The lt3rawobjects package

Paolo De Donato

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1 Introduction

First to all notice that $\mathsf{lt3rawobjects}$ means "raw object(s)", indeed $\mathsf{lt3rawobjects}$ introduces a new mechanism to create objects like the well known C structures. The functions exported by this package are quite low level, and many important mechanisms like member protection and name resolution aren't already defined and should be introduced by intermediate packages.

This packages follows the SemVer specification (https://semver.org/). In particular any major version update (for example from 1.2 to 2.0) may introduce imcompatible changes and so it's not advisable to work with different packages that require different major versions of lt3rawobjects. Instead changes introduced in minor and patch version updates are always backward compatible, and any withdrawn function is declared deprecated instead of being removed.

2 Objects and proxies

Usually an object in programming languages can be seen as a collection of variables (organized in different ways depending on the chosen language) treated as part of a single entity. In lt3rawobjects objects are collections of

- LATEX3 variables, called members;
- LATEX3 functions, called *methods*;
- generic control sequences, calles simply macros;
- other embedded objects.

Both members and methods can be retrieved from a string representing the container object, that is the *address* of the object and act like the address of a structure in C.

An address is composed of two parts: the *module* in which variables are created and an *identifier* that identify uniquely the object inside its module. It's up to the caller that two different objects have different identifiers. The address of an object can be obtained with the \object_address function. Identifiers and module names should not contain numbers, #, : and _ characters in order to avoid conflicts with hidden auxiliary commands. However you can use non letter characters like - in order to organize your members and methods.

Moreover normal control sequences have an address too, but it's simply any token list for which a c expansion retrieves the original control sequence. We impose also that any x or e fully expansion will be a string representing the control sequence's name, for this reason inside an address # characters and \exp_n functions aren't allowed.

In lt3rawobjects objects are created from an existing object that have a suitable inner structure. These objects that can be used to create other objects are called *proxy*. Every object is generated from a particular proxy object, called *generator*, and new objects can be created from a specified proxy with the \object_create functions.

Since proxies are themself objects we need a proxy to instantiate user defined proxies, you can use the proxy object in the rawobjects module to create you own proxy, which address is held by the \c_proxy_address_str variable. Proxies must be created from the proxy object otherwise they won't be recognized as proxies. Instead of using \object_-create to create proxies you can directly use the function \proxy_create.

Each member or method inside an object belongs to one of these categories:

- 1. mutables;
- 2. near constants;
- 3. remote constants.

Warning: Currently only members (variables) can be mutables, not methods. Mutable members can be added in future releases if they'll be needed.

Members declared as mutables works as normal variables: you can modify their value and retrieve it at any time. Instead members and methods declared as near constant works as constants: when you create them you must specify their initial value (or function body for methods) and you won't be allowed to modify it later. Remote constants for an object are simply near constants defined in its generator: all near constants defined inside a proxy are automatically visible as remote constants to every object generated

from that proxy. Usually functions involving near constants have nc inside their name, and rc if instead they use remote constants.

Instead of creating embedded objects or mutable members in each of your objects you can push their specifications inside the generating proxy via \proxy_push_object, \proxy_push_member. In this way either object created from such proxy will have the specified members and embedded objects. Specify mutable members in this way allows you to omit that member type in some functions as \object_member_adr for example, their member type will be deduced automatically from its specification inside generating proxy.

Objects can be declared public, private and local, global. In a public/private object every nonconstant member and method is declared public/private, but inside local/global object only assignation to mutable members is performed locally/globally since allocation is always performed globally via $\langle type \rangle_{new}:Nn$ functions (nevertheless members will be accordingly declared g_{o} or 1_{o}). This is intentional in order to follow the LATEX3 guidelines about variables management, for additional motivations you can see this thread in the LATEX3 repository.

Address of members/methods can be obtained with functions in the form \odots ditem \colored category adr where \colored is member, method, macro or embedded and \colored is no for near constants, rc for remote ones and empty for others. For example \odots pect_rcmethod_adr retrieves the address of specified remote constant method.

