SQL Exercises: GROUP BY and HAVING

Schema

 $Student(\underline{sID}, surName, firstName, campus, email, cgpa) \qquad Offering[dept, cNum] \subseteq Course[dept, cNum] \\ Course(\underline{dept}, cNum, name, breadth) \qquad \qquad Took[sID] \subseteq Student[sID] \\ Offering(\underline{oID}, dept, cNum, term, instructor) \qquad Took[oID] \subseteq Offering[oID] \\ Took(sID, oID, grade)$

Questions

1. Write a query to find the average grade, minimum grade, and maximum grade for each offering.

2. Which of these queries is legal?

SELECT surname, sid FROM Student, Took WHERE Student.sid = Took.sid GROUP BY sid;

SELECT surname, Student.sid FROM Student, Took WHERE Student.sid = Took.sid GROUP BY campus; SELECT Course.dept, Course.cnum,
 count(oid), count(instructor)
FROM Course, Offering
WHERE Course.dept = Offering.dept and
 Course.cnum = Offering.cnum
GROUP BY Course.dept, Course.cnum
ORDER BY count(oid);

3. Find the sid and minimum grade of each student with an average over 80.

4.	Find the sid, surname, and average grade of each student have taken at least 10 courses.	, but keep the data only for those students who
5.	For each student who has passed at least 10 courses, reporting passed.	t their sid and average grade on the courses that
6.	For each student who has passed at least 10 courses, report to	cheir sid and average grade on all of their courses.
7.	Which of these queries is legal? SELECT dept FROM Took, Offering WHERE Took.oID = Offering.oID GROUP BY dept HAVING avg(grade) > 75;	SELECT Took.oID, avg(grade) FROM Took, Offering WHERE Took.oID = Offering.oID GROUP BY Took.oID HAVING avg(grade) > 75;
	SELECT Took.oID, dept, cNum, avg(grade) FROM Took, Offering WHERE Took.oID = Offering.oID GROUP BY Took.oID HAVING avg(grade) > 75;	SELECT oID, avg(grade) FROM Took GROUP BY sID HAVING avg(grade) > 75;