The lt3rawobjects package

Paolo De Donato

Released 2022/07/11 Version 1.1.1

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1 Introduction

First to all notice that lt3rawobjects means "raw object(s)", indeed lt3rawobjects introduces a new mechanism to create objects like the well known C structures. The functions exported by this package are quite low level, and many important mechanisms like member protection and name resolution aren't already defined and should be introduced by intermediate packages.

2 To do

- Introduce member functions in objects and member function specifications in proxies:
- Uniform declarations for templated proxies;
- Introduce constant objects.

3 Objects and proxies

Usually an object in programming languages can be seen as a collection of variables (organized in different ways depending on the chosen language) treated as part of a single entity. Also in lt3rawobjects objects are collections of variables, called member variables, which can be retrieved from a string representing that object. Such string is the address of the object and act like the address of a structure in C.

An address is composed of two parts, the *module* in which variables are created and an *identifier* that identify uniquely the object inside its module. It's up to the caller that two different objects have different identifiers. The address of an object can be obtained with the <code>\object_address</code> function. Identifiers and module names should not contain numbers, <code>#</code> and <code>_</code> characters in order to avoid conflicts with automatically generated addresses.

In C each object/structure has a *type* that tells the compiler how each object should be organized and instantiated in the memory. So if you need to create objects with the same structure you should first create a new struct entity and then create object with such type.

In lt3rawobjects objects are created from an existing object with a particular structure that holds all the needed informations to organize their variables. Such objects that can be used to instantiate new objects are calles *proxies* and the proxy object used to instantiate an object is its *generator*. In order to create new objects with a specified proxy you can use the \object create functions.

Since proxies are themself objects we need a proxy to instantiate user defined proxies, you can use the proxy object in the rawobjects module to create you own proxy, which address is held by the \c_proxy_address_str variable. Proxies must be created from the proxy object otherwise they won't be recognized as proxies. Instead of using \object_-create to create proxies you can directly use the function \proxy_create.

Once you've created you proxy object you should specify its member variables that will be created in each object initialized with such proxy. You can add a variable specification with the \proxy_push_member function. Once you've added all yor variables specifications you can use your proxy to create objects. You should never modify a proxy once you've used it to create at least one object, since these modifications won't be updated on already created objects, leading to hidden errors in subsequential code.

When you create a new variable specification with the \proxy_push_member you can notice the presence of $\langle type \rangle$ parameter. It represents the type of such variable and can be a standard type (like t1, str, int, seq, ...) or user defined types if the following functions are defined:

```
\langle type \rangle_{new:N} and c variant;
\langle type \rangle_{set_eq:NN} and cN, Nc, cc variants.
```

Every object, and so proxies too, is characterized by the following parameters:

- the *module* in which it has been created;
- the address of the proxy generator;
- a parameter saying if the object is local or global;
- a parameter saying if the object is *public* or *private*;
- zero or more member variables.

In a local/global/public/private object every member variable is declared local/global/public/private. Address of a member variable can be obtained with the \object_member_- adr function, and you can instantiate new members that haven't been specified in its generator with the function \object_new_member. members created in this way aren't described by generator proxy, so its type can't be deduced and should be always specified in functions like \object_member_adr or \object_member_use.

4 Constants

This feature is available only from version 1.1 of lt3rawobjects. There're two different kinds of constants you can define on a object:

- 1. near constants are constants defined directly inside the associated object;
- 2. remote constants are constants that are defined instead on the generator proxy and so every object generated with that proxy can access the constant.

Currently it's possible to define only public constants, if you need private constants use member variables instead.

Notice that all near constants declared on a proxy are automatically remote constants for every generated object, but remote constants for a proxy aren't directly accessible by generated objects.

You can retrieve the address of a near constant with the \object_nconst_adr function and of a remote constant with \object_rconst_adr.

5 Library functions

5.1 Base object functions

```
\odots \object_address:nn \star \object_address:nn \{\langle module \rangle\} \{\langle id \rangle\}
```

