# The lt3rawobjects package

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### 1 Introduction

First to all notice that lt3rawobjects means "raw object(s)", indeed lt3rawobjects introduces a new mechanism to create objects like the well known C structures. The functions exported by this package are quite low level, and many important mechanisms like member protection and name resolution aren't already defined and should be introduced by intermediate packages. Higher level libraries built on top of lt3rawobjects could also implement an improved and simplified syntax since the main focus of lt3rawobjects is versatility and expandability rather than common usage.

This packages follows the SemVer specification (https://semver.org/). In particular any major version update (for example from 1.2 to 2.0) may introduce imcompatible changes and so it's not advisable to work with different packages that require different

major versions of lt3rawobjects. Instead changes introduced in minor and patch version updates are always backward compatible, and any withdrawn function is declared deprecated instead of being removed.

## 2 Objects and proxies

In this package we call *pure address* any string without spaces (so a sequence of tokens with category code 12 "other") that uniquely identifies a resource or an entity. An example of expanded address if the name of a control sequence \name \tanante that can obtained by full expanding \cs\_to\_str:N \name \tanante . Instead an *expanded address* is a token list that contains only tokens with category code 11 (letters) or 12 (other) that can be directly converted to a pure address with a simple call to \tl\_to\_str:n or by assigning it to a string variable.

An address is instead a fully expandable token list which full expansion is an expanded address where full expansion means the expansion process performed inside c, x and e parameters. We also require that any address should be fully expandable according to the rules of x and e parameter types with same results, and the name of control sequence resulting from a c-type expansion of such address must be equal to its full expansion. For these reasons addresses should not contain parameter tokens like # (because they're threat differently by x and e) or control sequences that prevents expansion like  $\exp$ not:n (because they're ignored by c but not by c and e). In particular t-to\_str:n{ ## } is not a valid address (assuming standard category codes).

A pointer is just a IATEX3 string variable that holds a pure address. We don't enforce to use str or any special suffix to denote pointers so you're free to use str or a custom  $\langle type \rangle$  as suffix for your pointers in order to distinguish between them according to their type.

Usually an object in programming languages can be seen as a collection of variables (organized in different ways depending on the chosen language) treated as part of a single entity. In lt3rawobjects objects are collections of several entities:

- LATEX3 variables, called members;
- LATEX3 constants, called just *constants*;
- LATEX3 functions, called *methods*;
- generic control sequences, calles simply *macros*;
- other objects, called *embedded objects*.

Both members and methods can be retrieved from a string representing the container object, that is the *address* of the object and act like the address of a structure in C.

An address is composed of two parts: the *module* in which variables are created and an *identifier* that identify uniquely the object inside its module. It's up to the caller that two different objects have different identifiers. The address of an object can be obtained with the \object\_address function. Identifiers and module names should not contain numbers, #, : and \_ characters in order to avoid conflicts with hidden auxiliary commands. However you can use non letter characters like - in order to organize your members and methods.

Moreover normal control sequences have an address too, but it's simply any token list for which a c expansion retrieves the original control sequence. We impose also that

any x or e fully expansion will be a string representing the control sequence's name, for this reason inside an address # characters and  $\ensuremath{\texttt{exp\_not}}$  functions aren't allowed.

In lt3rawobjects objects are created from an existing object that have a suitable inner structure. These objects that can be used to create other objects are called *proxy*. Every object is generated from a particular proxy object, called *generator*, and new objects can be created from a specified proxy with the \object\_create functions.

Since proxies are themself objects we need a proxy to instantiate user defined proxies, you can use the proxy object in the rawobjects module to create you own proxy, which address is held by the \c\_proxy\_address\_str variable. Proxies must be created from the proxy object otherwise they won't be recognized as proxies. Instead of using \object\_-create to create proxies you can directly use the function \proxy\_create.

Each member or method inside an object belongs to one of these categories:

- 1. mutables;
- 2. near constants:
- 3. remote constants.

Warning: Currently only members (variables) can be mutables, not methods. Mutable members can be added in future releases if they'll be needed.

Members declared as mutables works as normal variables: you can modify their value and retrieve it at any time. Instead members and methods declared as near constant works as constants: when you create them you must specify their initial value (or function body for methods) and you won't be allowed to modify it later. Remote constants for an object are simply near constants defined in its generator: all near constants defined inside a proxy are automatically visible as remote constants to every object generated from that proxy. Usually functions involving near constants have nc inside their name, and rc if instead they use remote constants.

Instead of creating embedded objects or mutable members in each of your objects you can push their specifications inside the generating proxy via \proxy\_push\_embedded, \proxy\_push\_member. In this way either object created from such proxy will have the specified members and embedded objects. Specify mutable members in this way allows you to omit that member type in some functions as \object\_member\_adr for example, their member type will be deduced automatically from its specification inside generating proxy.

Objects can be declared public, private and local, global. In a public/private object every nonconstant member and method is declared public/private, but inside local/global object only assignation to mutable members is performed locally/globally since allocation is always performed globally via  $\langle type \rangle_{new:Nn}$  functions (nevertheless members will be accordingly declared  $g_{o}$  or  $1_{o}$ ). This is intentional in order to follow the LATEX3 guidelines about variables management, for additional motivations you can see this thread in the LATEX3 repository.

Address of members/methods can be obtained with functions in the form  $\odots$  ditem $\colored$  category adr where  $\colored$  is member, method, macro or embedded and  $\colored$  is no for near constants, rc for remote ones and empty for others. For example  $\odots$  retrieves the address of specified remote constant method.

## 3 Put objects inside objects

Sometimes it's necessary to include other objects inside an object, and since objects are structured data types you can't put them directly inside a variable. However lt3rawobjects provides some workarounds that allows you to include objects inside other objects, each with its own advantages and disadvantages.

In the following examples we're in module mymod and we want to put inside object A another object created with proxy prx.

### 3.1 Put a pointer variable

A simple solution is creating that object outside A with \object\_create

```
\object_create:nnnNN
  { \object_address:nn{ mymod }{ prx } }{ mymod }{ B } ....
```

and then creating a pointer variable inside A (usually of type tl or str) holding the newly created address:

```
\object_new_member:nnn
{
    \object_address:nn{ mymod }{ A }
}{ pointer }{ t1 }

\tl_(g)set:cn
{
    \object_new_member:nnn
    {
        \object_address:nn{ mymod }{ A }
    }{ pointer }{ t1 }
}
{
    \object_address:nn{ mymod }{ B }
}
```

you can the access the pointed object by calling \object\_member\_use on pointer member.

#### Advantages

- Simple and no additional function needed to create and manage included objects;
- you can share the same object between different containers;
- included objects are objects too, you can use address stored in pointer member just like any object address.

#### Disadvantages

- You must manually create both the objects and link them;
- creating objects also creates additional hidden variables, taking so (little) additional space.

#### 3.2 Clone the inner structure

Instead of referring a complete object you can just clone the inner structure of prx and put inside A. For example if prx declares member x of type str and member y of type int then you can do

```
\object_new_member:nnn
{
    \object_address:nn{ mymod }{ A }
}{ prx-x }{ str }
\object_new_member:nnn
{
    \object_address:nn{ mymod }{ A }
}{ prx-y }{ int }
```

and then use prx-x, prx-y as normal members of A.

#### Advantages

- Simple and no additional function needed to create and manage included objects;
- you can put these specifications inside a proxy so that every object created with it will have the required members/methods;
- no hidden variable created, lowest overhead among the proposed solutions.

#### Disadvantages

Cloning the inner structure doesn't create any object, so you don't have any object
address nor you can share the included "object" unless you share the container
object too.

#### 3.3 Embedded objects

From lt3rawobjects 2.2 you can put *embedded objects* inside objects. Embedded objects are created with **\embedded** create function

```
\embedded_create:nnn
{
    \object_address:nn{ mymod }{ A }
}{ prx }{ B }
```

and addresses of emmbedded objects can be retrieved with function \object\_embedded\_-adr. You can also put the definition of embedded objects in a proxy by using \proxy\_-push\_embedded just like \proxy\_push\_member.

#### Advantages

- You can put a declaration inside a proxy so that embedded objects are automatically created during creation of parent object;
- included objects are objects too, you can use address stored in pointer member just like any object address.

#### Disadvantages

- Needs additional functions available for version 2.2 or later;
- embedded objects must have the same scope and visibility of parent one;
- creating objects also creates additional hidden variables, taking so (little) additional space.

## 4 Library functions

### 4.1 Base object functions

Composes the address of object in module  $\langle module \rangle$  with identifier  $\langle id \rangle$  and places it in the input stream. Notice that  $\langle module \rangle$  and  $\langle id \rangle$  are converted to strings before composing them in the address, so they shouldn't contain any command inside. If you want to execute its content you should use a new variant, for example V, f or e variants.

From: 1.0

\object\_address\_set:Nnn \object\_address\_gset:Nnn  $\verb|\object_address_set:nn| \langle str| var \rangle | \{\langle module \rangle\} | \{\langle id \rangle\}|$ 

Stores the address of selected object inside the string variable  $\langle str \ var \rangle$ .

