The lt3rawobjects package

Paolo De Donato

Released 2022/06/30 Version 1.1

Contents

1	Introduction	1
2	To do	1
3	Objects and proxies	2
4	Constants	3
5	Library functions 5.1 Base object functions 5.2 Operating with member variables and constants 5.3 Constant creation 5.4 Proxy utilities and object creation	3 4 5 6
6	Examples	7
7	Templated proxies	8
8	Implementation	8

1 Introduction

First to all notice that lt3rawobjects means "raw object(s)", indeed lt3rawobjects introduces a new mechanism to create objects like the well known C structures. The functions exported by this package are quite low level, and many important mechanisms like member protection and name resolution aren't already defined and should be introduced by intermediate packages.

2 To do

- Introduce member functions in objects and member function specifications in proxies;
- Uniform declarations for templated proxies;
- Introduce constant objects.

3 Objects and proxies

Usually an object in programming languages can be seen as a collection of variables (organized in different ways depending on the chosen language) treated as part of a single entity. Also in lt3rawobjects objects are collections of variables, called member variables, which can be retrieved from a string representing that object. Such string is the address of the object and act like the address of a structure in C.

An address is composed of two parts, the *module* in which variables are created and an *identifier* that identify uniquely the object inside its module. It's up to the caller that two different objects have different identifiers. The address of an object can be obtained with the <code>\object_address</code> function. Identifiers and module names should not contain numbers, <code>#</code> and <code>_</code> characters in order to avoid conflicts with automatically generated addresses.

In C each object/structure has a *type* that tells the compiler how each object should be organized and instantiated in the memory. So if you need to create objects with the same structure you should first create a new struct entity and then create object with such type.

In lt3rawobjects objects are created from an existing object with a particular structure that holds all the needed informations to organize their variables. Such objects that can be used to instantiate new objects are calles *proxies* and the proxy object used to instantiate an object is its *generator*. In order to create new objects with a specified proxy you can use the \object create functions.

Since proxies are themself objects we need a proxy to instantiate user defined proxies, you can use the proxy object in the rawobjects module to create you own proxy, which address is held by the \c_proxy_address_str variable. Proxies must be created from the proxy object otherwise they won't be recognized as proxies. Instead of using \object_-create to create proxies you can directly use the function \proxy_create.

Once you've created you proxy object you should specify its member variables that will be created in each object initialized with such proxy. You can add a variable specification with the \proxy_push_member function. Once you've added all yor variables specifications you can use your proxy to create objects. You should never modify a proxy once you've used it to create at least one object, since these modifications won't be updated on already created objects, leading to hidden errors in subsequential code.

When you create a new variable specification with the \proxy_push_member you can notice the presence of $\langle type \rangle$ parameter. It represents the type of such variable and can be a standard type (like t1, str, int, seq, ...) or user defined types if the following functions are defined:

```
\langle type \rangle_{new:N} and c variant;
\langle type \rangle_{set_eq:NN} and cN, Nc, cc variants.
```

Every object, and so proxies too, is characterized by the following parameters:

- the *module* in which it has been created;
- the address of the proxy generator;
- a parameter saying if the object is local or global;
- a parameter saying if the object is *public* or *private*;
- zero or more member variables.

In a local/global/public/private object every member variable is declared local/global/public/private. Address of a member variable can be obtained with the \object_member_- adr function, and you can instantiate new members that haven't been specified in its generator with the function \object_new_member. members created in this way aren't described by generator proxy, so its type can't be deduced and should be always specified in functions like \object_member_adr or \object_member_use.

4 Constants

This feature is available only from version 1.1 of lt3rawobjects. There're two different kinds of constants you can define on a object:

- 1. near constants are constants defined directly inside the associated object;
- 2. remote constants are constants that are defined instead on the generator proxy and so every object generated with that proxy can access the constant.

Currently it's possible to define only public constants, if you need private constants use member variables instead.

Notice that all near constants declared on a proxy are automatically remote constants for every generated object, but remote constants for a proxy aren't directly accessible by generated objects.

You can retrieve the address of a near constant with the \object_nconst_adr function and of a remote constant with \object_rconst_adr.

5 Library functions

5.1 Base object functions

 \odots

```
\odots \object_address:nn \{\langle module \rangle\}\ \{\langle id \rangle\}
```

Composes the address of object in module $\langle module \rangle$ with identifier $\langle id \rangle$ and places it in the input stream. Notice that $\langle module \rangle$ and $\langle id \rangle$ are converted to strings before composing them in the address, so they shouldn't contain any command inside. If you want to execute its content you should use a new variant, for example V, f or e variants.

From: 1.0

```
\object_address_set:Nnn
\object_address_gset:Nnn
```

```
\odots \object_address_set:nn \langle str \ var \rangle \ \{\langle module \rangle\} \ \{\langle id \rangle\}
```

Stores the adress of selected object inside the string variable $\langle str \ var \rangle$.

