

1. a) The complete m -partite graph K_{n_1, n_2, \dots, n_m} has vertices partitioned into m subsets of n_1, n_2, \dots, n_m elements each, and vertices are adjacent if and only if they are in different subsets in the partition. Draw the following graphs.

i) $K_{1,2,3}$

ii) $K_{2,2,2}$

iii) $K_{1,2,2,3}$

- b) The thickness of a simple graph G is the smallest number of planar subgraphs of G that have G as their union. Show that $K_{3,3}$ has 2 as its thickness.

2. a) Show that the vertices of a bipartite graph with two or more vertices can be ordered so that its adjacency matrix has the form

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & A \\ B & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

- b) How many nonisomorphic simple graphs are there with n vertices, when n is:

i) 2?

ii) 3?

iii) 4?

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DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

CSM 491 GRAPH THEORY AND ITS APPLICATIONS

COMPUTER SCIENCE IV

November 2010 MID-SEMESTER EXAMINATION, 2010 Time Allowed: 1½ Hour

[30 Marks]

Instruction: Answer all questions in the answer booklet provided! ALL questions carry equal marks.

1. a) i) How many edges does a graph have if it has vertices of degree 4, 3, 3, 2, 2? Draw such a graph.
ii) Prove that an undirected graph has an even number of vertices of odd degree.

- b) i) Construct a precedence graph for the following program:

$$S_1 : x = 0$$

$$S_2 : x = x + 1$$

$$S_3 : y = 2$$

$$S_4 : z = y$$

$$S_5 : x = x + 2$$

$$S_6 : y = x + z$$

$$S_7 : z = 4$$

- ii) Can a simple graph exist with 15 vertices each of degree 5? Explain your answer.

2. a) A simple graph is called *regular* if every vertex of this graph has the same degree. A regular graph is called *n-regular* if every vertex in this graph has degree *n*. For which values of *n* are the following graphs regular?

i) K_n

ii) C_n

iii) W_n

iv) Q_n

- b) Does there exist a simple graph with five vertices of the following degrees? If so, draw such a graph.

i) 3, 3, 3, 3, 2

ii) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5

iii) 1, 2, 3, 4, 4

iv) 3, 4, 3, 4, 3

v) 0, 1, 2, 2, 3

vi) 1, 1, 1, 1, 1

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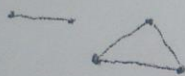
Time Allowed: 1 Hour

Answer ALL questions

1. How many nonisomorphic connected simple graphs are there with n vertices when n is

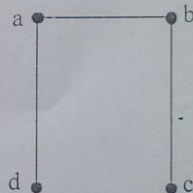
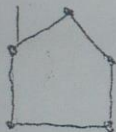
a) 2? b) 3? c) 4? d) 5?

2. Show that the vertices of a bipartite graph with two or more vertices can be ordered so that its adjacency matrix has the form



$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & A \\ B & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
 where the four entries shown are rectangular blocks.

3. A simple graph G is called self-complementary if G and \bar{G} are isomorphic. Show that the following graph is self-complementary.



4. Show that every pair of processors in a mesh network of $n = m^2$ processors can communicate using $O(m)$ hops between directly connected processors.

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