The lt3rawobjects package

Paolo De Donato

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1 Introduction

First to all notice that lt3rawobjects means "raw object(s)", indeed lt3rawobjects introduces a new mechanism to create objects like the well known C structures. The functions exported by this package are quite low level, and many important mechanisms like member protection and name resolution aren't already defined and should be introduced by intermediate packages.

2 To do

- Introduce member functions in objects and member function specifications in proxies:
- Uniform declarations for templated proxies;
- Introduce constant objects.

3 Objects and proxies

Usually an object in programming languages can be seen as a collection of variables (organized in different ways depending on the chosen language) treated as part of a single entity. Also in lt3rawobjects objects are collections of variables, called member variables, which can be retrieved from a string representing that object. Such string is the address of the object and act like the address of a structure in C.

An address is composed of two parts, the *module* in which variables are created and an *identifier* that identify uniquely the object inside its module. It's up to the caller that two different objects have different identifiers. The address of an object can be obtained with the <code>\object_address</code> function. Identifiers and module names should not contain numbers, <code>#</code> and <code>_</code> characters in order to avoid conflicts with automatically generated addresses.

In C each object/structure has a *type* that tells the compiler how each object should be organized and instantiated in the memory. So if you need to create objects with the same structure you should first create a new struct entity and then create object with such type.

In lt3rawobjects objects are created from an existing object with a particular structure that holds all the needed informations to organize their variables. Such objects that can be used to instantiate new objects are calles *proxies* and the proxy object used to instantiate an object is its *generator*. In order to create new objects with a specified proxy you can use the \object_create functions.

Since proxies are themself objects we need a proxy to instantiate user defined proxies, you can use the proxy object in the rawobjects module to create you own proxy, which address is held by the \c_proxy_address_str variable. Proxies must be created from the proxy object otherwise they won't be recognized as proxies. Instead of using \object_-create to create proxies you can directly use the function \proxy_create.

Once you've created you proxy object you should specify its member variables that will be created in each object initialized with such proxy. You can add a variable specification with the \proxy_push_member function. Once you've added all yor variables specifications you can use your proxy to create objects. You should never modify a proxy once you've used it to create at least one object, since these modifications won't be updated on already created objects, leading to hidden errors in subsequential code.

When you create a new variable specification with the \proxy_push_member you can notice the presence of $\langle type \rangle$ parameter. It represents the type of such variable and can be a standard type (like t1, str, int, seq, ...) or user defined types if the following functions are defined:

```
\\\ type\_new:N and c variant;
\\\ type\_set_eq:NN and cN, Nc, cc variants.
```

Every object, and so proxies too, is characterized by the following parameters:

- the *module* in which it has been created;
- the address of the proxy generator;
- a parameter saying if the object is *local* or *global*;
- a parameter saying if the object is *public* or *private*;
- zero or more member variables.

In a local/global/public/private object every member variable is declared local/global/public/private. Address of a member variable can be obtained with the \object_member_- adr function, and you can instantiate new members that haven't been specified in its generator with the function \object_new_member. members created in this way aren't described by generator proxy, so its type can't be deduced and should be always specified in functions like \object_member_adr or \object_member_use.

4 Constants

This feature is available only from version 1.1 of lt3rawobjects. There're two different kinds of constants you can define on a object:

- 1. near constants are constants defined directly inside the associated object;
- 2. remote constants are constants that are defined instead on the generator proxy and so every object generated with that proxy can access the constant.

Currently it's possible to define only public constants, if you need private constants use member variables instead.

Notice that all near constants declared on a proxy are automatically remote constants for every generated object, but remote constants for a proxy aren't directly accessible by generated objects.

You can retrieve the address of a near constant with the \object_nconst_adr function and of a remote constant with \object_rconst_adr.

5 Methods (from version 2.0)

Starting from version 1.2 you can define methods inside an object. There're two different types of methods:

- constant methods are methods created with \cs_new:Nn functions and can't be modified once thay're instantiated. Like constant members they can be near or remote;
- variable methods are instead created with \cs_(g)set:Nn functions and can be redefined after they're created.

comparing with C language constant methods are similar to C normal functions whereas variable ones to function pointers.

6 Library functions

6.1 Base object functions

 \odots \object_address:nn $\{\langle module \rangle\}\ \{\langle id \rangle\}$

\object_address:nn *

```
Composes the address of object in module \langle module \rangle with identifier \langle id \rangle and places it in the
                                                                                                                                                                                                             input stream. Notice that \langle module \rangle and \langle id \rangle are converted to strings before composing
                                                                                                                                                                                                              them in the address, so they shouldn't contain any command inside. If you want to
                                                                                                                                                                                                             execute its content you should use a new variant, for example V, f or e variants.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             From: 1.0
         \object_address_set:Nnn
                                                                                                                                                                                                              \verb|\object_address_set:nn| \langle str| var \rangle | \{\langle module \rangle\} | \{\langle id \rangle\}|
         \object_address_gset:Nnn
                                                                                                                                                                                                             Stores the adress of selected object inside the string variable \langle str \ var \rangle.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             From: 1.1
                     \object_if_exist_p:n *
                                                                                                                                                                                                              \odotspace{-1} \operatorname{conject_if_exist_p:n} \{\langle address \rangle\}
                                                                                                                                                                                                              \verb|\object_if_exist:nTF {| \langle address \rangle}  | {| \langle true \ code \rangle}  | {| \langle false \ code \rangle} |
                      \oldsymbol{\colored} \oldsym
                      \oldsymbol{\colored} \oldsymbol{\colored} \oldsymbol{\colored} \oldsymbol{\colored} \normalfalta \normalfal
                                                                                                                                                                                                             Tests if an object was instantiated at the specified address.
                      \object_if_exist:VTF *
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            From: 1.0
\object_get_module:n
                                                                                                                                                                                                              \odots \object_get_module:n \{\langle address \rangle\}
                                                                                                                                                                                                              \odots \object_get_proxy_adr:n \{\langle address \rangle\}
\object_get_module:V
\oldsymbol{\colored} \oldsym
                                                                                                                                                                                                              Get the object module and its generator.
 \object_get_proxy_adr:V *
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             From: 1.0
              \object_if_local_p:n
                                                                                                                                                                                                              \object_if_local_p:n {\langle address \rangle}
              \object_if_local_p:V
                                                                                                                                                                                                              \ode{true code} \ {\langle address \rangle} \ {\langle true code \rangle} \ {\langle false code \rangle}
              \object_if_local:nTF
                                                                                                                                                                                                             Tests if the object is local or global.
              \object_if_local:VTF
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            From: 1.0
              \object_if_global_p:n *
              \object_if_global_p:V *
              \oldsymbol{\colored} \oldsymbol{\colored} \oldsymbol{\colored} \oldsymbol{\colored} \normalfall \normalfall} \normalfall \no
              \object_if_global:VTF *
       \object_if_public_p:n
                                                                                                                                                                                                             \object_if_public_p:n {\langle address \rangle}
                                                                                                                                                                                                             \object_if_public_p:V
       \object_if_public:nTF
                                                                                                                                                                                                             Tests if the object is public or private.
       \object_if_public:VTF
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            From: 1.0
       \object_if_private_p:n *
       \object_if_private_p:V *
       \oldsymbol{\colored} \oldsymbol{\colored} \oldsymbol{\colored} \oldsymbol{\colored} \normalfalpha \colored \c
       \c) YTF \star
```