From: 1.1

```
\object_if_exist_p:n *
\object_if_exist_p:V *
\object_if_exist:n<u>TF</u> *
\object_if_exist:V<u>TF</u> *
```

```
\label{lem:code} $$ \ \ if_exist_p:n {\langle address \rangle} \ \ \ (\true\ code)} {\langle false\ code \rangle} $$
```

Tests if an object was instantiated at the specified address.

From: 1.0

```
\object_get_module:n {\address\} \object_get_proxy_adr:n {\address\} Get the object module and its generator.
```

From: 1.0

```
\object_if_local_p:n
                                                                                                               \object_if_local_p:n {\langle address \rangle}
    \object_if_local_p:V
                                                                                                                \odotsint {(address)} {(true code)} {(false code)}
    \object_if_local:nTF
                                                                                                              Tests if the object is local or global.
    \object_if_local:VTF
                                                                                                                                 From: 1.0
    \object_if_global_p:n *
    \object_if_global_p:V *
    \object_if_global:nTF
    \object_if_global:VTF
\object_if_public_p:n
                                                                                                                \oldsymbol{\colored} \oldsymbol{\colored} \oldsymbol{\colored} \oldsymbol{\colored} \address \end{\colored} \}
                                                                                                                \object_if_public_p:V
\object_if_public:nTF
                                                                                                               Tests if the object is public or private.
\object_if_public:VTF
                                                                                                                                 From: 1.0
\object_if_private_p:n *
\object_if_private_p:V *
\oldsymbol{\colored} \oldsymbol{\colored} \oldsymbol{\colored} \oldsymbol{\colored} \normalfalpha \colored \c
\object_if_private:VTF *
```

5.2 Operating with member variables and constants

Fully expands to the address of specified member variable. If type is not specified it'll be retrieved from the generator proxy, but only if member is specified in the generator.

From: 1.0

```
\object_member_type:nn *
\object_member_type:Vn *
```

 $\verb|\object_member_type:nn {| \langle address \rangle}| | \{\langle member name \rangle\}|$

Fully expands to the type of member $\langle member \ name \rangle$. Use this function only with member variables specified in the generator proxy, not with other member variables.

From: 1.0

Creates a new member variable with specified name and type. You can't retrieve the type of these variables with \object_member_type functions.

From: 1.0

Uses the specified member variable.

From: 1.0

```
\object_member_set_eq:nnnN
                                                                  \odots \object_member_set_eq:nnnN {\langle address \rangle} {\langle member name \rangle}
     \object_member_set_eq:(nnvN|VnnN|nnnc|Vnnc)
                                                                  \{\langle member type \rangle\} \langle variable \rangle
     \object_member_set_eq:nnN
                                                                  \verb|\object_member_set_eq:nnN| \{\langle address \rangle\} | \{\langle member| name \rangle\}|
     \object_member_set_eq:(VnN|nnc|Vnc)
                                                                  (variable)
                                   Sets the value of specified member equal to the value of \langle variable \rangle.
                                        From: 1.0
     \object_nconst_adr:nnn
                                               \verb|\object_nconst_adr:nnn| \{\langle address \rangle\} | \{\langle member name \rangle\} | \{\langle member type \rangle\}|
     \object_nconst_adr:(Vnn|vnn)
     \object_rconst_adr:nnn
     \object_rconst_adr:Vnn
                                   Fully expands to the address of specified near/remote constant.
                                        From: 1.1
                                   \odots \object_nconst_use:nnn {\langle address \rangle} {\langle member name \rangle} {\langle member type \rangle}
\object_nconst_use:nnn *
\object_nconst_use:Vnn *
                                   Uses the specified near/remote constant.
\object_rconst_use:nnn *
                                        From: 1.1
\object_rconst_use:Vnn *
```

5.3 Constant creation

Unlike normal variables, constants in IATEX3 are created in different ways depending on the specified type. So we dedicate a new section only to collect some of these functions readapted for near constants (remote constants are simply near constants created on the generator proxy).

```
\odotspace{0.05cm} \odotspace{
\object_newconst_tl:nnn
\object_newconst_tl:Vnn
                                                                                                                               Creates a constant variable with type \langle type \rangle and sets its value to \langle value \rangle.
\object_newconst_str:nnn
                                                                                                                                                 From: 1.1
\object_newconst_str:Vnn
\object_newconst_int:nnn
\object_newconst_int:Vnn
\object_newconst_clist:nnn
\object_newconst_clist:Vnn
\object_newconst_dim:nnn
\object_newconst_dim:Vnn
\object_newconst_skip:nnn
\object_newconst_skip:Vnn
\object_newconst_fp:nnn
\object_newconst_fp:Vnn
                          \object_newconst_seq_from_clist:nnn
                                                                                                                                                                                                 \verb|\object_newconst_seq_from_clist:nnn| \{\langle address \rangle\} | \{\langle constant| name \rangle\}|
```

{\langle comma-list \rangle}

Creates a seq constant which is set to contain all the items in $\langle comma-list \rangle$.