3 Library functions

3.1 Base object functions

```
\colon \colon
```

Composes the address of object in module $\langle module \rangle$ with identifier $\langle id \rangle$ and places it in the input stream. Notice that $\langle module \rangle$ and $\langle id \rangle$ are converted to strings before composing them in the address, so they shouldn't contain any command inside. If you want to execute its content you should use a new variant, for example V, f or e variants.

From: 1.0

\object_address_set:Nnn
\object_address_gset:Nnn

```
\odots = \frac{\langle str \ var \rangle}{\langle module \rangle} \{\langle id \rangle\}
```

Stores the adress of selected object inside the string variable $\langle str \ var \rangle$.

From: 1.1

```
\object_embedded_adr:nn
\object_embedded_adr:Vn
```

Compose the address of embedded object with name $\langle id \rangle$ inside the parent object with address $\langle address \rangle$. Since an embedded object is also an object you can use this function for any function that accepts object addresses as an argument.

```
\lambda \text{object_if_exist_p:n \times \text{object_if_exist_p:n \{\address\}} \\
\text{\text{object_if_exist:nTF \{\address\}} \{\text{\text{true code}\}} \{\text{\text{false code}\}} \\
\text{\text{\text{object_if_exist:nTF}} \times \text{\text{Tests if an object was instantiated at the specified address.}} \\
\text{\text{\text{object_if_exist:VTF}}} \times \text{\text{From: 1.0}} \\
\end{array}
```

```
\object_get_module:n
                                                                             * \object_get_module:n {\langle address \rangle}
\object_get_module:V
                                                                             * \object_get_proxy_adr:n {\langle address \rangle}
\object_get_proxy_adr:n *
                                                                                  Get the object module and its generator.
\object_get_proxy_adr:V *
                                                                                                 From: 1.0
      \object_if_local_p:n
                                                                            \star \oldsymbol{\columnwidth} \label{eq:colling} \delta \oldsymbol{\columnwidth} \delta \oldsymbol{\colling} \delta \oldsymbol{\columnwidth} \delta \oldsymbol{
                                                                             \object_if_local_p:V
      \object_if_local:nTF
                                                                                   Tests if the object is local or global.
      \object_if_local:VTF
                                                                                                 From: 1.0
      \object_if_global_p:n *
      \object_if_global_p:V *
      \object_if_global:nTF *
      \verb|\object_if_global:V]{$TF$}
   \object_if_public_p:V
                                                                            \object_if_public:nTF
                                                                                  Tests if the object is public or private.
   \object_if_public:VTF
                                                                                                From: 1.0
   \object_if_private_p:n *
   \object_if_private_p:V *
   \object_if_private:nTF *
   \object_if_private:VTF *
```

Members 3.2

```
\star \object_member_adr:nnn {\langle address \rangle} {\langle member name \rangle} {\langle member type \rangle}
\object_member_adr:nnn
                                     * \object_member_adr:nn {\landaress\rangle} {\landarest member name\rangle}
\object_member_adr:(Vnn|nnv)
\object_member_adr:nn
\object_member_adr:Vn
```

Fully expands to the address of specified member variable. If type is not specified it'll be retrieved from the generator proxy, but only if member is specified in the generator.

From: 1.0

```
\object member if exist p:nnn * \object member if exist p:nnn {\address\} {\angle member name \angle } {\angle member name \angle }
\object_member_if_exist_p:Vnn ★ type \}
\odotsin = \frac{TF}{2} + \frac{TF}{2} 
\odelight \begin{center} \label{lem:code} \odelight \begin{center} \label{lem:code} \delight \begin{center} \delight \begin{
\object_member_if_exist_p:nn * \object_member_if_exist_p:nn {\langle address \rangle} {\langle member name \rangle}
\object_member_if_exist_p:Vn * \object_member_if_exist:nnTF {\langle address \rangle} {\langle member name \rangle} {\langle true code \rangle}
\object_member_if_exist:nnTF
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       * {\langle false code \rangle}
\object_member_if_exist:Vn<u>TF</u>
```

Tests if the specified member exist.

