# The lt3rawobjects package

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### Contents

1	Introduction	1
2	To do	2
3	Objects and proxies	2
4	Constants	3
5	Library functions 5.1 Base object functions 5.2 Members 5.3 Methods 5.4 Constant creation 5.5 Proxy utilities and object creation	4 4 5 6 7
6	Examples	9
7	Templated proxies	10
8	Implementation	11

### 1 Introduction

First to all notice that lt3rawobjects means "raw object(s)", indeed lt3rawobjects introduces a new mechanism to create objects like the well known C structures. The functions exported by this package are quite low level, and many important mechanisms like member protection and name resolution aren't already defined and should be introduced by intermediate packages.

This packages follows the SemVer specification (https://semver.org/). In particular any major version update (for example from 1.2 to 2.0) may introduce imcompatible changes and so it's not advisable to work with different packages that require different major versions of lt3rawobjects. Instead changes introduced in minor and patch version updates are always backward compatible, and any withdrawn function is declared deprecated instead of being removed.

### 2 To do

- Uniform declarations for templated proxies;
- Constant objects.

# 3 Objects and proxies

Usually an object in programming languages can be seen as a collection of variables (organized in different ways depending on the chosen language) treated as part of a single entity. In lt3rawobjects objects are collections of

- LATEX3 variables, called members;
- LATEX3 functions, called methods.

Both members and methods can be retrieved from a string representing the container object, that is the *address* of the object and act like the address of a structure in C.

An address is composed of two parts, the *module* in which variables are created and an *identifier* that identify uniquely the object inside its module. It's up to the caller that two different objects have different identifiers. The address of an object can be obtained with the <code>\object\_address</code> function. Identifiers and module names should not contain numbers, <code>#</code> and <code>\_</code> characters in order to avoid conflicts with automatically generated addresses.

Also control sequences have an address, but for them it's simply any token list for which a c expansion retrieves the original control sequence. We impose also that any x or e fully expansion will be a string representing the control sequence's name, for this reason inside an address # characters and \exp\_not functions aren't allowed.

In C each object/structure has a *type* that tells the compiler how each object should be organized and instantiated in the memory. So if you need to create objects with the same structure you should first create a new struct entity and then create object with such type.

In lt3rawobjects objects are created from an existing object, called *proxy*, which holds all the needed informations to organize their members and methods. Every object is generated from a particular proxy object, called *generator*. In order to create new objects with a specified proxy you can use the \object\_create functions.

Since proxies are themself objects we need a proxy to instantiate user defined proxies, you can use the proxy object in the rawobjects module to create you own proxy, which address is held by the \c\_proxy\_address\_str variable. Proxies must be created from the proxy object otherwise they won't be recognized as proxies. Instead of using \object\_-create to create proxies you can directly use the function \proxy\_create.

Once you've created your proxy object you should populate it with the specifications of every member and method that every generated object should have. You can add a variable specification with \proxy\_push\_member and \proxy\_push\_method functions. After you've added all the specifications of your members/methods you can use your proxy to create objects. You should never modify a proxy once you've used it to create at least one object, since these modifications won't be updated on already created objects, leading to hidden errors in subsequential code. Moreover you can add new members/methods to an existing object without modifying its generator (such modifications only affect the specified object), see section 5 for further information.

When you create a new variable specification with the  $\proxy_push_member$  you can notice the presence of  $\langle type \rangle$  parameter. It represents the type of such variable and can be a standard type (like t1, str, int, seq, ...) or user defined types if the following functions are defined:

```
\t xype = new: N and c variant;
\t xype = set_eq: NN and cN, Nc, cc variants.
```

Methods are always created with \cs\_new:Nn function, even if the object was declared local, and nonconstant methods will expand to nothing unless they're initialized with the \object\_method\_set or \object\_method\_set\_eq functions.

Every object, and so proxies too, is characterized by the following parameters:

- the *module* in which it has been created;
- the address of the proxy generator;
- a parameter saying if the object is *local* or *global*;
- a parameter saying if the object is *public* or *private*;
- zero or more member variables.

In a local/global/public/private object every member variable is declared local/global/public/private. Address of a member variable can be obtained with the <code>\object\_member\_-</code> adr function, and you can instantiate new members that haven't been specified in its generator with the function <code>\object\_new\_member</code>. members created in this way aren't described by generator proxy, so its type can't be deduced and should be always specified in functions like <code>\object\_member\_adr</code> or <code>\object\_member\_use</code>.

#### 4 Constants

This feature is available only from version 1.1 of lt3rawobjects and completely revisited from version 2.0. A constant member/methos is simply a variable/function that should not be modified once they're created. There're two different kinds of constants you can define inside objects:

- 1. near constants are constants defined directly inside the associated object;
- 2. remote constants are constants that are defined instead on the generator proxy and so every object generated with that proxy can access the constant.

Currently it's possible to define only public constants, if you need private constants declare instead normal members/methods.

Notice that all near constants declared on a proxy are automatically remote constants for every generated object, but remote constants for a proxy aren't directly accessible by generated objects.

You can retrieve the address of a near constant with \object\_nmember\_adr, \object\_nmethod\_adr functions and of a remote constant with \object\_rmember\_adr, \object\_rmethod\_adr.

# 5 Library functions

### 5.1 Base object functions

```
\odots object_address:nn \dots (module) \dots \dots
                                                               Composes the address of object in module \langle module \rangle with identifier \langle id \rangle and places it in the
                                                              input stream. Notice that \langle module \rangle and \langle id \rangle are converted to strings before composing
                                                               them in the address, so they shouldn't contain any command inside. If you want to
                                                              execute its content you should use a new variant, for example V, f or e variants.
                                                                         From: 1.0
                                                              \verb|\object_address_set:nn| \langle str| var \rangle | \{\langle module \rangle\} | \{\langle id \rangle\}|
   \object_address_set:Nnn
   \object_address_gset:Nnn
                                                              Stores the adress of selected object inside the string variable \langle str \ var \rangle.
                                                                         From: 1.1
       \verb|\object_if_exist_p:n * \verb|\object_if_exist_p:n {|} \langle address \rangle \}|
       \verb|\object_if_exist_p:V * \verb|\object_if_exist:nTF {| address|} {| true code|} {| false code|} |
       \verb|\object_if_exist:n!| \frac{TF}{T} * Tests if an object was instantiated at the specified address.
       \object_if_exist:VTF *
                                                                        From: 1.0
                                                          * \object_get_module:n {\langle address \rangle}
\object_get_module:n
                                                          * \object_get_proxy_adr:n {\landaress\rangle}
\object_get_module:V
\object_get_proxy_adr:n *
                                                              Get the object module and its generator.
\object_get_proxy_adr:V *
                                                                         From: 1.0
                                                         * \object_if_local_p:n {\landaress\}}
    \object_if_local_p:n
    \object_if_local_p:V
                                                              \ode{true code} \ {\langle address \rangle} \ {\langle true code \rangle} \ {\langle false code \rangle}
    \object_if_local:nTF
                                                              Tests if the object is local or global.
    \object_if_local:VTF
                                                                        From: 1.0
    \object_if_global_p:n *
    \object_if_global_p:V *
    \verb|\object_if_global:n] $\underline{\mathit{TF}} \ \star $
    \oldsymbol{\colored} \oldsym
                                                         * \object_if_public_p:n {\langle address \rangle}
  \object_if_public_p:n
  \object if public p:V
                                                          \object_if_public:nTF
                                                              Tests if the object is public or private.
  \object_if_public:VTF
                                                                        From: 1.0
  \object_if_private_p:n *
  \object_if_private_p:V *
  \object_if_private:n\overline{TF} *
  \object_if_private:VTF *
```

