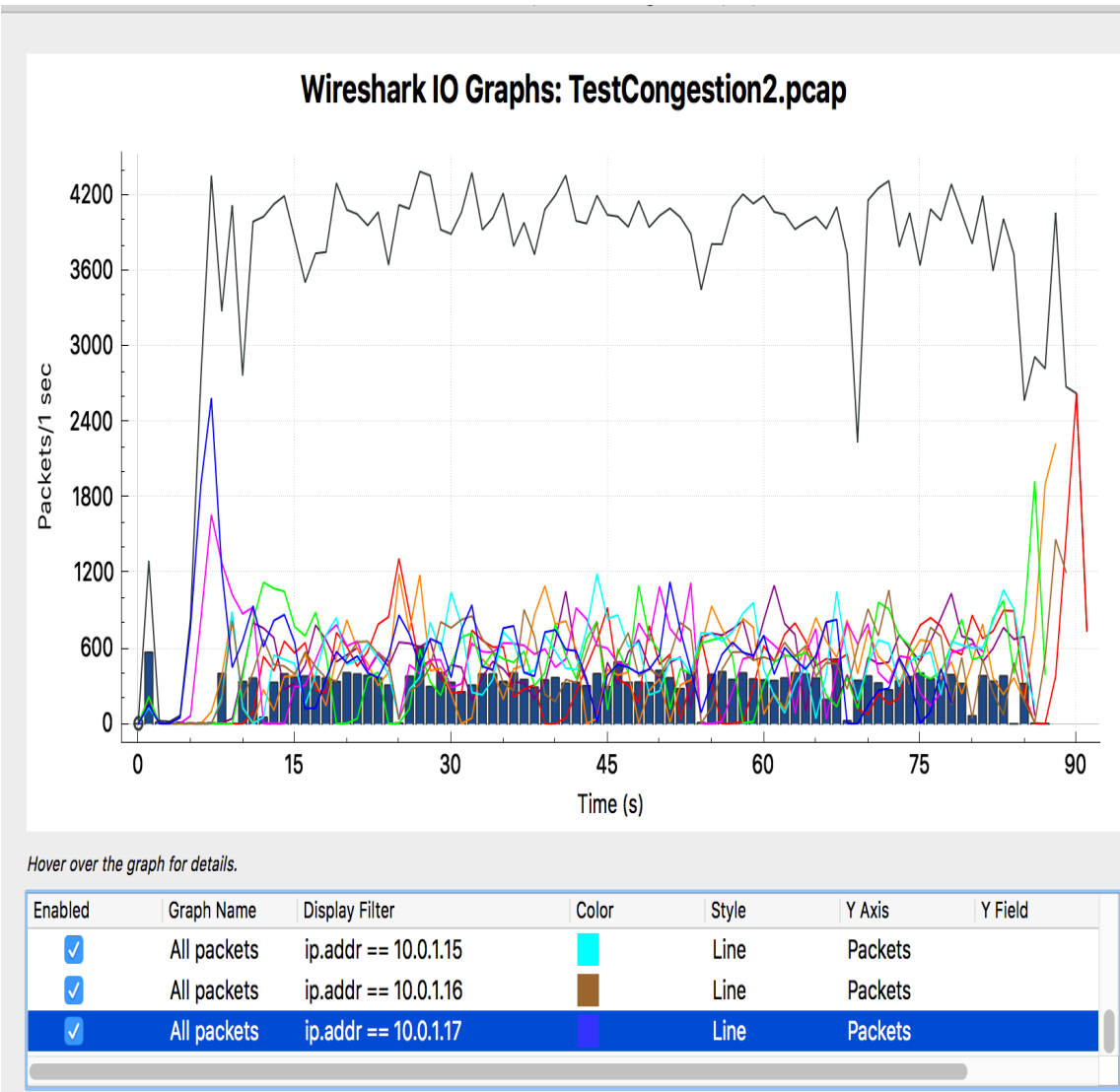


1. IO Graph Screenshot



2. KENS

TCPAssignment.hpp

In header file, I define a struct `PidFd`, which simply contains `pi` and `fd`. Also, I add `operator<` and `operator==` to use the struct as a key in the map container.

To handle bound socket, I define map named `bind_list`, which has struct `PidFd` as a key and struct `sockaddr` as a value.

Also, `syscall_socket/close/bind/getsocketname` are defined and my supporting function `is_addr_same` is also defined.

TCPAssignment.cpp

I implement 5 functions. In this document, when I state return, it means that I use `returnSystemCall(syscallUUID, 'return value')`.

1. `syscall_socket`

Simply, create `new_fd` with `createFileDescriptor(pid)` and return `new_fd`.

2. `syscall_close`

Construct `PidFd` struct with `pid` and `fd` in arguments.

By iterating through `bind_list` map, check if the `fd` to close exists in the list. If it doesn't return -1, otherwise, remove it from the map and return 0.

3. `syscall_bind`

Construct `PidFd` struct with `pid` and `fd` in arguments.

Firstly, check if the `fd` is already bound, by iterating through map container. If found, return -1, otherwise, continue.

Then, iterating through map containers, check if the new address to

bind is violating bind rule or not. If it does, return -1, otherwise, insert the new key-value pair to the bind_list and return 0.

4. syscall_getsockname

Construct PidFd struct with pid and fd in arguments.

Try finding the same pid&fd in map and if found, return -1, otherwise, copy the address to addr argument and return 0.

5. is_addr_same

argument types: struct sockaddr, struct sockaddr

return type: bool

Compare two sockaddr structs with bind rule.

Return true if it violates bind rule, return false otherwise.