From: 1.1

\object_newconst_seq_from_clist:Vnn

```
\object_newconst_prop_from_keyval:Vnn
                                                                                                                     name \rangle \}
                                                                                                                     \langle key \rangle = \langle value \rangle, ...
                                                                         Creates a prop constant which is set to contain all the specified key-value pairs.
                                                                                   From: 1.1
                                                                                         Proxy utilities and object creation
         \object_if_proxy_p:n *
                                                                         \object_if_proxy_p:n {\langle address \rangle}
                                                                         \verb|\object_if_proxy:nTF {| \langle address \rangle}  | {| \langle true \ code \rangle}  | {| \langle false \ code \rangle}  |
         \object_if_proxy_p:V *
         \object_if_proxy:nTF *
                                                                         Test if the specified object is a proxy object.
         \object_if_proxy:VTF *
                                                                                   From: 1.0
               \c_proxy_address_str
                                                                         The address of the proxy object in the rawobjects module.
                                                                                   From: 1.0
                                                                         \colonerge \colonerge \colonerge \colonerge \colonerge \colored \colonerge 
               \object_create:nnnNN
               \object_create: VnnNN
                                                                         Creates an object by using the proxy at (proxy address) and the specified parameters.
                                                                                   From: 1.0
               \c_object_local_str
                                                                         Possible values for \langle scope \rangle parameter.
               \c_object_global_str
                                                                                   From: 1.0
             \c_object_public_str
                                                                         Possible values for \langle visibility \rangle parameter.
             \c_object_private_str
                                                                                   From: 1.0
                                                                         \verb|\object_create_set:NnnnNN| \langle str \ var \rangle \ \{\langle proxy \ address \rangle\} \ \{\langle module \rangle\} \ \{\langle id \rangle\} \ \langle scope \rangle
\object_create_set:NnnnNN
\object_create_set:NVnnNN
                                                                         ⟨visibility⟩
\object_create_gset:NnnnNN
                                                                         Creates an object and sets its fully expanded address inside \langle str \ var \rangle.
\object_create_gset:NVnnNN
                                                                                   From: 1.0
               \object_allocate_incr:NNnnNN
                                                                                                   \odots \object_allocate_incr:NNnnNN \langle str \ var \rangle \ \langle int \ var \rangle \ \{\langle proxy \ address \rangle\}
               \object_allocate_incr:NNVnNN
                                                                                                   {\( module \) \( \scope \) \( \visibility \)
               \object_gallocate_incr:NNnnNN
               \object_gallocate_incr:NNVnNN
               \object_allocate_gincr:NNnnNN
               \object_allocate_gincr:NNVnNN
               \object_gallocate_gincr:NNnnNN
```

\object_newconst_prop_from_keyval:nnn {\address\} {\constant}

Build a new object address with module $\langle module \rangle$ and an identifier generated from $\langle proxy \ address \rangle$ and the integer contained inside $\langle int \ var \rangle$, then increments $\langle int \ var \rangle$. This is very useful when you need to create a lot of objects, each of them on a different address. the _incr version increases $\langle int \ var \rangle$ locally whereas _gincr does it globally.

From: 1.1

\object_gallocate_gincr:NNVnNN

\object_newconst_prop_from_keyval:nnn

```
\proxy_create:nnN
\proxy_create_set:NnnN
\proxy_create_gset:NnnN
```

\proxy_push_member:nnn \proxy_push_member:Vnn

Updates a proxy object with a new member specification, so that every subsequential object created with this proxy will have a member variable with the specified name and type that can be retrieved with \object_member_type functions.

```
From: 1.0
```

\object_assign:nn
\object_assign:(Vn|nV|VV)

```
\odots \object_assign:nn {\langle to address \rangle} {\langle from address \rangle}
```

Assigns the content of each variable of object at $\langle from \ address \rangle$ to each correspective variable in $\langle to \ address \rangle$. Both the objects should be created with the same proxy object and only variables listed in the proxy are assigned.

From: 1.0

6 Examples

Example 1

Create a public proxy with id myproxy with the specification of a single member variable with name myvar and type t1, then set its address inside \l_myproxy_str.

```
\str_new:N \l_myproxy_str
\proxy_create_set:NnnN \l_myproxy_str { example }{ myproxy }
  \c_object_public_str
\proxy_push_member:Vnn \l_myproxy_str { myvar }{ tl }
```

Then create a new object with name myobj with that proxy, assign then token list \c_dollar_str{} ~ dollar ~ \c_dollar_str{} to myvar and then print it.

```
\c_dollar_str{} ~ dollar ~ \c_dollar_str{} to myvar and then print it.
\str_new:N \l_myobj_str
\object_create_set:NVnnNN \l_myobj_str \l_myproxy_str
    { example }{ myobj } \c_object_local_str \c_object_public_str
\tl_set:cn
    {
        \object_member_adr:Vn \l_myobj_str { myvar }
    }
    { \c_dollar_str{} ~ dollar ~ \c_dollar_str{} }
    Output: $ dollar $
        If you don't want to specify an object identifier you can also do
\int_new:N \l_intc_int
\object_allocate_incr:NNVnNN \l_myobj_str \l_intc_int \l_myproxy_str
    { example } \c_object_local_str \c_object_public_str
\tl_set:cn
```

```
{
    \object_member_adr:Vn \l_myobj_str { myvar }
}
{ \c_dollar_str{} ~ dollar ~ \c_dollar_str{} }
\object_member_use:Vn \l_myobj_str { myvar }

Output: $ dollar $
```

7 Templated proxies

At the current time there isn't a standardized approach to templated proxies. One problem of standardized templated proxies is how to define struct addresses for every kind of argument, especially the not expandable ones.

