# The lt3rawobjects package

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## Contents

1	Introduction	1
2	Objects and proxies	2
3	Put objects inside objects	3
	3.1 Put a pointer variable	. 3
	3.2 Clone the inner structure	. 4
	3.3 Embedded objects	. 5
4	Library functions	5
	4.1 Base object functions	. 5
	4.2 Members	. 6
	4.3 Methods	. 8
	4.4 Constant member creation	. 9
	4.5 Macros	. 10
	4.6 Proxy utilities and object creation	. 10
5	Examples	12
6	Templated proxies	14
7	Implementation	15

# 1 Introduction

First to all notice that lt3rawobjects means "raw object(s)", indeed lt3rawobjects introduces a new mechanism to create objects like the well known C structures. The functions exported by this package are quite low level, and many important mechanisms like member protection and name resolution aren't already defined and should be introduced by intermediate packages. Higher level libraries built on top of lt3rawobjects could also implement an improved and simplified syntax since the main focus of lt3rawobjects is versatility and expandability rather than common usage.

This packages follows the SemVer specification (https://semver.org/). In particular any major version update (for example from 1.2 to 2.0) may introduce imcompatible changes and so it's not advisable to work with different packages that require different

major versions of lt3rawobjects. Instead changes introduced in minor and patch version updates are always backward compatible, and any withdrawn function is declared deprecated instead of being removed.

# 2 Objects and proxies

Usually an object in programming languages can be seen as a collection of variables (organized in different ways depending on the chosen language) treated as part of a single entity. In lt3rawobjects objects are collections of

- LATEX3 variables, called members;
- LaTeX3 functions, called *methods*;
- generic control sequences, calles simply *macros*;
- other embedded objects.

Both members and methods can be retrieved from a string representing the container object, that is the *address* of the object and act like the address of a structure in C.

An address is composed of two parts: the *module* in which variables are created and an *identifier* that identify uniquely the object inside its module. It's up to the caller that two different objects have different identifiers. The address of an object can be obtained with the <code>\object\_address</code> function. Identifiers and module names should not contain numbers, #, : and \_ characters in order to avoid conflicts with hidden auxiliary commands. However you can use non letter characters like - in order to organize your members and methods.

Moreover normal control sequences have an address too, but it's simply any token list for which a c expansion retrieves the original control sequence. We impose also that any x or e fully expansion will be a string representing the control sequence's name, for this reason inside an address # characters and  $\exp_n$  functions aren't allowed.

In lt3rawobjects objects are created from an existing object that have a suitable inner structure. These objects that can be used to create other objects are called *proxy*. Every object is generated from a particular proxy object, called *generator*, and new objects can be created from a specified proxy with the \object\_create functions.

Since proxies are themself objects we need a proxy to instantiate user defined proxies, you can use the proxy object in the rawobjects module to create you own proxy, which address is held by the \c\_proxy\_address\_str variable. Proxies must be created from the proxy object otherwise they won't be recognized as proxies. Instead of using \object\_-create to create proxies you can directly use the function \proxy\_create.

Each member or method inside an object belongs to one of these categories:

- $1. \ mutables;$
- 2. near constants;
- 3. remote constants.

Warning: Currently only members (variables) can be mutables, not methods. Mutable members can be added in future releases if they'll be needed.

Members declared as mutables works as normal variables: you can modify their value and retrieve it at any time. Instead members and methods declared as near constant

works as constants: when you create them you must specify their initial value (or function body for methods) and you won't be allowed to modify it later. Remote constants for an object are simply near constants defined in its generator: all near constants defined inside a proxy are automatically visible as remote constants to every object generated from that proxy. Usually functions involving near constants have nc inside their name, and rc if instead they use remote constants.

Instead of creating embedded objects or mutable members in each of your objects you can push their specifications inside the generating proxy via \proxy\_push\_embedded, \proxy\_push\_member. In this way either object created from such proxy will have the specified members and embedded objects. Specify mutable members in this way allows you to omit that member type in some functions as \object\_member\_adr for example, their member type will be deduced automatically from its specification inside generating proxy.

Objects can be declared public, private and local, global. In a public/private object every nonconstant member and method is declared public/private, but inside local/global object only assignation to mutable members is performed locally/globally since allocation is always performed globally via  $\t vipe$ \_new:Nn functions (nevertheless members will be accordingly declared g\_ or 1\_). This is intentional in order to follow the LATEX3 guidelines about variables management, for additional motivations you can see this thread in the LATEX3 repository.

Address of members/methods can be obtained with functions in the form  $\odots$  ditem $\colored$  category adr where  $\colored$  is member, method, macro or embedded and  $\colored$  is no for near constants, rc for remote ones and empty for others. For example  $\odots$  pect\_rcmethod\_adr retrieves the address of specified remote constant method.

# 3 Put objects inside objects

Sometimes it's necessary to include other objects inside an object, and since objects are structured data types you can't put them directly inside a variable. However lt3rawobjects provides some workarounds that allows you to include objects inside other objects, each with its own advantages and disadvantages.

In the following examples we're in module mymod and we want to put inside object A another object created with proxy prx.

#### 3.1 Put a pointer variable

A simple solution is creating that object outside A with \object\_create

```
\object_create:nnnNN
  { \object_address:nn{ mymod }{ prx } }{ mymod }{ B } ....
```

and then creating a pointer variable inside  $\tt A$  (usually of type tl or str) holding the newly created address:

```
\object_new_member:nnn
{
    \object_address:nn{ mymod }{ A }
}{ pointer }{ tl }

\tl_(g)set:cn
```

```
{
   \object_new_member:nnn
   {
      \object_address:nn{ mymod }{ A }
   }{ pointer }{ tl }
}
{
   \object_address:nn{ mymod }{ B }
}
```

you can the access the pointed object by calling \object\_member\_use on pointer member.

#### Advantages

- Simple and no additional function needed to create and manage included objects;
- you can share the same object between different containers;
- included objects are objects too, you can use address stored in pointer member just like any object address.

### Disadvantages

- You must manually create both the objects and link them;
- creating objects also creates additional hidden variables, taking so (little) additional space.

# 3.2 Clone the inner structure

Instead of referring a complete object you can just clone the inner structure of prx and put inside A. For example if prx declares member x of type str and member y of type int then you can do

```
\object_new_member:nnn
{
    \object_address:nn{ mymod }{ A }
}{ prx-x }{ str }
\object_new_member:nnn
{
    \object_address:nn{ mymod }{ A }
}{ prx-y }{ int }
```

and then use prx-x, prx-y as normal members of A.

#### Advantages

- Simple and no additional function needed to create and manage included objects;
- you can put these specifications inside a proxy so that every object created with it will have the required members/methods;
- no hidden variable created, lowest overhead among the proposed solutions.

### Disadvantages

• Cloning the inner structure doesn't create any object, so you don't have any object address nor you can share the included "object" unless you share the container object too.

## 3.3 Embedded objects

From lt3rawobjects 2.2 you can put *embedded objects* inside objects. Embedded objects are created with \embedded\_create function

```
\embedded_create:nnn
{
    \object_address:nn{ mymod }{ A }
}{ prx }{ B }
```

and addresses of emmbedded objects can be retrieved with function \object\_embedded\_-adr. You can also put the definition of embedded objects in a proxy by using \proxy\_-push\_embedded just like \proxy\_push\_member.

#### Advantages

- You can put a declaration inside a proxy so that embedded objects are automatically created during creation of parent object;
- included objects are objects too, you can use address stored in pointer member just like any object address.

### Disadvantages

- Needs additional functions available for version 2.2 or later;
- embedded objects must have the same scope and visibility of parent one;
- creating objects also creates additional hidden variables, taking so (little) additional space.