#### 5.2 Members

```
\object_member_adr:nnn
                                        * \object_member_adr:nnn {\landaress\} {\landaresr name\} {\landaresr type\}
                                        * \object_member_adr:nn {\landaress\} {\landaresr name\}
       \object_member_adr:(Vnn|nnv)
       \object_member_adr:nn
       \object_member_adr:Vn
                                Fully expands to the address of specified member variable. If type is not specified it'll be
                                retrieved from the generator proxy, but only if member is specified in the generator.
  \odots \object_member_type:nn \star \object_member_type:nn \{\langle address \rangle\} \{\langle member\ name \rangle\}
  \object_member_type:Vn ★
                               Fully expands to the type of member \langle member \ name \rangle. Use this function only with
                                member variables specified in the generator proxy, not with other member variables.
                                     From:
       \object_new_member:nnn
                                        \verb|\object_new_member:nnn| \{\langle address \rangle\} \ \{\langle member \ name \rangle\} \ \{\langle member \ type \rangle\}
       \object_new_member:(Vnn|nnv)
                                Creates a new member variable with specified name and type. You can't retrieve the
                                type of these variables with \object member type functions.
                                     From: 1.0
       \object_member_use:nnn
                                        \star \object_member_use:nnn {\langle address \rangle} {\langle member name \rangle} {\langle member type \rangle}
       \odots \object_member_use:(Vnn|nnv) \star \object_member_use:nn \{\langle address \rangle\} \{\langle member\ name \rangle\}
       \object_member_use:nn
       \object_member_use:Vn
                                Uses the specified member variable.
                                     From: 1.0
       \object_member_set_eq:nnnN
                                                         \object_member_set_eq:(nnvN|VnnN|nnnc|Vnnc) * {\( (member type \) \)} \( (variable \)
       \object_member_set_eq:nnN
                                                         \star \object_member_set_eq:nnN {\langle address \rangle} {\langle member name \rangle}
       \object_member_set_eq:(VnN|nnc|Vnc)
                                                         * (variable)
                                Sets the value of specified member equal to the value of \langle variable \rangle.
                                     From: 1.0
       \object_ncmember_adr:nnn
                                           \star \object_ncmember_adr:nnn {\langle address\rangle} {\langle member name\rangle} {\langle member type\rangle}
       \object_ncmember_adr:(Vnn|vnn)
       \object_rcmember_adr:nnn
       \object_rcmember_adr:Vnn
                                Fully expands to the address of specified near/remote constant member.
                                     From: 2.0
\object_ncmember_use:nnn * \object_ncmember_use:nnn {\langle address \} {\langle member name \rangle } {\langle member type \rangle \}
\object_ncmember_use:Vnn ★
                                Uses the specified near/remote constant member.
\object_rcmember_use:nnn *
                                     From: 2.0
\object_rcmember_use:Vnn *
```

#### 5.3 Methods

```
\odots \object_method_adr:nnn \dots \object_method_adr:nnn {\langle address \rangle} {\langle method name \rangle} {\langle method variant \rangle}
  \object_method_adr:Vnn *
                                                        Fully expands to the address of the specified method.
                                                                  From:
                                                                                  2.0
       \object_new_method:nnn \object_new_method:nnn {\landaress\} {\landarestandernd name\} {\landaremethod arguments\}
       \object_new_method:Vnn
                                                        Creates a new method with specified name and argument types.
                                                         arguments) should be a string composed only by n and N characters that are passed
                                                         to \cs_new: Nn. You can initialize it with \object_method_set function.
                                                                 From: 2.0
     \object_method_set:Vnnn
                                                        Sets (locally or globally) \langle method \ name \rangle body to \langle code \rangle.
                                                                  From: 2.0
\odots \object_method_call:nnn \star \object_method_call:nnn {\(\lambda ddress\)} {\(\mu ethod name\)} {\(\mu ethod variant\)}
\object_method_call:Vnn *
                                                        Calls the specified method. This function is expandable if and only if the specified method
                                                         was not declared protected.
                                                                 From: 2.0
           \object_ncmethod_adr:nnn
                                                                             * \object_ncmethod_adr:nnn {\landadress\} {\landamethod_name\} {\landamethod}
           \object_ncmethod_adr:(Vnn|vnn) ★ variant)}
           \object_rcmethod_adr:nnn
           \object_rcmethod_adr:Vnn
                                                        Fully expands to the address of the specified

    near constant method if \object_ncmethod_adr is used;

                                                               • remote constant method if \object_rcmethod_adr is used.
                                                                                  2.0
                                                                  From:
  \label{local_new_cmethod:nnnn} $$ \operatorname{cmethod:nnnn} {\langle address \rangle} {\langle method\ name \rangle} {\langle method\ arguments \rangle} {\langle code \rangle} $$
  \object_new_cmethod:Vnnn
                                                        Creates a new method with specified name and argument types.
                                                                                                                                                                                                            The \{\langle method \rangle\}
                                                         arguments\} should be a string composed only by n and N characters that are passed
                                                         to \cs_new:Nn.
                                                                  From: 2.0
           \color{blue} \co
           \object_ncmethod_call:Vnn *
           \object_rcmethod_call:nnn
           \object_rcmethod_call:Vnn *
```

Calls the specified method. This function is expandable if and only if the specified method was not declared protected.