Even if there isn't currently a function to define every kind of templated proxy you can anyway define your templated proxy with your custom parameters. You simply need to define at least two functions:

- an expandable macro that, given all the needed arguments, fully expands to the address of your templated proxy. This address can be obtained by calling \object_-address {\langle module \rangle } {\langle id \rangle} where \langle id \rangle starts with the name of your templated proxy and is followed by a composition of specified arguments;
- a not expandable macro that tests if the templated proxy with specified arguments
 is instantiated and, if not, instantiate it with different calls to \proxy_create and
 \proxy_push_member.

8 Implementation

```
1 (*package)
                          2 (00=rawobjects)
 \c_object_local_str
 \c_object_global_str
                         3 \str_const:Nn \c_object_local_str {loc}
 \c_object_public_str
                         4 \str_const:Nn \c_object_global_str {glo}
\c_object_private_str
                         5 \str_const:Nn \c_object_public_str {pub}
                          6 \str_const:Nn \c_object_private_str {pri}
                          8 \str_const:Nn \c__rawobjects_const_str {con}
                        (End definition for \c_object_local_str and others. These variables are documented on page 6.)
   \object_address:nn Get address of an object
                          9 \cs_new:Nn \object_address:nn {
                             \tl_to_str:n { #1 _ #2 }
                        (End definition for \object_address:nn. This function is documented on page 3.)
```

```
\object_address_gset:Nnn
                            13 \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_address_set:Nnn {
                               \str_set:Nn #1 { #2 _ #3 }
                            14
                            15 }
                            17 \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_address_gset:Nnn {
                            \str_gset:Nn #1 { #2 _ #3 }
                            19 }
                           (End definition for \object_address_set:Nnn and \object_address_gset:Nnn. These functions are
                           documented on page 3.)
                            21 \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_object_modvar:n{
                              c __ #1 _ MODULE _ str
                            23 }
                            25 \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n{
                                c __ #1 _ PROXY _ str
                            29 \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_object_scovar:n{
                                c __ #1 _ SCOPE _ str
                            31 }
                            33 \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_object_visvar:n{
                                c __ #1 _ VISIB _ str
                            35 }
                            37 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__rawobjects_object_modvar:n { V }
                            _{\mbox{\scriptsize 38}} \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { V }
                            39 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__rawobjects_object_scovar:n { V }
                            40 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__rawobjects_object_visvar:n { V }
    \object_if_exist_p:n
                          Tests if object exists.
    \object_if_exist:nTF
                            41
                            42 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_if_exist:n { p, T, F, TF }
                            43
                                {
                                   \cs_if_exist:cTF
                            44
                                     {
                            45
                                       \__rawobjects_object_modvar:n { #1 }
                            46
                            47
                                     {
                            48
                            49
                                       \prg_return_true:
                            50
                            51
                                       \prg_return_false:
                                     }
                            53
                                }
                            56 \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_if_exist:n { V }
                                { p, T, F, TF }
```

\object_address_set:Nnn Saves the address of an object into a string variable

\object_get_module:n Retrieve the name, module and generating proxy of an object \object_get_proxy_adr:n 59 \cs_new:Nn \object_get_module:n { \str_use:c { __rawobjects_object_modvar:n { #1 } } 61 } 62 \cs_new:Nn \object_get_proxy_adr:n { \str_use:c { __rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #1 } } 63 64 } 66 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_get_module:n { V } 67 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_get_proxy_adr:n { V } (End definition for \object_get_module:n and \object_get_proxy_adr:n. These functions are documented on page 3.) Test the specified parameters. \object_if_local_p:n \object_if_local:nTF 68 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_if_local:n {p, T, F, TF} \object_if_global_p:n 69 { \object_if_global:nTF \str_if_eq:cNTF { __rawobjects_object_scovar:n {#1} } \c_object_local_str 70 { 71 \object_if_public_p:n \prg_return_true: 72 \object_if_public:nTF 73 \object_if_private_p:n { \object_if_private:n<u>TF</u> \prg_return_false: 75 } 76 77 } 78 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_if_global:n {p, T, F, TF} 79 80 \str_if_eq:cNTF { __rawobjects_object_scovar:n {#1} } \c_object_global_str 81 { 82 \prg_return_true: 83 84 { 85 86 \prg_return_false: 87 88 } \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_if_public:n {p, T, F, TF} 90 91 \str_if_eq:cNTF { __rawobjects_object_visvar:n { #1 } } \c_object_public_str 92 93 \prg_return_true: 94 95 96 97 $\prs_return_false:$ 98 } 99 } 100 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_if_private:n {p, T, F, TF} 101 102 { \str_if_eq:cNTF { __rawobjects_object_visvar:n {#1} } \c_object_private_str 103

