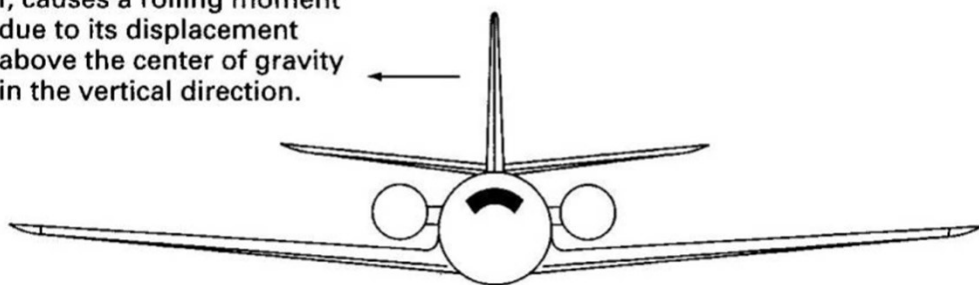




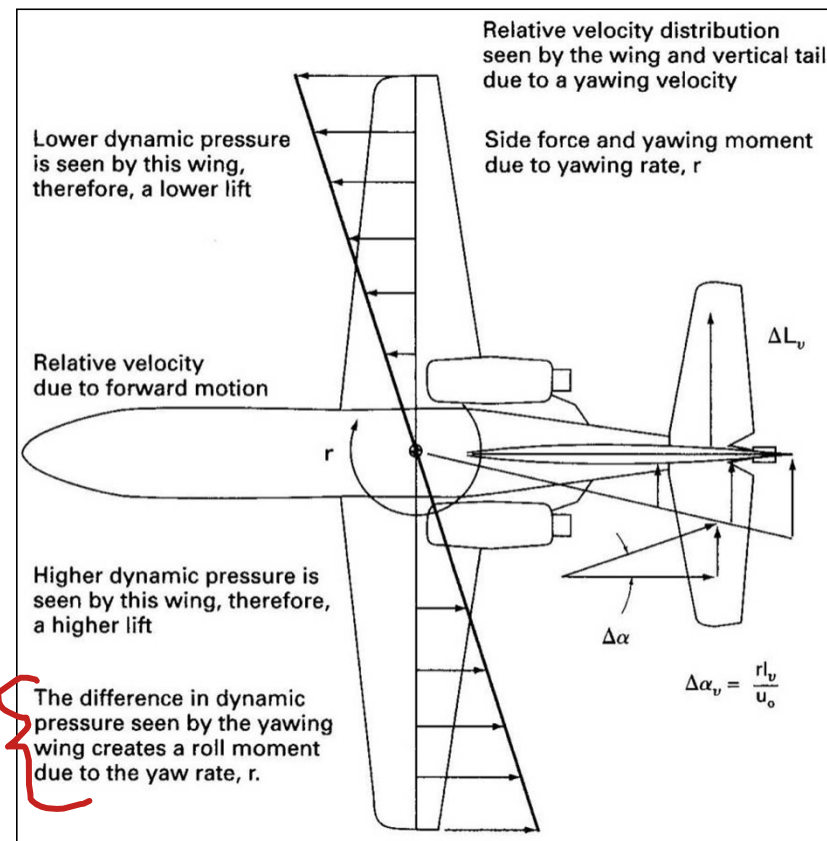
Yaw Rate (r) Effect

Consider the figures alongside and below showing the effect of yaw rate, ' r ', on the **directional** as well as lateral aerodynamics.

Side force on the vertical tail created by yawing rate, r , causes a rolling moment due to its displacement above the center of gravity in the vertical direction.