From: 1.1

\object\_embedded\_adr:nn \*
\object\_embedded\_adr:Vn \*

Compose the address of embedded object with name  $\langle id \rangle$  inside the parent object with address  $\langle address \rangle$ . Since an embedded object is also an object you can use this function for any function that accepts object addresses as an argument.

From: 2.2

```
\object_if_exist_p:n *
\object_if_exist_p:V *
\object_if_exist:n<u>TF</u> *
\object_if_exist:V<u>TF</u> *
```

Tests if an object was instantiated at the specified address.

From: 1.0

Get the object module and its generator.

From: 1.0

```
\langle object_if_local_p:n \times \langle object_if_local_p:V \times \langle object_if_local:VTF \times \langle object_if_global_p:n \times \langle object_if_global:nTF \times \langle object_if_global:VTF \tim
```

```
\label{local_p:n {address}} $$ \end{address} $$ \end{address} {\code} {\code} {\code} $$ Tests if the object is local or global.
```

From: 1.0

#### 4.2 Members

Fully expands to the address of specified member variable. If type is not specified it'll be retrieved from the generator proxy, but only if member is specified in the generator.

From: 1.0

```
\label{top:non-constraint} $$ \begin{array}{lll} & & \begin{array}{lll} & & \\ & & \end{array} \\ & & \begin{array}{lll} & & \\ & & \end{array} \\ & \begin{array}{lll} & & \\ & & \end{array} \\ & \begin{array}{lll} & & \\ & \end{array} \\ & \begin{array}{lll} & & \\ & \end{array} \\ & \begin{array}{lll} & \end{array} \\ &
```

Tests if the specified member exist.

From: 2.0

```
\object_member_type:nn * \object_member
\object_member_type:Vn * Fully expands
```

 $\odots$  \object\_member\_type:nn {\langle address \rangle} {\langle member name \rangle}

Fully expands to the type of member  $\langle member \ name \rangle$ . Use this function only with member variables specified in the generator proxy, not with other member variables.

From: 1.0

```
\label{lem:nn} $$ \object_new_member:nnn {$\langle address \rangle$} {\langle member name \rangle$} {\langle member type \rangle$} $$ \object_new_member:(Vnn|nnv)$
```

Creates a new member variable with specified name and type. You can't retrieve the type of these variables with \object\_member\_type functions.

From: 1.0

```
\label{lem:continuous} $$ \object_member_use:nnn {$\langle address\rangle$} {\langle member_name\rangle$} {\langle member_type\rangle$} $$ \object_member_use:nn {$\langle address\rangle$} {\langle member_name\rangle$} $$ \object_member_use:nn $$ \object_member_use:Nn $$ $$ \object_member_use:Nn $$ $$ $$ \end{tabular} $$ \end{tabular} $$ \object_member_use:Nn $$ $$ \object_member_use:Nn $$ $$ \end{tabular} $$ \object_member_use:Nn $$ $$ \end{tabular} $$ \object_member_use:Nn $$ \object_member_use:Nn $$ \end{tabular} $$ \object_member_use:Nn $$ \obje
```

Uses the specified member variable.

From: 1.0

```
\object_member_set:nnnn
                                                                                                                                                         \odots \object_member_set:nnnn {\langle address \rangle} {\langle member name \rangle} {\langle member type \rangle}
                         \object_member_set:(nnvn|Vnnn)
                                                                                                                                                         \{\langle value \rangle\}
                                                                                                                                                         \odots \object_member_set:nnn {\( address \) } {\( member name \) } {\( value \)}
                         \object_member_set:nnn
                         \object_member_set:Vnn
                                                                                                                    Sets the value of specified member to \{\langle value \rangle\}. It calls implicitly \langle member\ type \rangle_-
                                                                                                                    (g)set:cn then be sure to define it before calling this method.
                                                                                                                                     From:
                                                                                                                                                                    2.1
                                                                                                                                                                                                           \verb|\object_member_set_eq:nnnN| \{\langle address \rangle\} | \{\langle member| name \rangle\}|
                         \object_member_set_eq:nnnN
                         \object_member_set_eq:(nnvN|VnnN|nnnc|Vnnc)
                                                                                                                                                                                                          \{\langle \texttt{member type} \rangle\} \ \langle \texttt{variable} \rangle
                                                                                                                                                                                                           \verb|\object_member_set_eq:nnN| \{\langle address \rangle\} | \{\langle member| name \rangle\}|
                         \object_member_set_eq:nnN
                         \object_member_set_eq:(VnN|nnc|Vnc)
                                                                                                                                                                                                          ⟨variable⟩
                                                                                                                    Sets the value of specified member equal to the value of \langle variable \rangle.
                                                                                                                                     From:
                                                                                                                                                                    1.0
                                                                                                                                                                   \verb|\object_ncmember_adr:nnn| \{\langle address \rangle\} | \{\langle member name \rangle\} | \{\langle member type \rangle\}|
                         \object_ncmember_adr:nnn
                         \object_ncmember_adr:(Vnn|vnn)
                         \object_rcmember_adr:nnn
                         \object_rcmember_adr:Vnn
                                                                                                                    Fully expands to the address of specified near/remote constant member.
                                                                                                                                     From:
                                                                                                                                                                    2.0
                         \object_ncmember_if_exist_p:nnn *
                                                                                                                                                                          \verb|\object_ncmember_if_exist_p:nnn| \{\langle address \rangle\} \ \{\langle member \ name \rangle\} \ \{\langle member \ n
                         \object_ncmember_if_exist_p:Vnn *
                         \object_ncmember_if_exist:nnn_TF *
                                                                                                                                                                          \odots \
                         \object_ncmember_if_exist:VnnTF *
                                                                                                                                                                          type\} {\langle true\ code \rangle} {\langle false\ code \rangle}
                         \object_rcmember_if_exist_p:nnn *
                         \object_rcmember_if_exist_p:Vnn *
                         \object_rcmember_if_exist:nnnTF *
                         \object_rcmember_if_exist:VnnTF *
                                                                                                                    Tests if the specified member constant exist.
                                                                                                                                    From: 2.0
                                                                                                                    \odots \object_ncmember_use:nnn {\langle address \rangle} {\langle member name \rangle} {\langle member type \rangle}
\object_ncmember_use:nnn *
\object_ncmember_use:Vnn *
                                                                                                                    Uses the specified near/remote constant member.
\object_rcmember_use:nnn *
                                                                                                                                     From: 2.0
\object_rcmember_use:Vnn *
```

#### 4.3 Methods

Currentlu only constant methods (near and remote) are implemented in lt3rawobjects as explained before.

Fully expands to the address of the specified

- near constant method if \object\_ncmethod\_adr is used;
- remote constant method if \object\_rcmethod\_adr is used.

From: 2.0

Tests if the specified method constant exist.

From: 2.0

\object\_new\_cmethod:nnnn \object\_new\_cmethod:Vnnn

```
\verb|\object_new_cmethod:nnnn| \{\langle address \rangle\} \ \{\langle method\ name \rangle\} \ \{\langle method\ arguments \rangle\} \ \{\langle code \rangle\}
```

Creates a new method with specified name and argument types. The  $\{\langle method arguments \rangle\}$  should be a string composed only by n and N characters that are passed to \cs\_new:Nn.

From: 2.0

Calls the specified method. This function is expandable if and only if the specified method was not declared protected.

From: 2.0

#### 4.4 Constant member creation

Unlike normal variables, constant variables in IATEX3 are created in different ways depending on the specified type. So we dedicate a new section only to collect some of these functions readapted for near constants (remote constants are simply near constants created on the generator proxy).

```
\odotspace{0.1cm} \odotspace
\object_newconst_tl:nnn
\object_newconst_tl:Vnn
                                                                                                                                       Creates a constant variable with type \langle type \rangle and sets its value to \langle value \rangle.
\object_newconst_str:nnn
                                                                                                                                                           From: 1.1
\object_newconst_str:Vnn
\object_newconst_int:nnn
\object_newconst_int:Vnn
\object_newconst_clist:nnn
\object_newconst_clist:Vnn
\object_newconst_dim:nnn
\object_newconst_dim:Vnn
\object_newconst_skip:nnn
\object_newconst_skip:Vnn
\object_newconst_fp:nnn
\object_newconst_fp:Vnn
                                                                                                                                                                                                              \verb|\object_newconst_seq_from_clist:nnn| \{\langle address \rangle\} | \{\langle constant| name \rangle\}|
                            \object_newconst_seq_from_clist:nnn
                                                                                                                                                                                                              \{\langle comma-list \rangle\}
                            \object_newconst_seq_from_clist:Vnn
                                                                                                                                       Creates a seq constant which is set to contain all the items in \langle comma-list \rangle.
                                                                                                                                                          From: 1.1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                        \verb|\object_newconst_prop_from_keyval:nnn| \{\langle address \rangle\} | \{\langle constant| \} 
                            \object_newconst_prop_from_keyval:nnn
                            \object_newconst_prop_from_keyval:Vnn
                                                                                                                                                                                                                       name \rangle \}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                       \langle \text{key} \rangle = \langle \text{value} \rangle, \dots
                                                                                                                                       Creates a prop constant which is set to contain all the specified key-value pairs.
                                                                                                                                                           From: 1.1
                                                                                                                                      \odots newconst:nnnn \{\langle address \rangle\} \{\langle constant name \rangle\} \{\langle type \rangle\} \{\langle value \rangle\}
                       \object_newconst:nnnn
                                                                                                                                       Expands to \langle type \rangle_const:cn {\langle address \rangle} {\langle value \rangle}, use it if you need to create simple
                                                                                                                                       constants with custom types.
                                                                                                                                                           From: 2.1
                                                                                                                                       4.5
                                                                                                                                                                     Macros
                 \object_macro_adr:nn *
                                                                                                                                       \odots \{\langle address \rangle\}\ \{\langle macro\ name \rangle\}\
                  \object_macro_adr:Vn *
                                                                                                                                       Address of specified macro.
                                                                                                                                                          From: 2.2
                                                                                                                                       \object_macro_use:nn {\landadress\rangle} {\landamacro_name\rangle}
                  \olimits_{macro_use:nn} \star
```

Uses the specified macro. This function is expandable if and only if the specified macro is it.