6.2 Operating with member variables and constants

```
\verb|\object_member_adr:nnn| \{\langle address \rangle\} | \{\langle member| name \rangle\} | \{\langle member| type \rangle\}|
            \object_member_adr:nnn
            \object_member_adr:(Vnn|nnv)
                                                                                                    \object_member_adr:nn {\landaress\rangle} {\landaress\rangle}
            \object_member_adr:nn
            \object_member_adr:Vn
                                                                          Fully expands to the address of specified member variable. If type is not specified it'll be
                                                                          retrieved from the generator proxy, but only if member is specified in the generator.
                                                                                      From: 1.0
\object_member_type:nn *
                                                                          \odots = \{ \langle address \rangle \}  {\langle member name \rangle \}
\object_member_type:Vn *
                                                                          Fully expands to the type of member \langle member \ name \rangle. Use this function only with
                                                                          member variables specified in the generator proxy, not with other member variables.
                                                                                      From: 1.0
            \object_new_member:nnn
                                                                                              \odots \object_new_member:nnn {\langle address \rangle} {\langle member name \rangle} {\langle member type \rangle}
            \object_new_member:(Vnn|nnv)
                                                                          Creates a new member variable with specified name and type. You can't retrieve the
                                                                          type of these variables with \object_member_type functions.
                                                                                     From: 1.0
            \object_member_use:nnn
                                                                                                    \odots \object_member_use:nnn {\address}} {\address}} {\address}}
            \object_member_use:(Vnn|nnv)
                                                                                                    \odots \
            \object_member_use:nn
            \object_member_use:Vn
                                                                          Uses the specified member variable.
                                                                                     From: 1.0
                                                                                                                                           \verb|\object_member_set_eq:nnnN| \{\langle address \rangle\} | \{\langle member_name \rangle\}|
            \object_member_set_eq:nnnN
            \object_member_set_eq:(nnvN|VnnN|nnnc|Vnnc)
                                                                                                                                           {\langle member type \rangle} \langle variable \rangle
                                                                                                                                           \verb|\object_member_set_eq:nnN| \{\langle address \rangle\} | \{\langle member| name \rangle\}|
            \object_member_set_eq:nnN
            \object_member_set_eq:(VnN|nnc|Vnc)
                                                                          Sets the value of specified member equal to the value of \langle variable \rangle.
                                                                                     From: 1.0
            \object_nconst_adr:nnn
                                                                                                    \odots \
            \object_nconst_adr:(Vnn|vnn)
            \object_rconst_adr:nnn
            \object_rconst_adr:Vnn
                                                                          Fully expands to the address of specified near/remote constant.
                                                                                     From: 1.1
                                                                          \odots \object_nconst_use:nnn {\langle address \rangle} {\langle member name \rangle} {\langle member type \rangle}
\object_nconst_use:nnn *
\object_nconst_use:Vnn *
                                                                          Uses the specified near/remote constant.
\object_rconst_use:nnn *
                                                                                     From: 1.1
```

\object_rconst_use:Vnn *

6.3 Methods

\object_ncmethod_adr:nnn *
\object_ncmethod_adr:Vnn *
\object_rcmethod_adr:Vnn *
\object_rcmethod_adr:nnn *
\object_vmethod_adr:Vnn *
\object_vmethod_adr:Vnn *

 $\verb|\object_method_adr:nnn| \{\langle address \rangle\} \ \{\langle method\ name \rangle\} \ \{\langle method\ variant \rangle\}|$

Fully expands to the address of the specified

- near constant method if \object_ncmethod_adr is used;
- remote constant method if \object_rcmethod_adr is used;
- variable method if \object_vmethod_adr is used;

From: 2.0

\object_new_method:nnnn
\object_new_method:Vnnn
\object_new_method_protected:nnnn
\object_new_method_protected:Vnnn
\object_new_method_nopar:nnnn
\object_new_method_nopar:Vnnn
\object_new_method_protected_nopar:nnnn
\object_new_method_protected_nopar:Vnnn

 $\label{lem:condition} $$ \od_n = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} {\langle method name \rangle} {\langle method name \rangle} $$$

Creates a new method with specified name and argument types. The ${\langle method \ arguments \rangle}$ should be a string composed only by n and N characters that are passed to \cs_new:Nn.

From: 1.2

\object_method_var:nnnn
\object_method_var:Vnnn

 $\label{lem:continuous} $$ \operatorname{cmethod:nnn} {\langle address \rangle} {\langle method\ name \rangle} {\langle method\ arguments \rangle} {\langle method\ variant \rangle} $$$

Creates a new variant for the specified method. The $\{\langle method\ arguments\rangle\}$ should be a string composed only by n and N characters that are passed to \cs_new:Nn.

From: 1.2

\object_method_call:nnn *
\object_method_call:Vnn *

 $\verb|\object_method_call:nnn| \{\langle address \rangle\} | \{\langle method name \rangle\} | \{\langle method variant \rangle\}|$

Calls the specified method. This function is expandable if and only if the specified method was not declared protected.

From: 1.2

Calls the specified method and create the specified variant if it doesn't exist.