{

104

(End definition for \object_if_exist:nTF. This function is documented on page 3.)

```
105
        \prg_return_true:
     }
106
     {
107
        \prg_return_false:
108
109
110 }
111
   \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_if_local:n { V }
112
     { p, T, F, TF }
   \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_if_global:n { V }
     { p, T, F, TF }
   \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_if_public:n { V }
     { p, T, F, TF }
   \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_if_private:n { V }
118
     { p, T, F, TF }
(End definition for \object_if_local:nTF and others. These functions are documented on page 4.)
Get the address of a member variable
   \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_scope:n
121
122
        \object_if_global:nTF { #1 }
123
          {
124
125
            g
          }
126
          {
            \str_if_eq:cNTF { \__rawobjects_object_scovar:n { #1 } }
128
              \c__rawobjects_const_str
129
              {
130
                С
131
              }
133
              {
134
                1
              }
135
          }
136
     }
137
138
   \cs_new:Nn \object_member_adr:nnn
139
140
          _rawobjects_scope:n { #1 }
141
        \object_if_private:nTF { #1 }
142
143
144
          }
145
146
          {
147
148
        #1 \tl_to_str:n { _ MEMBER _ #2 _ #3 }
149
150
151
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_adr:nnn { Vnn, vnn, nnv }
152
153
```

\object_member_adr:nnn

\object_member_adr:nn

154 \cs_new:Nn \object_member_adr:nn

```
{
                          155
                                  \object_member_adr:nnv { #1 }{ #2 }
                          156
                          157
                                      \object_member_adr:vnn { \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #1 } }
                          158
                                        { #2 _ type }{ str }
                          159
                          160
                               }
                          161
                          162
                          163 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_adr:nn { Vn }
                          (End definition for \object_member_adr:nnn and \object_member_adr:nn. These functions are docu-
                          mented on page 4.)
                         Deduce the member type from the generating proxy.
\object_member_type:nn
                          165
                             \cs_new:Nn \object_member_type:nn
                                  \object_member_use:vnn { \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #1 } }
                                    { #2 _ type }{ str }
                               }
                          169
                          170
                          (End definition for \object_member_type:nn. This function is documented on page 4.)
                          171
                             \msg_new:nnnn { rawobjects }{ scoperr }{ Nonstandard ~ scope }
                                 Operation ~ not ~ permitted ~ on ~ object ~ #1 ~
                                  ~ since ~ it ~ wasn't ~ declared ~ local ~ or ~ global
                          175
                               }
                          176
                          177
                             \cs_new_protected: Nn \__rawobjects_force_scope:n
                          178
                               {
                          179
                                  \bool_if:nF
                          180
                                    {
                          181
                                      \object_if_local_p:n { #1 } || \object_if_global_p:n { #1 }
                          182
                          183
                                      \msg_error:nnx { rawobjects }{ scoperr }{ #1 }
                                    }
                          186
                               }
                          187
                          188
                          Creates a new member variable
\object_new_member:nnn
                          189
                             \cs_new_protected: Nn \object_new_member:nnn
                          190
                          191
                                  \__rawobjects_force_scope:n { #1 }
                          192
                                  \cs_if_exist_use:cT { #3 _ new:c }
                                      { \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 } }
                                    }
                          196
                               }
                          197
                          198
                             \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_new_member:nnn { Vnn, nnv }
                          199
                          200
```

(End definition for \object_new_member:nnn. This function is documented on page 4.)

\object_member_use:nnn
\object_member_use:nn

Uses a member variable

```
201
   \cs_new:Nn \object_member_use:nnn
202
203
       \cs_if_exist_use:cT { #3 _ use:c }
204
           { \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 } }
206
     }
208
209
   \cs_new:Nn \object_member_use:nn
210
       \object_member_use:nnv { #1 }{ #2 }
           \object_member_adr:vnn { \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #1 } }
214
             { #2 _ type }{ str }
216
     }
217
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_use:nnn { Vnn, vnn, nnv }
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_use:nn { Vn }
```

(End definition for \object_member_use:nnn and \object_member_use:nn. These functions are documented on page $\frac{4}{4}$.)