# 4 Library functions

### 4.1 Base object functions

 $\oldsymbol{\label{locality}} \oldsymbol{\locality} \oldsymbol{\l$ 

```
\odots \object_address:nn \{\langle module \rangle\}\ \{\langle id \rangle\}
```

Composes the address of object in module  $\langle module \rangle$  with identifier  $\langle id \rangle$  and places it in the input stream. Notice that  $\langle module \rangle$  and  $\langle id \rangle$  are converted to strings before composing them in the address, so they shouldn't contain any command inside. If you want to execute its content you should use a new variant, for example V, f or e variants.

```
From: 1.0
```

\object\_address\_set:Nnn \object\_address\_gset:Nnn

```
\verb|\object_address_set:nn| \langle str| var \rangle \ \{\langle \texttt{module} \rangle\} \ \{\langle \texttt{id} \rangle\}
```

Stores the address of selected object inside the string variable  $\langle str \ var \rangle$ .

```
From: 1.1
```

```
\object_embedded_adr:nn *
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     \odotsin \{\langle address \rangle\} \{\langle id \rangle\}
\object_embedded_adr:Vn *
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     Compose the address of embedded object with name \langle id \rangle inside the parent object with
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    address \langle address \rangle. Since an embedded object is also an object you can use this function
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     for any function that accepts object addresses as an argument.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      From: 2.2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     \odotspace{-1} \operatorname{const.p:n} \{\langle address \rangle\}
                       \oldsymbol{\colored} \oldsym
                         \object_if_exist_p:V ★
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     \verb|\object_if_exist:nTF {| \langle address \rangle}  | {| \langle true \ code \rangle}  | {| \langle false \ code \rangle} |
                       \oldsymbol{\colored} \oldsymbol{\colored} \oldsymbol{\colored} \oldsymbol{\colored} \normalfalpha \colored \c
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     Tests if an object was instantiated at the specified address.
                         \object_if_exist:VTF *
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     From: 1.0
\object_get_module:n
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     \odots \object_get_module:n \{\langle address \rangle\}
\object_get_module:V
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     \begin{array}{ll} \begin{tabular}{ll} \begin{tabular}{ll
\object_get_proxy_adr:n *
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     Get the object module and its generator.
\object_get_proxy_adr:V *
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      From: 1.0
               \object_if_local_p:n
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     \object_if_local_p:n {\langle address \rangle}
               \object_if_local_p:V
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     \verb|\object_if_local:nTF {| \langle address \rangle}  | {| \langle true \ code \rangle}  | {| \langle false \ code \rangle} |
               \object_if_local:nTF
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    Tests if the object is local or global.
               \object_if_local:VTF
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      From: 1.0
               \object_if_global_p:n *
               \object_if_global_p:V *
               \object_if_global:nTF
               \object_if_global:VTF *
       \object_if_public_p:n
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     \oldsymbol{\colored} \oldsymbol{\colored} \oldsymbol{\colored} \oldsymbol{\colored} \align{\colored} \alig
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     \ode{true code} \ \{\langle address \rangle\} \ \{\langle true code \rangle\} \ \{\langle false code \rangle\}
         \object_if_public_p:V
       \object_if_public:nTF
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    Tests if the object is public or private.
         \object_if_public:VTF
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      From: 1.0
       \object_if_private_p:n *
       \object_if_private_p:V *
       \oldsymbol{\colored} \oldsymbol{\colored} \oldsymbol{\colored} \oldsymbol{\colored} \normalfalpha \colored \c
       \object_if_private:VTF \star
```

#### 4.2 Members

Fully expands to the address of specified member variable. If type is not specified it'll be retrieved from the generator proxy, but only if member is specified in the generator.

From: 1.0

```
\object_member_if_exist_p:nnn *
                                                                                                                \object_member_if_exist_p:Vnn *
                                                                                                                 type \}
            \object_member_if_exist:nnn_TF
                                                                                                                 \odots \
            \object_member_if_exist:Vnn<u>TF</u>
                                                                                                                 type} {\langle true\ code \rangle} {\langle false\ code \rangle}
                                                                                                                 \object_member_if_exist_p:nn
                                                                                                                 \verb|\object_member_if_exist:nnTF {| address|} {| \{ member name \} \} | \{ true code \} \}| 
            \object_member_if_exist_p:Vn
            \object_member_if_exist:nnTF
                                                                                                                \{\langle false\ code \rangle\}
            \object_member_if_exist:VnTF
                                                                              Tests if the specified member exist.
                                                                                           From: 2.0
\object_member_type:nn *
                                                                               \odots = \{ \langle address \rangle \}  {\langle member name \rangle \}
\object_member_type:Vn *
                                                                               Fully expands to the type of member \langle member \ name \rangle. Use this function only with
                                                                               member variables specified in the generator proxy, not with other member variables.
                                                                                           From: 1.0
            \object_new_member:nnn
                                                                                                    \odots \object_new_member:nnn {\langle address \rangle} {\langle member name \rangle} {\langle member type \rangle}
            \object_new_member:(Vnn|nnv)
                                                                               Creates a new member variable with specified name and type. You can't retrieve the
                                                                               type of these variables with \object_member_type functions.
                                                                                           From: 1.0
            \object_member_use:nnn
                                                                                                          \odots \object_member_use:nnn {\langle address \rangle} {\langle member name \rangle} {\langle member type \rangle}
            \object_member_use:(Vnn|nnv)
                                                                                                          \odots \
            \object_member_use:nn
            \object_member_use:Vn
                                                                              Uses the specified member variable.
                                                                                          From: 1.0
                                                                                                          \verb|\object_member_set:nnnn| \{\langle address \rangle\} \ \{\langle member \ name \rangle\} \ \{\langle member \ type \rangle\}
            \object_member_set:nnnn
            \object_member_set:(nnvn|Vnnn)
                                                                                                          \verb|\object_member_set:nnn| \{\langle address \rangle\} \ \{\langle member \ name \rangle\} \ \{\langle value \rangle\} 
            \object_member_set:nnn
            \object_member_set:Vnn
                                                                               Sets the value of specified member to \{\langle value \rangle\}. It calls implicitly \langle member\ type \rangle_-
```

From: 2.1

Sets the value of specified member equal to the value of  $\langle variable \rangle$ .

(g)set:cn then be sure to define it before calling this method.

From: 1.0

Fully expands to the address of specified near/remote constant member.

From: 2.0

```
\label{thm:constraint} $$ \begin{array}{lll} & \end{array}{lll} & \begin{array}{lll} & \end{array}{lll} & \begin{array}{lll} & \begin{array}{lll} & \begin{array}{lll} & \end{array}{lll} & \begin{array}{lll} & \begin{array}{lll} & \begin{array}{lll} & \end{array}{lll} & \end{array}{lll} & \begin{array}{lll} & \begin{array}{lll} & \begin{array}{lll} & \begin{array}{lll} & \end{array}{lll} & \end{array}{lll} & \end{array}{lll} & \begin{array}{lll} & \begin{array}{lll} & \begin{array}{lll} & \end{array}{lll} & \end{array}{lll} & \end{array}{lll} & \begin{array}{lll} & \begin{array}{lll} & \begin{array}{lll} & \end{array}{lll} & \end{array}{lll} & \end{array}{lll} & \end{array}{lll} & \begin{array}{lll} & \begin{array}{lll} & \end{array}{lll} & \end{array}{lll} & \end{array}{lll} & \end{array}{lll} & \begin{array}{lll} & \begin{array}{lll} & \end{array}{lll} & \end{array}{lll} & \end{array}{lll} & \end{array}{lll} & \begin{array}{lll} & \begin{array}{lll} & \end{array}{lll} & \end{array}{lll} & \end{array}{lll} & \end{array}{lll} & \end{array}{lll} & \begin{array}{lll} & \begin{array}{lll} & \end{array}{lll} & \begin{array}{lll} & \begin{array}{lll} & \end{array}{lll} & {lll} & \end{array}{lll} & \end{array}{lll} & \end{array}{lll} & \end{array}{lll} & \end{array}{lll} & \end{array}{lll} & \end{array}{l
```

Tests if the specified member constant exist.

From: 2.0

```
\object_ncmember_use:nnn *
\object_ncmember_use:Vnn *
\object_rcmember_use:Nnn *
```

```
\verb|\object_ncmember_use:nnn| \{\langle address \rangle\} \ \{\langle member \ name \rangle\} \ \{\langle member \ type \rangle\}
```

Uses the specified near/remote constant member.

From: 2.0

#### 4.3 Methods

Currentlu only constant methods (near and remote) are implemented in lt3rawobjects as explained before.

```
\label{lem:condition} $$ \begin{array}{lll} & & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & \\ & & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\
```

Fully expands to the address of the specified

- near constant method if \object\_ncmethod\_adr is used;
- remote constant method if \object\_rcmethod\_adr is used.

From: 2.0

Tests if the specified method constant exist.