From: 1.2

6.4 Constant creation

Unlike normal variables, constants in IATEX3 are created in different ways depending on the specified type. So we dedicate a new section only to collect some of these fuinctions readapted for near constants (remote constants are simply near constants created on the generator proxy).

```
\odotspace{0.1cm} \odotspace
\object_newconst_tl:nnn
\object_newconst_tl:Vnn
                                                                                                                Creates a constant variable with type \langle type \rangle and sets its value to \langle value \rangle.
\object_newconst_str:nnn
                                                                                                                                From: 1.1
\object_newconst_str:Vnn
\object_newconst_int:nnn
\object_newconst_int:Vnn
\object_newconst_clist:nnn
\object_newconst_clist:Vnn
\object_newconst_dim:nnn
\object_newconst_dim:Vnn
\object_newconst_skip:nnn
\object_newconst_skip:Vnn
\object_newconst_fp:nnn
\object_newconst_fp:Vnn
                                                                                                                                                                          \verb|\object_newconst_seq_from_clist:nnn| \{\langle address \rangle\} | \{\langle constant| name \rangle\}|
                       \object_newconst_seq_from_clist:nnn
                       \object_newconst_seq_from_clist:Vnn
                                                                                                                                                                          \{\langle comma-list \rangle\}
                                                                                                                Creates a seq constant which is set to contain all the items in \langle comma-list \rangle.
```

Creates a seq constant which is set to contain all the items in $\langle comma-list \rangle$.

From: 1.1

Creates a prop constant which is set to contain all the specified key-value pairs. From: 1.1

6.5 Proxy utilities and object creation

```
\odots
                                                                                                                                                                                                                    \odotsint \{ (address) \} \{ (true code) \} \{ (false code) \} 
                        \oldsymbol{\label{local_proxy_p:V} \star}
                       \oldsymbol{\colored} \oldsymbol{\colored} \oldsymbol{\colored} \oldsymbol{\colored} \normalfalpha \colored \c
                                                                                                                                                                                                                  Test if the specified object is a proxy object.
                        \object_if_proxy:VTF *
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  From: 1.0
 \object_test_proxy_p:nn *
                                                                                                                                                                                                                    \object_test_proxy_p:nn {\langle object address \rangle} {\langle proxy address \rangle}
 \object_test_proxy_p:Vn *
                                                                                                                                                                                                                    \odots \object_test_proxy:nnTF {\langle object\ address \rangle} {\langle proxy\ address \rangle} {\langle true\ code \rangle} {\langle false\ fal
\object_test_proxy:nnTF *
                                                                                                                                                                                                                    code \}
\object_test_proxy:VnTF *
                                                                                                                                                                                                                  Test if the specified object is generated by the selected proxy, where \langle proxy \ variable \rangle is
                                                                                                                                                                                                                  a string variable holding the proxy address.
```

TEXhackers note: Remember that this command uses internally an **e** expansion so in older engines (any different from LuaLATEX before 2019) it'll require slow processing. Don't use it in speed critical parts, instead use **\object_test_proxy:nN**.

From: 1.2

```
\odots
                                                                                                                                             \object_test_proxy_p:nN {\langle object address \rangle \rangle proxy variable \rangle
    \object_test_proxy_p:VN *
                                                                                                                                             \odots \object_test_proxy:nNTF {\langle object \ address \rangle} \langle proxy \ variable \rangle {\langle true \ code \rangle} {\langle false \ odes \rangle}
   \oldsymbol{\colored} \oldsymbol{\colored} \oldsymbol{\colored} \oldsymbol{\colored} \normalfalter 
   \object_test_proxy:VNTF *
                                                                                                                                            Test if the specified object is generated by the selected proxy, where (proxy variable) is a
                                                                                                                                            string variable holding the proxy address. The :nN variant don't use e expansion, instead
                                                                                                                                            of :nn command, so it can be safetly used with older compilers.
                                                                                                                                                                  From: 1.2
                             \c_proxy_address_str
                                                                                                                                            The address of the proxy object in the rawobjects module.
                                                                                                                                                                  From: 1.0
                                                                                                                                             \colonerge \colonerg
                             \object_create:nnnNN
                             \object_create: VnnNN
                                                                                                                                             Creates an object by using the proxy at (proxy address) and the specified parameters.
                                                                                                                                                                  From: 1.0
                             \c_object_local_str
                                                                                                                                             Possible values for \langle scope \rangle parameter.
                             \c_object_global_str
                                                                                                                                                                  From: 1.0
                        \c_object_public_str
                                                                                                                                             Possible values for \langle visibility \rangle parameter.
                        \c_object_private_str
                                                                                                                                                                  From: 1.0
\object_create_set:NnnnNN
                                                                                                                                             \colon 
\object_create_set:NVnnNN
                                                                                                                                             ⟨visibility⟩
\object_create_gset:NnnnNN
                                                                                                                                             Creates an object and sets its fully expanded address inside \langle str \ var \rangle.
\object_create_gset:NVnnNN
                                                                                                                                                                  From: 1.0
                             \object_allocate_incr:NNnnNN
                                                                                                                                                                                                \odots \object_allocate_incr:NNnnNN \langle str \ var \rangle \ \langle int \ var \rangle \ \{\langle proxy \ address \rangle\}
                             \object_allocate_incr:NNVnNN
                                                                                                                                                                                                {\langle module \rangle} \langle scope \rangle \langle visibility \rangle
                             \object_gallocate_incr:NNnnNN
                             \object_gallocate_incr:NNVnNN
                             \object_allocate_gincr:NNnnNN
                             \object_allocate_gincr:NNVnNN
                             \object_gallocate_gincr:NNnnNN
                             \object_gallocate_gincr:NNVnNN
```

Build a new object address with module $\langle module \rangle$ and an identifier generated from $\langle proxy address \rangle$ and the integer contained inside $\langle int \ var \rangle$, then increments $\langle int \ var \rangle$. This is very useful when you need to create a lot of objects, each of them on a different address. the _incr version increases $\langle int \ var \rangle$ locally whereas _gincr does it globally.

From: 1.1

\proxy_create:nnN
\proxy_create_set:NnnN
\proxy_create_gset:NnnN

Creates a global proxy object.

From: 1.0

```
\proxy_push_member:nnn
\proxy_push_member:Vnn
```

```
\proxy_push_member:nnn \ \{\langle proxy \ address \rangle\} \ \{\langle \ member \ name \ \rangle\} \ \{\langle \ member \ type \ \rangle\}
```

Updates a proxy object with a new member specification, so that every subsequential object created with this proxy will have a member variable with the specified name and type that can be retrieved with \object_member_type functions.

```
From: 1.0
```

\object_assign:nn
\object_assign:(Vn|nV|VV)

```
\odots = \{ \langle to \ address \rangle \}
```

Assigns the content of each variable of object at $\langle from \ address \rangle$ to each correspective variable in $\langle to \ address \rangle$. Both the objects should be created with the same proxy object and only variables listed in the proxy are assigned.

