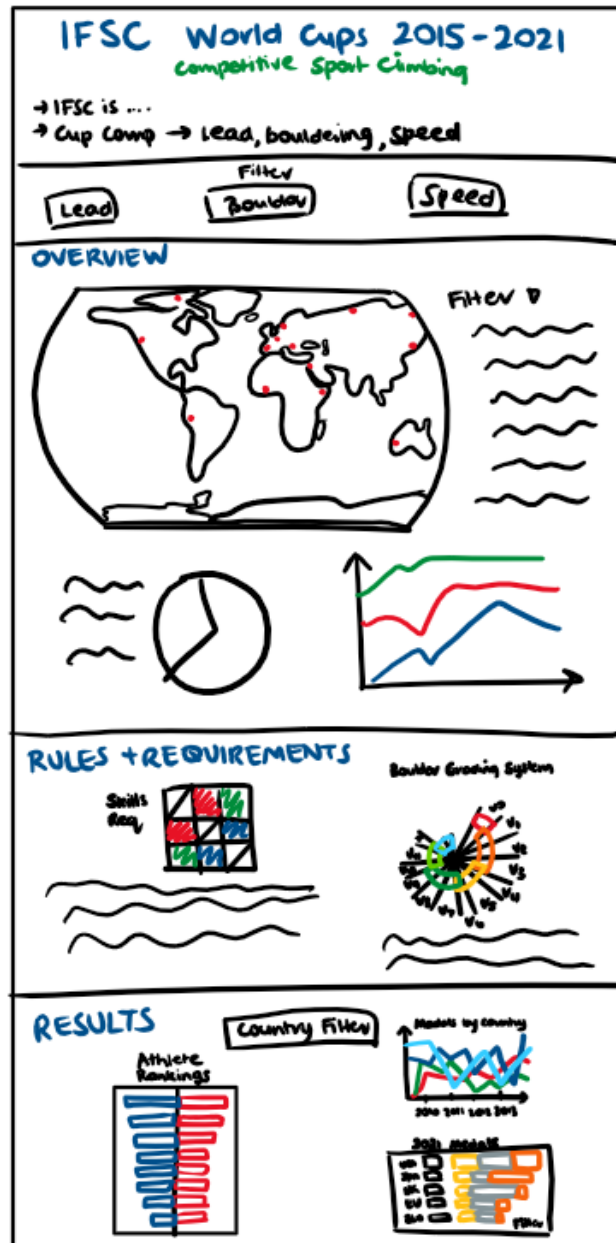
Author: Elizabeth Chai

Date: 12/09/21

Sheet: 2

Task: Draft

# SHEET 3 LAYOUT



## FOCUS



Filters between  
hosts & athletes

Map is visual centre

↳ shows the extent  
of competitive sport  
climbing over  
2015-2021

↳ many different  
countries/athletes/  
disciplines

↳ very visually  
interesting

↳ size of dot → # athletes/  
# times hosted

↳ colour of dot → continent

Overview / Rules + Requirements /  
Results

↳ sections breakdown vis into  
smaller more manageable pieces

↳ user can focus on parts

## DISCUSSIONS

→ larger map allows for better visual  
centre + attention

→ two column layout causes a longer  
vis → more scrolling + whitespace

→ balanced & symmetrical layout

→ simple interactive elements

→ layout easy to code

## OPERATION

Filter for country in results  
section

→ affects athlete rankings,  
medal country / rankings.

Filter between 3 main disciplines

↳ lead

↳ boulder

↳ speed

← click on 1

→ filter applied

→ affects gender split, map,  
total # athletes, athlete  
rankings, country medals/  
rankings.

## META INFORMATION

Title: IFSC World Cups 2015-  
2021

Author: Elizabeth Chai

Date: 12/09/21

Sheet: 3

Task: Draft

# SHEET 4 LAYOUT

## IFSC World Cups 2015-2021

competitive Sport Climbing

→ IFSC is ...  
→ Cup Comp → Lead, bouldering, Speed

Filter

Lead  
Boulder  
Speed

### OVERVIEW



### RULES + REQUIREMENTS



### RESULTS



## FOCUS



Filters between  
hosts & athletes

Map is visual centre

↳ shows the extent  
of competitive sport  
climbing over  
2015-2021

↳ many different  
countries/athletes/  
disciplines

↳ very visually  
interesting

↳ size of dot → # athletes/  
# times hosted

↳ colour of dot → continent

Overview / Rules + Requirements /  
Results

↳ sections breakdown vis into  
smaller more manageable pieces

↳ user can focus on parts

↳ left/right lay out gives more  
emphasis to overview section

## OPERATION

Filter between 3 main disciplines

↳ lead  
↳ boulder  
↳ speed

← click on 1

⇒ filter applied

→ affects gender split, map,  
total # athletes, athlete  
rankings, country medals/  
rankings.

Filter for country in results  
section

→ affects athlete rankings,  
medal country / rankings.