Composes the address of object in module $\langle module \rangle$ with identifier $\langle id \rangle$ and places it in the input stream. Notice that $\langle module \rangle$ and $\langle id \rangle$ are converted to strings before composing them in the address, so they shouldn't contain any command inside. If you want to execute its content you should use a new variant, for example V, f or e variants.

```
From: 1.0
```

```
\object_address_set:Nnn
                                     \odots = \frac{\langle str \ var \rangle}{\langle module \rangle} \{\langle id \rangle\}
  \object_address_gset:Nnn
                                     Stores the adress of selected object inside the string variable \langle str \ var \rangle.
                                           From: 1.1
    \verb|\object_if_exist_p:n * \verb|\object_if_exist_p:n {|} \langle address \rangle \}|
    \odotspace{$\operatorname{dotsp:V} \star \operatorname{object_if_exist:nTF \{\langle address \rangle\} \{\langle true\ code \rangle\} } } 
    \color{bject_if_exist:n}_{---} \star \text{ Tests if an object was instantiated at the specified address.}
    \object_if_exist:VTF *
                                           From: 1.0
                                  * \object_get_module:n {\landaress\}}
\object get module:n
                                  * \object_get_proxy_adr:n {\landaress\rangle}
\object_get_module:V
\label{local_condition} $$ \ensuremath{\mathsf{Object\_get\_proxy\_adr:n}} \  \  \, \star \  \, \text{Get the object module and its generator.} 
\object_get_proxy_adr:V *
                                           From: 1.0
```

```
\odotsin \
        \object_if_local_p:V
                                                                                                                                                                       \star \object_if_local:nTF \{\langle address \rangle\} \{\langle true \ code \rangle\} \{\langle false \ code \rangle\}
       \object_if_local:nTF
                                                                                                                                                                        ^\star Tests if the object is local or global.
        \object_if_local:VTF
                                                                                                                                                                                                                       From: 1.0
       \object_if_global_p:n *
       \object_if_global_p:V
       \object_if_global:nTF
       \object_if_global:VTF
 \object_if_public_p:n
                                                                                                                                                                       ★ \object_if_public_p:n {⟨address⟩}
                                                                                                                                                                        \star \object_if_public:nTF {\langle address \rangle} {\langle true code \rangle} {\langle false code \rangle}
\object_if_public_p:V
\object_if_public:nTF
                                                                                                                                                                                      Tests if the object is public or private.
\object_if_public:VTF
                                                                                                                                                                                                                       From: 1.0
\object_if_private_p:n *
\object_if_private_p:V *
\oldsymbol{\colored} \oldsymbol{\colored} \oldsymbol{\colored} \oldsymbol{\colored} \normalfalpha \colored \c
\object_if_private:VTF *
```

5.2 Operating with member variables and constants

Fully expands to the address of specified member variable. If type is not specified it'll be retrieved from the generator proxy, but only if member is specified in the generator.

From: 1.0

Fully expands to the type of member $\langle member \ name \rangle$. Use this function only with member variables specified in the generator proxy, not with other member variables.

From: 1.0

```
\label{lem:nn} $$ \object_new_member:nnn $$ {\member:nnn } {\member:nnn } {\member:nnn } {\member:nnn } $$ (member name) $$ {\member:type} $$ object_new_member:(Vnn|nnv) $$
```

Creates a new member variable with specified name and type. You can't retrieve the type of these variables with \object_member_type functions.

From: 1.0

Uses the specified member variable.

From: 1.0

```
\object_member_set_eq:nnnN
                                                   * \object_member_set_eq:nnnN {\langle address \rangle} {\langle member name \rangle}
    \object_member_set_eq:(nnvN|VnnN|nnnc|Vnnc) * {\( (member type \) \)} \( \variable \)
                                                    \verb|\object_member_set_eq:nnN| \{\langle address \rangle\} | \{\langle member| name \rangle\}|
    \object_member_set_eq:nnN
    \object_member_set_eq:(VnN|nnc|Vnc)
                                                    ⟨variable⟩
                           Sets the value of specified member equal to the value of \langle variable \rangle.
                                From: 1.0
                                   \object_nconst_adr:nnn
    \object_nconst_adr:(Vnn|vnn)
    \object_rconst_adr:nnn
    \object_rconst_adr:Vnn
                           Fully expands to the address of specified near/remote constant.
                                From: 1.1
\object_nconst_use:nnn * \object_nconst_use:nnn {\( address \) } {\( (member name \) } {\( (member type \) })}
\object_nconst_use:Vnn *
                           Uses the specified near/remote constant.
\object_rconst_use:nnn *
                                From: 1.1
\object_rconst_use:Vnn *
```

5.3 Constant creation

Unlike normal variables, constants in IATEX3 are created in different ways depending on the specified type. So we dedicate a new section only to collect some of these functions readapted for near constants (remote constants are simply near constants created on the generator proxy).

```
\odotspace{0.05cm} \odotspace{
\object_newconst_tl:nnn
\object_newconst_tl:Vnn
                                                                                                                                           Creates a constant variable with type \langle type \rangle and sets its value to \langle value \rangle.
\object_newconst_str:nnn
                                                                                                                                                               From: 1.1
\object_newconst_str:Vnn
\object_newconst_int:nnn
\object_newconst_int:Vnn
\object_newconst_clist:nnn
\object_newconst_clist:Vnn
\object_newconst_dim:nnn
\object_newconst_dim:Vnn
\object_newconst_skip:nnn
\object_newconst_skip:Vnn
\object_newconst_fp:nnn
\object_newconst_fp:Vnn
```

```
\label{lem:const_seq_from_clist:nnn} $$ \object_newconst_seq_from_clist:nnn {$\langle address \rangle$} {\langle constant\ name \rangle$} $$ \object_newconst_seq_from_clist:Vnn {$\langle comma-list \rangle$} $$
```

Creates a seq constant which is set to contain all the items in $\langle comma-list \rangle$.

From: 1.1

```
\object_newconst_prop_from_keyval:nnn \object_newconst_prop_from_keyval:nnn {\address\} {\constant \name\} \
\frac{\key\} = \value\}, \ldots
}
```

Creates a prop constant which is set to contain all the specified key-value pairs.