From: 2.2

\object\_macro\_use:Vn ★

There isn't any standard function to create macros, and macro declarations can't be inserted in a proxy object. In fact a macro is just an unspecialized control sequence at the disposal of users that usually already know how to implement them.

### 4.6 Proxy utilities and object creation

\object\_if\_proxy\_p:n {\langle address \rangle}

**TEXhackers note:** Remember that this command uses internally an **e** expansion so in older engines (any different from LuaIATEX before 2019) it'll require slow processing. Don't use it in speed critical parts, instead use **\object\_test\_proxy:nN**.

From: 2.0

Test if the specified object is generated by the selected proxy, where  $\langle proxy \ variable \rangle$  is a string variable holding the proxy address. The :nN variant don't use e expansion, instead of :nn command, so it can be safetly used with older compilers.

From: 2.0

\c\_proxy\_address\_str

\object\_if\_proxy\_p:n \*

The address of the proxy object in the rawobjects module.

From: 1.0

\object\_create:nnnNN \object\_create:VnnNN  $\verb|\object_create:nnnNN| \{\langle proxy \ address \rangle\} \ \{\langle module \rangle\} \ \{\langle id \rangle\} \ \langle scope \rangle \ \langle visibility \rangle |$ 

Creates an object by using the proxy at  $\langle proxy \ address \rangle$  and the specified parameters. Use this function only if you need to create private objects (at present private objects are functionally equivalent to public objects) or if you need to compile your project with an old version of this library (< 2.3).

From: 1.0

\object\_create:nnnN
\object\_create:VnnN
\object\_create:nnn
\object\_create:Vnn

```
\label{lem:cope} $$ \begin{array}{ll} \begin{array}{ll} \begin{tabular}{ll} \begin{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} \begin{tabular}{ll} \begin{tabular}{
```

Same as \object\_create:nnnNN but both create only public objects, and the :nnn version only global ones. Always use these two function instead of \object\_create:nnnNN unless you strictly need private objects.

From: 2.3

\embedded\_create:nnn \embedded\_create:(Vnn|nvn)  $\verb|\embedded_create:nnn| \{\langle parent \ object \rangle\} \ \{\langle proxy \ address \rangle\} \ \{\langle id \rangle\}|$ 

Creates an embedded object with name  $\langle id \rangle$  inside  $\langle parent\ object \rangle$ .

From: 2.2

\c\_object\_local\_str
\c\_object\_global\_str

Possible values for  $\langle scope \rangle$  parameter.

From: 1.0

\c\_object\_public\_str
\c\_object\_private\_str

Possible values for  $\langle visibility \rangle$  parameter.

From: 1.0

\object\_create\_set:NnnnNN
\object\_create\_set:(NVnnNN|NnnfNN)
\object\_create\_gset:NnnnNN
\object\_create\_gset:(NVnnNN|NnnfNN)

 $\label{lem:condition} $$ \cdot \operatorname{create\_set}:\operatorname{NnnnNN} \ \langle str \ var \rangle \ \{\langle proxy \ address \rangle\} \ \{\langle module \rangle\} \ \{\langle id \rangle\} \ \langle scope \rangle \ \langle visibility \rangle $$$ 

(\la/s \scope/ \visibility/

Creates an object and sets its fully expanded address inside  $\langle str \ var \rangle$ .

From: 1.0

\object\_allocate\_incr:NNnnNN
\object\_allocate\_incr:NNvnNN
\object\_gallocate\_incr:NNvnNN
\object\_gallocate\_incr:NNvnNN
\object\_allocate\_gincr:NNvnNN
\object\_allocate\_gincr:NNvnNN
\object\_gallocate\_gincr:NNvnNN

\object\_gallocate\_gincr:NNVnNN

 $\label{locate_incr:NNnnNN} $$ \langle str \ var \rangle \ (int \ var) \ {\langle proxy \ address \rangle} $$ \{\langle module \rangle\} \ \langle scope \rangle \ \langle visibility \rangle $$$ 

Build a new object address with module  $\langle module \rangle$  and an identifier generated from  $\langle proxy \ address \rangle$  and the integer contained inside  $\langle int \ var \rangle$ , then increments  $\langle int \ var \rangle$ . This is very useful when you need to create a lot of objects, each of them on a different address. the \_incr version increases  $\langle int \ var \rangle$  locally whereas \_gincr does it globally.

From: 1.1

\proxy\_create:nnN
\proxy\_create\_set:NnnN
\proxy\_create\_gset:NnnN

These commands are deprecated because proxies should be global and public. Use instead \proxy\_create:nn, \proxy\_create\_set:Nnn and \proxy\_create\_gset:Nnn.

From: 1.0

Deprecated in: 2.3

\proxy\_create:nn
\proxy\_create\_set:Nnn
\proxy\_create\_gset:Nnn

 $\proxy\_create:nn {\langle module \rangle} {\langle id \rangle}$ 

 $\verb|\proxy_create_set:Nnn| \langle str| var \rangle \ \{\langle module \rangle\} \ \{\langle id \rangle\}$ 

Creates a global public proxy object.

From: 2.3

\proxy\_push\_member:nnn \proxy\_push\_member:Vnn  $\proxy_push_member:nnn { \langle proxy \ address \rangle } { \langle member \ name \rangle } { \langle member \ type \rangle }$ 

Updates a proxy object with a new member specification, so that every subsequential object created with this proxy will have a member variable with the specified name and type that can be retrieved with \object\_member\_type functions.

From: 1.0

```
\proxy_push_embedded:nnn
\proxy_push_embedded:Vnn
```

```
\label{lem:lembedded:nnn} $$ \operatorname{constant} {\operatorname{constant} } {\operatorname{constant} } {\operatorname{constant} } $$ is a direct proxy $$ is proxy $$ is
```

Updates a proxy object with a new embedded object specification.

```
From: 2.2
```

\proxy\_add\_initializer:nN \proxy\_add\_initializer:VN

```
\proxy\_add\_initializer:nN \ \{\langle proxy \ address \rangle\} \ \langle initializer \rangle
```

Pushes a new initializer that will be executed on each created objects. An initializer is a function that should accept five arguments in this order:

- the full expanded address of used proxy as an **n** argument;
- the module name as an n argument;
- the full expanded address of created object as an  ${\tt n}$  argument.

Initializer will be executed in the same order they're added.

\object\_assign:nn
\object\_assign:(Vn|nV|VV)

```
\odots = \{ \langle to \ address \rangle \}
```

Assigns the content of each variable of object at  $\langle from \ address \rangle$  to each correspective variable in  $\langle to \ address \rangle$ . Both the objects should be created with the same proxy object and only variables listed in the proxy are assigned.

```
From: 1.0
```

## 5 Examples

### Example 1

Create a public proxy with id myproxy with the specification of a single member variable with name myvar and type t1, then set its address inside \g\_myproxy\_str.

```
\str_new:N \g_myproxy_str
\proxy_create_gset:Nnn \g_myproxy_str { example }{ myproxy }
\proxy_push_member:Vnn \g_myproxy_str { myvar }{ tl }
```

Then create a new object with name myobj with that proxy, assign then token list \c\_dollar\_str{} ~ dollar ~ \c\_dollar\_str{} to myvar and then print it.

```
\str_new:N \g_myobj_str
\object_create_gset:NVnn \g_myobj_str \g_myproxy_str
    { example }{ myobj }

\tl_gset:cn
    {
      \object_member_adr:Vn \g_myobj_str { myvar }
    }
    { \c_dollar_str{} ~ dollar ~ \c_dollar_str{} }

\object_member_use:Vn \g_myobj_str { myvar }
```

Output: \$ dollar \$

If you don't want to specify an object identifier you can also do

```
\int_new:N \g_intc_int
\object_gallocate_gincr:NNVnNN \g_myobj_str \g_intc_int \g_myproxy_str
    { example } \c_object_local_str \c_object_public_str
\tl_gset:cn
    {
        \object_member_adr:Vn \g_myobj_str { myvar }
    }
    { \c_dollar_str{} ~ dollar ~ \c_dollar_str{} }

Output: $ dollar $
```

#### Example 2

In this example we create a proxy object with an embedded object inside.