From: 2.0

```
\object_member_type:Vn *
```

Fully expands to the type of member $\langle member \ name \rangle$. Use this function only with member variables specified in the generator proxy, not with other member variables.

From: 1.0

```
\object_new_member:nnn
                                                             \odots \object_new_member:nnn {\langle address \rangle} {\langle member name \rangle} {\langle member type \rangle}
\object_new_member:(Vnn|nnv)
                                              Creates a new member variable with specified name and type. You can't retrieve the
                                              type of these variables with \object_member_type functions.
                                                      From: 1.0
                                                             \object_member_use:nnn
\object_member_use:(Vnn|nnv) * \object_member_use:nn {\address\} {\address\}
\object_member_use:nn
\object_member_use:Vn
                                              Uses the specified member variable.
                                                       From: 1.0
\object_member_set:nnnn
                                                                  \odots \object_member_set:nnnn {\langle address \rangle} {\langle member name \rangle} {\langle member type \rangle}
\object_member_set:(nnvn|Vnnn) {\langle value \rangle}
                                                                 \verb|\object_member_set:nnn| \{\langle address \rangle\} | \{\langle member| name \rangle\} | \{\langle valuer \rangle\}|
\object_member_set:nnn
\object_member_set:Vnn
                                             Sets the value of specified member to \{\langle value \rangle\}. It calls implicitly \langle member\ type \rangle_-
                                              (g)set:cn then be sure to define it before calling this method.
                                                       From:
                                                                       2.1
                                                                                            \object_member_set_eq:nnnN
\object_member_set_eq:(nnvN|VnnN|nnnc|Vnnc) {\dagger} \dagger type \} \dagger \text{variable}
\object_member_set_eq:nnN
                                                                                            \odots \object_member_set_eq:nnN {\langle address \rangle} {\langle member name \rangle}
                                                                                            \langle variable \rangle
\object_member_set_eq:(VnN|nnc|Vnc)
                                              Sets the value of specified member equal to the value of \langle variable \rangle.
                                                       From:
                                                                       1.0
\object_ncmember_adr:nnn
                                                                  * \object_ncmember_adr:nnn {\laddress\} {\lambda member_name\} {\lambda member_type\}
\object_ncmember_adr:(Vnn|vnn)
\object_rcmember_adr:nnn
\object_rcmember_adr:Vnn
                                              Fully expands to the address of specified near/remote constant member.
                                                       From:
\object_ncmember_if_exist_p:nnn * \object_ncmember_if_exist_p:nnn {\( \lambda ddress \rangle \) {\( \lambda ember name \rangle \) } {\( \lambda ember name \rangle \) }
\object_ncmember_if_exist_p:Vnn * type \}
\object ncmember if exist:nnnTF * \object ncmember if exist:nnnTF {\address\} {\angle member name \angle } {\angle member name \angle }
\odelight \begin{center} \label{local_code} \odelight \begin{center} \label{local_code} \label{local_code_local_code_local_code_local_code_local
\object_rcmember_if_exist_p:nnn *
\object_rcmember_if_exist_p:Vnn *
\object_rcmember_if_exist:nnnTF *
\object_rcmember_if_exist:VnnTF *
```

Tests if the specified member constant exist.

```
\object_ncmember_use:nnn * \object_ncmember_use:nnn {\langle address \} {\langle member name \rangle } {\langle member type \rangle \}
\object_ncmember_use:Vnn ★
                                Uses the specified near/remote constant member.
\object_rcmember_use:nnn *
                                     From: 2.0
\object_rcmember_use:Vnn *
```

3.3 Methods

Currentlu only constant methods (near and remote) are implemented in lt3rawobjects as explained before.

```
\star \object_ncmethod_adr:nnn {\langle address \rangle} {\langle method name \rangle} {\langle method}
\object_ncmethod_adr:nnn
\object_ncmethod_adr:(Vnn|vnn) ★ variant)}
\object_rcmethod_adr:nnn
\object_rcmethod_adr:Vnn
```

Fully expands to the address of the specified

- near constant method if \object_ncmethod_adr is used;
- remote constant method if \object_rcmethod_adr is used.