From: 1.1

5.4 Proxy utilities and object creation

```
\object_if_proxy_p:n * \object_if_proxy_p:n {\langle address \rangle}
                         \verb|\object_if_proxy_p:V| * \verb|\object_if_proxy:nTF| \{\langle address \rangle\} | \{\langle true| code \rangle\} | \{\langle false| code \rangle\} |
                         \object_if_proxy:VTF *
                                                                                                                                                                                                                From: 1.0
                                        \c_proxy_address_str The address of the proxy object in the rawobjects module.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                From:
                                        \colon = \colon \colo
                                        \object_create: VnnNN
                                                                                                                                                                                   Creates an object by using the proxy at (proxy address) and the specified parameters.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                From: 1.0
                                        \colored{Cobject\_local\_str} Possible values for \langle scope \rangle parameter.
                                        \c_object_global_str
                                                                                                                                                                                                                From: 1.0
                                  \c_object_public_str
                                                                                                                                                                                   Possible values for \langle visibility \rangle parameter.
                                  \c_object_private_str
                                                                                                                                                                                                               From: 1.0
                                                                                                                                                                                   \verb|\object_create_set:NnnnNN| \langle str \ var \rangle \ \{\langle proxy \ address \rangle\} \ \{\langle module \rangle\} \ \{\langle id \rangle\} \ \langle scope \rangle
\object_create_set:NnnnNN
 \object_create_set:NVnnNN
                                                                                                                                                                                   ⟨visibility⟩
 \object_create_gset:NnnnNN
                                                                                                                                                                                   Creates an object and sets its fully expanded address inside \langle str \ var \rangle.
 \object_create_gset:NVnnNN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                From:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 1.0
                                        \object_allocate_incr:NNnnNN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      \odotson \
                                        \object_allocate_incr:NNVnNN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      {\( module \) \( \scope \) \( \vert visibility \)
                                        \object_gallocate_incr:NNnnNN
                                        \object_gallocate_incr:NNVnNN
                                        \object_allocate_gincr:NNnnNN
                                        \object_allocate_gincr:NNVnNN
                                        \object_gallocate_gincr:NNnnNN
                                        \object_gallocate_gincr:NNVnNN
```

Build a new object address with module $\langle module \rangle$ and an identifier generated from $\langle proxy \ address \rangle$ and the integer contained inside $\langle int \ var \rangle$, then increments $\langle int \ var \rangle$. This is very useful when you need to create a lot of objects, each of them on a different address. the _incr version increases $\langle int \ var \rangle$ locally whereas _gincr does it globally.

From: 1.1

```
\proxy_create:nnN
\proxy_create_set:NnnN
\proxy_create_gset:NnnN
```

```
\operatorname{proxy\_create:nnN} \{\langle module \rangle\} \{\langle id \rangle\} \langle visibility \rangle
  \proxy\_create\_set:NnnN \proxy\_create\_set:Nn
Creates a global proxy object.
```

From: 1.0

\proxy_push_member:Vnn

```
\label{lem:nnn} $$ \operatorname{proxy\_push\_member:nnn} {\langle proxy \ address \rangle} {\langle \ member \ name \ \rangle} {\langle \ member \ type \ \rangle} $
```

Updates a proxy object with a new member specification, so that every subsequential object created with this proxy will have a member variable with the specified name and type that can be retrieved with \object_member_type functions.

From: 1.0

\object_assign:nn \object_assign:(Vn|nV|VV)

```
\odots = \{ \langle to \ address \rangle \}
```

Assigns the content of each variable of object at $\langle from \ address \rangle$ to each correspective variable in $\langle to \ address \rangle$. Both the objects should be created with the same proxy object and only variables listed in the proxy are assigned.

From: 1.0

Examples

Example 1

Create a public proxy with id myproxy with the specification of a single member variable with name myvar and type t1, then set its address inside \l_myproxy_str.

```
\str_new:N \l_myproxy_str
\proxy_create_set:NnnN \l_myproxy_str { example }{ myproxy }
 \c_object_public_str
\proxy_push_member: Vnn \l_myproxy_str { myvar }{ tl }
```

Then create a new object with name myobj with that proxy, assign then token list \c_dollar_str{} ~ dollar ~ \c_dollar_str{} to myvar and then print it.

```
\str_new:N \l_myobj_str
\object_create_set:NVnnNN \l_myobj_str \l_myproxy_str
 { example }{ myobj } \c_object_local_str \c_object_public_str
\tl set:cn
 {
    \object_member_adr:Vn \l_myobj_str { myvar }
 { \c_dollar_str{} ~ dollar ~ \c_dollar_str{} }
\object_member_use:Vn \l_myobj_str { myvar }
    Output: $ dollar $
   If you don't want to specify an object identifier you can also do
\int_new:N \l_intc_int
\object_allocate_incr:NNVnNN \l_myobj_str \l_intc_int \l_myproxy_str
 { example } \c_object_local_str \c_object_public_str
\tl_set:cn
```

```
{
    \object_member_adr:Vn \l_myobj_str { myvar }
}
{ \c_dollar_str{} ~ dollar ~ \c_dollar_str{} }
\object_member_use:Vn \l_myobj_str { myvar }

Output: $ dollar $
```

7 Templated proxies

At the current time there isn't a standardized approach to templated proxies. One problem of standardized templated proxies is how to define struct addresses for every kind of argument (token lists, strings, integer expressions, non expandable arguments, ...).