## DISCUSSIONS

→ map is ~~no longer in visual  
centre~~

→ ~~harder to fit~~ 4 vis charts across  
landscape window & make it look  
nice

→ a ~~lot of whitespace~~ near title

→ layout very ~~clean~~

## META INFORMATION

Title: IFSC World Cups 2015-  
2021

Author: Elizabeth Chai

Date: 12/09/21

Sheet: 4

Task: Draft



# SHEET 5 FINAL LAYOUT + NOTES

## TYPOGRAPHY

- sans-serif
- caps + bold + big for title
- medium + bold for subtitles/subheadings
- small + desaturated colour for annotations + other text + tooltips

## COLOURS

- warm → female
- cool → male
- colour hues picked for countries
- ↳ maintained throughout vis

## TEXT/ANNOTATIONS

- added to describe + explain graphs & for narrative

## TOOLTIPS

- used throughout vis to provide more detail on hover

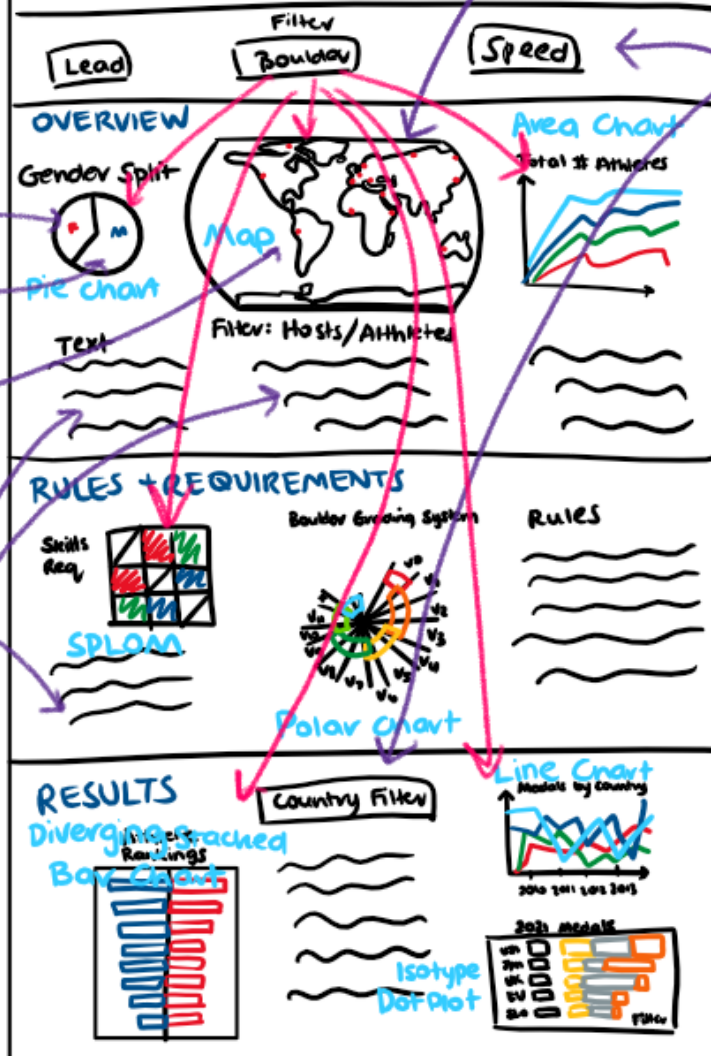
## VISUALISATION

- to be completed using HTML/CSS/Javascript & VegaLite in VSCode/Google Chrome

## IFSC World Cups 2015-2021

competitive Sport Climbing

- IFSC is ...
- Cup Comp → Lead, bouldering, speed



## FOCUS

- shows the extent of professional / comp sport climbing globally
- IFSC is a prominent international governing body for sport climbing

## FILTERS + LINKING

- interactive elements to allow filtering + highlighting + button / drop down menu:
- ↳ discipline (lead, boulder, speed)
- ↳ country for Results section

## COMPATABILITY

- laptops, monitors + tablets

## DEPENDENCIES & ESTIMATES

- data pre-processing
  - ↳ time: 1-2 hrs
  - ↳ effort: medium
  - ↳ software: Excel
- create visualisations
  - ↳ time: 5-8 hrs
  - ↳ effort: high
  - ↳ software: VS Code/Chrome
- create/arrange dashboard & add annotations
  - ↳ time: 2-3 hrs
  - ↳ effort: medium
  - ↳ software: VS Code/Chrome
- cleaning up vis
  - ↳ time: 1-2 hrs
  - ↳ effort: low
  - ↳ software: VS Code/Chrome

## META INFORMATION

Title: IFSC World Cups 2015-2021

Author: Elizabeth Chai

Date: 12/09/21

Sheet: 5

Task: Draft

## DATASETS

- IFSC Comps + Rankings  
<https://www.ifsc-climbing.org/index.php/world-competition/ranking>
- Analysis of Climbing Techniques  
<https://www.naftaliharris.com/blog/climbing-statistical-analysis/>
- Comparison of Climbing Ranking  
<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1728869X19300723>

## TIMELINE

Session 1: 14/09/21 Tues Wk 8

- ↳ data-processing

- ↳ create vis

Session 2: 21/09/21 Tues Wk 9

- ↳ continue with vis

- ↳ create dashboard + cleanup

Due: 18/10/21 Mon Wk 12