\object_member_set_eq:nnnN
\object_member_set_eq:nnN

222

Set the value of a variable to a member.

```
\cs_new_protected: Nn \object_member_set_eq:nnnN
223
224
       \__rawobjects_force_scope:n { #1 }
225
       \cs_if_exist_use:cT
226
           #3 _ \object_if_global:nT { #1 }{ g } set _ eq:cN
228
229
           { \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 } } #4
232
     }
233
234
   \cs generate variant: Nn \object member set_eq:nnnN { VnnN, nnnc, Vnnc, nnvN }
235
236
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_member_set_eq:nnN
237
238
       \object_member_set_eq:nnvN { #1 }{ #2 }
239
           \object_member_adr:vnn { \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #1 } }
             { #2 _ type }{ str }
         } #3
243
     }
244
245
  \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_set_eq:nnN { VnN, nnc, Vnc }
246
247
```

 $(\mathit{End\ definition\ for\ } \verb|\object_member_set_eq:nnN|\ \mathit{and\ } \verb|\object_member_set_eq:nnN|\ \mathit{These\ functions\ are\ } \\$ documented on page 5.)

```
Get the address of a near/remote constant.
    \object_nconst_adr:nnn
    \object_rconst_adr:nnn
                              248
                                 \cs_new:Nn \object_nconst_adr:nnn
                              249
                              250
                                     c _ #1 \tl_to_str:n { _ CONST _ #2 _ #3 }
                              251
                              252
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_adr:nnn { Vnn, vnn }
                                 \cs_new:Nn \object_rconst_adr:nnn
                              256
                              257
                                   {
                                      \object_nconst_adr:vnn { \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #1 } }
                              258
                                        { #2 }{ #3 }
                              259
                              260
                              261
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_adr:nnn { Vnn }
                              (End definition for \object_nconst_adr:nnn and \object_rconst_adr:nnn. These functions are docu-
                              mented on page 5.)
                              Uses a near/remote constant.
    \object nconst use:nnn
    \object_rconst_use:nnn
                                 \cs_new:Nn \object_nconst_use:nnn
                              264
                              265
                                     \cs_if_exist_use:cT { #3 _ use:c }
                              266
                                            \object_nconst_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 } }
                                   }
                              270
                                 \cs_new:Nn \object_rconst_use:nnn
                                      \cs_if_exist_use:cT { #3 _ use:c }
                              274
                              275
                                            \object_rconst_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 } }
                              276
                              277
                                   }
                              278
                              279
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_nconst_use:nnn { Vnn }
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_rconst_use:nnn { Vnn }
                              (End definition for \object_nconst_use:nnn and \object_rconst_use:nnn. These functions are docu-
                              mented on page 5.)
                              Create constants
   \object_newconst_tl:nnn
  \object_newconst_str:nnn
  \object_newconst_int:nnn
                              284 \cs_new_protected:Nn \__rawobjects_const_create:nnnn
\object_newconst_clist:nnn
                              285
                                     \use:c { #1 _ const:cn }
  \object_newconst_dim:nnn
                              286
 \object_newconst_skip:nnn
                              287
                                          \object_nconst_adr:nnn { #2 }{ #3 }{ #1 }
```

\object_newconst_fp:nnn

```
291
                                \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst_tl:nnn
                            293
                                      _rawobjects_const_create:nnnn { tl }{ #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
                               \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst_str:nnn
                                 {
                                    __rawobjects_const_create:nnnn { str }{ #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
                            300
                               \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst_int:nnn
                            301
                            302
                                 {
                                    \__rawobjects_const_create:nnnn {    int }{ #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
                            303
                            304
                                \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst_clist:nnn
                            305
                            306
                                 {
                                    \_{\rm rawobjects\_const\_create:nnnn} \{ clist } \{ #1 } \{ #2 } \{ #3 } 
                               \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst_dim:nnn
                            310
                                 {
                                    \_{\rm rawobjects\_const\_create:nnnn} { dim }{ #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
                            311
                                 }
                            312
                               \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst_skip:nnn
                            313
                            314
                                    \_{\rm rawobjects\_const\_create:nnnn} { skip }{ #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
                            315
                                 }
                            316
                               \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst_fp:nnn
                            317
                                    \_{\rm rawobjects\_const\_create:nnnn} \{ fp \} \{ #1 \} \{ #2 \} \{ #3 \}
                                 }
                            320
                            321
                               \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_tl:nnn { Vnn }
                            322
                               \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_str:nnn { Vnn }
                               \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_int:nnn { Vnn }
                               \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_clist:nnn { Vnn }
                               \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_dim:nnn { Vnn }
                                \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_skip:nnn { Vnn }
                               \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_fp:nnn { Vnn }
                            (End definition for \object_newconst_tl:nnn and others. These functions are documented on page 5.)
                            Creates a seq constant.
\object_newconst_seq_from_clist:nnn
                            331
                               \cs_new_protected: Nn \object_newconst_seq_from_clist:nnn
                            333
                                    \seq_const_from_clist:cn
                            334
                                        \object_nconst_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ seq }
                            335
                            336
                                      { #3 }
                            337
                                 }
                            338
```