Internal proxy

```
\proxy_create:nn{ mymod }{ INT }
\proxy_push_member:nnn
   {
     \object_address:nn{ mymod }{ INT }
   }{ var }{ tl }

   Container proxy
\proxy_create:nn{ mymod }{ EXT }
\proxy_push_embedded:nnn
   {
     \object_address:nn{ mymod }{ EXT }
   }
   { emb }
   {
     \object_address:nn{ mymod }{ INT }
   }
}
```

Now we create a new object from proxy EXT. It'll contain an embedded object created with INT proxy:

```
\str_new:N \g_EXTobj_str
\int_new:N \g_intcount_int
\object_gallocate_gincr:NNnnNN
  \g_EXTobj_str \g_intcount_int
  {
    \object_address:nn{ mymod }{ EXT }
  }
  { mymod }
  \c_object_local_str \c_object_public_str
```

and use the embedded object in the following way:

```
\object_member_set:nnn
   {
     \object_embedded_adr:Vn \g_EXTobj_str { emb }
   }{ var }{ Hi }
\object_member_use:nn
   {
     \object_embedded_adr:Vn \g_EXTobj_str { emb }
   }{ var }
```

Output: Hi

## 6 Templated proxies

At the current time there isn't a standardized approach to templated proxies. One problem of standardized templated proxies is how to define struct addresses for every kind of argument (token lists, strings, integer expressions, non expandable arguments, ...).

Even if there isn't currently a function to define every kind of templated proxy you can anyway define your templated proxy with your custom parameters. You simply need to define at least two functions:

- an expandable macro that, given all the needed arguments, fully expands to the address of your templated proxy. This address can be obtained by calling \object\_-address {\langle module \rangle } {\langle id \rangle } starts with the name of your templated proxy and is followed by a composition of specified arguments;
- a not expandable macro that tests if the templated proxy with specified arguments is instantiated and, if not, instantiate it with different calls to \proxy\_create and \proxy\_push\_member.

In order to apply these concepts we'll provide a simple implementation of a linked list with a template parameter representing the type of variable that holds our data. A linked list is simply a sequence of nodes where each node contains your data and a pointer to the next node. For the moment we 'll show a possiple implementation of a template proxy class for such node objects.

First to all we define an expandable macro that fully expands to our node name:

```
\cs_new:Nn \node_address:n
{
     \object_address:nn { linklist }{ node - #1 }
}
```

where the #1 argument is simply a string representing the type of data held by our linked list (for example t1, str, int, ...). Next we need a functions that instantiate our proxy address if it doesn't exist:

```
\cs_new_protected:Nn \node_instantiate:n
{
   \object_if_exist:nF {\node_address:n { #1 } }
   {
      \proxy_create:nn { linklist }{ node - #1 }
      \proxy_push_member:nnn {\node_address:n { #1 } }
```

```
{ next }{ str }
  \proxy_push_member:nnn {\node_address:n { #1 } }
  { data }{ #1 }
}
```

As you can see when \node\_instantiate is called it first test if the proxy object exists. If not then it creates a new proxy with that name and populates it with the specifications of two members: a next member variable of type str that points to the next node, and a data member of the specified type that holds your data.

Clearly you can define new functions to work with such nodes, for example to test if the next node exists or not, to add and remove a node, search inside a linked list, ...

## 7 Implementation

```
₁ ⟨*package⟩

                           2 (@@=rawobjects)
                             Deprecation message
                           4 \msg_new:nnn { rawobjects }{ deprecate }
                                 Command ~ #1 ~ is ~ deprecated. ~ Use ~ instead ~ #2 \,
                            \cs_new_protected:Nn \__rawobjects_launch_deprecate:NN
                                 \msg_warning:nnnn{ rawobjects }{ deprecate }{ #1 }{ #2 }
                          11
  \c_object_local_str
 \c_object_global_str
                          14 \str_const:Nn \c_object_local_str {1}
 \c_object_public_str
                          15 \str_const:Nn \c_object_global_str {g}
\c_object_private_str
                          16 \str_const:Nn \c_object_public_str {_}
                          17 \str_const:Nn \c_object_private_str {__}
                          19
                          20 \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_scope:N
                          21
                                 \str_use:N #1
                          22
                          23
                          25 \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_scope_pfx:N
                          26
                                 \str_if_eq:NNF #1 \c_object_local_str
                          27
                                   { g }
                          28
                          _{\mbox{\scriptsize 11}} \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__rawobjects_scope_pfx:N { c }
                          33 \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_scope_pfx_cl:n
                              {
```

```
\__rawobjects_scope_pfx:c{
                                  \object_ncmember_adr:nnn
                              36
                              37
                                   \label{local_embedded_adr:nn { #1 }{ /_I_/ }}
                              38
                              39 }
                              40 { S }{ str }
                              41 }
                              42
                              43
                              44 \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_vis_var:N
                              45
                                     \str_use:N #1
                              46
                              47
                              48
                                 \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_vis_fun:N
                              49
                              50
                                     \str_if_eq:NNT #1 \c_object_private_str
                              51
                                       {
                              52
                              53
                                       }
                                  }
                              55
                              56
                            (End definition for \c_object_local_str and others. These variables are documented on page 12.)
                           Get address of an object
      \object_address:nn
                              57 \cs_new:Nn \object_address:nn {
                                  \tl_to_str:n { #1 _ #2 }
                            (End definition for \object_address:nn. This function is documented on page 6.)
\object_embedded_adr:nn Address of embedded object
                              61 \cs_new:Nn \object_embedded_adr:nn
                              62
                                     #1 \tl_to_str:n{ _SUB_ #2 }
                              63
                              66 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_embedded_adr:nn{ Vn }
                            (End definition for \object_embedded_adr:nn. This function is documented on page 6.)
                            Saves the address of an object into a string variable
\object_address_set:Nnn
\object_address_gset:Nnn
                              69 \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_address_set:Nnn {
                                  \str_set:Nn #1 { #2 _ #3 }
                              70
                              71 }
                              73 \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_address_gset:Nnn {
                                  \str_gset:Nn #1 { #2 _ #3 }
                              75 }
```

(End definition for \object\_address\_set:Nnn and \object\_address\_gset:Nnn. These functions are documented on page 6.)

```
\object_if_exist:nTF
                                \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_if_exist:n { p, T, F, TF }
                             78
                             79
                                    \cs_if_exist:cTF
                             80
                             81
                                         \object_ncmember_adr:nnn
                             82
                             83
                                           {
                                             \object_embedded_adr:nn{ #1 }{ /_I_/ }
                             84
                             85
                                           { S }{ str }
                             86
                                      }
                             87
                             88
                             89
                                         \prg_return_true:
                                      }
                             90
                                      {
                             91
                             92
                                         \prg_return_false:
                                      }
                             93
                                  }
                             94
                                \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_if_exist:n { V }
                                  { p, T, F, TF }
                             97
                           (End definition for \object_if_exist:nTF. This function is documented on page 6.)
   \object_get_module:n
                           Retrieve the name, module and generating proxy of an object
\object_get_proxy_adr:n
                               \cs_new:Nn \object_get_module:n {
                             100
                                  \object_ncmember_use:nnn
                             101
                                    \label{local_embedded_adr:nn{ #1 }{ /_I_/ }}
                             102
                             103
                                  { M }{ str }
                             104
                            105 }
                               \cs_new:Nn \object_get_proxy_adr:n {
                             106
                                  \object_ncmember_use:nnn
                             107
                             108
                                    \object_embedded_adr:nn{ #1 }{ /_I_/ }
                             109
                             110
                                  { P }{ str }
                             112 }
                             113
                               \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_get_module:n { V }
                            \mbox{\sc loss} \cs_generate_variant:\n \object_get_proxy_adr:n { V }
                           (End definition for \object_get_module:n and \object_get_proxy_adr:n. These functions are docu-
                           mented on page 6.)
                           Test the specified parameters.
   \object_if_local_p:n
   \object_if_local:nTF
                            \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_if_local:n {p, T, F, TF}
  \object_if_global_p:n
                            117 {
  \object_if_global:nTF
                                  \str_if_eq:cNTF
                            118
  \object_if_public_p:n
  \object_if_public:nTF
                                                                       18
 \object_if_private_p:n
 \object_if_private:n<u>TF</u>
```