From: 2.0

#### 5.4 Constant creation

Unlike normal variables, constants in IATEX3 are created in different ways depending on the specified type. So we dedicate a new section only to collect some of these fuinctions readapted for near constants (remote constants are simply near constants created on the generator proxy).

```
\object_newconst_tl:nnn
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    \odotspace{2mm} \odotspace{2
 \object_newconst_tl:Vnn
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  Creates a constant variable with type \langle type \rangle and sets its value to \langle value \rangle.
 \object_newconst_str:nnn
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     From: 1.1
 \object_newconst_str:Vnn
 \object_newconst_int:nnn
 \object_newconst_int:Vnn
\object_newconst_clist:nnn
 \object_newconst_clist:Vnn
\object_newconst_dim:nnn
 \object_newconst_dim:Vnn
\object_newconst_skip:nnn
 \object_newconst_skip:Vnn
\object_newconst_fp:nnn
 \object_newconst_fp:Vnn
                                                  \verb|\object_newconst_seq_from_clist:nnn| | object_newconst_seq_from_clist:nnn| | \{\langle address \rangle\} | \{\langle constant| name \rangle\} | | object_newconst_seq_from_clist:nnn| | object_newconst_seq_from
                                                  \verb|\object_newconst_seq_from_clist:Vnn {| \langle comma-list \rangle \}|}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    Creates a seq constant which is set to contain all the items in \langle comma-list \rangle.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     From: 1.1
                                                  \verb|\object_newconst_prop_from_keyval:nnn \object_newconst_prop_from_keyval:nnn \ \{\langle address\rangle\} \ \{\langle constant \ address\rangle\} \
                                                  \object_newconst_prop_from_keyval:Vnn name \}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  \langle \text{key} \rangle = \langle \text{value} \rangle, ...
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    Creates a prop constant which is set to contain all the specified key-value pairs.
```

### 5.5 Proxy utilities and object creation

```
\label{lem:code} $$ \begin{array}{ll} \begin{array}{ll} \begin{array}{ll} \begin{array}{ll} \begin{array}{ll} \begin{array}{ll} \\ \end{array} & \begin{array}{
```

From: 1.1

```
\object_test_proxy_p:nn * \object_test_proxy_p:nn {\langle object address \rangle} {\langle proxy address \rangle}
  \odots = \color \odots = \co
  \odots \object_test_proxy:nn\underline{TF} \star code}
  \object_test_proxy: \forall n \underline{TF} \star Test if the specified object is generated by the selected proxy, where \langle proxy \ variable \rangle is
                                                                                                                       a string variable holding the proxy address.
                                                                                                                                           TEXhackers note: Remember that this command uses internally an e expansion so in
                                                                                                                        older engines (any different from LualATFX before 2019) it'll require slow processing. Don't use
                                                                                                                        it in speed critical parts, instead use \object_test_proxy:nN.
                                                                                                                                          From: 2.0
  \object_test_proxy_p:nN * \object_test_proxy_p:nN {\object address\} \langle proxy variable \)
  \odots \object_test_proxy_p:VN \star \object_test_proxy:nNTF {\langle object\ address \rangle} \langle proxy\ variable \rangle {\langle true\ code \rangle} {\langle false\ fals
  \object_test_proxy:VN<u>TF</u> *
                                                                                                                      Test if the specified object is generated by the selected proxy, where \langle proxy \ variable \rangle is a
                                                                                                                       string variable holding the proxy address. The :nN variant don't use e expansion, instead
                                                                                                                       of :nn command, so it can be safetly used with older compilers.
                                                                                                                                          From:
                           \c_proxy_address_str The address of the proxy object in the rawobjects module.
                                                                                                                                          From: 1.0
                          \colored continuous 
                          \object_create:VnnNN
                                                                                                                       Creates an object by using the proxy at \langle proxy \ address \rangle and the specified parameters.
                                                                                                                                          From: 1.0
                          \color=0.05 \c_object_local_str Possible values for \color=0.05 parameter.
                          \c_object_global_str
                                                                                                                                          From: 1.0
                      \c_object_public_str
                                                                                                                        Possible values for \langle visibility \rangle parameter.
                      \c_object_private_str
                                                                                                                                          From: 1.0
\object_create_set:NnnnNN
                                                                                                                       \object_create_set:NVnnNN
                                                                                                                        ⟨visibility⟩
\object_create_gset:NnnnNN
```

Creates an object and sets its fully expanded address inside  $\langle str \ var \rangle$ .

From: 1.0

\object\_create\_gset:NVnnNN

Build a new object address with module  $\langle module \rangle$  and an identifier generated from  $\langle proxy \ address \rangle$  and the integer contained inside  $\langle int \ var \rangle$ , then increments  $\langle int \ var \rangle$ . This is very useful when you need to create a lot of objects, each of them on a different address. the \_incr version increases  $\langle int \ var \rangle$  locally whereas \_gincr does it globally.

From: 1.1

\proxy\_create:nnN
\proxy\_create\_set:NnnN
\proxy\_create\_gset:NnnN

Creates a global proxy object.

From: 1.0

\proxy\_push\_member:nnn \proxy\_push\_member:Vnn

 $\label{lem:nnn} $$ \operatorname{proxy\_push\_member:nnn} {\langle proxy\_address \rangle} {\langle member\_name \ \rangle} {\langle member\_type \ \rangle} $$$ 

Updates a proxy object with a new member specification, so that every subsequential object created with this proxy will have a member variable with the specified name and type that can be retrieved with \object\_member\_type functions.

From: 1.0

\object\_assign:nn
\object\_assign:(Vn|nV|VV)

 $\odots$   $\$ 

Assigns the content of each variable of object at  $\langle from \ address \rangle$  to each correspective variable in  $\langle to \ address \rangle$ . Both the objects should be created with the same proxy object and only variables listed in the proxy are assigned.