Roll moment due to yawing rate, r





Yaw Rate (r) Derivatives for ΔY_A , ΔN_A

$$Y = -a_v \Delta \beta Q_V S_V; \quad \Delta \beta = -\frac{r l_V}{u_0}; \quad C_Y = \frac{Y}{Q_w S_w} = \frac{a_v r l_V Q_V S_V}{u_0 Q_w S_w}$$

$$C_Y = a_w r \left(\frac{l_V}{u_o} \times \frac{S_V}{S_w} \right) \eta_V; \quad \bar{r} = \frac{r b}{2 u_0}; \quad C_{Y\bar{r}} = 2 a_w \eta_V \frac{S_V l_V}{S_w b} \approx -2 C_{Y\beta} \left(\frac{l_V}{b} \right)$$

$$N = a_v \Delta \beta Q_V S_V l_V = -a_v \left(\frac{r l_V}{u_0} \right) Q_V S_V l_V = -2 a_v \bar{r} Q_V S_V l_V \left(\frac{l_V}{b} \right)$$

$$C_N = \frac{N}{Q S_w b} = -2 a_v \bar{r} \eta_V V_V \left(\frac{l_V}{b} \right); \quad C_{N\bar{r}} = -2 a_v \eta_V V_V \left(\frac{l_V}{b} \right) \approx 2 C_{Y\beta} \left(\frac{l_V}{b} \right)^2$$

$$C_{lr} = \frac{C_L}{4} - 2 \left(\frac{l_V}{b} \right) \left(\frac{z_V}{b} \right) C_{y\beta V} \rightarrow \text{Due to both Wing and VT}$$



Roll Rate (p) Effect and Derivative

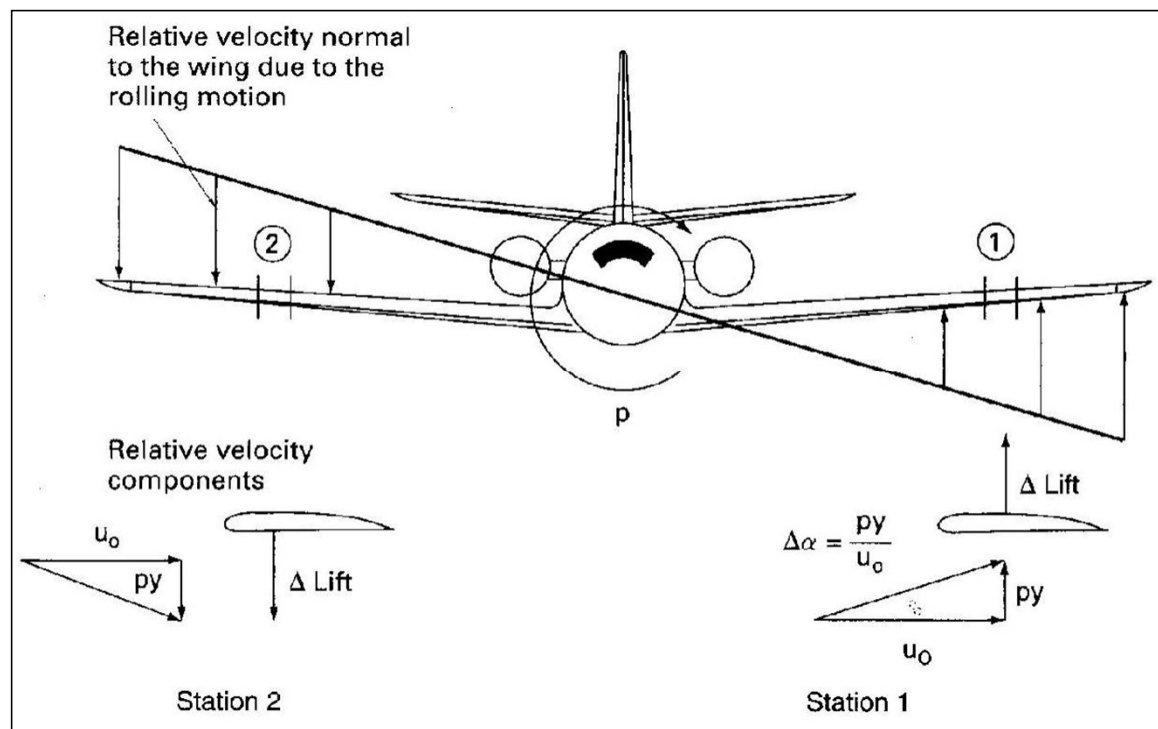
Roll rate effects are due to contributions **from** wings and the schematic along-side **brings** out the applicable physics.