\object\_if\_exist\_p:n Tests if object exists.

```
119
          \object_ncmember_adr:nnn
120
               \label{local_embedded_adr:nn{ #1 }{ /_I_/ }}
            { S }{ str }
124
125
       \c_object_local_str
126
          \prg_return_true:
       }
129
       {
130
          \prg_return_false:
131
132
133 }
134
   \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_if_global:n {p, T, F, TF}
135
136
   {
     \str_if_eq:cNTF
137
138
          \object_ncmember_adr:nnn
139
140
               \object_embedded_adr:nn{ #1 }{ /_I_/ }
141
142
            { S }{ str }
143
144
       \c_object_global_str
145
146
          \prg_return_true:
147
       }
       {
149
          \prg_return_false:
150
151
152 }
   \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_if_public:n {p, T, F, TF}
154
155 {
     \str_if_eq:cNTF
156
157
          \object_ncmember_adr:nnn
               \label{local_embedded_adr:nn{ #1 }{ /_I_/ }}
161
            { V }{ str }
162
       }
163
       \c_object_public_str
164
        {
165
          \prg_return_true:
166
167
168
          \prg_return_false:
170
171 }
172
```

```
174
                                  \str_if_eq:cNTF
                            175
                            176
                                      \object_ncmember_adr:nnn
                            177
                            178
                                           \object_embedded_adr:nn{ #1 }{ /_I_/ }
                            179
                            180
                                        { V }{ str }
                            181
                                    }
                            182
                            183
                                    \c_object_private_str
                            184
                                       \prs_return_true:
                            185
                                    }
                            186
                                    {
                            187
                                      \prg_return_false:
                            188
                            189
                            190 }
                            191
                               \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_if_local:n { V }
                                 { p, T, F, TF }
                               \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_if_global:n { V }
                                 { p, T, F, TF }
                               \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_if_public:n { V }
                                 { p, T, F, TF }
                            198 \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_if_private:n { V }
                                 { p, T, F, TF }
                          (End definition for \object_if_local:nTF and others. These functions are documented on page 6.)
                          {\it Generic macro address}
\object_macro_adr:nn
\object_macro_use:nn
                               \cs_new:Nn \object_macro_adr:nn
                            201
                            202
                                    #1 \tl_to_str:n{ _MACRO_ #2 }
                            203
                            204
                            205
                               \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_macro_adr:nn{    Vn }
                            206
                            207
                               \cs_new:Nn \object_macro_use:nn
                            208
                            209
                                    \use:c
                            210
                            211
                                         \object_macro_adr:nn{ #1 }{ #2 }
                            212
                            213
                            214
                               \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_macro_use:nn{ Vn }
                            216
                          (\mathit{End \ definition \ for \ \ } \texttt{object\_macro\_adr:nn} \ \ \mathit{and \ \ } \texttt{object\_macro\_use:nn}. \ \ \mathit{These \ functions \ are \ documented}
                          on page 10.)
\__rawobjects_member_adr:nnnNN
                          Macro address without object inference
```

\prg\_new\_conditional:Nnn \object\_if\_private:n {p, T, F, TF}

218

```
220
                                   \__rawobjects_scope:N #4
                                   \__rawobjects_vis_var:N #5
                                   #1 \tl_to_str:n { _ MEMBER _ #2 _ #3 }
                           224
                           225
                              \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__rawobjects_member_adr:nnnNN { VnnNN, nnncc }
                           226
                          (End definition for \__rawobjects_member_adr:nnnNN.)
                          Get the address of a member variable
\object_member_adr:nnn
\object_member_adr:nn
                              \cs_new:Nn \object_member_adr:nnn
                           229
                           230
                                     _rawobjects_member_adr:nnncc { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
                           231
                                       \object_ncmember_adr:nnn
                           234
                                            \object_embedded_adr:nn{ #1 }{ /_I_/ }
                           235
                                         }
                                         { S }{ str }
                           237
                           238
                           239
                                       \object_ncmember_adr:nnn
                           240
                           241
                                            \object_embedded_adr:nn{ #1 }{ /_I_/ }
                           242
                           243
                                         { V }{ str }
                           244
                                     }
                           245
                                }
                           246
                              \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_adr:nnn { Vnn, vnn, nnv }
                           249
                              \cs_new:Nn \object_member_adr:nn
                           250
                           251
                                   \object_member_adr:nnv { #1 }{ #2 }
                           252
                           253
                                       \object_rcmember_adr:nnn { #1 }
                           254
                                         { #2 _ type }{ str }
                           255
                           256
                           257
                                }
                           258
                              \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_adr:nn { Vn }
                          (End definition for \object_member_adr:nnn and \object_member_adr:nn. These functions are docu-
                          mented on page 7.)
\object_member_type:nn Deduce the member type from the generating proxy.
                           262 \cs_new:Nn \object_member_type:nn
                           263
                                   \object_rcmember_use:nnn { #1 }
                           264
```

\cs\_new:Nn \\_\_rawobjects\_member\_adr:nnnNN

```
{ #2 _ type }{ str }
 265
 266
 267
(End definition for \object_member_type:nn. This function is documented on page 7.)
    \msg_new:nnnn { rawobjects }{ noerr }{ Unspecified ~ scope }
 269
 270
         Object ~ #1 ~ hasn't ~ a ~ scope ~ variable
 271
 272
 273
    \msg_new:nnnn { rawobjects }{ scoperr }{ Nonstandard ~ scope }
 274
 275
         Operation ~ not ~ permitted ~ on ~ object ~ #1 ~
 277
         ~ since ~ it ~ wasn't ~ declared ~ local ~ or ~ global
 278
 279
    \cs_new_protected:Nn \__rawobjects_force_scope:n
 280
 281
         \cs_if_exist:cTF
 282
           {
 283
             \object_ncmember_adr:nnn
 284
 285
                  \label{lembedded_adr:nn{ #1 }{ /_I_/ }}
 286
               { S }{ str }
           }
 289
 290
             \bool_if:nF
 291
 292
                  \object_if_local_p:n { #1 } || \object_if_global_p:n { #1 }
 293
               }
               {
 295
                  \msg_error:nnx { rawobjects }{ scoperr }{ #1 }
 296
               }
           }
           {
             \msg_error:nnx { rawobjects }{ noerr }{ #1 }
 300
           }
 301
      }
 302
 303
Tests if the specified member exists
    \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_member_if_exist:nnn {p, T, F, TF }
 305
 306
         \cs_if_exist:cTF
 307
           {
 308
             \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
 309
 310
           {
 311
             \prg_return_true:
 312
           }
           {
```

\object\_member\_if\_exist\_p:nnn

\object\_member\_if\_exist:nnnTF
\object\_member\_if\_exist\_p:nn

 $\verb|\object_member_if_exist:nn| \underline{\mathit{TF}}|$ 

```
}
                           316
                                }
                           317
                           318
                               \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_member_if_exist:nn {p, T, F, TF }
                           319
                           320
                                   \cs_if_exist:cTF
                           321
                           322
                                       \object_member_adr:nn { #1 }{ #2 }
                           323
                           324
                                     {
                           325
                           326
                                        \prg_return_true:
                                     }
                           327
                                     {
                           328
                                        \prg_return_false:
                           329
                                     }
                           330
                           331
                           332
                               \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_member_if_exist:nnn
                                { Vnn }{ p, T, F, TF }
                              \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_member_if_exist:nn
                                { Vn }{ p, T, F, TF }
                           336
                           337
                          (End definition for \object_member_if_exist:nnnTF and \object_member_if_exist:nnTF. These func-
                          tions are documented on page 7.)
                          Creates a new member variable
\object_new_member:nnn
                               \msg_new:nnnn{ rawobjects }{ nonew }{ Invalid ~ basic ~ type }{ Basic ~ type ~ #1 ~ doesn't
                           330
                           340
                               \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_new_member:nnn
                           341
                           342
                                   \cs_if_exist_use:cTF { #3 _ new:c }
                           343
                                       { \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 } }
                           347
                                       \msg_error:nnn{ rawobjects }{ nonew }{ #3 }
                           348
                                     }
                           349
                                }
                           350
                           351
                           352 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_new_member:nnn { Vnn, nnv }
                          (End definition for \object_new_member:nnn. This function is documented on page 7.)
                          Uses a member variable
\object_member_use:nnn
\object_member_use:nn
                              \cs_new:Nn \object_member_use:nnn
                           356
                                   \cs_if_exist_use:cT { #3 _ use:c }
                           357
                           358
                                       { \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 } }
                           350
                           360
```

315

\prg\_return\_false:

```
}
                                361
                                362
                                   \cs_new:Nn \object_member_use:nn
                                363
                                364
                                       \object_member_use:nnv { #1 }{ #2 }
                                365
                                366
                                            \object_rcmember_adr:nnn { #1 }
                                367
                                              { #2 _ type }{ str }
                                368
                                369
                                     }
                                370
                                371
                                   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_use:nnn { Vnn, vnn, nnv }
                                   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_use:nn { Vn }
                                373
                                374
                               (End definition for \object_member_use:nnn and \object_member_use:nn. These functions are docu-
                               mented on page 7.)
                              Set the value a member.
   \object_member_set:nnnn
 \object_member_set_eq:nnn
                                   \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_member_set:nnnn
                                377
                                       \cs_if_exist_use:cT
                                378
                                379
                                            #3 _ \__rawobjects_scope_pfx_cl:n{ #1 } set:cn
                                380
                                381
                                382
                                            { \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 } }
                                383
                                384
                                            { #4 }
                                         }
                                385
                                     }
                                386
                                387
                                   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_set:nnnn { Vnnn, nnvn }
                                388
                                389
                                   \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_member_set:nnn
                                390
                                391
                                       \object_member_set:nnvn { #1 }{ #2 }
                                392
                                393
                                            \object_rcmember_adr:nnn { #1 }
                                              { #2 _ type }{ str }
                                         } { #3 }
                                396
                                     }
                                397
                                398
                                   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_set:nnn { Vnn }
                                399
                                400
                               (End definition for \object_member_set:nnnn and \object_member_set_eq:nnn. These functions are
                               documented on page 8.)
                              Make a member equal to another variable.
\object_member_set_eq:nnnN
\object_member_set_eq:nnN
                                   \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_member_set_eq:nnnN
                                402
                                403
                                       \__rawobjects_force_scope:n { #1 }
                                404
```