From: 1.0

# 6 Examples

### Example 1

Create a public proxy with id myproxy with the specification of a single member variable with name myvar and type t1, then set its address inside \l\_myproxy\_str.

```
\str_new:N \l_myproxy_str
\proxy_create_set:NnnN \l_myproxy_str { example }{ myproxy }
   \c_object_public_str
\proxy_push_member:Vnn \l_myproxy_str { myvar }{ tl }
```

Then create a new object with name myobj with that proxy, assign then token list \c\_dollar\_str{} ~ dollar ~ \c\_dollar\_str{} to myvar and then print it.

```
\str_new:N \l_myobj_str
\object_create_set:NVnnNN \l_myobj_str \l_myproxy_str
    { example }{ myobj } \c_object_local_str \c_object_public_str
```

```
\tl_set:cn
 {
    \object_member_adr:Vn \l_myobj_str { myvar }
 { \c_dollar_str{} ~ dollar ~ \c_dollar_str{} }
\object_member_use:Vn \l_myobj_str { myvar }
    Output: $ dollar $
   If you don't want to specify an object identifier you can also do
\int_new:N \l_intc_int
\object_allocate_incr:NNVnNN \l_myobj_str \l_intc_int \l_myproxy_str
 { example } \c_object_local_str \c_object_public_str
\tl_set:cn
 {
    \object_member_adr:Vn \l_myobj_str { myvar }
 }
  { \c_dollar_str{} ~ dollar ~ \c_dollar_str{} }
\object_member_use:Vn \l_myobj_str { myvar }
    Output: $ dollar $
```

# 7 Templated proxies

At the current time there isn't a standardized approach to templated proxies. One problem of standardized templated proxies is how to define struct addresses for every kind of argument (token lists, strings, integer expressions, non expandable arguments, ...).

Even if there isn't currently a function to define every kind of templated proxy you can anyway define your templated proxy with your custom parameters. You simply need to define at least two functions:

- an expandable macro that, given all the needed arguments, fully expands to the address of your templated proxy. This address can be obtained by calling \object\_-address {\langle module \rangle} {\langle id \rangle} where \langle id \rangle starts with the name of your templated proxy and is followed by a composition of specified arguments;
- a not expandable macro that tests if the templated proxy with specified arguments is instantiated and, if not, instantiate it with different calls to \proxy\_create and \proxy\_push\_member.

In order to apply these concepts we'll provide a simple implementation of a linked list with a template parameter representing the type of variable that holds our data. A linked list is simply a sequence of nodes where each node contains your data and a pointer to the next node. For the moment we 'll show a possiple implementation of a template proxy class for such node objects.

First to all we define an expandable macro that fully expands to our node name:

```
\cs_new:Nn \node_address:n
{
    \object_address:nn { linklist }{ node - #1 }
}
```

where the #1 argument is simply a string representing the type of data held by our linked list (for example t1, str, int, ...). Next we need a functions that instantiate our proxy address if it doesn't exist:

```
\cs_new_protected:Nn \node_instantiate:n
{
    \object_if_exist:nF {\node_address:n { #1 } }
    {
        \proxy_create:nnN { linklist }{ node - #1 }
        \c_object_public_str
        \proxy_push_member:nnn {\node_address:n { #1 } }
        { next }{ str }
        \proxy_push_member:nnn {\node_address:n { #1 } }
        { data }{ #1 }
}
```

As you can see when \node\_instantiate is called it first test if the proxy object exists. If not then it creates a new proxy with that name and populates it with the specifications of two members: a next member variable of type str that points to the next node, and a data member of the specified type that holds your data.

Clearly you can define new functions to work with such nodes, for example to test if the next node exists or not, to add and remove a node, search inside a linked list, ...

# 8 Implementation

```
₁ ⟨*package⟩

                             2 (@@=rawobjects)
    \c_object_local_str
    \c_object_global_str
                             3 \str_const:Nn \c_object_local_str {loc}
    \c_object_public_str
                             4 \str_const:Nn \c_object_global_str {glo}
   \c_object_private_str
                             5 \str_const:Nn \c_object_public_str {pub}
                             6 \str_const:Nn \c_object_private_str {pri}
                             8 \str_const:Nn \c__rawobjects_const_str {con}
                           (End definition for \c_object_local_str and others. These variables are documented on page 8.)
      \object_address:nn Get address of an object
                             9 \cs_new:Nn \object_address:nn {
                                 \tl_to_str:n { #1 _ #2 }
                           (End definition for \object_address:nn. This function is documented on page 4.)
                           Saves the address of an object into a string variable
\object_address_set:Nnn
\object_address_gset:Nnn
                            13 \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_address_set:Nnn {
                                \str_set:Nn #1 { #2 _ #3 }
                            15 }
                            16
```

```
17 \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_address_gset:Nnn {
                            \str_gset:Nn #1 { #2 _ #3 }
                            19 }
                            20
                           (End definition for \object_address_set:Nnn and \object_address_gset:Nnn. These functions are
                           documented on page 4.)
                            21 \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_object_modvar:n{
                              c __ #1 _ MODULE _ str
                            23 }
                            25 \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n{
                               c __ #1 _ PROXY _ str
                           27 }
                            29 \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_object_scovar:n{
                               c __ #1 _ SCOPE _ str
                           30
                            31 }
                            33 \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_object_visvar:n{
                            35 }
                            _{\mbox{\scriptsize 37}} \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__rawobjects_object_modvar:n { V }
                           _{\mbox{\scriptsize 38}} \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { V }
                           _{\mbox{\scriptsize 39}} \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__rawobjects_object_scovar:n { V }
                            40 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__rawobjects_object_visvar:n { V }
                          Tests if object exists.
   \object_if_exist_p:n
   \object_if_exist:nTF
                            42 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_if_exist:n { p, T, F, TF }
                           43
                                {
                                  \cs_if_exist:cTF
                            44
                                     {
                            45
                                       \__rawobjects_object_modvar:n { #1 }
                            46
                                    }
                            47
                            49
                                       \prg_return_true:
                                    }
                            50
                                     {
                            51
                                       \prg_return_false:
                            52
                            53
                                }
                            54
                            56 \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_if_exist:n { V }
                                { p, T, F, TF }
                            57
                           (End definition for \object_if_exist:nTF. This function is documented on page 4.)
                          Retrieve the name, module and generating proxy of an object
   \object_get_module:n
\object_get_proxy_adr:n
                            59 \cs_new:Nn \object_get_module:n {
                                \str_use:c { \__rawobjects_object_modvar:n { #1 } }
```

```
62 \cs_new:Nn \object_get_proxy_adr:n {
                               \str_use:c { \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #1 } }
                           64 }
                           66 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_get_module:n { V }
                           67 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_get_proxy_adr:n { V }
                          (End definition for \object_get_module:n and \object_get_proxy_adr:n. These functions are docu-
                          mented on page 4.)
                         Test the specified parameters.
 \object_if_local_p:n
  \object_if_local:nTF
                           68 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_if_local:n {p, T, F, TF}
 \object_if_global_p:n
                          69 {
 \object_if_global:n<u>TF</u>
                               \str_if_eq:cNTF { \__rawobjects_object_scovar:n {#1} }
                          70
\object_if_public_p:n
                           71
                                 \c_object_local_str
                           72
 \object_if_public:n<u>TF</u>
                                    \prg_return_true:
                           73
\object_if_private_p:n
                                 }
\object_if_private:nTF
                                 {
                           75
                           76
                                    \prg_return_false:
                           77
                           78 }
                           79
                             \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_if_global:n {p, T, F, TF}
                           80
                           81 {
                               \str_if_eq:cNTF { \__rawobjects_object_scovar:n {#1} } \c_object_global_str
                           82
                           83
                               {
                           84
                                  \prg_return_true:
                           85
                               {
                           86
                                  \prg_return_false:
                           87
                               }
                           88
                           89 }
                           90
                             \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_if_public:n {p, T, F, TF}
                           91
                             {
                           92
                               \str_if_eq:cNTF { \__rawobjects_object_visvar:n { #1 } } \c_object_public_str
                           93
                               {
                                  \prg_return_true:
                               }
                           96
                           97
                               {
                           98
                                  \prg_return_false:
                               }
                           99
                          100 }
                             \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_if_private:n {p, T, F, TF}
                          102
                             {
                          103
                               \str_if_eq:cNTF { \__rawobjects_object_visvar:n {#1} } \c_object_private_str
                          104
                               {
                          105
                                  \prg_return_true:
                          106
                               }
                          107
                               {
                          108
                                  \prg_return_false:
                          109
```

```
111 }
                             \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_if_local:n { V }
                                { p, T, F, TF }
                             \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_if_global:n { V }
                          115
                                { p, T, F, TF }
                             \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_if_public:n { V }
                                { p, T, F, TF }
                             \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_if_private:n { V }
                                { p, T, F, TF }
                          (End definition for \object_if_local:nTF and others. These functions are documented on page 4.)
                          Get the address of a member variable
\object_member_adr:nnn
\object_member_adr:nn
                          122 \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_scope:n
                                {
                          123
                                  \object_if_global:nTF { #1 }
                          124
                                    {
                          126
                                      g
                                    }
                          128
                                      \str_if_eq:cNTF { \__rawobjects_object_scovar:n { #1 } }
                          129
                                        \c__rawobjects_const_str
                          130
                                        {
                          132
                                           С
                                        }
                                        {
                          134
                                          1
                          135
                                        }
                          136
                          137
                               }
                          138
                          139
                          140
                             \cs_new:Nn \object_member_adr:nnn
                          141
                                  \__rawobjects_scope:n { #1 }
                          142
                                  \object_if_private:nTF { #1 }
                          143
                                    {
                          144
                          145
                                    }
                          146
                                    {
                          147
                          148
                          149
                                  #1 \tl_to_str:n { _ MEMBER _ #2 _ #3 }
                          150
                          151
                          152
                             \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_adr:nnn { Vnn, vnn, nnv }
                          153
                          154
                             \cs_new:Nn \object_member_adr:nn
                          155
                          156
                                  \object_member_adr:nnv { #1 }{ #2 }
                          157
                          158
                                      \object_rcmember_adr:nnn { #1 }
                          159
```