From: 1.0

7 Examples

Example 1

Create a public proxy with id myproxy with the specification of a single member variable with name myvar and type t1, then set its address inside \l_myproxy_str.

```
\str_new:N \l_myproxy_str
\proxy_create_set:NnnN \l_myproxy_str { example }{ myproxy }
  \c_object_public_str
\proxy_push_member: Vnn \l_myproxy_str { myvar }{ tl }
    Then create a new object with name myobj with that proxy, assign then token list
\c_dollar_str{} ~ dollar ~ \c_dollar_str{} to myvar and then print it.
\str_new:N \l_myobj_str
\object_create_set:NVnnNN \l_myobj_str \l_myproxy_str
 { example }{ myobj } \c_object_local_str \c_object_public_str
\tl_set:cn
 {
    \object_member_adr:Vn \l_myobj_str { myvar }
 { \c_dollar_str{} ~ dollar ~ \c_dollar_str{} }
\object_member_use:Vn \l_myobj_str { myvar }
    Output: $ dollar $
   If you don't want to specify an object identifier you can also do
\int_new:N \l_intc_int
\object_allocate_incr:NNVnNN \l_myobj_str \l_intc_int \l_myproxy_str
 { example } \c_object_local_str \c_object_public_str
\tl_set:cn
 {
    \object_member_adr:Vn \l_myobj_str { myvar }
 }
 { \c_dollar_str{} ~ dollar ~ \c_dollar_str{} }
\object_member_use:Vn \l_myobj_str { myvar }
    Output: $ dollar $
```

8 Templated proxies

At the current time there isn't a standardized approach to templated proxies. One problem of standardized templated proxies is how to define struct addresses for every kind of argument (token lists, strings, integer expressions, non expandable arguments, ...).

Even if there isn't currently a function to define every kind of templated proxy you can anyway define your templated proxy with your custom parameters. You simply need to define at least two functions:

- an expandable macro that, given all the needed arguments, fully expands to the address of your templated proxy. This address can be obtained by calling \odots address $\{\langle module \rangle\}$ $\{\langle id \rangle\}$ where $\langle id \rangle$ starts with the name of your templated proxy and is followed by a composition of specified arguments;
- a not expandable macro that tests if the templated proxy with specified arguments is instantiated and, if not, instantiate it with different calls to \proxy_create and \proxy_push_member.

In order to apply these concepts we'll provide a simple implementation of a linked list with a template parameter representing the type of variable that holds our data. A linked list is simply a sequence of nodes where each node contains your data and a pointer to the next node. For the moment we 'll show a possiple implementation of a template proxy class for such node objects.

First to all we define an expandable macro that fully expands to our node name:

```
\cs_new:Nn \node_address:n
{
    \object_address:nn { linklist }{ node - #1 }
}
```

where the #1 argument is simply a string representing the type of data held by our linked list (for example t1, str, int, ...). Next we need a functions that instantiate our proxy address if it doesn't exist:

```
\cs_new_protected:Nn \node_instantiate:n
{
    \object_if_exist:nF {\node_address:n { #1 } }
    {
        \proxy_create:nnN { linklist }{ node - #1 }
        \c_object_public_str
        \proxy_push_member:nnn {\node_address:n { #1 } }
        { next }{ str }
        \proxy_push_member:nnn {\node_address:n { #1 } }
        { data }{ #1 }
}
```

As you can see when \node_instantiate is called it first test if the proxy object exists. If not then it creates a new proxy with that name and populates it with the specifications of two members: a next member variable of type str that points to the next node, and a data member of the specified type that holds your data.

Clearly you can define new functions to work with such nodes, for example to test if the next node exists or not, to add and remove a node, search inside a linked list, ...