From: 2.0

```
\object_ncmethod_if_exist_p:nnn * \object_ncmethod_if_exist_p:nnn {\( \lambda ddress \) \} {\( method name \) \} {\( method name \) \}
\object_ncmethod_if_exist_p:Vnn ★ variant \}
\object_ncmethod_if_exist:nnnTF * \object_ncmethod_if_exist:nnnTF {\langle address \rangle} {\langle method name \rangle} {\langle method name \rangle}
\odelight \begin{cal} \label{lem:code} \odelight \begin{cal} \label{lem:code} \end{cal} \label{lem:code} \end{cal} \end{cal} \begin{cal} \label{lem:code} \end{cal} \end{cal} \end{cal} \begin{cal} \label{lem:code} \end{cal} \end{cal} \begin{cal} \label{lem:code} \end{cal} \begin{cal} \labe
\object_rcmethod_if_exist_p:nnn *
\object_rcmethod_if_exist_p:Vnn
\object_rcmethod_if_exist:nnnTF
\object_rcmethod_if_exist:VnnTF
```

Tests if the specified method constant exist.

From: 2.0

```
\object_new_cmethod:Vnnn
```

```
\verb|\object_new_cmethod:nnnn | \cdot = (address)| {\cdot = (method arguments)| } {\cdot = (me
```

Creates a new method with specified name and argument types. The $\{\langle method \}$ arguments\} should be a string composed only by n and N characters that are passed to \cs new:Nn.

From: 2.0

```
\odots \object_ncmethod_call:nnn \star \object_ncmethod_call:nnn {\( \address \) \} {\( method name \) \} {\( method variant \) \}
\object_ncmethod_call:Vnn *
\object_rcmethod_call:nnn *
\object_rcmethod_call:Vnn *
```

Calls the specified method. This function is expandable if and only if the specified method was not declared protected.

3.4 Constant member creation

Unlike normal variables, constant variables in IATEX3 are created in different ways depending on the specified type. So we dedicate a new section only to collect some of these functions readapted for near constants (remote constants are simply near constants created on the generator proxy).

```
\odotspace{0.05cm} \odotspace{
\object_newconst_tl:nnn
 \object_newconst_tl:Vnn
                                                                                                                                                                            Creates a constant variable with type \langle type \rangle and sets its value to \langle value \rangle.
 \object_newconst_str:nnn
                                                                                                                                                                                                     From: 1.1
 \object_newconst_str:Vnn
\object_newconst_int:nnn
\object_newconst_int:Vnn
\object_newconst_clist:nnn
\object_newconst_clist:Vnn
\object_newconst_dim:nnn
\object_newconst_dim:Vnn
 \object_newconst_skip:nnn
 \object_newconst_skip:Vnn
 \object_newconst_fp:nnn
 \object_newconst_fp:Vnn
                                      \object_newconst_seq_from_clist:nnn \object_newconst_seq_from_clist:nnn {\langle address \rangle {\langle constant name \rangle}
                                      \object_newconst_seq_from_clist:Vnn {\comma-list\}
                                                                                                                                                                            Creates a seq constant which is set to contain all the items in \langle comma-list \rangle.
                                                                                                                                                                                                     From: 1.1
                                      \verb|\object_newconst_prop_from_keyval:nnn | object_newconst_prop_from_keyval:nnn | \{\langle address \rangle\} | \{\langle constant | object_newconst_prop_from_keyval:nnn | object_newconst_prop_f
                                      \object_newconst_prop_from_keyval:Vnn name \}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        \langle \text{key} \rangle = \langle \text{value} \rangle, ...
                                                                                                                                                                            Creates a prop constant which is set to contain all the specified key-value pairs.
                                                                                                                                                                                                     From: 1.1
                                 \odotspace{0.05cm} \odotspace{
                                                                                                                                                                            Expands to \langle type \rangle_const: cn {\langle address \rangle} {\langle value \rangle}, use it if you need to create simple
                                                                                                                                                                           constants with custom types.
                                                                                                                                                                                                     From: 2.1
                                                                                                                                                                            3.5
                                                                                                                                                                                                                    Macros
                        \odots \object_macro_adr:nn \star \object_macro_adr:nn \{\langle address \rangle\} \{\langle macro\ name \rangle\}
                        \cdot = \cdo
                                                                                                                                                                                                     From: 2.2
                        \verb|\object_macro_use:nn| * \verb|\object_macro_use:nn| \{ \langle address \rangle \} | \{ \langle macro| name \rangle \}
                        is it.
```