From: 2.0

\object\_new\_cmethod:nnnn \object\_new\_cmethod:Vnnn \object\_new\_cmethod:nnnn { $\langle address \rangle$ } { $\langle method\ name \rangle$ } { $\langle method\ arguments \rangle$ } { $\langle code \rangle$ } Creates a new method with specified name and argument types. The { $\langle method\ arguments \rangle$ } should be a string composed only by n and N characters that are passed to \cs\_new:Nn.

From: 2.0

```
\object_ncmethod_call:nnn \ \object_ncmethod_call:nnn \{\address\} \{\method name\} \{\method variant\}\\
\object_ncmethod_call:Vnn \ \object_rcmethod_call:Vnn \ \object_rcmethod_call \ \object_rcmethod_call \ \object_rcmethod_call \ \object_rcmethod_cal
```

Calls the specified method. This function is expandable if and only if the specified method was not declared protected.

From: 2.0

#### 4.4 Constant member creation

Unlike normal variables, constant variables in LaTeX3 are created in different ways depending on the specified type. So we dedicate a new section only to collect some of these functions readapted for near constants (remote constants are simply near constants created on the generator proxy).

\object\_newconst\_tl:nnn
\object\_newconst\_tl:Vnn
\object\_newconst\_str:Nnn
\object\_newconst\_int:Nnn
\object\_newconst\_int:Vnn
\object\_newconst\_clist:nnn
\object\_newconst\_clist:Vnn
\object\_newconst\_dim:nnn
\object\_newconst\_dim:Vnn
\object\_newconst\_dim:Vnn
\object\_newconst\_skip:nnn
\object\_newconst\_skip:Nnn
\object\_newconst\_skip:Vnn
\object\_newconst\_fp:Nnn
\object\_newconst\_fp:Nnn

\object\_newconst\_ $\langle type \rangle$ :nnn { $\langle address \rangle$ } { $\langle constant name \rangle$ } { $\langle value \rangle$ } Creates a constant variable with type  $\langle type \rangle$  and sets its value to  $\langle value \rangle$ . From: 1.1

```
\label{lem:const_seq_from_clist:nn} $$ \object_newconst_seq_from_clist:nnn {$\langle address \rangle$} {\langle constant\ name \rangle$} $$ \object_newconst_seq_from_clist:Vnn} $$ $$ {\langle comma-list \rangle$} $$
```

Creates a seq constant which is set to contain all the items in  $\langle comma-list \rangle$ .

From: 1.1

```
\object_newconst_prop_from_keyval:nnn \object_newconst_prop_from_keyval:nnn {\address\} {\constant name\}}
{ \langle keyval:Vnn \langle keyva
```

Creates a prop constant which is set to contain all the specified key-value pairs.

From: 1.1

\object\_newconst:nnnn

```
\verb|\object_newconst:nnnn| \{\langle address \rangle\} | \{\langle constant | name \rangle\} | \{\langle type \rangle\} | \{\langle value \rangle\}|
```

Expands to  $\langle type \rangle$ \_const:cn { $\langle address \rangle$ } { $\langle value \rangle$ }, use it if you need to create simple constants with custom types.

From: 2.1

#### 4.5 Macros

\object\_macro\_adr:nn \* \
\object\_macro\_adr:Vn \*

Address of specified macro.

From: 2.2

\object\_macro\_use:nn \*
\object\_macro\_use:Vn \*

```
\verb|\object_macro_use:nn| \{\langle address \rangle\} | \{\langle macro name \rangle\}|
```

Uses the specified macro. This function is expandable if and only if the specified macro is it.

From: 2.2

There isn't any standard function to create macros, and macro declarations can't be inserted in a proxy object. In fact a macro is just an unspecialized control sequence at the disposal of users that usually already know how to implement them.

## 4.6 Proxy utilities and object creation

```
\object_if_proxy_p:n *
\object_if_proxy_p:V *
\object_if_proxy:nTF *
\object_if_proxy:VTF *
```

```
\label{lem:code} $$ \ \c _if_proxy_p:n {\langle address \rangle} \ \c _code } {\langle false \ code \rangle} $$ $$ {\langle true \ code \rangle} $$ {\langle false \ code \rangle} $$ $$
```

Test if the specified object is a proxy object.

From: 1.0

\object\_test\_proxy\_p:nn \*
\object\_test\_proxy\_p:Vn \*
\object\_test\_proxy:nnTF \*
\object\_test\_proxy:VnTF \*

Test if the specified object is generated by the selected proxy, where  $\langle proxy \ variable \rangle$  is a string variable holding the proxy address.

**TEXhackers note:** Remember that this command uses internally an **e** expansion so in older engines (any different from LuaLATEX before 2019) it'll require slow processing. Don't use it in speed critical parts, instead use **\object\_test\_proxy:nN**.

From: 2.0

```
\object_test_proxy_p:nN *
\object_test_proxy_p:VN *
\object_test_proxy:nNTF *
\object_test_proxy:VNTF *
```

Test if the specified object is generated by the selected proxy, where  $\langle proxy \ variable \rangle$  is a string variable holding the proxy address. The :nN variant don't use e expansion, instead of :nn command, so it can be safetly used with older compilers.

From: 2.0

\c\_proxy\_address\_str The address of the proxy object in the rawobjects module. From: 1.0  $\verb|\object_create:nnnNN| \{\langle proxy \ address \rangle\} \ \{\langle module \rangle\} \ \{\langle id \rangle\} \ \langle scope \rangle \ \langle visibility \rangle$ \object\_create:nnnNN \object\_create: VnnNN Creates an object by using the proxy at \( \text{proxy address} \) and the specified parameters. From: 1.0 \embedded\_create:nnn \embedded\_create:(Vnn|nvn) Creates an embedded object with name  $\langle id \rangle$  inside  $\langle parent\ object \rangle$ . From: 2.2 \c\_object\_local\_str Possible values for  $\langle scope \rangle$  parameter. \c\_object\_global\_str From: 1.0 \c\_object\_public\_str Possible values for  $\langle visibility \rangle$  parameter. \c\_object\_private\_str From: 1.0 \object\_create\_set:NnnnNN  $\odots$  \object\_create\_set:NnnnNN  $\langle str\ var \rangle \ \{\langle proxy\ address \rangle\} \ \{\langle module \rangle\}$ \object\_create\_set:(NVnnNN|NnnfNN)  $\{\langle id \rangle\}\ \langle scope \rangle\ \langle visibility \rangle$ \object\_create\_gset:NnnnNN \object\_create\_gset:(NVnnNN|NnnfNN) Creates an object and sets its fully expanded address inside  $\langle str \ var \rangle$ . From: \object\_allocate\_incr:NNnnNN  $\odots$  \object\_allocate\_incr:NNnnNN  $\langle str \ var \rangle \ \langle int \ var \rangle \ \{\langle proxy \ address \rangle\}$  $\{\langle \texttt{module} \rangle\} \ \langle \texttt{scope} \rangle \ \langle \texttt{visibility} \rangle$ \object\_allocate\_incr:NNVnNN \object\_gallocate\_incr:NNnnNN \object\_gallocate\_incr:NNVnNN \object\_allocate\_gincr:NNnnNN \object\_allocate\_gincr:NNVnNN \object\_gallocate\_gincr:NNnnNN \object\_gallocate\_gincr:NNVnNN Build a new object address with module  $\langle module \rangle$  and an identifier generated from  $\langle proxy \rangle$ address and the integer contained inside  $\langle int \ var \rangle$ , then increments  $\langle int \ var \rangle$ . This is very useful when you need to create a lot of objects, each of them on a different address. the \_incr version increases  $\langle int \ var \rangle$  locally whereas \_gincr does it globally. From: 1.1

 $\proxy\_create:nnN {\langle module \rangle} {\langle id \rangle} {\langle visibility \rangle}$ 

 $\proxy\_create\_set:NnnN \proxy\_create\_set:NnnN \proxy\_create\_set:Nn$ 

Creates a global proxy object. From: 1.0

\proxy\_create:nnN

\proxy\_create\_set:NnnN \proxy\_create\_gset:NnnN \proxy\_push\_member:nnn \proxy\_push\_member:Vnn

```
\verb|\proxy_push_member:nnn| \{\langle proxy| address \rangle\} | \{\langle member| name \rangle\} | \{\langle member| type \rangle\}|
```

Updates a proxy object with a new member specification, so that every subsequential object created with this proxy will have a member variable with the specified name and type that can be retrieved with \object\_member\_type functions.

```
From: 1.0
```

\proxy\_push\_embedded:nnn \proxy\_push\_embedded:Vnn

```
\label{lem:lembedded:nnn} $$ \operatorname{constant}_{\operatorname{constant}} {\operatorname{constant}_{\operatorname{constant}}} \ {\operatorname{constant}_{\operatorname{constant}}} \ {\operatorname{constant}_{\operatorname{constant}}} $$
```

Updates a proxy object with a new embedded object specification.

```
From: 2.2
```

\object\_assign:nn
\object\_assign:(Vn|nV|VV)

```
\verb|\object_assign:nn| \{\langle to \ address \rangle\} \ \{\langle from \ address \rangle\}|
```

Assigns the content of each variable of object at  $\langle from \ address \rangle$  to each correspective variable in  $\langle to \ address \rangle$ . Both the objects should be created with the same proxy object and only variables listed in the proxy are assigned.