9 Implementation

```
1 (*package)
                             2 (00=rawobjects)
    \c_object_local_str
    \c_object_global_str
                            3 \str_const:Nn \c_object_local_str {loc}
    \c_object_public_str
                            4 \str_const:Nn \c_object_global_str {glo}
                             5 \str_const:Nn \c_object_public_str {pub}
   \c_object_private_str
                             6 \str_const:Nn \c_object_private_str {pri}
                             8 \str_const:Nn \c__rawobjects_const_str {con}
                           (End definition for \c_object_local_str and others. These variables are documented on page 8.)
      \object_address:nn Get address of an object
                             9 \cs_new:Nn \object_address:nn {
                                 \tl_to_str:n { #1 _ #2 }
                           (End definition for \object_address:nn. This function is documented on page 4.)
                           Saves the address of an object into a string variable
\object_address_set:Nnn
\object_address_gset:Nnn
                            13 \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_address_set:Nnn {
                                 \str_set:Nn #1 { #2 _ #3 }
                            14
                            15 }
                            17 \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_address_gset:Nnn {
                                 \str_gset:Nn #1 { #2 _ #3 }
                           (End definition for \object_address_set:Nnn and \object_address_gset:Nnn. These functions are
                           documented on page 4.)
                            21 \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_object_modvar:n{
                                c __ #1 _ MODULE _ str
                            23 }
                            25 \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n{
                                c __ #1 _ PROXY _ str
                            27 }
                            29 \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_object_scovar:n{
                                 c __ #1 _ SCOPE _ str
                            30
                            31 }
                            33 \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_object_visvar:n{
                                 c __ #1 _ VISIB _ str
                            _{\rm 37} \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__rawobjects_object_modvar:n { V }
                            _{\mbox{\scriptsize 38}} \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { V }
                            39 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__rawobjects_object_scovar:n { V }
                            40 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__rawobjects_object_visvar:n { V }
```

```
\object_if_exist_p:n Tests if object exists.
   \object_if_exist:nTF
                           42 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_if_exist:n { p, T, F, TF }
                           43
                                  \cs_if_exist:cTF
                           44
                           45
                                       \__rawobjects_object_modvar:n { #1 }
                           46
                           47
                           48
                                    {
                           49
                                       \prg_return_true:
                                    }
                           50
                                    {
                           51
                                       \prg_return_false:
                           52
                           53
                                }
                           54
                           55
                              \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_if_exist:n { V }
                           56
                                { p, T, F, TF }
                           57
                           (End definition for \object_if_exist:nTF. This function is documented on page 4.)
                          Retrieve the name, module and generating proxy of an object
   \object_get_module:n
\object_get_proxy_adr:n
                           59 \cs_new:Nn \object_get_module:n {
                                \str_use:c { \__rawobjects_object_modvar:n { #1 } }
                           61 }
                           62 \cs_new:Nn \object_get_proxy_adr:n {
                                \str_use:c { \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #1 } }
                           63
                           64 }
                           65
                           66 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_get_module:n { V }
                           67 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_get_proxy_adr:n { V }
                           (End definition for \object_get_module:n and \object_get_proxy_adr:n. These functions are docu-
                           mented on page 4.)
                          Test the specified parameters.
   \object_if_local_p:n
   \object_if_local:nTF
                           68 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_if_local:n {p, T, F, TF}
  \object_if_global_p:n
                           69 {
                                \str_if_eq:cNTF { \__rawobjects_object_scovar:n {#1} }
  \object_if_global:nTF
                           70
                                  \c_object_local_str
  \object_if_public_p:n
                           71
                                  {
  \object_if_public:nTF
                           72
                                     \prg_return_true:
                           73
 \object_if_private_p:n
                                  }
                           74
 \object_if_private:nTF
                                  {
                           75
                                     \prg_return_false:
                           76
                                  }
                           77
                           78 }
                           79
                           80 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_if_global:n {p, T, F, TF}
                           81 {
                                \str_if_eq:cNTF { \__rawobjects_object_scovar:n {#1} } \c_object_global_str
                           82
                           83
                                {
                                  \prg_return_true:
                           84
```

```
{
                           86
                                  \prg_return_false:
                           87
                               }
                           88
                           89 }
                           90
                              \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_if_public:n {p, T, F, TF}
                           91
                           92
                                \str_if_eq:cNTF { \__rawobjects_object_visvar:n { #1 } } \c_object_public_str
                           93
                           94
                               {
                           95
                                  \prg_return_true:
                               }
                           96
                               {
                           97
                                  \prg_return_false:
                           98
                           99
                          100 }
                          101
                             \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_if_private:n {p, T, F, TF}
                          102
                          103
                                \str_if_eq:cNTF { \__rawobjects_object_visvar:n {#1} } \c_object_private_str
                          104
                          105
                                  \prg_return_true:
                          106
                               }
                          107
                               {
                          108
                                  \prg_return_false:
                          109
                          110
                          111 }
                          112
                             \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_if_local:n { V }
                          113
                               { p, T, F, TF }
                          \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_if_global:n { V }
                               { p, T, F, TF }
                          \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_if_public:n { V }
                               { p, T, F, TF }
                          119 \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_if_private:n { V }
                               { p, T, F, TF }
                          (End definition for \object_if_local:nTF and others. These functions are documented on page 4.)
\object_member_adr:nnn
                          Get the address of a member variable
\object_member_adr:nn
                          121
                             \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_scope:n
                          122
                          123
                                  \object_if_global:nTF { #1 }
                          124
                                    {
                          125
                          126
                                      g
                                    }
                          127
                          128
                                      \str_if_eq:cNTF { \__rawobjects_object_scovar:n { #1 } }
                          129
                                        \c__rawobjects_const_str
                          130
                                        {
                          131
                          132
                                        }
                          133
                                        {
                          134
```

85 }

```
}
                           137
                               }
                           138
                          139
                              \cs_new:Nn \object_member_adr:nnn
                          140
                          141
                                  \__rawobjects_scope:n { #1 }
                           142
                                  \object_if_private:nTF { #1 }
                           143
                           144
                           145
                                    }
                           146
                                    {
                           147
                           148
                           149
                                  #1 \tl_to_str:n { _ MEMBER _ #2 _ #3 }
                           150
                           151
                           152
                              \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_adr:nnn { Vnn, vnn, nnv }
                              \cs_new:Nn \object_member_adr:nn
                           155
                                {
                           156
                                  \object_member_adr:nnv { #1 }{ #2 }
                           157
                           158
                                       \object_member_adr:vnn { \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #1 } }
                           159
                                         { #2 _ type }{ str }
                           160
                           161
                                }
                           162
                          163
                           164 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_adr:nn { Vn }
                          (End definition for \object_member_adr:nnn and \object_member_adr:nn. These functions are docu-
                          mented on page 5.)
\object_member_type:nn
                          Deduce the member type from the generating proxy.
                          165
                              \cs_new:Nn \object_member_type:nn
                          166
                                  \object_member_use:vnn { \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #1 } }
                                    { #2 _ type }{ str }
                           169
                                }
                           170
                          (End definition for \object member type:nn. This function is documented on page 5.)
                              \msg_new:nnnn { rawobjects }{ scoperr }{ Nonstandard ~ scope }
                           174
                                  Operation ~ not ~ permitted ~ on ~ object ~ #1 ~
                                  ~ since ~ it ~ wasn't ~ declared ~ local ~ or ~ global
                           176
                           178
                              \cs_new_protected: Nn \__rawobjects_force_scope:n
                           179
                           180
                               {
                                  \bool_if:nF
                           181
```