{ #4 }

290

```
\cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_seq_from_clist:nnn { Vnn }
                             340
                             341
                             (End definition for \object_newconst_seq_from_clist:nnn. This function is documented on page 5.)
\object newconst prop from keyval:nnn
                             Creates a prop constant.
                             342
                                \cs_new_protected: Nn \object_newconst_prop_from_keyval:nnn
                             343
                                  {
                             344
                                     \prop_const_from_keyval:cn
                             345
                             346
                                         \object_nconst_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ prop }
                                       }
                                       { #3 }
                                  }
                             350
                             351
                                \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_prop_from_keyval:nnn { Vnn }
                             352
                             (End definition for \object_newconst_prop_from_keyval:nnn. This function is documented on page 6.)
                            The address of the proxy object.
     \c_proxy_address_str
                             354 \str_const:Nx \c_proxy_address_str
                                   { \object_address:nn { rawobjects }{ proxy } }
                             (End definition for \c_proxy_address_str. This variable is documented on page 6.)
                                  Source of proxy object
                                \str_const:cn { \__rawobjects_object_modvar:V \c_proxy_address_str }
                                   { rawobjects }
                                \str_const:cV { \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:V \c_proxy_address_str }
                                   \c_proxy_address_str
                                \str_const:cV { \__rawobjects_object_scovar:V \c_proxy_address_str }
                                   \c_{rawobjects\_const\_str}
                                \str_const:cV { \__rawobjects_object_visvar:V \c_proxy_address_str }
                                   \c_object_public_str
                             363
                             364
                                \cs_generate_variant:Nn \seq_const_from_clist:Nn { cx }
                             365
                             366
                                 \seq_const_from_clist:cn
                                     \object_member_adr:Vnn \c_proxy_address_str { varlist }{ seq }
                                  7
                             370
                                   { varlist }
                             371
                             372
                                \str_const:cn
                             373
                                  {
                             374
                                     \object_member_adr:Vnn \c_proxy_address_str { varlist_type }{ str }
                             375
                             376
                                   { seq }
                             Test if an object is a proxy.
     \object_if_proxy_p:n
     \object_if_proxy:nTF
                             379 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_if_proxy:n {p, T, F, TF}
```

```
380
       \str_if_eq:cNTF { \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #1 } } \c_proxy_address_str
381
382
          \prg_return_true:
383
       }
384
       {
385
          \prg_return_false:
386
       }
387
     }
388
389
(End definition for \object if proxy:nTF. This function is documented on page 6.)
Creates an object from a proxy
391 \msg_new:nnn { aa }{ mess }{ #1 }
392
   \msg_new:nnnn { rawobjects }{ notproxy }{ Fake ~ proxy }
393
394
       Object ~ #1 ~ is ~ not ~ a ~ proxy.
395
     }
396
397
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \__rawobjects_force_proxy:n
       \object_if_proxy:nF { #1 }
401
            \msg_error:nnn { rawobjects }{ notproxy }{ #1 }
402
403
     }
404
405
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \__rawobjects_create_anon:nnnNN
406
407
408
        \__rawobjects_force_proxy:n { #1 }
       \str_const:cn { \__rawobjects_object_modvar:n { #2 } }{ #3 }
411
       \str_const:cx { \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #2 } }{ #1 }
       \str_const:cV { \__rawobjects_object_scovar:n { #2 } } #4
413
       \str_const:cV { \__rawobjects_object_visvar:n { #2 } } #5
414
415
       \seq_map_inline:cn
416
417
            \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ varlist }{ seq }
418
          }
419
420
            \object_new_member:nnv { #2 }{ ##1 }
421
422
                \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ ##1 _ type }{ str }
423
424
          }
425
     }
426
427
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_create:nnnNN
428
```

\object_create:nnnNN \object_create_set:NnnnNN \object_create_gset:NnnnNN

{

```
\__rawobjects_create_anon:nnnNN { #1 }{ \object_address:nn { #2 }{ #3 } }
430
         { #2 } #4 #5
431
432
433
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_create_set:NnnnNN
434
435
       \object_create:nnnNN { #2 }{ #3 }{ #4 } #5 #6
436
       \str_set:Nx #1 { \object_address:nn { #3 }{ #4 } }
437
438
439
  \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_create_gset:NnnnNN
440
441
       \object_create:nnnNN { #2 }{ #3 }{ #4 } #5 #6
442
       \str_gset:Nx #1 { \object_address:nn { #3 }{ #4 } }
443
444
445
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_create:nnnNN { VnnNN }
446
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_create_set:NnnnNN { NVnnNN }
  \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_create_gset:NnnnNN { NVnnNN }
449
```

 $(End\ definition\ for\ \verb|\object_create:nnnNN|, \verb|\object_create_set:NnnnNN|, and\ \verb|\object_create_gset:NnnnNN|. These\ functions\ are\ documented\ on\ page\ {\it 6.})$

\object_allocate_incr:NNnnNN

\object_gallocate_incr:NNnnNN \object_allocate_gincr:NNnnNN \object_gallocate_gincr:NNnnNN

```
451
   \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_combine:nn
452
453
       anon . #2 . #1
454
455
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__rawobjects_combine:nn { Vn }
456
457
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_allocate_incr:NNnnNN
458
459
       \object_create_set:NnnnNN #1 { #3 }{ #4 }
460
461
            \__rawobjects_combine:Vn #2 { #3 }
462
         #5 #6
465
         \int_incr:N #2
466
     }
467
468
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_gallocate_incr:NNnnNN
469
     {
470
       \object_create_gset:NnnnNN #1 { #3 }{ #4 }
471
472
            \__rawobjects_combine:Vn #2 { #3 }
473
         #5 #6
475
476
         \int_incr:N #2
477
     }
478
```