Even if there isn't currently a function to define every kind of templated proxy you can anyway define your templated proxy with your custom parameters. You simply need to define at least two functions:

- an expandable macro that, given all the needed arguments, fully expands to the address of your templated proxy. This address can be obtained by calling \object_-address {\langle module \rangle } {\langle id \rangle } the name of your templated proxy and is followed by a composition of specified arguments;
- a not expandable macro that tests if the templated proxy with specified arguments is instantiated and, if not, instantiate it with different calls to \proxy_create and \proxy_push_member.

In order to apply these concepts we'll provide a simple implementation of a linked list with a template parameter representing the type of variable that holds our data. A linked list is simply a sequence of nodes where each node contains your data and a pointer to the next node. For the moment we 'll show a possiple implementation of a template proxy class for such node objects.

First to all we define an expandable macro that fully expands to our node name:

```
\cs_new:Nn \node_address:n
{
    \object_address:nn { linklist }{ node - #1 }
}
```

where the #1 argument is simply a string representing the type of data held by our linked list (for example t1, str, int, ...). Next we need a functions that instantiate our proxy address if it doesn't exist:

```
\cs_new_protected:Nn \node_instantiate:n
{
    \object_if_exist:nF {\node_address:n { #1 } }
    {
        \proxy_create:nnN { linklist }{ node - #1 }
        \c_object_public_str
        \proxy_push_member:nnn {\node_address:n { #1 } }
        { next }{ str }
```

As you can see when \node_instantiate is called it first test if the proxy object exists. If not then it creates a new proxy with that name and populates it with the specifications of two members: a next member variable of type str that points to the next node, and a data member of the specified type that holds your data.

Clearly you can define new functions to work with such nodes, for example to test if the next node exists or not, to add and remove a node, search inside a linked list, ...

8 Implementation

```
1 (*package)
                             2 (@@=rawobjects)
     \c_object_local_str
    \c_object_global_str
                             3 \str_const:Nn \c_object_local_str {loc}
    \c_object_public_str
                             4 \str_const:Nn \c_object_global_str {glo}
   \c_object_private_str
                             5 \str_const:Nn \c_object_public_str {pub}
                             6 \str_const:Nn \c_object_private_str {pri}
                             8 \str_const:Nn \c__rawobjects_const_str {con}
                           (End definition for \c_object_local_str and others. These variables are documented on page 6.)
      \object_address:nn Get address of an object
                             9 \cs_new:Nn \object_address:nn {
                                 \tl_to_str:n { #1 _ #2 }
                           (End definition for \object_address:nn. This function is documented on page 3.)
 \object_address_set:Nnn
                           Saves the address of an object into a string variable
\object_address_gset:Nnn
                            13 \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_address_set:Nnn {
                                 \str_set:Nn #1 { #2 _ #3 }
                            14
                            15 }
                            17 \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_address_gset:Nnn {
                                 \str_gset:Nn #1 { #2 _ #3 }
                            18
                            19 }
                           (\textit{End definition for } \verb|\object_address_set:Nnm| and \verb|\object_address_gset:Nnm|. These functions are
                           documented on page 3.)
                            21 \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_object_modvar:n{
                                 c __ #1 _ MODULE _ str
                            23 }
                            25 \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n{
```

```
27 }
                           28
                           29 \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_object_scovar:n{
                               c __ #1 _ SCOPE _ str
                           30
                           31 }
                           33 \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_object_visvar:n{
                                c __ #1 _ VISIB _ str
                           37 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__rawobjects_object_modvar:n { V }
                           38 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { V }
                           39 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__rawobjects_object_scovar:n { V }
                           40 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__rawobjects_object_visvar:n { V }
   \object_if_exist_p:n
                          Tests if object exists.
   \object_if_exist:nTF
                           41
                           42
                             \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_if_exist:n { p, T, F, TF }
                           43
                                  \cs_if_exist:cTF
                           44
                                    {
                           45
                                      \__rawobjects_object_modvar:n { #1 }
                           46
                           47
                                    {
                           48
                           49
                                       \prg_return_true:
                                    }
                           51
                                      \prg_return_false:
                           52
                           53
                               }
                           54
                           _{56} \prg_generate\_conditional\_variant:Nnn \object_if_exist:n { V }
                                { p, T, F, TF }
                           57
                           58
                          (End definition for \object_if_exist:nTF. This function is documented on page 3.)
   \object_get_module:n
                          Retrieve the name, module and generating proxy of an object
\object_get_proxy_adr:n
                           59 \cs_new:Nn \object_get_module:n {
                           60
                                \str_use:c { \__rawobjects_object_modvar:n { #1 } }
                           61 }
                           62 \cs_new:Nn \object_get_proxy_adr:n {
                                \str_use:c { \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #1 } }
                           64 }
                           66 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_get_module:n { V }
                           67 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_get_proxy_adr:n { V }
                          (End definition for \object_get_module:n and \object_get_proxy_adr:n. These functions are docu-
                          mented on page 3.)
                          Test the specified parameters.
  \object_if_local_p:n
   \object_if_local:nTF
                           68 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_if_local:n {p, T, F, TF}
  \object_if_global_p:n
                           69 {
  \object_if_global:nTF
  \object_if_public_p:n
  \object_if_public:nTF
                                                                    10
 \object_if_private_p:n
 \object_if_private:nTF
```

```
\str_if_eq:cNTF { \__rawobjects_object_scovar:n {#1} }
70
       \c_object_local_str
71
       {
72
         \prg_return_true:
73
       }
74
       {
75
         \prg_return_false:
76
77
       }
78 }
79
   \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_if_global:n {p, T, F, TF}
80
81
     \str_if_eq:cNTF { \__rawobjects_object_scovar:n {#1} } \c_object_global_str
82
83
     {
       \prg_return_true:
84
     }
85
     {
86
       \prg_return_false:
87
     }
88
89 }
   \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_if_public:n {p, T, F, TF}
91
92 {
     \str_if_eq:cNTF { \__rawobjects_object_visvar:n { #1 } } \c_object_public_str
93
     {
94
95
       \prg_return_true:
     }
96
     {
97
       \prg_return_false:
98
     }
99
100 }
101
  \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_if_private:n {p, T, F, TF}
102
103 {
     \str_if_eq:cNTF { \__rawobjects_object_visvar:n {#1} } \c_object_private_str
104
     {
105
       \prg_return_true:
106
107
108
     {
109
       \prg_return_false:
110
    }
111 }
  \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_if_local:n { V }
113
     { p, T, F, TF }
115 \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_if_global:n { V }
     { p, T, F, TF }
\prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_if_public:n { V }
     { p, T, F, TF }
\prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_if_private:n { V }
     { p, T, F, TF }
```

```
Get the address of a member variable
\object_member_adr:nnn
\object_member_adr:nn
                          122 \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_scope:n
                          123
                                  \object_if_global:nTF { #1 }
                          124
                           125
                           126
                                      g
                           127
                                    }
                                      \str_if_eq:cNTF { \__rawobjects_object_scovar:n { #1 } }
                                        \c__rawobjects_const_str
                                        {
                           131
                           132
                                           С
                                        }
                                        {
                          134
                                           1
                          135
                                        }
                          136
                                    }
                          137
                           138
                                }
                              \cs_new:Nn \object_member_adr:nnn
                           141
                                  \__rawobjects_scope:n { #1 }
                           142
                                  \object_if_private:nTF { #1 }
                           143
                           144
                           145
                                    }
                           146
                                    {
                           147
                           148
                                  #1 \tl_to_str:n { _ MEMBER _ #2 _ #3 }
                                }
                           151
                           152
                              \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_adr:nnn { Vnn, vnn, nnv }
                           153
                          154
                              \cs_new:Nn \object_member_adr:nn
                          155
                          156
                                  \object_member_adr:nnv { #1 }{ #2 }
                           157
                           158
                                       \object_member_adr:vnn { \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #1 } }
                                        { #2 _ type }{ str }
                                    }
                               }
                           162
                           163
                           164 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_adr:nn { Vn }
                          (End definition for \object_member_adr:nnn and \object_member_adr:nn. These functions are docu-
                          mented on page 4.)
                          Deduce the member type from the generating proxy.
\object_member_type:nn
                             \cs_new:Nn \object_member_type:nn
                           167
                                {
```