\cs\_if\_exist\_use:cT

405

```
_rawobjects_scope_pfx:n { #1 } set _ eq:cN
                              407
                              408
                                       {
                              409
                                          { \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 } } #4
                              410
                              411
                              412
                              413
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_set_eq:nnnN { VnnN, nnnc, Vnnc, nnvN }
                              415
                                 \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_member_set_eq:nnN
                              416
                              417
                                     \object_member_set_eq:nnvN { #1 }{ #2 }
                              418
                              419
                                          \object_rcmember_adr:nnn { #1 }
                              420
                                            { #2 _ type }{ str }
                              421
                                       } #3
                              422
                                   }
                              423
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_set_eq:nnN { VnN, nnc, Vnc }
                             (End definition for \object member set eq:nnnN and \object member set eq:nnN. These functions are
                             documented on page 8.)
\object_ncmember_adr:nnn
                            Get address of near constant
                                 \cs_new:Nn \object_ncmember_adr:nnn
                              428
                                     \tl_to_str:n{ c _ } #1 \tl_to_str:n { _ CONST _ #2 _ #3 }
                              431
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_ncmember_adr:nnn { Vnn, vnn }
                              433
                              434
                             (End definition for \object_ncmember_adr:nnn. This function is documented on page 8.)
                            Get the address of a remote constant.
\object_rcmember_adr:nnn
                              435
                                 \cs_new:Nn \object_rcmember_adr:nnn
                              436
                              437
                                     \object_ncmember_adr:vnn
                              438
                              439
                                          \object_ncmember_adr:nnn
                                              \object_embedded_adr:nn{ #1 }{ /_I_/ }
                              443
                                            { P }{ str }
                              444
                              445
                                        { #2 }{ #3 }
                              446
                              447
                              449 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_rcmember_adr:nnn { Vnn }
                             (End definition for \object_rcmember_adr:nnn. This function is documented on page 8.)
```

406

```
\object_ncmember_if_exist_p:nnn
\object_ncmember_if_exist:nnn<u>TF</u>
\object_rcmember_if_exist_p:nnn
\object_rcmember_if_exist.nnn<u>TF</u>
```

Tests if the specified member constant exists.

```
\prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_ncmember_if_exist:nnn {p, T, F, TF }
451
452
       \cs_if_exist:cTF
453
         {
454
           \object_ncmember_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
455
456
            \prg_return_true:
         }
         {
460
            \prg_return_false:
461
462
    }
463
464
   \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_rcmember_if_exist:nnn {p, T, F, TF }
465
466
       \cs_if_exist:cTF
         {
           \object_rcmember_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
470
         {
471
472
            \prg_return_true:
         }
473
         {
474
            \prg_return_false:
475
         }
476
477
  \prg_generate_conditional_variant:\nn \object_ncmember_if_exist:nnn
     { Vnn }{ p, T, F, TF }
  \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_rcmember_if_exist:nnn
481
     { Vnn }{ p, T, F, TF }
482
483
```

 $(End\ definition\ for\ \verb|\object_ncmember_if_exist:nnnTF|\ and\ \verb|\object_rcmember_if_exist:nnnTF|\ These\ functions\ are\ documented\ on\ page\ 8.)$ 

\object\_ncmember\_use:nnn
\object\_rcmember\_use:nnn

Uses a near/remote constant.

```
485
  \cs_new:Nn \object_ncmember_use:nnn
486
       \cs_if_exist_use:cT { #3 _ use:c }
487
         {
488
           { \object_ncmember_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 } }
489
490
     }
491
492
493
   \cs_new:Nn \object_rcmember_use:nnn
       \cs_if_exist_use:cT { #3 _ use:c }
495
496
           { \object_rcmember_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 } }
497
```

```
\cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_ncmember_use:nnn { Vnn }
                                  \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_rcmember_use:nnn { Vnn }
                               502
                              (End definition for \object_ncmember_use:nnn and \object_rcmember_use:nnn. These functions are
                              documented on page 8.)
     \object_newconst:nnnn
                             Creates a constant variable, use with caution
                                  \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst:nnnn
                               505
                                      \use:c { #3 _ const:cn }
                               507
                                          \object_ncmember_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
                                        }
                               510
                                        { #4 }
                               511
                                    }
                               512
                               513
                              (End definition for \object_newconst:nnnn. This function is documented on page 10.)
  \object_newconst_tl:nnn
                             Create constants
 \object_newconst_str:nnn
 \object_newconst_int:nnn
                                  \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst_tl:nnn
\object_newconst_clist:nnn
                                      \object_newconst:nnnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ tl }{ #3 }
 \object_newconst_dim:nnn
                               518
\object_newconst_skip:nnn
                                  \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst_str:nnn
                               519
  \object_newconst_fp:nnn
                               520
                                      \object_newconst:nnnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ str }{ #3 }
                               521
                               522
                                  \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst_int:nnn
                               523
                               524
                                      \object_newconst:nnnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ int }{ #3 }
                               525
                               526
                                  \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst_clist:nnn
                               528
                                      \object_newconst:nnnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ clist }{ #3 }
                               529
                               530
                                  \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst_dim:nnn
                               531
                               532
                                      \object_newconst:nnnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ dim }{ #3 }
                               533
                               534
                                  \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst_skip:nnn
                               535
                               536
                                      \object_newconst:nnnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ skip }{ #3 }
                               537
                                  \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst_fp:nnn
                               539
                               540
                                      \object_newconst:nnnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ fp }{ #3 }
                               541
                               542
                               543
```

}

}

498

499 500

```
545 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_str:nnn { Vnn }
                              546 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_int:nnn { Vnn }
                              547 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_clist:nnn { Vnn }
                              ^{548} \cs_generate\_variant:Nn \object_newconst_dim:nnn { Vnn }
                              549 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_skip:nnn { Vnn }
                                  \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_fp:nnn { Vnn }
                              551
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_str:nnn { nnx }
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_str:nnn { nnV }
                              555
                             (End definition for \object_newconst_tl:nnn and others. These functions are documented on page 10.)
                             Creates a seq constant.
 \object newconst seq from clist:nnn
                                  \cs_new_protected:\n \object_newconst_seq_from_clist:nnn
                              557
                              558
                                      \seq_const_from_clist:cn
                              559
                              560
                                          \object_ncmember_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ seq }
                                        { #3 }
                              563
                              564
                              565
                                  \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_seq_from_clist:nnn { Vnn }
                              566
                              567
                             (End definition for \object_newconst_seq_from_clist:nnn. This function is documented on page 10.)
\object newconst prop from keyval:nnn
                             Creates a prop constant.
                                  \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst_prop_from_keyval:nnn
                                      \prop_const_from_keyval:cn
                              572
                                          \object_ncmember_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ prop }
                              573
                              574
                                        { #3 }
                              575
                              576
                              577
                                 \cs_generate_variant: Nn \object_newconst_prop_from_keyval:nnn { Vnn }
                             (End definition for \object_newconst_prop_from_keyval:nnn. This function is documented on page 10.)
\object_ncmethod_adr:nnn
                             Fully expands to the method address.
 \object_rcmethod_adr:nnn
                              581 \cs_new:Nn \object_ncmethod_adr:nnn
                                      #1 \tl_to_str:n { _ CMETHOD _ #2 : #3 }
                              583
                              584
```

544 \cs\_generate\_variant:Nn \object\_newconst\_tl:nnn { Vnn }

586 \cs\_generate\_variant:Nn \object\_ncmethod\_adr:nnn { Vnn , vnn }

```
\cs_new:Nn \object_rcmethod_adr:nnn
588
589
       \object_ncmethod_adr:vnn
590
591
           \object_ncmember_adr:nnn
592
593
               \odots
            }
            { P }{ str }
        }
597
        { #2 }{ #3 }
598
    }
599
600
  \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_ncmethod_adr:nnn { Vnn , vnn }
601
  \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_rcmethod_adr:nnn { Vnn }
602
603
```

(End definition for  $\sigma \cdot \sigma_{adr:nnn}$  and  $\sigma_{adr:nnn}$ . These functions are documented on page 9.)

\object\_ncmethod\_if\_exist\_p:nnn
\object\_ncmethod\_if\_exist:nnn*TF*\object\_rcmethod\_if\_exist\_p:nnn
\object rcmethod if exist:nnn*TF* 

Tests if the specified member constant exists.

```
\prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_ncmethod_if_exist:nnn {p, T, F, TF }
605
606
       \cs_if_exist:cTF
607
608
            \object_ncmethod_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
609
610
612
            \prs_return_true:
         }
613
         {
614
            \prg_return_false:
615
616
617
618
   \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_rcmethod_if_exist:nnn {p, T, F, TF }
619
620
       \cs_if_exist:cTF
621
622
         {
            \object_rcmethodr_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
623
624
         {
625
626
            \prg_return_true:
         }
627
         {
628
            \prg_return_false:
629
         }
630
631
   \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_ncmethod_if_exist:nnn
     { Vnn }{ p, T, F, TF }
634
635 \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_rcmethod_if_exist:nnn
```

```
636 { Vnn }{ p, T, F, TF }
```

 $(End\ definition\ for\ \verb|\object_ncmethod_if_exist:nnnTF|\ and\ \verb|\object_ncmethod_if_exist:nnnTF|\ These\ functions\ are\ documented\ on\ page\ {\it 9}.)$ 

\object\_new\_cmethod:nnnn

Creates a new method

(End definition for \object\_new\_cmethod:nnnn. This function is documented on page 9.)