From: 1.0

# 5 Examples

### Example 1

\tl\_set:cn

Create a public proxy with id myproxy with the specification of a single member variable with name myvar and type t1, then set its address inside \l\_myproxy\_str.

```
\str_new:N \l_myproxy_str
\proxy_create_set:NnnN \l_myproxy_str { example }{ myproxy }
  \c_object_public_str
\proxy_push_member:Vnn \l_myproxy_str { myvar }{ tl }
```

Then create a new object with name myobj with that proxy, assign then token list \c\_dollar\_str{} ~ dollar ~ \c\_dollar\_str{} to myvar and then print it.

```
\\str_new:N \l_myobj_str
\\object_create_set:NVnnNN \l_myobj_str \l_myproxy_str
   { example }{ myobj } \c_object_local_str \c_object_public_str
\\tl_set:cn
   {
      \object_member_adr:Vn \l_myobj_str { myvar }
   }
   { \c_dollar_str{} ~ dollar ~ \c_dollar_str{} }

Output: $ dollar $
   If you don't want to specify an object identifier you can also do
\\int_new:N \l_intc_int
\\object_allocate_incr:NNVnNN \l_myobj_str \l_intc_int \l_myproxy_str
   { example } \c_object_local_str \c_object_public_str
```

```
{
    \object_member_adr:Vn \l_myobj_str { myvar }
  { \c_dollar_str{} ~ dollar ~ \c_dollar_str{} }
\object_member_use:Vn \l_myobj_str { myvar }
    Output: $ dollar $
Example 2
In this example we create a proxy object with an embedded object inside.
    Internal proxy
 \proxy_create:nnN{ mymod }{ INT } \c_object_public_str
 \proxy_push_member:nnn
     \object_address:nn{ mymod }{ INT }
   }{ var }{ t1 }
    Container proxy
 \proxy_create:nnN{ mymod }{ EXT } \c_object_public_str
 \proxy_push_embedded:nnn
     \object_address:nn{ mymod }{ EXT }
   }
   { emb }
   {
     \object_address:nn{ mymod }{ INT }
    Now we create a new object from proxy EXT. It'll contain an embedded object created
with INT proxy:
 \str_new:N \g_EXTobj_str
 \int_new:N \g_intcount_int
 \object_gallocate_gincr:NNnnNN
   \g_EXTobj_str \g_intcount_int
     \object_address:nn{ mymod }{ EXT }
   }
   { mymod }
   \c_object_local_str \c_object_public_str
and use the embedded object in the following way:
 \object_member_set:nnn
     \object_embedded_adr:Vn \g_EXTobj_str { emb }
   }{ var }{ Hi }
 \object_member_use:nn
     \object_embedded_adr:Vn \g_EXTobj_str { emb }
   }{ var }
```

Output: Hi

# 6 Templated proxies

At the current time there isn't a standardized approach to templated proxies. One problem of standardized templated proxies is how to define struct addresses for every kind of argument (token lists, strings, integer expressions, non expandable arguments, ...).

Even if there isn't currently a function to define every kind of templated proxy you can anyway define your templated proxy with your custom parameters. You simply need to define at least two functions:

- an expandable macro that, given all the needed arguments, fully expands to the address of your templated proxy. This address can be obtained by calling \object\_-address {\langle module \rangle} {\langle id \rangle} starts with the name of your templated proxy and is followed by a composition of specified arguments;
- a not expandable macro that tests if the templated proxy with specified arguments is instantiated and, if not, instantiate it with different calls to \proxy\_create and \proxy\_push\_member.

In order to apply these concepts we'll provide a simple implementation of a linked list with a template parameter representing the type of variable that holds our data. A linked list is simply a sequence of nodes where each node contains your data and a pointer to the next node. For the moment we 'll show a possiple implementation of a template proxy class for such node objects.

First to all we define an expandable macro that fully expands to our node name:

```
\cs_new:Nn \node_address:n
{
    \object_address:nn { linklist }{ node - #1 }
}
```

where the #1 argument is simply a string representing the type of data held by our linked list (for example t1, str, int, ...). Next we need a functions that instantiate our proxy address if it doesn't exist:

```
\cs_new_protected:Nn \node_instantiate:n
{
    \object_if_exist:nF {\node_address:n { #1 } }
    {
        \proxy_create:nnN { linklist }{ node - #1 }
        \c_object_public_str
        \proxy_push_member:nnn {\node_address:n { #1 } }
        { next }{ str }
        \proxy_push_member:nnn {\node_address:n { #1 } }
        { data }{ #1 }
}
```

As you can see when \node\_instantiate is called it first test if the proxy object exists. If not then it creates a new proxy with that name and populates it with the specifications of two members: a next member variable of type str that points to the next node, and a data member of the specified type that holds your data.

Clearly you can define new functions to work with such nodes, for example to test if the next node exists or not, to add and remove a node, search inside a linked list, ...