\object_member_use:vnn { __rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #1 } }

168

```
}
                          170
                          (End definition for \object_member_type:nn. This function is documented on page 4.)
                             \msg_new:nnnn { rawobjects }{ scoperr }{ Nonstandard ~ scope }
                          173
                          174
                                 Operation ~ not ~ permitted ~ on ~ object ~ #1 ~
                                  ~ since ~ it ~ wasn't ~ declared ~ local ~ or ~ global
                          176
                          178
                          179
                             \cs_new_protected:Nn \__rawobjects_force_scope:n
                          181
                                 \bool_if:nF
                          182
                                    {
                                      \object_if_local_p:n { #1 } || \object_if_global_p:n { #1 }
                          183
                          184
                          185
                                      \msg_error:nnx { rawobjects }{ scoperr }{ #1 }
                          186
                          187
                               }
                          188
                          Creates a new member variable
\object_new_member:nnn
                          190
                             \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_new_member:nnn
                          191
                          192
                                  \__rawobjects_force_scope:n { #1 }
                          193
                                 \cs_if_exist_use:cT { #3 _ new:c }
                          194
                          195
                                      { \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 } }
                               }
                          198
                          200 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_new_member:nnn { Vnn, nnv }
                          (End definition for \object_new_member:nnn. This function is documented on page 4.)
\object_member_use:nnn
                          Uses a member variable
\object_member_use:nn
                          202
                             \cs_new:Nn \object_member_use:nnn
                          203
                          204
                                 \cs_if_exist_use:cT { #3 _ use:c }
                          205
                          206
                                      { \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 } }
                               }
                             \cs_new:Nn \object_member_use:nn
                          211
                                 \object_member_use:nnv { #1 }{ #2 }
                          214
```