$$L_{roll} = -2 \int_0^{b/2} C_{l\alpha} \left(\frac{py}{u_0} \right) Qc(y)ydy$$

$$C_l = -2 \frac{a_w p}{Sb u_0} \int_0^{b/2} c(y)y^2 dy; \quad \lambda = \frac{c_t}{c_r}$$

$$\checkmark \bar{p} = \frac{pb}{2u_0}; \quad \checkmark C_{l\bar{p}} = -4 \frac{a_w}{Sb^2} \int_0^{b/2} c(y)y^2 dy$$

$$c(y) = c_r - (c_r - c_t) \frac{2y}{b}; \quad C_{l\bar{p}} = -\frac{C_{L\alpha}(1+3\lambda)}{12(1+\lambda)}$$





Applicable $x-z$ Plane Dimensional Derivatives

Jim

$$X_u = \frac{-(C_{Du} + 2C_{D0})QS}{mu_0} (s^{-1})$$

$$X_w = \frac{-(C_{D\alpha} - C_{L0})QS}{mu_0} (s^{-1})$$

$$Z_u = \frac{-(C_{Lu} + 2C_{L0})QS}{mu_0} (s^{-1})$$

$$Z_w = \frac{-(C_{L\alpha} + C_{D0})QS}{mu_0} (s^{-1})$$

$$Z_{\dot{w}} = -C_{z\dot{\alpha}} \frac{c}{2u_0} QS / (u_0 m)$$

$$Z_{\alpha} = u_0 Z_{\dot{w}} (\text{ft/s}^2) \text{ or } (\text{m/s}^2)$$

$$Z_{\dot{\alpha}} = u_0 Z_{\dot{w}} (\text{ft/s}) \text{ or } (\text{m/s})$$

$$Z_q = -C_{zq} \frac{c}{2u_0} QS / m (\text{ft/s}) \text{ or } (\text{m/s})$$

$$Z_{\delta_e} = -C_{z\delta_e} QS / m (\text{ft/s}^2)$$

$$M_u = C_{mu} \frac{(QSc)}{u_0 I_y} \left(\frac{1}{\text{ft} \cdot \text{s}} \right) \text{ or } \left(\frac{1}{\text{m} \cdot \text{s}} \right)$$

$$M_w = C_{m\alpha} \frac{(QS\bar{c})}{u_0 I_y} \left(\frac{1}{\text{ft} \cdot \text{s}} \right) \text{ or } \left(\frac{1}{\text{m} \cdot \text{s}} \right)$$

$$M_{\dot{w}} = C_{m\dot{\alpha}} \frac{\bar{c}}{2u_0} \frac{QS\bar{c}}{u_0 I_y} (\text{ft}^{-1})$$