# 7 Implementation

```
1 (*package)
                             2 (@@=rawobjects)
     \c_object_local_str
    \c_object_global_str
                             3 \str_const:Nn \c_object_local_str {loc}
    \c_object_public_str
                             4 \str_const:Nn \c_object_global_str {glo}
   \c_object_private_str
                             5 \str_const:Nn \c_object_public_str {pub}
                             6 \str_const:Nn \c_object_private_str {pri}
                             8 \str_const:Nn \c__rawobjects_const_str {con}
                            (End definition for \c_object_local_str and others. These variables are documented on page 11.)
      \object_address:nn Get address of an object
                             9 \cs_new:Nn \object_address:nn {
                                \tl_to_str:n { #1 _ #2 }
                            (End definition for \object_address:nn. This function is documented on page 5.)
 \object_embedded_adr:nn Address of embedded object
                            13 \cs_new:Nn \object_embedded_adr:nn
                                   #1 \tl_to_str:n{ _SUB_ #2 }
                            18 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_embedded_adr:nn{ Vn }
                            (End definition for \object_embedded_adr:nn. This function is documented on page 6.)
                           Saves the address of an object into a string variable
\object_address_set:Nnn
\object_address_gset:Nnn
                            21 \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_address_set:Nnn {
                                 \str_set:Nn #1 { #2 _ #3 }
                            22
                            23 }
                            25 \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_address_gset:Nnn {
                                 \str_gset:Nn #1 { #2 _ #3 }
                            27 }
                            (End definition for \object_address_set:Nnn and \object_address_gset:Nnn. These functions are
                            documented on page 5.)
                            29 \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_object_modvar:n{
                                 c \_ #1 \_ MODULE \_ str
                            31 }
                            33 \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n{
                                 c __ #1 _ PROXY _ str
                            35 }
                            36
```

```
37 \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_object_scovar:n{
                               c __ #1 _ SCOPE _ str
                           39 }
                           41 \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_object_visvar:n{
                                c __ #1 _ VISIB _ str
                           43 }
                           45 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__rawobjects_object_modvar:n { V }
                           46 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { V }
                           47 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__rawobjects_object_scovar:n { V }
                           48 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__rawobjects_object_visvar:n { V }
   \object_if_exist_p:n Tests if object exists.
   \object_if_exist:nTF
                              \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_if_exist:n { p, T, F, TF }
                           51
                           52
                                  \cs_if_exist:cTF
                           53
                                    {
                                       \__rawobjects_object_modvar:n { #1 }
                           54
                           55
                                    {
                           56
                                       \prg_return_true:
                           57
                                    }
                           58
                           59
                                    {
                                       \prg_return_false:
                           61
                                }
                           62
                           _{\rm 64} \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_if_exist:n { V }
                                { p, T, F, TF }
                           65
                           66
                          (End definition for \object_if_exist:nTF. This function is documented on page 6.)
   \object_get_module:n
                          Retrieve the name, module and generating proxy of an object
\object_get_proxy_adr:n
                           67 \cs_new:Nn \object_get_module:n {
                                \str_use:c { \__rawobjects_object_modvar:n { #1 } }
                           68
                           69 }
                           70 \cs_new:Nn \object_get_proxy_adr:n {
                           71
                                \str_use:c { \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #1 } }
                           72 }
                           _{74} \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_get_module:n { V }
                           75 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_get_proxy_adr:n { V }
                          (End definition for \object_get_module:n and \object_get_proxy_adr:n. These functions are docu-
                          mented on page 6.)
  \object_if_local_p:n
                          Test the specified parameters.
   \object_if_local:nTF
                           76 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_if_local:n {p, T, F, TF}
  \object_if_global_p:n
                           77 -{
                                \str_if_eq:cNTF { \__rawobjects_object_scovar:n {#1} }
  \object_if_global:nTF
                           78
                                  \c_object_local_str
  \object_if_public_p:n
                           79
  \object_if_public:n<u>TF</u>
 \object_if_private_p:n
                                                                     16
 \object_if_private:nTF
```

```
80
         \prg_return_true:
81
       }
82
       {
83
          \prg_return_false:
84
85
86 }
87
   \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_if_global:n {p, T, F, TF}
88
89
     \str_if_eq:cNTF { \__rawobjects_object_scovar:n {#1} }
90
       \c_object_global_str
91
       {
92
         \prg_return_true:
93
       }
94
       {
95
         \prg_return_false:
96
97
       }
98 }
   \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_if_public:n {p, T, F, TF}
100
101
     \str_if_eq:cNTF { \__rawobjects_object_visvar:n { #1 } }
102
       \c_object_public_str
103
       {
104
         \prg_return_true:
105
       }
106
       {
107
         \prg_return_false:
108
       }
109
110 }
111
  \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_if_private:n {p, T, F, TF}
112
113 {
     \str_if_eq:cNTF { \__rawobjects_object_visvar:n {#1} }
114
       \c_object_private_str
       {
116
         \prg_return_true:
118
       }
       {
         \prg_return_false:
121
       }
122 }
  \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_if_local:n { V }
124
     { p, T, F, TF }
125
_{\rm 126} \prg_generate_conditional_variant:\nn \object_if_global:n { V }
     { p, T, F, TF }
128 \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_if_public:n { V }
     { p, T, F, TF }
\prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_if_private:n { V }
     { p, T, F, TF }
```

```
Generic macro address
  \object_macro_adr:nn
  \object_macro_use:nn
                             132
                             133 \cs_new:Nn \object_macro_adr:nn
                             134
                                     #1 \tl_to_str:n{ _MACRO_ #2 }
                             135
                             136
                             137
                                \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_macro_adr:nn{ Vn }
                             138
                             139
                                \cs_new:Nn \object_macro_use:nn
                             141
                                     \use:c
                             142
                                        {
                             143
                                          \object_macro_adr:nn{ #1 }{ #2 }
                             144
                             145
                                   }
                             146
                             147
                                \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_macro_use:nn{ Vn }
                             148
                             (\mathit{End \ definition \ for \ \ } \texttt{object\_macro\_adr:nn} \ \ \mathit{and \ \ } \texttt{object\_macro\_use:nn}. \ \ \mathit{These \ functions \ are \ documented}
                             on page 10.)
\object_member_adr:nnn
                             Get the address of a member variable
\object_member_adr:nn
                             151 \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_scope:n
                             152
                                     \object_if_local:nTF { #1 }
                             153
                                        {
                                          1
                                       }
                             156
                             157
                                          \str_if_eq:cNTF { \__rawobjects_object_scovar:n { #1 } }
                             158
                                            \c__rawobjects_const_str
                             159
                                            {
                             160
                             161
                                               С
                                            }
                             162
                             163
                                            {
                             164
                                               g
                                            }
                                        }
                                   }
                             167
                             168
                                \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_scope_pfx:n
                             169
                             170
                                     \object_if_local:nF { #1 }
                                        { g }
                             173
                             174
                             175
                                 \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_vis_var:n
                                     \object_if_private:nTF { #1 }
                             177
                             178
```

```
{
                           181
                           182
                           183
                           184
                           185
                              \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_vis_fun:n
                           186
                           187
                                  \object_if_private:nT { #1 }
                           189
                           190
                           191
                                }
                           192
                           193
                              \cs_new:Nn \object_member_adr:nnn
                           194
                                {
                           195
                                   \__rawobjects_scope:n { #1 }
                           196
                                  \_rawobjects_vis_var:n { #1 }
                           197
                                  #1 \tl_to_str:n { _ MEMBER _ #2 _ #3 }
                              \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_adr:nnn { Vnn, vnn, nnv }
                           201
                           202
                              \cs_new:Nn \object_member_adr:nn
                           203
                           204
                                  \object_member_adr:nnv { #1 }{ #2 }
                           205
                           206
                                       \object_rcmember_adr:nnn { #1 }
                           207
                                         { #2 _ type }{ str }
                           208
                                    }
                                }
                           210
                           211
                              \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_adr:nn { Vn }
                           212
                          (End definition for \object_member_adr:nnn and \object_member_adr:nn. These functions are docu-
                          mented on page 6.)
                          Deduce the member type from the generating proxy.
\object_member_type:nn
                           214
                              \cs_new:Nn \object_member_type:nn
                                  \object_rcmember_use:nnn { #1 }
                                    { #2 _ type }{ str }
                           218
                                }
                           219
                           220
                          (End definition for \object_member_type:nn. This function is documented on page 7.)
                           221
                              \msg_new:nnnn { rawobjects }{ scoperr }{ Nonstandard ~ scope }
                                {
                                  Operation ~ not ~ permitted ~ on ~ object ~ \#1 ~
                           224
                                  ~ since ~ it ~ wasn't ~ declared ~ local ~ or ~ global
                           225
                                }
                           226
```

}

```
\cs_new_protected:\n\__rawobjects_force_scope:n
                                  229
                                          \bool_if:nF
                                  230
                                  231
                                              \object_if_local_p:n { #1 } || \object_if_global_p:n { #1 }
                                            {
                                  234
                                               \msg_error:nnx { rawobjects }{ scoperr }{ #1 }
                                  236
                                       }
                                  237
                                  238
                                  Tests if the specified member exists
          \object member if exist p:nnn
\object_member_if_exist:nnnTF
\object_member_if_exist_p:nn
                                     \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_member_if_exist:nnn {p, T, F, TF }
\object_member_if_exist:nn<u>TF</u>
                                  241
                                  242
                                          \cs_if_exist:cTF
                                  243
                                            {
                                              \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
                                  244
                                  245
                                            {
                                  246
                                               \prg_return_true:
                                  247
                                            }
                                  248
                                  249
                                               \prg_return_false:
                                  251
                                       }
                                  252
                                  253
                                     \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_member_if_exist:nn {p, T, F, TF }
                                  254
                                  255
                                          \cs_if_exist:cTF
                                  256
                                            {
                                  257
                                              \object_member_adr:nn { #1 }{ #2 }
                                  258
                                            }
                                  259
                                  260
                                               \prg_return_true:
                                            }
                                            {
                                  263
                                               \prg_return_false:
                                  264
                                  265
                                       }
                                  266
                                  267
                                     \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_member_if_exist:nnn
                                  268
                                       { Vnn }{ p, T, F, TF }
                                  269
                                  270 \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_member_if_exist:nn
                                       { Vn }{ p, T, F, TF }
                                  (End definition for \object_member_if_exist:nnnTF and \object_member_if_exist:nnTF. These func-
                                  tions are documented on page 7.)
```