There isn't any standard function to create macros, and macro declarations can't be inserted in a proxy object. In fact a macro is just an unspecialized control sequence at the disposal of users that usually already know how to implement them.

3.6 Proxy utilities and object creation

```
\object_if_proxy_p:n * \object_if_proxy_p:n {\langle address \rangle}
                               \object_if_proxy_p:V * \object_if_proxy:nTF {\land address\} {\land true code\} {\land false code\}
                               \label{local_interpret} $$ \operatorname{Dest}_{\underline{I}} * \operatorname{Test}_{\underline{I}} * \operatorname{Test}_{\underline{I}} $
                               \object_if_proxy:VTF *
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             From: 1.0
 \object_test_proxy_p:nn * \object_test_proxy_p:nn {\langle object address \rangle} {\langle proxy address \rangle}
   \odots \object_test_proxy_p: Vn \star \object_test_proxy:nnTF {\langle object\ address \rangle} {\langle proxy\ address \rangle} {\langle true\ code \rangle} {\langle false\ fa
 \odotspace{-0.05cm} \odotspace{-0.05cm} \odotspace{-0.05cm} \node \nod
 \label{eq:loss_proxy:Vn} $$ \underline{\text{TF}} \star $$ Test if the specified object is generated by the selected proxy, where $$\langle \textit{proxy variable} \rangle$ is $$ \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} \right) + \frac{1}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    a string variable holding the proxy address.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                TEXhackers note: Remember that this command uses internally an e expansion so in
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    older engines (any different from Lual*TEX before 2019) it'll require slow processing. Don't use
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    it in speed critical parts, instead use \object_test_proxy:nN.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               From: 2.0
 \object_test_proxy_p:nN * \object_test_proxy_p:nN {\dobject address\} \dots variable\
 \odots \object_test_proxy_p:VN \star \object_test_proxy:nNTF {\langle object\ address \rangle} \langle proxy\ variable \rangle {\langle true\ code \rangle} {\langle false\ fals
\odotspace{-0.05cm} \odotspace{-0.05cm} \odotspace{-0.05cm} \noindent \noi
\begin{tabular}{ll} \verb&\begin{tabular}{ll} 
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    string variable holding the proxy address. The :nN variant don't use e expansion, instead
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    of :nn command, so it can be safetly used with older compilers.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             From: 2.0
                                                     \c_proxy_address_str The address of the proxy object in the rawobjects module.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             From: 1.0
                                                     \colon 
                                                     \object_create: VnnNN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   Creates an object by using the proxy at \( \lambda proxy address \rangle \) and the specified parameters.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               From: 1.0
                                                     \color=0.05 \c_object_local_str Possible values for \color=0.05 parameter.
                                                     \c_object_global_str
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               From: 1.0
                                            \c_object_public_str
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    Possible values for \langle visibility \rangle parameter.
```

\c_object_private_str

From: 1.0

Creates an object and sets its fully expanded address inside $\langle str \ var \rangle$.

From: 1.0

```
\object_allocate_incr:NNnnNN \object_allocate_incr:NNnnNN \str var \rangle \langle int var \rangle \langle proxy address \rangle \rangle \rangle prox address \rangle \rangle \rangle \rangle prox address \rangle \ran
```

Build a new object address with module $\langle module \rangle$ and an identifier generated from $\langle proxy \ address \rangle$ and the integer contained inside $\langle int \ var \rangle$, then increments $\langle int \ var \rangle$. This is very useful when you need to create a lot of objects, each of them on a different address. the _incr version increases $\langle int \ var \rangle$ locally whereas _gincr does it globally.