$$M_{\alpha} = u_0 M_w (s^{-2})$$

$$M_{\dot{\alpha}} = u_0 M_{\dot{w}} (s^{-1})$$

$$M_q = C_{mq} \frac{\bar{c}}{2u_0} (QS\bar{c}) / I_y (s^{-1})$$

$$M_{\delta_e} = C_{m\delta_e} (QS\bar{c}) / I_y (s^{-2})$$



Applicable $x - y$ Plane Dimensional Derivatives

$Y_{\beta} = \frac{QSC_{y\beta}}{m} \text{ (ft/s}^2\text{) or (m/s}^2\text{)}$	$N_{\beta} = \frac{Q Sb C_{n\beta}}{I_z} \text{ (s}^{-2}\text{)}$	$L_{\beta} = \frac{Q Sb C_{l\beta}}{I_x} \text{ (s}^{-2}\text{)}$
$Y_p = \frac{Q Sb C_{yp}}{2mu_0} \text{ (ft/s) (m/s)}$	$N_p = \frac{Q Sb^2 C_{np}}{2I_x u_0} \text{ (s}^{-1}\text{)}$	$L_p = \frac{Q Sb^2 C_{lp}}{2I_x u_0} \text{ (s}^{-1}\text{)}$
$Y_r = \frac{Q Sb C_{yr}}{2mu_0} \text{ (ft/s) or (m/s)}$	$N_r = \frac{Q Sb^2 C_{nr}}{2I_x u_0} \text{ (s}^{-1}\text{)}$	$L_r = \frac{Q Sb^2 C_{lr}}{2I_x u_0} \text{ (s}^{-1}\text{)}$
$Y_{\delta a} = \frac{QSC_{y\delta a}}{m} \text{ (ft/s}^2\text{) or (m/s}^2\text{)}$	$Y_{\delta r} = \frac{QSC_{y\delta r}}{m} \text{ (ft/s}^2\text{) or (m/s}^2\text{)}$	
$N_{\delta a} = \frac{Q Sb C_{n\delta a}}{I_z} \text{ (s}^{-2}\text{)}$	$N_{\delta r} = \frac{Q Sb C_{n\delta r}}{I_z} \text{ (s}^{-2}\text{)}$	
$L_{\delta a} = \frac{Q Sb C_{l\delta a}}{I_x} \text{ (s}^{-2}\text{)}$	$L_{\delta r} = \frac{Q Sb C_{l\delta r}}{I_x} \text{ (s}^{-2}\text{)}$	



6-DOF Symmetric & Asymmetric Dynamics

Symmetric (Longitudinal) Dynamics:

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta \dot{u} &= X_u \Delta u + X_w \Delta w - (g \cos \theta_0) \Delta \theta + X_{\delta_e} \delta_e + X_{\delta_T} \delta_T \\ (1 - Z_{\dot{w}}) \Delta \dot{w} &= Z_u \Delta u + Z_w \Delta w + (u_0 + Z_q) \Delta \dot{\theta} \\ &\quad - (g \sin \theta_0) \Delta \theta + Z_{\delta_e} \Delta \delta_e + Z_{\delta_T} \Delta \delta_T \\ \Delta \dot{q} &= M_u \Delta u + M_w \Delta w + M_{\dot{w}} \Delta \dot{w} + M_q \Delta q + M_{\delta_e} \Delta \delta_e + M_{\delta_T} \Delta \delta_T \\ \Delta \dot{\theta} &= \Delta q \\ \Delta \dot{x}_I &= \cos \theta_0 \Delta u + \sin \theta_0 \Delta w \\ \Delta \dot{z}_I &= -\Delta \dot{h}_I = -\sin \theta_0 \Delta u + \cos \theta_0 \Delta w\end{aligned}$$

Asymmetric (Lateral-Directional) Dynamics:

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta \dot{v} &= Y_v \Delta v + Y_p \Delta p - (u_0 - Y_r) \Delta r + (g \cos \theta_0) \Delta \phi + Y_{\delta_r} \delta_r \\ \Delta \dot{p} &= L_v \Delta v + L_p \Delta p + L_r \Delta r + \left(\frac{I_{zx}}{I_{xx}} \right) \Delta \dot{r} + L_{\delta_a} \Delta \delta_a + L_{\delta_r} \Delta \delta_r \\ \Delta \dot{r} &= N_v \Delta v + N_p \Delta p + N_r \Delta r + \left(\frac{I_{zx}}{I_{zz}} \right) \Delta \dot{p} + N_{\delta_a} \Delta \delta_a + N_{\delta_r} \Delta \delta_r \\ \Delta \dot{\phi} &= \Delta p + \tan \theta_0 \Delta r \\ \Delta \dot{\psi} &= \left\{ \frac{1}{\cos(\theta_0)} \right\} \Delta r \\ \Delta \dot{y}_I &= \Delta v\end{aligned}$$

Six equations for x – z plane: Δu , Δw , Δq , $\Delta \theta$, Δx_I , Δz_I , (along with θ_0).