Create an address and use it to instantiate an object

```
481
                              \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_gallocate_incr:NNnnNN { NNVnNN }
                           482
                           483
                              \cs_new_protected: Nn \object_allocate_gincr: NNnnNN
                           485
                                   \object_create_set:NnnnNN #1 { #3 }{ #4 }
                           486
                           487
                                       \__rawobjects_combine:Vn #2 { #3 }
                           488
                           489
                                     #5 #6
                           490
                           491
                                     \int_gincr:N #2
                           492
                                }
                           493
                           494
                              \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_gallocate_gincr:NNnnNN
                           495
                                {
                           496
                                   \object_create_gset:NnnnNN #1 { #3 }{ #4 }
                           497
                                       \__rawobjects_combine:Vn #2 { #3 }
                           500
                                     #5 #6
                           501
                           502
                                     \int_gincr:N #2
                           503
                                }
                           504
                           505
                              \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_allocate_gincr:NNnnNN { NNVnNN }
                           506
                              \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_gallocate_gincr:NNnnNN { NNVnNN }
                           (End definition for \object_allocate_incr:NNnnNN and others. These functions are documented on
                           page 6.)
                           Creates a new proxy object
      \proxy_create:nnN
 \proxy_create_set:NnnN
                           510
\proxy_create_gset:NnnN
                           511 \cs_new_protected:Nn \proxy_create:nnN
                           512
                                   \object_create:VnnNN \c_proxy_address_str { #1 }{ #2 }
                           513
                                     \c_object_global_str #3
                           514
                                }
                           515
                           516
                              \cs_new_protected:Nn \proxy_create_set:NnnN
                           517
                           518
                                   \object_create_set:NVnnNN #1 \c_proxy_address_str { #2 }{ #3 }
                           519
                                     \c_object_global_str #4
                           520
                                }
                              \cs_new_protected:Nn \proxy_create_gset:NnnN
                           524
                                   \object_create_gset:NVnnNN #1 \c_proxy_address_str { #2 }{ #3 }
                           525
                                     \c_object_global_str #4
                           526
                                }
                           527
                           528
```

\cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_allocate_incr:NNnnNN { NNVnNN }

479

480

(End definition for \proxy_create:nnN, \proxy_create_set:NnnN, and \proxy_create_gset:NnnN. These functions are documented on page 7.)

```
\proxy_push_member:nnn
                          Push a new member inside a proxy.
                              \cs_new_protected: Nn \proxy_push_member:nnn
                                {
                           530
                                   \__rawobjects_force_scope:n { #1 }
                           531
                                  \object_new_member:nnn { #1 }{ #2 _ type }{ str }
                           532
                                  \str_set:cn
                           533
                           534
                                       \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 _ type }{ str }
                           535
                           536
                                    { #3 }
                           537
                           538
                                  \seq_gput_left:cn
                           539
                                       \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ varlist }{ seq }
                           540
                           541
                                     { #2 }
                           542
                                }
                           543
                              \cs_generate_variant:Nn \proxy_push_member:nnn { Vnn }
                          (End definition for \proxy_push_member:nnn. This function is documented on page 7.)
                          Copy an object to another one.
     \object_assign:nn
                           547 \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_assign:nn
                           548
                                  \seq_map_inline:cn
                           549
                           550
                                       \object_member_adr:vnn
                           551
                           552
                                            \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #1 }
                           553
                           554
                                         { varlist }{ seq }
                           555
                                    }
                           556
                                    {
                                       \object_member_set_eq:nnc { #1 }{ ##1 }
                                           \object_member_adr:nn{ #2 }{ ##1 }
                           560
                           561
                                    }
                           562
                                }
                           563
                              \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_assign:nn { nV, Vn, VV }
                          (End definition for \object_assign:nn. This function is documented on page 7.)
                               A simple forward list proxy
                              \cs_new_protected:Nn \rawobjects_fwl_inst:n
                           567
                           568
                                  \object_if_exist:nF
                           569
                           570
```

\object_address:nn { rawobjects }{ fwl ! #1 }

571

```
}
572
          {
573
            \proxy_create:nnN { rawobjects }{ fwl ! #1 } \c_object_private_str
574
            \proxy_push_member
575
576
                 \object_address:nn { rawobjects }{ fwl ! #1 }
577
               }
578
               { next }{ str }
          }
580
     }
581
582
   \verb|\cs_new_protected:Nn \ | rawobjects_fwl_newnode:nnnNN| \\
583
584
        \rawobjects_fwl_inst:n { #1 }
585
        \object_create:nnnNN
586
          {
587
            \object_address:nn { rawobjects }{ fwl ! #1 }
588
          { #2 }{ #3 } #4 #5
     }
591
_{593} \langle /package \rangle
```