{ #2 _ type }{ str }

169

```
{ #2 _ type }{ str }
                                                                                    }
                                                                         218
                                                                         219
                                                                                \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_use:nnn { Vnn, vnn, nnv }
                                                                                \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_use:nn { Vn }
                                                                        (End\ definition\ for\ \verb|\object_member_use:nnn|\ and\ \verb|\object_member_use:nn.|\ These\ functions\ are\ documents of the constraints of the con
                                                                        mented on page 4.)
\object_member_set_eq:nnnN
                                                                       Set the value of a variable to a member.
  \object_member_set_eq:nnN
                                                                               \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_member_set_eq:nnnN
                                                                        224
                                                                        225
                                                                                           \__rawobjects_force_scope:n { #1 }
                                                                                          \cs_if_exist_use:cT
                                                                                                    #3 _ \object_if_global:nT { #1 }{ g } set _ eq:cN
                                                                         230
                                                                         231
                                                                                                    { \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 } } #4
                                                                         232
                                                                                    }
                                                                         234
                                                                         235
                                                                                \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_set_eq:nnnN { VnnN, nnnc, Vnnc, nnvN }
                                                                         236
                                                                                \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_member_set_eq:nnN
                                                                         238
                                                                         239
                                                                                          \object_member_set_eq:nnvN { #1 }{ #2 }
                                                                         240
                                                                         241
                                                                                                    \object_member_adr:vnn { \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #1 } }
                                                                         242
                                                                                                         { #2 _ type }{ str }
                                                                         243
                                                                         244
                                                                                    }
                                                                         245
                                                                         246
                                                                                \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_set_eq:nnN { VnN, nnc, Vnc }
                                                                        (End definition for \object_member_set_eq:nnnN and \object_member_set_eq:nnN. These functions are
                                                                        documented on page 5.)
                                                                       Get the address of a near/remote constant.
          \object_nconst_adr:nnn
          \object_rconst_adr:nnn
                                                                        250 \cs_new:Nn \object_nconst_adr:nnn
                                                                        251
                                                                                          c _ #1 \tl_to_str:n { _ CONST _ #2 _ #3 }
                                                                               \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_adr:nnn { Vnn, vnn }
                                                                        256
                                                                               \cs_new:Nn \object_rconst_adr:nnn
                                                                         257
                                                                        258
                                                                                          \object_nconst_adr:vnn { \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #1 } }
                                                                         259
```

215

216

\object_member_adr:vnn { __rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #1 } }

```
{ #2 }{ #3 }
                              260
                                   }
                              261
                              262
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_adr:nnn { Vnn }
                              (End definition for \object_nconst_adr:nnn and \object_rconst_adr:nnn. These functions are docu-
                              mented on page 5.)
                              Uses a near/remote constant.
    \object_nconst_use:nnn
    \object_rconst_use:nnn
                                 \cs_new:Nn \object_nconst_use:nnn
                              265
                                   {
                              266
                                      \cs_if_exist_use:cT { #3 _ use:c }
                              267
                              268
                                          { \object_nconst_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 } }
                              269
                                   }
                              271
                                 \cs_new:Nn \object_rconst_use:nnn
                              273
                              274
                                      \cs_if_exist_use:cT { #3 _ use:c }
                              275
                              276
                                          { \object_rconst_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 } }
                              278
                                   }
                              279
                              280
                              281
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_nconst_use:nnn { Vnn }
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_rconst_use:nnn { Vnn }
                              (End definition for \object nconst use:nnn and \object rconst use:nnn. These functions are docu-
                              mented on page 5.)
  \object_newconst_tl:nnn
                              Create constants
 \object_newconst_str:nnn
                              284
 \object_newconst_int:nnn
                              285 \cs_new_protected:Nn \__rawobjects_const_create:nnnn
\object_newconst_clist:nnn
                              286
                                   {
                                      \use:c { #1 _ const:cn }
  \object_newconst_dim:nnn
                              287
                              288
\object_newconst_skip:nnn
                                          \object_nconst_adr:nnn { #2 }{ #3 }{ #1 }
  \object_newconst_fp:nnn
                                        { #4 }
                              291
                                   }
                              292
                              293
                                 \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst_tl:nnn
                              294
                              295
                                      \__rawobjects_const_create:nnnn { tl }{ #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
                              296
                                 \cs_new_protected: Nn \object_newconst_str:nnn
                                      \__rawobjects_const_create:nnnn { str }{ #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
                              300
                                   }
                              301
                                 \cs_new_protected: Nn \object_newconst_int:nnn
                              302
                              303
                                      \__rawobjects_const_create:nnnn { int }{ #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
                              304
```

```
\cs_new_protected: Nn \object_newconst_clist:nnn
                             306
                             307
                                       _rawobjects_const_create:nnnn {    clist }{ #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
                             308
                             309
                                \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst_dim:nnn
                             310
                             311
                                       _rawobjects_const_create:nnnn { dim }{ #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
                             312
                                \cs_new_protected: Nn \object_newconst_skip:nnn
                             315
                                       _rawobjects_const_create:nnnn { skip }{ #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
                             316
                             317
                                \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst_fp:nnn
                             318
                                  {
                             319
                                     \__rawobjects_const_create:nnnn { fp }{ #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
                             320
                             321
                             322
                                \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_tl:nnn { Vnn }
                                \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_str:nnn { Vnn }
                                \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_int:nnn { Vnn }
                                \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_clist:nnn { Vnn }
                             327 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_dim:nnn { Vnn }
                                \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_skip:nnn { Vnn }
                                \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_fp:nnn { Vnn }
                             330
                             (End definition for \object_newconst_tl:nnn and others. These functions are documented on page 5.)
 \object newconst seq from clist:nnn
                             Creates a seq constant.
                                \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst_seq_from_clist:nnn
                             332
                                     \seq_const_from_clist:cn
                             334
                                         \object_nconst_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ seq }
                             336
                             337
                                       { #3 }
                             338
                                  }
                             339
                             340
                                \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_seq_from_clist:nnn { Vnn }
                             (End definition for \object_newconst_seq_from_clist:nnn. This function is documented on page 5.)
                             Creates a prop constant.
\object newconst prop from keyval:nnn
                                \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst_prop_from_keyval:nnn
                                     \prop_const_from_keyval:cn
                             347
                                         \object_nconst_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ prop }
                             348
                                       }
                             349
                                       { #3 }
                             350
                                  }
                             351
```