135

136

1

```
182
                                           \object_if_local_p:n { #1 } || \object_if_global_p:n { #1 }
                               183
                                        }
                               184
                                        {
                               185
                                           \msg_error:nnx { rawobjects }{ scoperr }{ #1 }
                               186
                               187
                                    }
                               188
                               189
                              Creates a new member variable
    \object_new_member:nnn
                               190
                                  \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_new_member:nnn
                               191
                               192
                                      \__rawobjects_force_scope:n { #1 }
                               193
                                      \cs_if_exist_use:cT { #3 _ new:c }
                               194
                                           { \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 } }
                               197
                                    }
                               198
                               199
                                  \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_new_member:nnn { Vnn, nnv }
                               200
                               201
                              (End definition for \object_new_member:nnn. This function is documented on page 5.)
    \object_member_use:nnn
                              Uses a member variable
     \object_member_use:nn
                               202
                                  \cs_new:Nn \object_member_use:nnn
                               203
                               204
                                      \cs_if_exist_use:cT { #3 _ use:c }
                               205
                               206
                                           { \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 } }
                               208
                                    }
                               209
                               211 \cs_new:Nn \object_member_use:nn
                                      \object_member_use:nnv { #1 }{ #2 }
                               214
                                           \object_member_adr:vnn { \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #1 } }
                               216
                                             { #2 _ type }{ str }
                                        }
                               218
                                    }
                                  \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_use:nnn { Vnn, vnn, nnv }
                               220
                                  \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_use:nn { Vn }
                              (End definition for \object_member_use:nnn and \object_member_use:nn. These functions are docu-
                              mented on page 5.)
                              Set the value of a variable to a member.
\object_member_set_eq:nnnN
 \object_member_set_eq:nnN
                               224 \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_member_set_eq:nnnN
```

```
\__rawobjects_force_scope:n { #1 }
                          226
                                  \cs_if_exist_use:cT
                          228
                                      #3 _ \object_if_global:nT { #1 }{ g } set _ eq:cN
                          229
                          230
                                      { \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 } } #4
                          232
                               }
                          234
                          235
                             \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_set_eq:nnnN { VnnN, nnnc, Vnnc, nnvN }
                          236
                             \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_member_set_eq:nnN
                          238
                          239
                                  \object_member_set_eq:nnvN { #1 }{ #2 }
                          240
                          241
                                      \object_member_adr:vnn { \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #1 } }
                          242
                                        { #2 _ type }{ str }
                                   } #3
                               }
                          245
                          246
                             \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_set_eq:nnN { VnN, nnc, Vnc }
                          247
                          248
                          (End definition for \object_member_set_eq:nnnN and \object_member_set_eq:nnN. These functions are
                          documented on page 5.)
                          Get the address of a near/remote constant.
\object_nconst_adr:nnn
\object_rconst_adr:nnn
                             \cs_new:Nn \object_nconst_adr:nnn
                          250
                          251
                                  c _ #1 \tl_to_str:n { _ CONST _ #2 _ #3 }
                          252
                          253
                          254
                             \cs_generate_variant: Nn \object_member_adr:nnn { Vnn, vnn }
                          256
                             \cs_new:Nn \object_rconst_adr:nnn
                          258
                                  \object_nconst_adr:vnn { \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #1 } }
                                    { #2 }{ #3 }
                               }
                          261
                          262
                          263 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_adr:nnn { Vnn }
                          (End definition for \object_nconst_adr:nnn and \object_rconst_adr:nnn. These functions are docu-
                          mented on page 5.)
                          Uses a near/remote constant.
\object_nconst_use:nnn
\object_rconst_use:nnn
                          265 \cs_new:Nn \object_nconst_use:nnn
                          266
                                  \cs_if_exist_use:cT { #3 _ use:c }
                          267
                          268
                                      { \object_nconst_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 } }
                          269
```

```
}
270
     }
   \cs_new:Nn \object_rconst_use:nnn
273
274
       \cs_if_exist_use:cT { #3 _ use:c }
275
276
             \object_rconst_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 } }
277
     }
279
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_nconst_use:nnn { Vnn }
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_rconst_use:nnn { Vnn }
283
(End definition for \object_nconst_use:nnn and \object_rconst_use:nnn. These functions are docu-
mented on page 5.)
Create constants
   \cs_new_protected:\n\__rawobjects_const_create:nnnn
286
       \use:c { #1 _ const:cn }
287
288
           \object_nconst_adr:nnn { #2 }{ #3 }{ #1 }
289
         }
290
         { #4 }
291
     }
292
293
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst_tl:nnn
        __rawobjects_const_create:nnnn { tl }{ #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
     }
297
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst_str:nnn
298
299
       300
301
   \cs_new_protected: Nn \object_newconst_int:nnn
303
        \_{\rm rawobjects\_const\_create:nnnn} { int }{ #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst_clist:nnn
307
     {
       \__rawobjects_const_create:nnnn { clist }{ #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
308
309
   \cs_new_protected: Nn \object_newconst_dim:nnn
310
     {
311
       \_{\rm rawobjects\_const\_create:nnnn} { dim }{ #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
312
313
   \cs_new_protected: Nn \object_newconst_skip:nnn
314
       \_{\rm rawobjects\_const\_create:nnnn} { skip }{ #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
316
317
```

\object_newconst_t1:nnn
\object_newconst_str:nnn
\object_newconst_int:nnn

\object_newconst_clist:nnn

\object_newconst_dim:nnn

\object_newconst_skip:nnn

\object_newconst_fp:nnn

318 \cs_new_protected:\n \object_newconst_fp:nnn

```
_rawobjects_const_create:nnnn { fp }{ #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
                              321
                              322
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_tl:nnn { Vnn }
                              323
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_str:nnn { Vnn }
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_int:nnn { Vnn }
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_clist:nnn { Vnn }
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_dim:nnn { Vnn }
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_skip:nnn { Vnn }
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_fp:nnn { Vnn }
                              330
                              (End definition for \object_newconst_tl:nnn and others. These functions are documented on page ?.)
                             Creates a seq constant.
 \verb|\object_newconst_seq_from_clist:nnn|\\
                              331
                                 \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst_seq_from_clist:nnn
                              332
                              333
                                      \seq_const_from_clist:cn
                              334
                              335
                                          \object_nconst_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ seq }
                              336
                              337
                                        { #3 }
                              338
                                   }
                              339
                              340
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_seq_from_clist:nnn { Vnn }
                              341
                              342
                              (End definition for \object_newconst_seq_from_clist:nnn. This function is documented on page 7.)
                             Creates a prop constant.
\verb|\object_newconst_prop_from_keyval:nnn|
                                 \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst_prop_from_keyval:nnn
                              344
                              345
                                      \prop_const_from_keyval:cn
                              346
                              347
                                          \object_nconst_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ prop }
                                        { #3 }
                              350
                              351
                                   }
                              352
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_prop_from_keyval:nnn { Vnn }
                              353
                              (End definition for \object_newconst_prop_from_keyval:nnn. This function is documented on page 7.)
                             Fully expands to the method address.
   \object_method_adr:nnn
                              355
                                 \cs_new:Nn \object_method_adr:nnn
                              356
                              357
                                      #1 \tl_to_str:n { _ METHOD _ #2 : #3}
                              358
                              359
```

319

{

 $(\mathit{End \ definition \ for \ } \backslash \mathtt{object_method_adr:nnn}. \ \mathit{This \ function \ is \ documented \ on \ page \ \ref{eq:nnn}.})$

\object_new_method:nnnn

\object_new_method_protected:nnnn
 \object_new_method_nopar:nnnn
\object_new_method_protected_nopar:nnnn