{ #2 \_ type }{ str }

```
163
                          164 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_adr:nn { Vn }
                          (End definition for \object_member_adr:nnn and \object_member_adr:nn. These functions are docu-
                          mented on page 5.)
                          Deduce the member type from the generating proxy.
\object_member_type:nn
                             \cs_new:Nn \object_member_type:nn
                                {
                           167
                                  \object_rcmember_use:nnn { #1 }
                           168
                                    { #2 _ type }{ str }
                           169
                                }
                          (End definition for \object_member_type:nn. This function is documented on page 5.)
                          172
                          173 \msg_new:nnnn { rawobjects }{ scoperr }{ Nonstandard ~ scope }
                          174
                                  Operation ~ not ~ permitted ~ on ~ object ~ #1 ~
                           175
                                  ~ since ~ it ~ wasn't ~ declared ~ local ~ or ~ global
                           176
                                }
                           177
                           178
                             \cs_new_protected:Nn \__rawobjects_force_scope:n
                           179
                           180
                                  \bool_if:nF
                           181
                           182
                                       \object_if_local_p:n { #1 } || \object_if_global_p:n { #1 }
                           183
                           184
                           185
                                       \msg_error:nnx { rawobjects }{ scoperr }{ #1 }
                           186
                           187
                                    }
                                }
                           188
                           189
\object_new_member:nnn
                          Creates a new member variable
                           190
                          191
                              \cs_new_protected: Nn \object_new_member:nnn
                           192
                                  \_rawobjects_force_scope:n { #1 }
                                  \cs_if_exist_use:cT { #3 _ new:c }
                                       { \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 } }
                           196
                           197
                                }
                           198
                           199
                              \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_new_member:nnn { Vnn, nnv }
                          200
                          201
                          (End definition for \object_new_member:nnn. This function is documented on page 5.)
```

}

162 }

```
Uses a member variable
    \object_member_use:nnn
     \object_member_use:nn
                                 \cs_new:Nn \object_member_use:nnn
                              203
                              204
                                     \cs_if_exist_use:cT { #3 _ use:c }
                              205
                              206
                                          { \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 } }
                              207
                              208
                                   }
                                 \cs_new:Nn \object_member_use:nn
                              211
                                     \object_member_use:nnv { #1 }{ #2 }
                              214
                                          \object_rcmember_adr:nnn { #1 }
                                            { #2 _ type }{ str }
                              216
                                   }
                              218
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_use:nnn { Vnn, vnn, nnv }
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_use:nn { Vn }
                              (End definition for \object_member_use:nnn and \object_member_use:nn. These functions are docu-
                              mented on page 5.)
                              Set the value of a variable to a member.
\object_member_set_eq:nnnN
 \object_member_set_eq:nnN
                                 \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_member_set_eq:nnnN
                                      \__rawobjects_force_scope:n { #1 }
                              226
                                     \cs_if_exist_use:cT
                              227
                              228
                                          #3 _ \object_if_global:nT { #1 }{ g } set _ eq:cN
                              229
                              230
                              231
                                          { \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 } } #4
                              233
                              234
                                   }
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_set_eq:nnnN { VnnN, nnnc, Vnnc, nnvN }
                                 \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_member_set_eq:nnN
                              238
                              239
                                     \object_member_set_eq:nnvN { #1 }{ #2 }
                              240
                              241
                                          \object_rcmember_adr:nnn { #1 }
                              242
                                            { #2 _ type }{ str }
                              243
                              244
                              245
                                   }
```