}

```
\cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_prop_from_keyval:nnn { Vnn }
                        353
                        354
                        (End definition for \object_newconst_prop_from_keyval:nnn. This function is documented on page 6.)
\c_proxy_address_str
                       The address of the proxy object.
                        355 \str_const:Nx \c_proxy_address_str
                             { \object_address:nn { rawobjects }{ proxy } }
                        (End definition for \c_proxy_address_str. This variable is documented on page 6.)
                            Source of proxy object
                        357 \str_const:cn { \__rawobjects_object_modvar:V \c_proxy_address_str }
                             { rawobjects }
                           \str_const:cV { \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:V \c_proxy_address_str }
                             \c_proxy_address_str
                           \str_const:cV { \__rawobjects_object_scovar:V \c_proxy_address_str }
                             \c__rawobjects_const_str
                           \str_const:cV { \__rawobjects_object_visvar:V \c_proxy_address_str }
                             \c_object_public_str
                        365
                           \cs_generate_variant:Nn \seq_const_from_clist:Nn { cx }
                        367
                           \seq_const_from_clist:cn
                               \object_member_adr:Vnn \c_proxy_address_str { varlist }{ seq }
                        371
                             { varlist }
                        372
                        373
                        374 \str_const:cn
                        375
                               \object_member_adr:Vnn \c_proxy_address_str { varlist_type }{ str }
                        376
                        377
                        378
                             { seq }
                       Test if an object is a proxy.
\object_if_proxy_p:n
\object_if_proxy:nTF
                        379
                           \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_if_proxy:n {p, T, F, TF}
                        380
                        381
                               \str_if_eq:cNTF { \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #1 } }
                        382
                             \c_proxy_address_str
                        383
                        384
                                    \prg_return_true:
                        385
                                 }
                                 {
                                    \prg_return_false:
                        388
                                 }
                        389
                             }
                        390
                        391
```

(End definition for \object_if_proxy:nTF. This function is documented on page 6.)

\object_create:nnnNN
\object_create_set:NnnnNN
\object_create_gset:NnnnNN

Creates an object from a proxy
392

```
\msg_new:nnn { aa }{ mess }{ #1 }
393
394
  \msg_new:nnnn { rawobjects }{ notproxy }{ Fake ~ proxy }
395
396
       Object ~ #1 ~ is ~ not ~ a ~ proxy.
397
398
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \__rawobjects_force_proxy:n
401
       \object_if_proxy:nF { #1 }
402
403
           \msg_error:nnn { rawobjects }{ notproxy }{ #1 }
404
405
     }
406
407
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \__rawobjects_create_anon:nnnNN
411
       \__rawobjects_force_proxy:n { #1 }
412
       \str_const:cn { \__rawobjects_object_modvar:n { #2 } }{ #3 }
413
       \str_const:cx { \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #2 } }{ #1 }
414
       \str_const:cV { \__rawobjects_object_scovar:n { #2 } } #4
415
       \str_const:cV { \__rawobjects_object_visvar:n { #2 } } #5
416
417
       \seq_map_inline:cn
418
419
           \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ varlist }{ seq }
         }
421
         {
422
           \object_new_member:nnv { #2 }{ ##1 }
423
424
                \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ ##1 _ type }{ str }
425
426
427
     }
428
429
  \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_create:nnnNN
       \__rawobjects_create_anon:nnnNN { #1 }{ \object_address:nn { #2 }{ #3 } }
432
         { #2 } #4 #5
433
     }
434
435
  \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_create_set:NnnnNN
436
437
       \object_create:nnnNN { #2 }{ #3 }{ #4 } #5 #6
438
       \str_set:Nx #1 { \object_address:nn { #3 }{ #4 } }
439
     }
440
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_create_gset:NnnnNN
442
443
       \object_create:nnnNN { #2 }{ #3 }{ #4 } #5 #6
444
```

```
\str_gset:Nx #1 { \object_address:nn { #3 }{ #4 } }
 445
              }
 446
 447
         \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_create:nnnNN { VnnNN }
 448
         \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_create_set:NnnnNN { NVnnNN }
         \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_create_gset:NnnnNN { NVnnNN }
(End\ definition\ for\ \ object\_create:nnnNN,\ \ object\_create\_set:NnnnNN,\ and\ \ object\_create\_gset:NnnnNN,\ and\ \ o
These functions are documented on page 6.)
Create an address and use it to instantiate an object
453 \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_combine:nn
454
                    anon . #2 . #1
 455
               }
 456
         \verb|\cs_generate_variant:Nn \__rawobjects_combine:nn { Vn }|
 458
 459
         \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_allocate_incr:NNnnNN
 460
 461
                     \object_create_set:NnnnNN #1 { #3 }{ #4 }
 462
 463
                                        _rawobjects_combine:Vn #2 { #3 }
 464
                           }
 465
                           #5 #6
 466
 467
                           \int_incr:N #2
 468
              }
 470
         \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_gallocate_incr:NNnnNN
 471
 472
                     \object_create_gset:NnnnNN #1 { #3 }{ #4 }
 473
 474
                                  \__rawobjects_combine:Vn #2 { #3 }
 475
 476
                           #5 #6
 477
 478
 479
                           \int_incr:N #2
 480
               }
 481
         \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_allocate_incr:NNnnNN { NNVnNN }
 482
 483
         \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_gallocate_incr:NNnnNN { NNVnNN }
 484
 485
         \cs_new_protected: Nn \object_allocate_gincr: NNnnNN
 486
 487
                     \object_create_set:NnnnNN #1 { #3 }{ #4 }
 488
```