\object\_ncmethod\_call:nnn
\object\_rcmethod\_call:nnn

Calls the specified method.

```
\cs_new:Nn \object_ncmethod_call:nnn
651
     {
652
       \use:c
653
654
       \object_ncmethod_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
     }
657
     }
658
   \cs_new:Nn \object_rcmethod_call:nnn
659
660
       \use:c
661
662
       \object_rcmethod_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
663
664
     }
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_ncmethod_call:nnn { Vnn }
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_rcmethod_call:nnn { Vnn }
```

(End definition for \object\_ncmethod\_call:nnn and \object\_rcmethod\_call:nnn. These functions are documented on page 9.)

```
\object_if_proxy_p:n
                         Test if an object is a proxy.
   \object_if_proxy:nTF
                              \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_bol_com:N
                                  \cs_if_exist_p:N #1 && \bool_if_p:N #1
                           684
                           685
                           686
                              \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__rawobjects_bol_com:N { c }
                           687
                           688
                              \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_if_proxy:n {p, T, F, TF}
                           689
                           690
                                  \cs_if_exist:cTF
                           691
                                      \object_ncmember_adr:nnn
                                          \object_embedded_adr:nn{ #1 }{ /_I_/ }
                           696
                                        { ifprox }{ bool }
                           697
                                    }
                           698
                           699
                                      \bool_if:cTF
                           700
                                        {
                           701
                                          \object_ncmember_adr:nnn
                                              \object_embedded_adr:nn{ #1 }{ /_I_/ }
                                            { ifprox }{ bool }
                                        }
                                        {
                           708
                                          \prg_return_true:
                           709
                                        }
                           710
                                        {
                                          \prg_return_false:
                           712
                                        }
                                    }
                           714
                                    {
                           715
                                      \prg_return_false:
                           716
                                    }
                           717
                                }
                           718
                           719
                          (End definition for \object_if_proxy:nTF. This function is documented on page 11.)
                         Test if an object is generated from selected proxy.
\object_test_proxy_p:nn
\object_test_proxy:nn<u>TF</u>
                              \object_test_proxy_p:nN
                           721
\object_test_proxy:nNTF
                           722
                           723
                              \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_test_proxy:nn {p, T, F, TF}
                                  \str_if_eq:veTF
                                    {
```

 $_{\rm 679}$  \cs\_generate\_variant:Nn \\_\_rawobjects\_initproxy:nnn { VnV }

```
\object_ncmember_adr:nnn
               {
 728
                 \odots
 729
 730
               { P }{ str }
 731
          }
 732
      { #2 }
 733
 734
 735
             \prs_return_true:
          }
 736
          {
 737
             \prg_return_false:
 738
 739
      }
 740
 741
    \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_test_proxy:nN {p, T, F, TF}
 742
 743
        \str_if_eq:cNTF
 744
             \object_ncmember_adr:nnn
 747
                 \object_embedded_adr:nn{ #1 }{ /_I_/ }
 748
 749
               { P }{ str }
 750
          }
 751
      #2
 752
 753
           {
 754
             \prg_return_true:
 755
 757
             \prg_return_false:
          }
 758
 759
      }
 760
    \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_test_proxy:nn
 761
      { Vn }{p, T, F, TF}
 762
    \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_test_proxy:nN
 763
 764
      { VN }{p, T, F, TF}
(End definition for \object_test_proxy:nnTF and \object_test_proxy:nNTF. These functions are doc-
umented on page 11.)
Creates an object from a proxy.
 766
    \msg_new:nnnn { rawobjects }{ notproxy }{ Fake ~ proxy }
 767
 768
      {
        Object ~ #1 ~ is ~ not ~ a ~ proxy.
 769
      }
 770
 771
    \cs_new_protected:Nn \__rawobjects_force_proxy:n
 772
 773
```

\object\_if\_proxy:nF { #1 }

\object\_create:nnnNN \object\_create\_set:NnnnNN

\object\_create:nnnN

\object\_create:nnn

\embedded\_create:nnn

774

775

{

\object\_create\_gset:NnnnNN

\object\_create\_set:NnnnN

\object\_create\_gset:NnnnN

\object\_create\_set:Nnnn

\object\_create\_gset:Nnnn

```
\msg_error:nnn { rawobjects }{ notproxy }{ #1 }
776
         }
777
     }
778
779
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \__rawobjects_create_anon:nnnNN
780
781
       \tl_if_empty:nF{ #1 }
782
783
       \__rawobjects_force_proxy:n { #1 }
785
786
787
       \object_newconst_str:nnn
788
         {
789
            \label{local_embedded_adr:nn{ #3 }{ /_I_/ }}
790
791
         { M }{ #2 }
792
       \object_newconst_str:nnn
793
            \object_embedded_adr:nn{ #3 }{ /_I_/ }
         }
         { P }{ #1 }
797
       \object_newconst_str:nnV
798
799
            \label{local_embedded_adr:nn{ #3 }{ /_I_/ }}
800
801
         { S } #4
802
       \object_newconst_str:nnV
803
804
            \object_embedded_adr:nn{ #3 }{ /_I_/ }
         }
         { V } #5
807
808
       \seq_map_inline:cn
809
         {
810
            \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ varlist }{ seq }
811
         }
812
813
            \object_new_member:nnv { #3 }{ ##1 }
814
                \object_ncmember_adr:nnn { #1 }{ ##1 _ type }{ str }
816
              }
817
         }
818
819
       \seq_map_inline:cn
820
         {
821
            \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ objlist }{ seq }
822
823
824
825
            \embedded_create:nvn
              { #3 }
              {
                \object_ncmember_adr:nnn { #1 }{ ##1 _ proxy }{ str }
828
              }
829
```

```
{ ##1 }
830
         }
831
832
       \tl_map_inline:cn
833
         {
834
           \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ init }{ tl }
835
836
         {
837
           ##1 { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
839
840
841
842
843
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__rawobjects_create_anon:nnnNN { xnxNN, xvxcc }
844
845
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_create:nnnNN
846
847
       \__rawobjects_create_anon:xnxNN { #1 }{ #2 }
848
         { \object_address:nn { #2 }{ #3 } }
         #4 #5
     }
851
852
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_create:nnnNN { VnnNN }
854
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_create_set:NnnnNN
855
856
       \object_create:nnnNN { #2 }{ #3 }{ #4 } #5 #6
857
       \str_set:Nx #1 { \object_address:nn { #3 }{ #4 } }
858
     }
860
  \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_create_gset:NnnnNN
861
862
       \object_create:nnnNN { #2 }{ #3 }{ #4 } #5 #6
863
       \str_gset:Nx #1 { \object_address:nn { #3 }{ #4 } }
864
865
866
867
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_create_set:NnnnNN { NVnnNN, NnnfNN }
868
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_create_gset:NnnnNN { NVnnNN, NnnfNN }
870
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_create:nnnN
872
873
       \object_create:nnnNN { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 } #4 \c_object_public_str
874
875
876
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_create:nnnN { VnnN }
877
878
879
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_create_set:NnnnN
       \object_create_set:NnnnNN #1 { #2 }{ #3 }{ #4 } #5 \c_object_public_str
881
882
883
```

```
\cs_new_protected:Nn \object_create_gset:NnnnN
    {
885
      \object_create_gset:NnnnNN #1 { #2 }{ #3 }{ #4 } #5 \c_object_public_str
886
887
888
  \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_create_set:NnnnN { NVnnN }
889
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_create_gset:NnnnN { NVnnN }
890
891
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_create:nnn
893
    {
      \object_create:nnnNN { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
894
        \c_object_global_str \c_object_public_str
895
896
897
  \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_create:nnn { Vnn }
898
899
  \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_create_set:Nnnn
900
    {
901
      \object_create_set:NnnnNN #1 { #2 }{ #3 }{ #4 }
902
        \c_object_global_str \c_object_public_str
    }
905
  \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_create_gset:Nnnn
906
907
      \object_create_gset:NnnnNN #1 { #2 }{ #3 }{ #4 }
908
        \c_object_global_str \c_object_public_str
909
910
911
  \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_create_set:Nnnn { NVnn }
912
   914
915
916
917
  \cs_new_protected:Nn \embedded_create:nnn
918
919
       \__rawobjects_create_anon:xvxcc { #2 }
920
921
    {
922
           \object_ncmember_adr:nnn
               \odots
            }
            { M }{ str }
926
        }
927
        {
928
           \object_embedded_adr:nn
929
            { #1 }{ #3 }
930
        }
931
932
           \object_ncmember_adr:nnn
933
               \label{lembedded_adr:nn{ #1 }{ /_I_/ }}
            }
936
            { S }{ str }
937
```

```
}
 938
           {
 939
             \object_ncmember_adr:nnn
 940
 941
                 \object_embedded_adr:nn{ #1 }{ /_I_/ }
 942
               { V }{ str }
          }
 945
      }
 947
    \cs_generate_variant:Nn \embedded_create:nnn { nvn, Vnn }
 949
(End definition for \object_create:nnnNN and others. These functions are documented on page 11.)
Creates a new proxy object
 950
    \cs_new_protected:Nn \proxy_create:nn
 951
 952
        \object_create:VnnNN \c_proxy_address_str { #1 }{ #2 }
 953
           \c_object_global_str \c_object_public_str
 954
 955
 956
    \cs_new_protected:Nn \proxy_create_set:Nnn
        \object_create_set:NVnnNN #1 \c_proxy_address_str { #2 }{ #3 }
 959
           \c_object_global_str \c_object_public_str
 960
      }
 961
 962
    \cs_new_protected:Nn \proxy_create_gset:Nnn
 963
 964
        \object_create_gset:NVnnNN #1 \c_proxy_address_str { #2 }{ #3 }
 965
           \c_object_global_str \c_object_public_str
 966
 967
 970
    \cs_new_protected:Nn \proxy_create:nnN
 971
 972
           _rawobjects_launch_deprecate:NN \proxy_create:nnN \proxy_create:nn
 973
        \object_create:VnnNN \c_proxy_address_str { #1 }{ #2 }
 974
           \c_object_global_str #3
 975
 976
 977
    \cs_new_protected:Nn \proxy_create_set:NnnN
 978
         \__rawobjects_launch_deprecate:NN \proxy_create_set:NnnN \proxy_create_set:Nnn
 980
        \object_create_set:NVnnNN #1 \c_proxy_address_str { #2 }{ #3 }
 981
 982
          \c_object_global_str #4
 983
 984
    \cs_new_protected:Nn \proxy_create_gset:NnnN
 985
 986
```