227

\object\_new\_member:nnn Creates a new member variable

```
\cs_new_protected:Nn \object_new_member:nnn
                             275
                                  {
                                     \__rawobjects_force_scope:n { #1 }
                             276
                                     \cs_if_exist_use:cT { #3 _ new:c }
                             278
                                         { \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 } }
                             279
                             280
                                  }
                             281
                                \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_new_member:nnn { Vnn, nnv }
                             (End definition for \object_new_member:nnn. This function is documented on page 7.)
   \object_member_use:nnn
                             Uses a member variable
    \object_member_use:nn
                             286 \cs_new:Nn \object_member_use:nnn
                             287
                                     \cs_if_exist_use:cT { #3 _ use:c }
                                         { \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 } }
                             291
                                  }
                             292
                             293
                             294 \cs_new:Nn \object_member_use:nn
                             295
                                     \object_member_use:nnv { #1 }{ #2 }
                             296
                             297
                                         \object_rcmember_adr:nnn { #1 }
                             298
                                           { #2 _ type }{ str }
                             299
                              300
                                  }
                              301
                                \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_use:nnn { Vnn, vnn, nnv }
                                \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_use:nn { Vn }
                             (End definition for \object_member_use:nnn and \object_member_use:nn. These functions are docu-
                             mented on page 7.)
                             Set the value a member.
  \object_member_set:nnnn
\object_member_set_eq:nnn
                             307 \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_member_set:nnnn
                             308
                                     \__rawobjects_force_scope:n { #1 }
                             309
                                     \cs_if_exist_use:cT
                             310
                             311
                                         #3 _ \__rawobjects_scope_pfx:n { #1 } set:cn
                                       }
                                         { \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 } } { #4 }
                             315
                             316
                                  }
                             317
                             318
                             319 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_set:nnnn { Vnnn, nnvn }
```

```
320
   \cs_new_protected: Nn \object_member_set:nnn
321
322
        \object_member_set:nnvn { #1 }{ #2 }
323
324
            \object_rcmember_adr:nnn { #1 }
325
              { #2 _ type }{ str }
326
          } { #3 }
327
     }
328
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_set:nnn { Vnn }
(End definition for \object_member_set:nnnn and \object_member_set_eq:nnn. These functions are
documented on page 7.)
Make a member equal to another variable.
   \cs_new_protected: Nn \object_member_set_eq:nnnN
334
        \__rawobjects_force_scope:n { #1 }
335
        \cs_if_exist_use:cT
336
            #3 _ \_rawobjects_scope_pfx:n { #1 } set _ eq:cN
338
339
340
            { \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 } } #4
341
342
343
     }
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_set_eq:nnnN {    VnnN, nnnc, Vnnc, nnvN }
345
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_member_set_eq:nnN
347
348
        \object_member_set_eq:nnvN { #1 }{ #2 }
349
350
            \object_rcmember_adr:nnn { #1 }
351
              { #2 _ type }{ str }
352
353
354
     }
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_set_eq:nnN { VnN, nnc, Vnc }
(End definition for \object_member_set_eq:nnnN and \object_member_set_eq:nnN. These functions are
documented on page 7.)
Get the address of a near/remote constant.
   \cs_new:Nn \object_ncmember_adr:nnn
        c _ #1 \tl_to_str:n { _ CONST _ #2 _ #3 }
361
     }
362
```

\object\_member\_set\_eq:nnnN
\object\_member\_set\_eq:nnN

\object\_ncmember\_adr:nnn
\object\_rcmember\_adr:nnn

364 \cs\_generate\_variant:Nn \object\_ncmember\_adr:nnn { Vnn, vnn }

```
\cs_new:Nn \object_rcmember_adr:nnn
                              367
                                      \object_ncmember_adr:vnn { \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #1 } }
                              368
                                        { #2 }{ #3 }
                              369
                                   }
                              370
                              371
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_rcmember_adr:nnn { Vnn }
                              (End definition for \object_ncmember_adr:nnn and \object_rcmember_adr:nnn. These functions are
                              documented on page 8.)
   \object ncmember if exist p:nnn
                             Tests if the specified member constant exists.
   \object_ncmember_if_exist:nnn_<u>TF</u>
   \object_rcmember_if_exist_p:nnn
                              374 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_ncmember_if_exist:nnn {p, T, F, TF }
   \object rcmember if exist:nnnTF
                              375
                                      \cs_if_exist:cTF
                              376
                                           \object_ncmember_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
                              378
                                        }
                              379
                                        {
                              380
                                           \prg_return_true:
                              381
                                        }
                              382
                                        {
                              383
                                           \prg_return_false:
                              384
                              385
                                   }
                              386
                              387
                                 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_rcmember_if_exist:nnn {p, T, F, TF }
                              388
                                      \cs_if_exist:cTF
                              391
                                          \object_rcmember_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
                              392
                              393
                                        {
                              394
                                           \prg_return_true:
                              395
                                        }
                              396
                                           \prg_return_false:
                              399
                              400
                                   }
                              401
                                 \verb|\prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_ncmember_if_exist:nnn| \\
                              402
                                   { Vnn }{ p, T, F, TF }
                              403
                                 \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_rcmember_if_exist:nnn
                              404
                                    { Vnn }{ p, T, F, TF }
                              405
                              406
                              (End definition for \object_ncmember_if_exist:nnnTF and \object_rcmember_if_exist:nnnTF. These
                              functions are documented on page 8.)
                             Uses a near/remote constant.
\object_ncmember_use:nnn
\object_rcmember_use:nnn
                              408 \cs_new:Nn \object_ncmember_use:nnn
                                   {
                              409
```

```
\cs_if_exist_use:cT { #3 _ use:c }
                              410
                              411
                                            \object_ncmember_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 } }
                              412
                              413
                                   }
                              414
                              415
                                  \cs_new:Nn \object_rcmember_use:nnn
                              416
                              417
                                      \cs_if_exist_use:cT { #3 _ use:c }
                              418
                              419
                                          { \object_rcmember_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 } }
                              420
                              421
                                   }
                              422
                              423
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_ncmember_use:nnn { Vnn }
                              424
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_rcmember_use:nnn { Vnn }
                              (End definition for \object_ncmember_use:nnn and \object_rcmember_use:nnn. These functions are
                              documented on page 8.)
     \object_newconst:nnnn
                              Creates a constant variable, use with caution
                              428
                                 \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst:nnnn
                              429
                                      \use:c { #3 _ const:cn }
                               431
                                          \object_ncmember_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
                               432
                               433
                                        { #4 }
                              434
                                   }
                              435
                              436
                              (End definition for \object_newconst:nnnn. This function is documented on page 10.)
  \object_newconst_tl:nnn
                              Create constants
 \object_newconst_str:nnn
 \object_newconst_int:nnn
                              438 \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst_tl:nnn
\object_newconst_clist:nnn
                              439
                                      \object_newconst:nnnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ tl }{ #3 }
  \object_newconst_dim:nnn
                              440
                                   }
                              441
 \object_newconst_skip:nnn
                              442 \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst_str:nnn
  \object_newconst_fp:nnn
                              443
                                      \object_newconst:nnnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ str }{ #3 }
                              444
                              445
                                 \cs_new_protected: Nn \object_newconst_int:nnn
                              446
                              447
                                      \object_newconst:nnnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ int }{ #3 }
                                 \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst_clist:nnn
                              451
                                      \object_newconst:nnnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ clist }{ #3 }
                              452
                              453
                              454 \cs_new_protected: Nn \object_newconst_dim:nnn
                                   {
                              455
```

```
\object_newconst:nnnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ dim }{ #3 }
                              456
                                   }
                              457
                                 \cs_new_protected: Nn \object_newconst_skip:nnn
                              458
                              459
                                     \object_newconst:nnnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ skip }{ #3 }
                              460
                                   }
                              461
                                 \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst_fp:nnn
                                     \odots \object_newconst:nnnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ fp }{ #3 }
                                   }
                              465
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_tl:nnn { Vnn }
                              467
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_str:nnn { Vnn }
                              468
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_int:nnn { Vnn }
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_clist:nnn { Vnn }
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_dim:nnn { Vnn }
                                 \cs_generate_variant: Nn \object_newconst_skip:nnn { Vnn }
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_fp:nnn { Vnn }
                             (End definition for \object_newconst_tl:nnn and others. These functions are documented on page 9.)
                             Creates a seq constant.
 \object_newconst_seq_from_clist:nnn
                                 \cs_new_protected: Nn \object_newconst_seq_from_clist:nnn
                              477
                                     \seq_const_from_clist:cn
                              478
                              479
                                          \object_ncmember_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ seq }
                              480
                              481
                                       { #3 }
                              482
                                   }
                              483
                              484
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_seq_from_clist:nnn { Vnn }
                             (End definition for \object_newconst_seq_from_clist:nnn. This function is documented on page 9.)
                             Creates a prop constant.
\object newconst prop from keyval:nnn
                              487
                                 \cs_new_protected: Nn \object_newconst_prop_from_keyval:nnn
                              489
                                     \prop_const_from_keyval:cn
                              490
                              491
                                          \object_ncmember_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ prop }
                              492
                              493
                                       { #3 }
                              494
                              495
                              496
                                 \cs_generate_variant: Nn \object_newconst_prop_from_keyval:nnn { Vnn }
```

(End definition for \object\_newconst\_prop\_from\_keyval:nnn. This function is documented on page 9.)