Creates a new method

```
\cs_new_protected:Nn \object_new_method:nnnn
       \cs_new:cn
     {
365
       \object_method_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
366
     }
367
     { #4 }
368
     }
369
370
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_new_method_protected:nnnn
371
372
373
       \cs_new_protected:cn
374
     {
       \object_method_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
375
     }
376
     { #4 }
377
378
379
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_new_method_nopar:nnnn
380
     {
381
       \cs_new_nopar:cn
382
       \object_method_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
     }
     { #4 }
386
     }
387
388
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_new_method_protected_nopar:nnnn
389
390
       \cs_new_protected_nopar:cn
391
     {
392
       \object_method_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
393
     }
     { #4 }
395
396
397
  \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_new_method:nnnn { Vnnn }
  \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_new_method_protected:nnnn { Vnnn }
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_new_method_nopar:nnnn { Vnnn }
   \cs_generate_variant:\n \object_new_method_protected_nopar:nnnn { \nnn }
401
```

 $(\mathit{End \ definition \ for \ \ \ } \mathsf{new_method:nnnn} \ \ \mathit{and \ others.} \ \ \mathit{These \ functions \ are \ documented \ on \ page \ 6.})$

\object_method_var:nnnn

Generates a method variant.

```
403
404 \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_method_var:nnnn
405 {
406 \cs_generate_variant:cn
407 {
```

```
\object_method_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
                                }
                           409
                                 { #4 }
                           410
                                }
                           411
                           412
                                \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_method_var:nnnn { Vnnn }
                           413
                           414
                           (End definition for \object_method_var:nnnn. This function is documented on page 6.)
\object_method_call:nnn
                           Calls the specified method.
                           415
                              \cs_new:Nn \object_method_call:nnn
                           416
                           417
                                 {
                           418
                                   \use:c
                            419
                                   \object_method_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
                           420
                                }
                           421
                                 }
                           422
                           423
                                \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_method_call:nnn { Vnn }
                           424
                           (End definition for \object_method_call:nnn. This function is documented on page 6.)
   \c_proxy_address_str
                           The address of the proxy object.
                           426 \str_const:Nx \c_proxy_address_str
                                 { \object_address:nn { rawobjects }{ proxy } }
                           (End definition for \c_proxy_address_str. This variable is documented on page 8.)
                                Source of proxy object
                              \str_const:cn { \__rawobjects_object_modvar:V \c_proxy_address_str }
                                 { rawobjects }
                            430 \str_const:cV { \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:V \c_proxy_address_str }
                                 \c_proxy_address_str
                              \str_const:cV { \__rawobjects_object_scovar:V \c_proxy_address_str }
                                 \c__rawobjects_const_str
                              \str_const:cV { \__rawobjects_object_visvar:V \c_proxy_address_str }
                                 \c_object_public_str
                           435
                           436
                              \cs_generate_variant:Nn \seq_const_from_clist:Nn { cx }
                           439
                              \seq_const_from_clist:cn
                           440
                                   \object_member_adr:Vnn \c_proxy_address_str { varlist }{ seq }
                           441
                           442
                                 { varlist }
                           443
                           444
                              \str_const:cn
                           445
                            446
                                   \object_member_adr:Vnn \c_proxy_address_str { varlist_type }{ str }
                                }
                            448
                            449
                                 { seq }
```

```
\object_if_proxy:nTF
                              450
                              451 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_if_proxy:n {p, T, F, TF}
                              452
                                      \object_test_proxy:nNTF { #1 }
                              453
                                    \c_proxy_address_str
                              454
                              455
                                           \prg_return_true:
                              456
                                        }
                                        {
                                           \prg_return_false:
                                        }
                              460
                                   }
                              461
                              462
                              (End definition for \object_if_proxy:nTF. This function is documented on page 7.)
                              Test if an object is generated from selected proxy.
  \object_test_proxy_p:nn
  \object_test_proxy:nn<u>TF</u>
                              463
  \object_test_proxy_p:nN
                              464 \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \str_if_eq:nn { ve }{ TF }
  \object_test_proxy:nNTF
                              465
                                 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_test_proxy:nn {p, T, F, TF}
                              466
                              467
                                      \str_if_eq:veTF { \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #1 } }
                              468
                                    { #2 }
                              471
                                           \prg_return_true:
                                        }
                              472
                              473
                                          \prg_return_false:
                              474
                              475
                                   }
                              476
                              477
                                 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_test_proxy:nN {p, T, F, TF}
                              478
                                      \str_if_eq:cNTF { \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #1 } }
                              480
                                   #2
                              481
                              482
                                           \prg_return_true:
                              483
                                        }
                              484
                                        {
                              485
                                           \prg_return_false:
                              486
                              487
                                   }
                              488
                                   \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_test_proxy:nn { Vn }{p, T, F, TF}
                                   \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_test_proxy:nN { VN }{p, T, F, TF}
                              492
                              (End definition for \object_test_proxy:nnTF and \object_test_proxy:nNTF. These functions are doc-
                              umented on page 7.)
     \object_create:nnnNN
                              Creates an object from a proxy
\object_create_set:NnnnNN
```

Test if an object is a proxy.

\object_if_proxy_p:n

\object_create_gset:NnnnNN

```
\msg_new:nnn { aa }{ mess }{ #1 }
495
  \msg_new:nnnn { rawobjects }{ notproxy }{ Fake ~ proxy }
496
497
      Object ~ #1 ~ is ~ not ~ a ~ proxy.
498
    }
499
500
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \__rawobjects_force_proxy:n
501
      \object_if_proxy:nF { #1 }
503
504
           \msg_error:nnn { rawobjects }{ notproxy }{ #1 }
505
506
    }
507
508
  \cs_new_protected: Nn \__rawobjects_create_anon:nnnNN
509
510
511
512
      \__rawobjects_force_proxy:n { #1 }
      \str_const:cn { \__rawobjects_object_modvar:n { #2 } }{ #3 }
      516
      \str_const:cV { \__rawobjects_object_visvar:n { #2 } } #5
517
518
      \seq_map_inline:cn
519
520
          \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ varlist }{ seq }
521
        }
522
          \object_new_member:nnv { #2 }{ ##1 }
524
              \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ ##1 _ type }{ str }
526
            }
527
528
    }
529
530
531
  \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_create:nnnNN
532
      \__rawobjects_create_anon:nnnNN { #1 }{ \object_address:nn { #2 }{ #3 } }
533
        { #2 } #4 #5
535
    }
536
  \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_create_set:NnnnNN
537
538
      \object_create:nnnNN { #2 }{ #3 }{ #4 } #5 #6
539
      \str_set:Nx #1 { \object_address:nn { #3 }{ #4 } }
540
    }
541
542
543
  \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_create_gset:NnnnNN
      \object_create:nnnNN { #2 }{ #3 }{ #4 } #5 #6
545
      \str_gset:Nx #1 { \object_address:nn { #3 }{ #4 } }
546
    }
547
```

```
548
  \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_create:nnnNN { VnnNN }
549
  \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_create_set:NnnnNN { NVnnNN }
  \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_create_gset:NnnnNN { NVnnNN }
```

Create an address and use it to instantiate an object

554 \cs_new:Nn __rawobjects_combine:nn

These functions are documented on page 8.)