\cs\_generate\_variant:Nn \object\_member\_set\_eq:nnN { VnN, nnc, Vnc }

 $(End\ definition\ for\ \verb|\object_member_set_eq:nnn|\ and\ \verb|\object_member_set_eq:nnn|\ These\ functions\ are\ documented\ on\ page\ 5.)$ 

```
Get the address of a near/remote constant.
  \object_ncmember_adr:nnn
  \object_rcmember_adr:nnn
                              249
                                 \cs_new:Nn \object_ncmember_adr:nnn
                              250
                              251
                                     c _ #1 \tl_to_str:n { _ CONST _ #2 _ #3 }
                              252
                              253
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_ncmember_adr:nnn { Vnn, vnn }
                                 \cs_new:Nn \object_rcmember_adr:nnn
                              257
                              258
                                   {
                                     \object_ncmember_adr:vnn { \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #1 } }
                              259
                                        { #2 }{ #3 }
                              260
                              261
                              262
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_rcmember_adr:nnn { Vnn }
                              (End definition for \object_ncmember_adr:nnn and \object_rcmember_adr:nnn. These functions are
                              documented on page 5.)
                              Uses a near/remote constant.
  \object ncmember use:nnn
  \object_rcmember_use:nnn
                                 \cs_new:Nn \object_ncmember_use:nnn
                              265
                              266
                                     \cs_if_exist_use:cT { #3 _ use:c }
                              267
                                            \object_ncmember_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 } }
                              270
                                   }
                              271
                                 \cs_new:Nn \object_rcmember_use:nnn
                              274
                                     \cs_if_exist_use:cT { #3 _ use:c }
                              276
                                           \object_rcmember_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 } }
                              277
                              278
                                   }
                              279
                              280
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_ncmember_use:nnn { Vnn }
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_rcmember_use:nnn { Vnn }
                              (End definition for \object_ncmember_use:nnn and \object_rcmember_use:nnn. These functions are
                              documented on page 5.)
                              Create constants
   \object_newconst_tl:nnn
  \object_newconst_str:nnn
  \object_newconst_int:nnn
                              285 \cs_new_protected:Nn \__rawobjects_const_create:nnnn
\object_newconst_clist:nnn
                              286
                                     \use:c { #1 _ const:cn }
  \object_newconst_dim:nnn
                              287
 \object_newconst_skip:nnn
                              288
                                          \object_ncmember_adr:nnn { #2 }{ #3 }{ #1 }
   \object_newconst_fp:nnn
```

```
\cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst_tl:nnn
                                      _rawobjects_const_create:nnnn { tl }{ #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
                               \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst_str:nnn
                                 {
                                    __rawobjects_const_create:nnnn { str }{ #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
                            301
                               \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst_int:nnn
                            302
                            303
                                 {
                                    \__rawobjects_const_create:nnnn {    int }{ #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
                            304
                            305
                                \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst_clist:nnn
                            306
                            307
                                 {
                                    \_{\rm rawobjects\_const\_create:nnnn} \{ clist } \{ #1 } \{ #2 } \{ #3 } 
                               \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst_dim:nnn
                            311
                                 {
                                    \_{\rm rawobjects\_const\_create:nnnn} { dim }{ #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
                            312
                                 }
                            313
                               \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst_skip:nnn
                            314
                            315
                                    \_{\rm rawobjects\_const\_create:nnnn} { skip }{ #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
                            316
                                 }
                            317
                               \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst_fp:nnn
                            318
                                    \_{\rm rawobjects\_const\_create:nnnn} \{ fp \} \{ #1 \} \{ #2 \} \{ #3 \}
                                 }
                            321
                            322
                               \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_tl:nnn { Vnn }
                               \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_str:nnn { Vnn }
                               \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_int:nnn { Vnn }
                               \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_clist:nnn { Vnn }
                               \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_dim:nnn { Vnn }
                               \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_skip:nnn { Vnn }
                               \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_fp:nnn { Vnn }
                            (End definition for \object_newconst_tl:nnn and others. These functions are documented on page 7.)
                            Creates a seq constant.
\object_newconst_seq_from_clist:nnn
                            331
                               \cs_new_protected: Nn \object_newconst_seq_from_clist:nnn
                            333
                            334
                                    \seq_const_from_clist:cn
                            335
                                        \object_ncmember_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ seq }
                            336
                            337
                                      { #3 }
                            338
                                 }
                            339
```

{ #4 }

```
\cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_seq_from_clist:nnn { Vnn }
                              341
                              342
                             (End definition for \object_newconst_seq_from_clist:nnn. This function is documented on page 7.)
                             Creates a prop constant.
\object newconst prop from keyval:nnn
                              343
                                 \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst_prop_from_keyval:nnn
                              344
                                   {
                              345
                                     \prop_const_from_keyval:cn
                              346
                              347
                                          \object_ncmember_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ prop }
                                       }
                                       { #3 }
                                   }
                              351
                              352
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_prop_from_keyval:nnn { Vnn }
                              353
                             (End definition for \object_newconst_prop_from_keyval:nnn. This function is documented on page 7.)
                             Fully expands to the method address.
\object_ncmethod_adr:nnn
\object_rcmethod_adr:nnn
                                 \cs_new:Nn \object_ncmethod_adr:nnn
   \object_method_adr:nnn
                              356
                              357
                                     #1 \tl_to_str:n { _ CMETHOD _ #2 : #3 }
                              358
                              359
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_ncmethod_adr:nnn { Vnn , vnn }
                                 \cs_new:Nn \object_rcmethod_adr:nnn
                              364
                                     \object_ncmethod_adr:vnn
                              365
                              366
                                          \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #1 }
                              367
                              368
                                       { #2 }{ #3 }
                              369
                                   }
                              370
                              371
                                 \cs_new:Nn \object_method_adr:nnn
                              373
                                     \object_if_private:nT { #1 }
                              374
                                   {
                              375
                              376
                              377
                                #1 \tl_to_str:n { _ METHOD _ #2 : #3 }
                              378
                              379
                              380
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_ncmethod_adr:nnn { Vnn , vnn }
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_rcmethod_adr:nnn { Vnn }
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_method_adr:nnn { Vnn }
                              384
```

(End definition for \object\_ncmethod\_adr:nnn, \object\_rcmethod\_adr:nnn, and \object\_method\_adr:nnn. These functions are documented on page 6.)