\object\_ncmethod\_adr:nnn
\object\_rcmethod\_adr:nnn

Fully expands to the method address.

```
500 \cs_new:Nn \object_ncmethod_adr:nnn
501
       #1 \tl_to_str:n { _ CMETHOD _ #2 : #3 }
502
503
504
505
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_ncmethod_adr:nnn { Vnn , vnn }
   \cs_new:Nn \object_rcmethod_adr:nnn
       \object_ncmethod_adr:vnn
509
510
           \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #1 }
511
512
         { #2 }{ #3 }
513
     }
514
515
  \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_ncmethod_adr:nnn { Vnn , vnn }
  \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_rcmethod_adr:nnn { Vnn }
```

(End definition for  $\oldsymbol{\colored}$  adr:nnn and  $\oldsymbol{\colored}$  adr:nnn. These functions are documented on page 8.)

\object\_ncmethod\_if\_exist\_p:nnn \object\_ncmethod\_if\_exist:nnn<u>TF</u> \object\_rcmethod\_if\_exist\_p:nnn \object\_rcmethod\_if\_exist:nnn<u>TF</u> Tests if the specified member constant exists.

```
520 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_ncmethod_if_exist:nnn {p, T, F, TF }
521
522
        \cs_if_exist:cTF
523
            \object_ncmethod_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
524
          }
525
          {
526
             \prg_return_true:
527
528
          {
529
             \prg_return_false:
530
531
     }
532
533
   \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_rcmethod_if_exist:nnn {p, T, F, TF }
534
535
        \cs_if_exist:cTF
536
          {
537
            \object_rcmethodr_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
538
539
540
             \prg_return_true:
541
542
          }
543
          {
             \prg_return_false:
544
545
     }
546
```

```
\prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_ncmethod_if_exist:nnn
                                   { Vnn }{ p, T, F, TF }
                             \verb|\prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_rcmethod_if_exist:nnn| \\
                                   { Vnn }{ p, T, F, TF }
                             551
                             (End definition for \object_ncmethod_if_exist:nnnTF and \object_rcmethod_if_exist:nnnTF. These
                             functions are documented on page 8.)
                             Creates a new method
 \object_new_cmethod:nnnn
                                \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_new_cmethod:nnnn
                             555
                                     \cs_new:cn
                             556
                              557
                                     \object_ncmethod_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
                              558
                                   }
                                   { #4 }
                              560
                              561
                                   }
                              562
                             563 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_new_cmethod:nnnn { Vnnn }
                             (End definition for \object_new_cmethod:nnnn. This function is documented on page 9.)
                             Calls the specified method.
\object_ncmethod_call:nnn
\object_rcmethod_call:nnn
                             566 \cs_new:Nn \object_ncmethod_call:nnn
                                   {
                             567
                                     \use:c
                             568
                              569
                                     \object_ncmethod_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
                                   }
                              571
                              572
                                   }
                             573
                                \cs_new:Nn \object_rcmethod_call:nnn
                             574
                             575
                                   {
                                     \use:c
                             576
                                   {
                             577
                                     \object_rcmethod_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
                              578
                             579
                                   }
                              580
                                \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_ncmethod_call:nnn { Vnn }
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_rcmethod_call:nnn { Vnn }
                             (End definition for \object_ncmethod_call:nnn and \object_rcmethod_call:nnn. These functions are
                             documented on page 9.)
     \c_proxy_address_str
                            The address of the proxy object.
                             585 \str_const:Nx \c_proxy_address_str
                                   { \object_address:nn { rawobjects }{ proxy } }
```

547

```
(End definition for \c_proxy_address_str. This variable is documented on page 11.)
                               Source of proxy object
                           588 \str_const:cn { \__rawobjects_object_modvar:V \c_proxy_address_str }
                                { rawobjects }
                           590 \str_const:cV { \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:V \c_proxy_address_str }
                                \c_proxy_address_str
                           592 \str_const:cV { \__rawobjects_object_scovar:V \c_proxy_address_str }
                                \c__rawobjects_const_str
                           593
                              \str_const:cV { \__rawobjects_object_visvar:V \c_proxy_address_str }
                                \c_object_public_str
                           595
                              \seq_const_from_clist:cn
                                  \object_member_adr:Vnn \c_proxy_address_str { varlist }{ seq }
                           599
                                }
                           600
                                { varlist, objlist }
                           601
                           602
                              \object_newconst_str:Vnn \c_proxy_address_str { varlist_type }{ seq }
                           603
                              \object_newconst_str:Vnn \c_proxy_address_str { objlist_type }{ seq }
                           605
                              \seq_const_from_clist:cn
                           606
                                   \object_member_adr:Vnn \c_proxy_address_str { objlist }{ seq }
                                }
                           609
                                {}
                           610
                           611
   \object_if_proxy_p:n
                          Test if an object is a proxy.
   \object_if_proxy:nTF
                              \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_if_proxy:n {p, T, F, TF}
                           614
                           615
                                  \object_test_proxy:nNTF { #1 }
                                \c_proxy_address_str
                           616
                           617
                                    {
                                       \prg_return_true:
                           618
                           619
                                    {
                           620
                                       \prg_return_false:
                           621
                           622
                                }
                           623
                           (End definition for \object_if_proxy:nTF. This function is documented on page 10.)
                          Test if an object is generated from selected proxy.
\object_test_proxy_p:nn
\object_test_proxy:nnTF
\object_test_proxy_p:nN
                           626 \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \str_if_eq:nn { ve }{ TF }
\object_test_proxy:nNTF
                           627
                              \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_test_proxy:nn {p, T, F, TF}
                           628
                           629
                                  \str_if_eq:veTF { \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #1 } }
                           630
                                { #2 }
                           631
                           632
                                    {
```

```
633
            \prg_return_true:
          }
634
          {
635
            \prg_return_false:
636
637
     }
638
639
   \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_test_proxy:nN {p, T, F, TF}
640
        \str_if_eq:cNTF { \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #1 } }
642
     #2
643
644
            \prg_return_true:
645
          }
646
647
            \prg_return_false:
648
649
     }
650
   \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_test_proxy:nn
     { Vn }{p, T, F, TF}
   \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_test_proxy:nN
     { VN }{p, T, F, TF}
655
656
(End definition for \object_test_proxy:nnTF and \object_test_proxy:nNTF. These functions are doc-
umented on page 10.)
Creates an object from a proxy
   \msg_new:nnn { aa }{ mess }{ #1 }
658
659
   \msg_new:nnnn { rawobjects }{ notproxy }{ Fake ~ proxy }
660
661
       Object ~ #1 ~ is ~ not ~ a ~ proxy.
662
     }
663
664
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \__rawobjects_force_proxy:n
665
666
       \object_if_proxy:nF { #1 }
667
            \msg_error:nnn { rawobjects }{ notproxy }{ #1 }
669
670
     }
671
672
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \__rawobjects_create_anon:nnnNN
673
     {
674
675
       \__rawobjects_force_proxy:n { #1 }
676
677
       \str_const:cn { \__rawobjects_object_modvar:n { #2 } }{ #3 }
       \str_const:cx { \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #2 } }{ #1 }
679
       \str_const:cV { \__rawobjects_object_scovar:n { #2 } } #4
680
```