\object_allocate_incr:NNnnNN

\object_gallocate_incr:NNnnNN \object allocate gincr:NNnnNN \object gallocate gincr:NNnnNN

555

585 586

587 588

589 590

591 592

593

595

} 596

#5 #6

\int_gincr:N #2

```
{
       anon . #2 . #1
556
557
558
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__rawobjects_combine:nn { Vn }
559
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_allocate_incr:NNnnNN
561
       \object_create_set:NnnnNN #1 { #3 }{ #4 }
563
564
            \__rawobjects_combine:Vn #2 { #3 }
565
566
         #5 #6
567
568
         \int_incr:N #2
569
     }
570
571
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_gallocate_incr:NNnnNN
572
573
       \object_create_gset:NnnnNN #1 { #3 }{ #4 }
574
575
              _rawobjects_combine:Vn #2 { #3 }
576
577
         #5 #6
578
579
         \int_incr:N #2
580
     }
581
582
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_allocate_incr:NNnnNN { NNVnNN }
584
```

\cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_gallocate_incr:NNnnNN { NNVnNN }

\cs_new_protected:Nn \object_allocate_gincr:NNnnNN

\object_create_set:NnnnNN #1 { #3 }{ #4 }

__rawobjects_combine:Vn #2 { #3 }

```
599
                                   \object_create_gset:NnnnNN #1 { #3 }{ #4 }
                           600
                           601
                                          _rawobjects_combine:Vn #2 { #3 }
                           602
                           603
                                     #5 #6
                           604
                                     \int_gincr:N #2
                           606
                                }
                           607
                           608
                              \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_allocate_gincr:NNnnNN { NNVnNN }
                           609
                           610
                              \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_gallocate_gincr:NNnnNN { NNVnNN }
                           611
                           612
                           (End definition for \object_allocate_incr:NNnnNN and others. These functions are documented on
                           Creates a new proxy object
      \proxy_create:nnN
 \proxy_create_set:NnnN
\proxy_create_gset:NnnN
                              \cs_new_protected:Nn \proxy_create:nnN
                           614
                           615
                                   \object_create:VnnNN \c_proxy_address_str { #1 }{ #2 }
                           616
                                     \c_object_global_str #3
                           617
                           618
                           619
                           620
                              \cs_new_protected:Nn \proxy_create_set:NnnN
                           621
                                   \object_create_set:NVnnNN #1 \c_proxy_address_str { #2 }{ #3 }
                                     \c_object_global_str #4
                           623
                                }
                           624
                           625
                              \cs_new_protected:Nn \proxy_create_gset:NnnN
                           626
                           627
                                   \object_create_gset:NVnnNN #1 \c_proxy_address_str { #2 }{ #3 }
                                     \c_object_global_str #4
                           629
                                }
                           630
                           (End definition for \proxy_create:nnN, \proxy_create_set:NnnN, and \proxy_create_gset:NnnN. These
                           functions are documented on page 8.)
                           Push a new member inside a proxy.
 \proxy_push_member:nnn
                           632 \cs_new_protected: Nn \proxy_push_member:nnn
                           633
                                   \__rawobjects_force_scope:n { #1 }
                                   \object_new_member:nnn { #1 }{ #2 _ type }{ str }
                                   \str_set:cn
                           637
                                       \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 _ type }{ str }
                           638
                                     }
                           639
                                     { #3 }
                           640
                                   \seq_gput_left:cn
                           641
```

\cs_new_protected:Nn \object_gallocate_gincr:NNnnNN

597

```
642
                                 \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ varlist }{ seq }
                     643
                               }
                     644
                               { #2 }
                     645
                           }
                     646
                     647
                        \cs_generate_variant:Nn \proxy_push_member:nnn { Vnn }
                     648
                     (End definition for \proxy_push_member:nnn. This function is documented on page 9.)
                     Copy an object to another one.
\object_assign:nn
                     650 \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_assign:nn
                           {
                     651
                             \seq_map_inline:cn
                     652
                               {
                     653
                                 \object_member_adr:vnn
                     654
                     655
                                        _rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #1 }
                     656
                     657
                                   { varlist }{ seq }
                               }
                     659
                               {
                                 \object_member_set_eq:nnc { #1 }{ ##1 }
                                      \object_member_adr:nn{ #2 }{ ##1 }
                                   }
                     664
                               }
                     665
                           }
                     666
                     667
                        \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_assign:nn { nV, Vn, VV }
                     668
                     (End definition for \object_assign:nn. This function is documented on page 9.)
                          A simple forward list proxy
                     669
                        \cs_new_protected:Nn \rawobjects_fwl_inst:n
                     670
                     671
                             \object_if_exist:nF
                                 \object_address:nn { rawobjects }{ fwl ! #1 }
                     674
                               }
                     675
                     676
                                 \proxy_create:nnN { rawobjects }{ fwl ! #1 } \c_object_private_str
                     677
                                 \proxy_push_member
                     678
                     679
                                      \object_address:nn { rawobjects }{ fwl ! #1 }
                                   }
                                    { next }{ str }
                               }
                     683
                           }
                     684
                     685
                        \cs_new_protected:Nn \rawobjects_fwl_newnode:nnnNN
                     686
                           {
                     687
                             \rawobjects_fwl_inst:n { #1 }
                     688
```

```
689 \object_create:nnnNN

690 {

691 \object_address:nn { rawobjects }{ fwl ! #1 }

692 }

693 { #2 }{ #3 } #4 #5

694 }

695 

696 \( /package \)
```