\object\_new\_cmethod:nnn
\object\_new\_method:nnn

Creates a new method

```
385
   \cs_new_protected: Nn \object_new_cmethod:nnnn
386
387
       \cs_new:cn
388
389
     {
       \object_ncmethod_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
     }
391
     { #4 }
392
     }
393
394
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_new_method:nnn
395
     {
396
       \cs_new:cn
397
       \object_method_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
399
     }
     {}
401
     }
402
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_new_cmethod:nnnn { Vnnn }
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_new_method:nnn { Vnn }
405
406
```

(End definition for \object\_new\_cmethod:nnnn and \object\_new\_method:nnn. These functions are documented on page 6.)

\object\_method\_set:nnnn

Set the body od a method.

```
407
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_method_set:nnnn
408
409
       \__rawobjects_force_scope:n { #1 }
410
       \cs_if_exist_use:cT
411
           cs _ \object_if_global:nT { #1 }{ g } set :cn
413
414
415
            { \object_method_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 } } { #4 }
416
417
     }
418
419
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_method_set:nnnn { Vnnn }
```

(End definition for \object\_method\_set:nnnn. This function is documented on page 6.)

\object\_ncmethod\_call:nnn
\object\_rcmethod\_call:nnn
\object\_method\_call:nnn

Calls the specified method.

```
422 \cs_new:Nn \object_ncmethod_call:nnn
424 {
425 \use:c
426 {
```

```
\object_ncmethod_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
                        427
                             }
                        428
                             }
                        429
                        430
                           \cs_new:Nn \object_rcmethod_call:nnn
                        431
                             {
                        432
                               \use:c
                        433
                             {
                               \object_rcmethod_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
                        435
                             }
                        436
                        437
                             }
                        438
                           \cs_new:Nn \object_method_call:nnn
                        439
                        440
                             {
                               \use:c
                        441
                        442
                                \object_method_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
                        443
                        444
                        445
                             }
                           \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_ncmethod_call:nnn { Vnn }
                           \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_rcmethod_call:nnn { Vnn }
                           \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_method_call:nnn { Vnn }
                        450
                        (End definition for \object_ncmethod_call:nnn, \object_rcmethod_call:nnn, and \object_method_-
                        call:nnn. These functions are documented on page 6.)
\c_proxy_address_str
                       The address of the proxy object.
                        451 \str_const:Nx \c_proxy_address_str
                             { \object_address:nn { rawobjects }{ proxy } }
                        (End definition for \c proxy address str. This variable is documented on page 8.)
                            Source of proxy object
                        453 \str_const:cn { \__rawobjects_object_modvar:V \c_proxy_address_str }
                             { rawobjects }
                           \str_const:cV { \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:V \c_proxy_address_str }
                        455
                             \c_proxy_address_str
                           \str_const:cV { \__rawobjects_object_scovar:V \c_proxy_address_str }
                             \c__rawobjects_const_str
                           \str_const:cV { \__rawobjects_object_visvar:V \c_proxy_address_str }
                             \c_object_public_str
                        461
                           \seq_const_from_clist:cn
                        463
                               \object_member_adr:Vnn \c_proxy_address_str { varlist }{ seq }
                        464
                        465
                             { varlist }
                        466
                        467
                           \object_newconst_str:Vnn \c_proxy_address_str { varlist_type }{ seq }
\object_if_proxy_p:n Test if an object is a proxy.
\object_if_proxy:nTF
```

```
\object_test_proxy:nNTF { #1 }
                                    \c_proxy_address_str
                               474
                               475
                                           \prg_return_true:
                               476
                                         }
                               477
                                         {
                               478
                                           \prg_return_false:
                               479
                               480
                                    }
                               481
                               482
                               (End definition for \object_if_proxy:nTF. This function is documented on page 7.)
   \object_test_proxy_p:nn
                              Test if an object is generated from selected proxy.
   \object_test_proxy:nnTF
   \object_test_proxy_p:nN
                                  \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \str_if_eq:nn { ve }{ TF }
                               484
   \object_test_proxy:nNTF
                               485
                                  \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_test_proxy:nn {p, T, F, TF}
                               486
                                      \str_if_eq:veTF { \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #1 } }
                               488
                                    { #2 }
                               489
                               490
                                           \prg_return_true:
                               491
                                         }
                               492
                                         {
                               493
                                           \prg_return_false:
                               494
                               495
                                    }
                               496
                                  \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_test_proxy:nN {p, T, F, TF}
                               498
                                      \str_if_eq:cNTF { \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #1 } }
                                    #2
                               501
                               502
                                           \prg_return_true:
                               503
                               504
                                         {
                               505
                                           \prg_return_false:
                               506
                               507
                                    }
                               508
                                   \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_test_proxy:nn { Vn }{p, T, F, TF}
                               510
                               511
                                   \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_test_proxy:nN { VN }{p, T, F, TF}
                               512
                               (End definition for \object_test_proxy:nnTF and \object_test_proxy:nNTF. These functions are doc-
                               umented on page 8.)
                              Creates an object from a proxy
      \object_create:nnnNN
 \object_create_set:NnnnNN
\object_create_gset:NnnnNN
                               514 \msg_new:nnn { aa }{ mess }{ #1 }
                               516 \msg_new:nnnn { rawobjects }{ notproxy }{ Fake ~ proxy }
```

\prg\_new\_conditional:Nnn \object\_if\_proxy:n {p, T, F, TF}

471 472

```
{
517
       Object ~ #1 ~ is ~ not ~ a ~ proxy.
518
    }
519
   \cs_new_protected: Nn \__rawobjects_force_proxy:n
521
522
       \object_if_proxy:nF { #1 }
523
524
            \msg_error:nnn { rawobjects }{ notproxy }{ #1 }
525
526
     }
527
528
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \__rawobjects_create_anon:nnnNN
529
     {
530
531
       \__rawobjects_force_proxy:n { #1 }
532
533
       \str_const:cn { \__rawobjects_object_modvar:n { #2 } }{ #3 }
534
       \str_const:cx { \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #2 } }{ #1 }
       \str_const:cV { \__rawobjects_object_scovar:n { #2 } } #4
       \str_const:cV { \__rawobjects_object_visvar:n { #2 } } #5
538
539
       \seq_map_inline:cn
540
         {
           \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ varlist }{ seq }
541
         }
542
543
           \object_new_member:nnv { #2 }{ ##1 }
545
                \object_ncmember_adr:nnn { #1 }{ ##1 _ type }{ str }
547
         }
548
    }
549
550
  \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_create:nnnNN
551
552
       \__rawobjects_create_anon:nnnNN { #1 }{ \object_address:nn { #2 }{ #3 } }
553
         { #2 } #4 #5
554
555
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_create_set:NnnnNN
       \object_create:nnnNN { #2 }{ #3 }{ #4 } #5 #6
559
       \str_set:Nx #1 { \object_address:nn { #3 }{ #4 } }
560
    }
561
562
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_create_gset:NnnnNN
563
       \object_create:nnnNN { #2 }{ #3 }{ #4 } #5 #6
565
566
       \str_gset:Nx #1 { \object_address:nn { #3 }{ #4 } }
567
     }
569 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_create:nnnNN { VnnNN }
570 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_create_set:NnnnNN { NVnnNN }
```

```
571 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_create_gset:NnnnNN { NVnnNN }
```