\proxy\_create:nn \proxy\_create\_set:Nnn

987

\proxy\_create\_gset:Nnn

\\_\_rawobjects\_launch\_deprecate:NN \proxy\_create\_gset:NnnN \proxy\_create\_gset:Nnn

```
\c_object_global_str #4
                               989
                               990
                               991
                              (End definition for \proxy_create:nn, \proxy_create_set:Nnn, and \proxy_create_gset:Nnn. These
                              functions are documented on page 12.)
   \proxy_push_member:nnn Push a new member inside a proxy.
                                  \cs_new_protected:Nn \proxy_push_member:nnn
                               994
                                       \object_newconst_str:nnn { #1 }{ #2 _ type }{ #3 }
                               995
                                       \seq_gput_left:cn
                               996
                               997
                                            \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ varlist }{ seq }
                               998
                               999
                                         { #2 }
                               1000
                                     }
                               1001
                                  \cs_generate_variant:Nn \proxy_push_member:nnn { Vnn }
                               1003
                               1004
                              (End definition for \proxy_push_member:nnn. This function is documented on page 12.)
 \proxy_push_embedded:nnn
                              Push a new embedded object inside a proxy.
                                   \cs_new_protected:Nn \proxy_push_embedded:nnn
                               1006
                               1007
                                       \object_newconst_str:nnx { #1 }{ #2 _ proxy }{ #3 }
                               1008
                                       \seq_gput_left:cn
                               1009
                               1010
                                            \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ objlist }{ seq }
                               1011
                                         }
                               1012
                                         { #2 }
                               1013
                               1014
                               1015
                                  \cs_generate_variant:Nn \proxy_push_embedded:nnn { Vnn }
                               1016
                               1017
                              (End definition for \proxy_push_embedded:nnn. This function is documented on page 13.)
                              Push a new embedded object inside a proxy.
\proxy_add_initializer:nN
                               1018
                                  \cs_new_protected:Nn \proxy_add_initializer:nN
                               1019
                               1020
                                       \tl_gput_right:cn
                               1021
                                            \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ init }{ tl }
                               1023
                                         }
                                         { #2 }
                               1025
                                     }
                               1026
                               1027
                                  \cs_generate_variant:Nn \proxy_add_initializer:nN { VN }
                               1028
                               1029
```

\object\_create\_gset:NVnnNN #1 \c\_proxy\_address\_str { #2 }{ #3 }

988

\c\_proxy\_address\_str Variable containing the address of the proxy object.

```
1030
    \str_const:Nx \c_proxy_address_str
      { \object_address:nn { rawobjects }{ proxy } }
    \object_newconst_str:nnn
1034
1035
        \object_embedded_adr:Vn \c_proxy_address_str { /_I_/ }
1036
1037
      { M }{ rawobjects }
1038
1039
    \object_newconst_str:nnV
1040
1041
         \object_embedded_adr:Vn \c_proxy_address_str { /_I_/ }
1043
      { P } \c_proxy_address_str
1044
1045
    \object_newconst_str:nnV
1046
1047
         \object_embedded_adr:Vn \c_proxy_address_str { /_I_/ }
1048
1049
      { S } \c_object_global_str
1050
1051
    \object_newconst_str:nnV
1052
        \object_embedded_adr:Vn \c_proxy_address_str { /_I_/ }
1054
1055
      { V } \c_object_public_str
1056
1057
1058
    \__rawobjects_initproxy:VnV \c_proxy_address_str { rawobjects } \c_proxy_address_str
1059
1060
    \object_new_member:Vnn \c_proxy_address_str { init }{ tl }
1061
1062
    \object_new_member:Vnn \c_proxy_address_str { varlist }{ seq }
    \object_new_member:Vnn \c_proxy_address_str { objlist }{ seq }
1065
1066
    \proxy_push_member:Vnn \c_proxy_address_str
1067
      { init }{ tl }
1068
    \proxy_push_member:Vnn \c_proxy_address_str
1069
      { varlist }{ seq }
1070
    \proxy_push_member:Vnn \c_proxy_address_str
1071
      { objlist }{ seq }
1072
    \proxy_add_initializer:VN \c_proxy_address_str
      \__rawobjects_initproxy:nnn
1075
1076
(End definition for \c_proxy_address_str. This variable is documented on page 11.)
```

\object\_allocate\_incr:NNnnNN Create an

\object\_gallocate\_incr:NNnnNN \object\_allocate\_gincr:NNnnNN \object\_gallocate\_gincr:NNnnNN Create an address and use it to instantiate an object

```
1077
   \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_combine_aux:nnn
1078
1079
        anon . #3 . #2 . #1
1080
1081
1082
    \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__rawobjects_combine_aux:nnn { Vnf }
1083
1084
    \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_combine:Nn
1086
        \__rawobjects_combine_aux:Vnf #1 { #2 }
1087
1088
        \cs_to_str:N #1
1089
1090
1091
1092
    \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_allocate_incr:NNnnNN
1093
1094
        \object_create_set:NnnfNN #1 { #3 }{ #4 }
1095
            \__rawobjects_combine:Nn #2 { #3 }
1098
          #5 #6
1099
1100
          \int_incr:N #2
     }
    \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_gallocate_incr:NNnnNN
1104
1105
        \object_create_gset:NnnfNN #1 { #3 }{ #4 }
1106
1107
            \__rawobjects_combine:Nn #2 { #3 }
1108
1109
          #5 #6
1111
          \int_incr:N #2
1113
1114
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_allocate_incr:NNnnNN { NNVnNN }
1115
1116
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_gallocate_incr:NNnnNN { NNVnNN }
1117
1118
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_allocate_gincr:NNnnNN
1119
1120
        \object_create_set:NnnfNN #1 { #3 }{ #4 }
1121
1122
            \__rawobjects_combine:Nn #2 { #3 }
          }
1124
          #5 #6
1125
1126
1127
          \int_gincr:N #2
1128
     }
1129
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_gallocate_gincr:NNnnNN
```

```
\object_create_gset:NnnfNN #1 { #3 }{ #4 }
                                      rawobjects_combine:Nn #2 { #3 }
                      1134
                                }
                      1135
                                #5 #6
                      1136
                      1137
                                \int_gincr:N #2
                      1138
                            }
                      1139
                      1140
                          \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_allocate_gincr:NNnnNN { NNVnNN }
                      1141
                      1142
                          \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_gallocate_gincr:NNnnNN { NNVnNN }
                      1143
                      1144
                     (End definition for \object_allocate_incr:NNnnNN and others. These functions are documented on
                     page 12.)
                     Copy an object to another one.
\object_assign:nn
                          \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_assign:nn
                              \seq_map_inline:cn
                      1147
                      1148
                                   \object_member_adr:vnn
                      1149
                      1150
                                       \object_ncmember_adr:nnn
                      1152
                                            \object_embedded_adr:nn{ #1 }{ /_I_/ }
                      1153
                      1154
                                         { P }{ str }
                                     }
                      1156
                                     { varlist }{ seq }
                      1157
                      1158
                      1159
                                   \object_member_set_eq:nnc { #1 }{ ##1 }
                      1160
                      1161
                                        \object_member_adr:nn{ #2 }{ ##1 }
                      1162
                      1163
                      1164
                                }
                            }
                      1165
                      1166
                         \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_assign:nn { nV, Vn, VV }
                     (End definition for \object_assign:nn. This function is documented on page 13.)
                      1168 (/package)
```