\object\_create:nnnNN \object\_create\_set:NnnnNN

\embedded\_create:nnn

681

\object\_create\_gset:NnnnNN

\str\_const:cV { \\_\_rawobjects\_object\_visvar:n { #2 } } #5

```
682
       \seq_map_inline:cn
683
684
            \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ varlist }{ seq }
685
         }
686
         {
687
            \object_new_member:nnv { #2 }{ ##1 }
688
                \object_ncmember_adr:nnn { #1 }{ ##1 _ type }{ str }
691
         }
693
       \seq_map_inline:cn
694
695
            \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ objlist }{ seq }
696
         }
697
698
            \embedded_create:nvn
699
             { #2 }
             {
                \object_ncmember_adr:nnn { #1 }{ ##1 _ proxy }{ str }
703
             { ##1 }
704
         }
705
     }
706
707
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__rawobjects_create_anon:nnnNN { nnvcc }
708
709
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_create:nnnNN
710
       \__rawobjects_create_anon:nnnNN { #1 }{ \object_address:nn { #2 }{ #3 } }
         { #2 } #4 #5
713
     }
714
  \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_create_set:NnnnNN
716
       \object_create:nnnNN { #2 }{ #3 }{ #4 } #5 #6
718
719
       \str_set:Nx #1 { \object_address:nn { #3 }{ #4 } }
720
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_create_gset:NnnnNN
723
       \object_create:nnnNN { #2 }{ #3 }{ #4 } #5 #6
724
       \str_gset:Nx #1 { \object_address:nn { #3 }{ #4 } }
725
     }
726
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \embedded_create:nnn
728
729
       \__rawobjects_create_anon:nnvcc { #2 }
730
731
            \object_embedded_adr:nn
             { #1 }{ #3 }
733
         }
734
         {
735
```

```
\__rawobjects_object_modvar:n{ #1 }
736
          }
737
          {
738
               _rawobjects_object_scovar:n{ #1 }
739
740
          {
741
              _rawobjects_object_visvar:n{ #1 }
742
743
     }
744
745
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_create:nnnNN { VnnNN }
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_create_set:NnnnNN { NVnnNN, NnnfNN }
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_create_gset:NnnnNN { NVnnNN, NnnfNN }
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \embedded_create:nnn { nvn, Vnn }
(End definition for \object_create:nnnNN and others. These functions are documented on page 11.)
Create an address and use it to instantiate an object
752 \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_combine_aux:nnn
753
       anon . #3 . #2 . #1
754
     }
755
756
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__rawobjects_combine_aux:nnn { Vnf }
757
758
   \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_combine:Nn
759
760
        \__rawobjects_combine_aux:Vnf #1 { #2 }
761
     {
762
       \cs_to_str:N #1
763
764
765
     }
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_allocate_incr:NNnnNN
767
       \object_create_set:NnnfNN #1 { #3 }{ #4 }
769
               _rawobjects_combine:Nn #2 { #3 }
          #5 #6
774
          \int_incr:N #2
775
     }
776
777
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_gallocate_incr:NNnnNN
778
779
        \object_create_gset:NnnfNN #1 { #3 }{ #4 }
780
781
            \__rawobjects_combine:Nn #2 { #3 }
782
783
```

\object\_allocate\_incr:NNnnNN

\object\_gallocate\_incr:NNnnNN \object\_allocate\_gincr:NNnnNN

\object gallocate gincr:NNnnNN

#5 #6

```
}
                           787
                           788
                               \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_allocate_incr:NNnnNN { NNVnNN }
                           789
                           790
                               \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_gallocate_incr:NNnnNN { NNVnNN }
                           791
                           792
                              \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_allocate_gincr:NNnnNN
                                   \object_create_set:NnnfNN #1 { #3 }{ #4 }
                           795
                                       \__rawobjects_combine:Nn #2 { #3 }
                           797
                           798
                                     #5 #6
                           799
                           800
                                     \int_gincr:N #2
                           801
                                }
                           802
                           803
                              \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_gallocate_gincr:NNnnNN
                                   \object_create_gset:NnnfNN #1 { #3 }{ #4 }
                           806
                           807
                                       \_{\rm rawobjects\_combine:Nn} #2 { #3 }
                           808
                           809
                                     #5 #6
                           810
                           811
                                     \int_gincr:N #2
                           812
                                }
                           813
                           814
                              \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_allocate_gincr:NNnnNN { NNVnNN }
                              \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_gallocate_gincr:NNnnNN { NNVnNN }
                           817
                           818
                           (End definition for \object_allocate_incr:NNnnNN and others. These functions are documented on
                           page 11.)
                           Creates a new proxy object
      \proxy_create:nnN
 \proxy_create_set:NnnN
                              \cs_new_protected:Nn \proxy_create:nnN
\proxy_create_gset:NnnN
                           820
                           821
                                   \object_create:VnnNN \c_proxy_address_str { #1 }{ #2 }
                           822
                                     \c_object_global_str #3
                           823
                           824
                           825
                              \cs_new_protected:Nn \proxy_create_set:NnnN
                           826
                           827
                                   \object_create_set:NVnnNN #1 \c_proxy_address_str { #2 }{ #3 }
                           828
                                     \c_object_global_str #4
                           829
                           830
                           831
                              \cs_new_protected:Nn \proxy_create_gset:NnnN
                           832
                           833
                                   \object_create_gset:NVnnNN #1 \c_proxy_address_str { #2 }{ #3 }
                           834
```

\int\_incr:N #2

```
}
                             836
                             837
                             (End definition for \proxy_create:nnN, \proxy_create_set:NnnN, and \proxy_create_gset:NnnN. These
                            functions are documented on page 11.)
                            Push a new member inside a proxy.
  \proxy_push_member:nnn
                             838 \cs_new_protected:Nn \proxy_push_member:nnn
                             839
                                     \__rawobjects_force_scope:n { #1 }
                             840
                                    \object_newconst_str:nnn { #1 }{ #2 _ type }{ #3 }
                             841
                                     \seq_gput_left:cn
                             842
                             843
                                         \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ varlist }{ seq }
                             844
                                       }
                             845
                                       { #2 }
                             846
                                  }
                             847
                             848
                             849 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \proxy_push_member:nnn { Vnn }
                             (End definition for \proxy push member:nnn. This function is documented on page 12.)
                            Push a new embedded object inside a proxy.
\proxy_push_embedded:nnn
                                \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_str:nnn { nnx }
                             852
                             853
                                \cs_new_protected: Nn \proxy_push_embedded:nnn
                             854
                             855
                                     \__rawobjects_force_scope:n { #1 }
                             856
                                     \object_newconst_str:nnx { #1 }{ #2 _ proxy }{ #3 }
                             857
                                     \seq_gput_left:cn
                             858
                                         \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ objlist }{ seq }
                             861
                                       { #2 }
                             862
                                  }
                             863
                             864
                                \cs_generate_variant:Nn \proxy_push_embedded:nnn { Vnn }
                             865
                             (End definition for \proxy_push_embedded:nnn. This function is documented on page 12.)
                            Copy an object to another one.
       \object_assign:nn
                             867 \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_assign:nn
                             868
                                    \seq_map_inline:cn
                                         \object_member_adr:vnn
                             872
                                              \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #1 }
                             873
                             874
                                           { varlist }{ seq }
                             875
                                       }
                             876
```

\c\_object\_global\_str #4

```
877
            \object_member_set_eq:nnc { #1 }{ ##1 }
878
879
                 \object_member_adr:nn{ #2 }{ ##1 }
880
881
          }
882
     }
883
884
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_assign:nn { nV, Vn, VV }
(End definition for \oldsymbol{\colored}) assign:nn. This function is documented on page 12.)
    A simple forward list proxy
886
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \rawobjects_fwl_inst:n
887
888
     {
        \object_if_exist:nF
889
          {
890
            \object_address:nn { rawobjects }{ fwl ! #1 }
891
          }
892
893
            \proxy_create:nnN { rawobjects }{ fwl ! #1 } \c_object_private_str
            \proxy_push_member
                 \object_address:nn { rawobjects }{ fwl ! #1 }
897
898
              { next }{ str }
899
          }
900
     }
901
902
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \rawobjects_fwl_newnode:nnnNN
        \rawobjects_fwl_inst:n { #1 }
        \object_create:nnnNN
907
            \object_address:nn { rawobjects }{ fwl ! #1 }
908
909
          { #2 }{ #3 } #4 #5
910
     }
911
912
913 (/package)
```