(End definition for \object\_create:nnnNN, \object\_create\_set:NnnnNN, and \object\_create\_gset:NnnnNN. These functions are documented on page 8.)

#### \object\_allocate\_incr:NNnnNN

\object\_gallocate\_incr:NNnnNN \object\_allocate\_gincr:NNnnNN \object\_gallocate\_gincr:NNnnNN Create an address and use it to instantiate an object

```
574 \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_combine:nn
    {
575
      anon . #2 . #1
576
    }
577
578
  \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__rawobjects_combine:nn { Vn }
579
580
  \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_allocate_incr:NNnnNN
581
582
       \object_create_set:NnnnNN #1 { #3 }{ #4 }
584
           \__rawobjects_combine:Vn #2 { #3 }
585
586
         #5 #6
587
588
         \int_incr:N #2
589
    }
590
591
  \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_gallocate_incr:NNnnNN
592
593
       \object_create_gset:NnnnNN #1 { #3 }{ #4 }
           \__rawobjects_combine:Vn #2 { #3 }
         }
597
         #5 #6
598
599
         \int_incr:N #2
600
    }
601
602
   603
604
  \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_gallocate_incr:NNnnNN { NNVnNN }
  \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_allocate_gincr:NNnnNN
607
608
       \object_create_set:NnnnNN #1 { #3 }{ #4 }
609
610
             _rawobjects_combine:Vn #2 { #3 }
611
612
         #5 #6
613
614
         \int_gincr:N #2
615
    }
616
  \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_gallocate_gincr:NNnnNN
618
    {
619
```

```
rawobjects_combine:Vn #2 { #3 }
                           622
                           623
                                     #5 #6
                           624
                           625
                                     \int_gincr:N #2
                           626
                                }
                           627
                           628
                              \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_allocate_gincr:NNnnNN { NNVnNN }
                           630
                              \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_gallocate_gincr:NNnnNN { NNVnNN }
                           631
                           (End definition for \object_allocate_incr:NNnnNN and others. These functions are documented on
                           page 9.)
                           Creates a new proxy object
      \proxy_create:nnN
 \proxy_create_set:NnnN
\proxy_create_gset:NnnN
                           634 \cs_new_protected:Nn \proxy_create:nnN
                           635
                                   \object_create:VnnNN \c_proxy_address_str { #1 }{ #2 }
                           636
                                     \c_object_global_str #3
                           637
                                }
                           638
                           639
                              \cs_new_protected:Nn \proxy_create_set:NnnN
                           640
                           641
                           642
                                   \object_create_set:NVnnNN #1 \c_proxy_address_str { #2 }{ #3 }
                           643
                                     \c_object_global_str #4
                                }
                            644
                           645
                              \cs_new_protected:Nn \proxy_create_gset:NnnN
                           646
                           647
                                   \object_create_gset:NVnnNN #1 \c_proxy_address_str { #2 }{ #3 }
                           648
                                     \c_object_global_str #4
                           649
                                }
                           650
                           651
                           (End definition for \proxy_create:nnN, \proxy_create_set:NnnN, and \proxy_create_gset:NnnN. These
                           functions are documented on page 9.)
                          Push a new member inside a proxy.
 \proxy_push_member:nnn
                              \cs_new_protected:Nn \proxy_push_member:nnn
                           653
                                   \__rawobjects_force_scope:n { #1 }
                           654
                                   \object_newconst_str:nnn { #1 }{ #2 _ type }{ #3 }
                           655
                                   \seq_gput_left:cn
                           656
                                       \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ varlist }{ seq }
                                     }
                                     { #2 }
                           660
                                }
                           661
                           662
                           663 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \proxy_push_member:nnn { Vnn }
                           664
```

\object\_create\_gset:NnnnNN #1 { #3 }{ #4 }

(End definition for \proxy\_push\_member:nnn. This function is documented on page 9.)

```
Copy an object to another one.
\object_assign:nn
                        \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_assign:nn
                     667
                            \seq_map_inline:cn
                                 \object_member_adr:vnn
                     669
                     670
                                      \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #1 }
                     671
                     672
                                   { varlist }{ seq }
                     673
                               }
                     674
                               {
                     675
                                 \object_member_set_eq:nnc { #1 }{ ##1 }
                     676
                                     \object_member_adr:nn{ #2 }{ ##1 }
                     678
                     679
                               }
                     680
                          }
                     681
                     682
                        \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_assign:nn { nV, Vn, VV }
                     (End definition for \object_assign:nn. This function is documented on page 9.)
                         A simple forward list proxy
                     684
                        \cs_new_protected:Nn \rawobjects_fwl_inst:n
                     685
                            \object_if_exist:nF
                     687
                                 \object_address:nn { rawobjects }{ fwl ! #1 }
                     689
                              }
                     690
                     691
                                 \proxy_create:nnN { rawobjects }{ fwl ! #1 } \c_object_private_str
                     692
                                 \proxy_push_member
                     693
                     694
                                     \object_address:nn { rawobjects }{ fwl ! #1 }
                     695
                     696
                                   { next }{ str }
                              }
                          }
                     699
                     700
                        \cs_new_protected:Nn \rawobjects_fwl_newnode:nnnNN
                     701
                     702
                            \rawobjects_fwl_inst:n { #1 }
                     703
                            \object_create:nnnNN
                     704
                     705
                                 \object_address:nn { rawobjects }{ fwl ! #1 }
                     706
                               { #2 }{ #3 } #4 #5
                          }
```

 $_{711}$   $\langle /package \rangle$