Six equations for x – y plane: Δv , Δp , Δr , $\Delta \phi$, $\Delta \psi$, Δy_I , (along with θ_0).



Longitudinal Dynamics

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Delta \dot{u} &= X_u \Delta u + X_w \Delta w - (g \cos \theta_0) \Delta \theta + X_{\delta_e} \delta_e + X_{\delta_T} \delta_T \\
 (1 - Z_{\dot{w}}) \Delta \dot{w} &= Z_u \Delta u + Z_w \Delta w + (u_0 + Z_q) \Delta q - (g \sin \theta_0) \Delta \theta \\
 &\quad + Z_{\delta_e} \Delta \delta_e + Z_{\delta_T} \Delta \delta_T \\
 \Delta \dot{q} &= M_u \Delta u + M_w \Delta w + M_{\dot{w}} \Delta \dot{w} + M_q \Delta q + M_{\delta_e} \Delta \delta_e + M_{\delta_T} \Delta \delta_T \\
 \Delta \dot{\theta} &= \Delta q \\
 \Delta \dot{x}_I &= \cos \theta_0 \Delta u + \sin \theta_0 \Delta w \\
 \Delta \dot{z}_I &= -\Delta \dot{h}_I = -\sin \theta_0 \Delta u + \cos \theta_0 \Delta w
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \{\dot{x}\} &= [A]\{x\} + [B]\{u\} \\
 \{y\} &= [C]\{x\} + [D]\{u\} \\
 \{x\} &= \begin{Bmatrix} \Delta u \\ \Delta w \\ \Delta q \\ \Delta \theta \\ \Delta x_I \\ \Delta z_I \end{Bmatrix}; \quad \{u\} = \begin{Bmatrix} \Delta \delta_e \\ \Delta \delta_T \end{Bmatrix}
 \end{aligned}$$



$[A], [B], [C], [D]$ Matrices

$$[A] = \begin{bmatrix} X_u & X_w & 0 & -g \cos \theta_0 & 0 & 0 \\ Z_u & Z_w & Z_q + u_0 & -g \sin \theta_0 & 0 & 0 \\ M_u + M_{\dot{w}} Z_u & M_w + M_{\dot{w}} Z_w & M_q + M_{\dot{w}} u_0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \cos \theta_0 & \sin \theta_0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -\sin \theta_0 & \cos \theta_0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[B] = \begin{bmatrix} X_{\delta e} & X_{\delta T} \\ Z_{\delta e} & Z_{\delta T} \\ M_{\delta e} + M_{\dot{w}} Z_{\delta e} & M_{\delta T} + M_{\dot{w}} Z_{\delta T} \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[C] = [I]; \quad [D] = 0$$



Longitudinal Motion Features

It is seen that the position kinematics is decoupled so **that** we can solve the sixth order **dynamics** as two separate 4th **order** and 2nd order systems.

Further, pitch angle ' $\Delta\theta$ ' is directly solvable from ' $\Delta\mathbf{q}$ ' solution so that in some **cases**, further simplification are possible.

Lastly, nature of the $[A]$ matrix provides **additional** simplifications in the **context** of longitudinal dynamics.



4th Order Longitudinal Model

$$\{x\} = \begin{Bmatrix} \Delta u \\ \Delta w \\ \Delta q \\ \Delta \theta \end{Bmatrix}; \quad \{u\} = \begin{Bmatrix} \Delta \delta_e \\ \Delta \delta_T \end{Bmatrix}; \quad [B] = \begin{bmatrix} X_{\delta e} & X_{\delta T} \\ Z_{\delta e} & Z_{\delta T} \\ M_{\delta e} + M_{\dot{w}} Z_{\delta e} & M_{\delta T} + M_{\dot{w}} Z_{\delta T} \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[A] = \begin{bmatrix} X_u & X_w & 0 & -g \cos \theta_0 \\ Z_u & Z_w & Z_q + u_0 & -g \sin \theta_0 \\ M_u + M_{\dot{w}} Z_u & M_w + M_{\dot{w}} Z_w & M_q + M_{\dot{w}} u_0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$