\object_allocate_incr:NNnnNN

\object_gallocate_incr:NNnnNN \object allocate gincr:NNnnNN

\object gallocate gincr:NNnnNN

__rawobjects_combine:Vn #2 { #3 }

491

492 493 #5 #6

```
}
                           495
                           496
                              \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_gallocate_gincr:NNnnNN
                           497
                           498
                                   \object_create_gset:NnnnNN #1 { #3 }{ #4 }
                           499
                           500
                                        \__rawobjects_combine:Vn #2 { #3 }
                            501
                                     #5 #6
                           503
                           504
                                     \int_gincr:N #2
                           505
                                }
                           506
                           507
                              \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_allocate_gincr:NNnnNN { NNVnNN }
                           508
                           509
                              \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_gallocate_gincr:NNnnNN { NNVnNN }
                           (End definition for \object_allocate_incr:NNnnNN and others. These functions are documented on
                           Creates a new proxy object
      \proxy_create:nnN
 \proxy_create_set:NnnN
                           512
\proxy_create_gset:NnnN
                              \cs_new_protected:Nn \proxy_create:nnN
                           513
                           514
                           515
                                   \object_create:VnnNN \c_proxy_address_str { #1 }{ #2 }
                           516
                                     \c_object_global_str #3
                           517
                              \cs_new_protected:Nn \proxy_create_set:NnnN
                           519
                           520
                                   \object_create_set:NVnnNN #1 \c_proxy_address_str { #2 }{ #3 }
                           521
                                     \c_object_global_str #4
                           522
                           524
                               \cs_new_protected:Nn \proxy_create_gset:NnnN
                           525
                           526
                                   \object_create_gset:NVnnNN #1 \c_proxy_address_str { #2 }{ #3 }
                                     \c_object_global_str #4
                           528
                           529
                                }
                           (End definition for \proxy create:nnN, \proxy create set:NnnN, and \proxy create gset:NnnN. These
                           functions are documented on page 7.)
 \proxy_push_member:nnn
                           Push a new member inside a proxy.
                           531 \cs_new_protected: Nn \proxy_push_member:nnn
                                   \__rawobjects_force_scope:n { #1 }
                           533
                                   \object_new_member:nnn { #1 }{ #2 _ type }{ str }
                           534
                                   \str_set:cn
                           535
                           536
                                       \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 _ type }{ str }
                           537
                           538
```

\int_gincr:N #2

494

```
{ #3 }
                     530
                             \seq_gput_left:cn
                     540
                     541
                                 \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ varlist }{ seq }
                     542
                               }
                     543
                               { #2 }
                     544
                          }
                     545
                        \cs_generate_variant:Nn \proxy_push_member:nnn { Vnn }
                     (End definition for \proxy_push_member:nnn. This function is documented on page 7.)
                     Copy an object to another one.
\object_assign:nn
                     549 \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_assign:nn
                          {
                     550
                             \seq_map_inline:cn
                     551
                     552
                                 \object_member_adr:vnn
                     553
                     554
                                      \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #1 }
                                   { varlist }{ seq }
                               }
                               {
                                 \object_member_set_eq:nnc { #1 }{ ##1 }
                     561
                                      \object_member_adr:nn{ #2 }{ ##1 }
                     562
                     563
                               }
                     564
                          }
                     565
                     566
                        \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_assign:nn { nV, Vn, VV }
                     (End definition for \object_assign:nn. This function is documented on page 7.)
                          A simple forward list proxy
                        \cs_new_protected:Nn \rawobjects_fwl_inst:n
                     570
                             \object_if_exist:nF
                     571
                     572
                                 \object_address:nn { rawobjects }{ fwl ! #1 }
                     573
                     574
                     575
                                 \proxy_create:nnN { rawobjects }{ fwl ! #1 } \c_object_private_str
                     576
                                 \proxy_push_member
                     577
                                      \object_address:nn { rawobjects }{ fwl ! #1 }
                                   }
                     580
                                   { next }{ str }
                     581
                               }
                     582
                          }
                     583
                     584
                     585 \cs_new_protected:Nn \rawobjects_fwl_newnode:nnnNN
```