From: 1.1

\proxy_create:nnN
\proxy_create_set:NnnN
\proxy_create_gset:NnnN

Creates a global proxy object.

From: 1.0

\proxy_push_member:nnn \proxy_push_member:Vnn

```
\proxy_push_member:nnn { \langle proxy \ address \rangle } { \langle \ member \ name \ \rangle } { \langle \ member \ type \ \rangle }
```

Updates a proxy object with a new member specification, so that every subsequential object created with this proxy will have a member variable with the specified name and type that can be retrieved with \object_member_type functions.

From: 1.0

\object_assign:nn
\object_assign:(Vn|nV|VV)

```
\verb|\object_assign:nn| \{\langle to \ address \rangle\} \ \{\langle from \ address \rangle\}|
```

Assigns the content of each variable of object at $\langle from \ address \rangle$ to each correspective variable in $\langle to \ address \rangle$. Both the objects should be created with the same proxy object and only variables listed in the proxy are assigned.

From: 1.0

4 Examples

Example 1

Create a public proxy with id myproxy with the specification of a single member variable with name myvar and type t1, then set its address inside \l_myproxy_str.

```
\str_new:N \l_myproxy_str
\proxy_create_set:NnnN \l_myproxy_str { example }{ myproxy }
  \c_object_public_str
\proxy_push_member:Vnn \l_myproxy_str { myvar }{ tl }
```

Then create a new object with name myobj with that proxy, assign then token list \c_dollar_str{} ~ dollar ~ \c_dollar_str{} to myvar and then print it.

```
\str_new:N \l_myobj_str
\object_create_set:NVnnNN \l_myobj_str \l_myproxy_str
 { example }{ myobj } \c_object_local_str \c_object_public_str
\tl_set:cn
 {
    \object_member_adr:Vn \l_myobj_str { myvar }
 }
 { \c_dollar_str{} ~ dollar ~ \c_dollar_str{} }
\object_member_use:Vn \l_myobj_str { myvar }
    Output: $ dollar $
   If you don't want to specify an object identifier you can also do
\int_new:N \l_intc_int
\object_allocate_incr:NNVnNN \l_myobj_str \l_intc_int \l_myproxy_str
 { example } \c_object_local_str \c_object_public_str
\tl_set:cn
 {
    \object_member_adr:Vn \l_myobj_str { myvar }
  { \c dollar str{} ~ dollar ~ \c dollar str{} }
\object_member_use:Vn \l_myobj_str { myvar }
    Output: $ dollar $
```

5 Templated proxies

At the current time there isn't a standardized approach to templated proxies. One problem of standardized templated proxies is how to define struct addresses for every kind of argument (token lists, strings, integer expressions, non expandable arguments, ...).

Even if there isn't currently a function to define every kind of templated proxy you can anyway define your templated proxy with your custom parameters. You simply need to define at least two functions:

- an expandable macro that, given all the needed arguments, fully expands to the address of your templated proxy. This address can be obtained by calling \object_-address {\langle module \rangle} {\langle id \rangle} where \langle id \rangle starts with the name of your templated proxy and is followed by a composition of specified arguments;
- a not expandable macro that tests if the templated proxy with specified arguments is instantiated and, if not, instantiate it with different calls to \proxy_create and \proxy_push_member.

In order to apply these concepts we'll provide a simple implementation of a linked list with a template parameter representing the type of variable that holds our data. A linked list is simply a sequence of nodes where each node contains your data and a pointer to the next node. For the moment we 'll show a possiple implementation of a template proxy class for such node objects.

First to all we define an expandable macro that fully expands to our node name:

```
\cs_new:Nn \node_address:n
{
     \object_address:nn { linklist }{ node - #1 }
}
```

where the #1 argument is simply a string representing the type of data held by our linked list (for example t1, str, int, ...). Next we need a functions that instantiate our proxy address if it doesn't exist:

```
\cs_new_protected:Nn \node_instantiate:n
{
    \object_if_exist:nF {\node_address:n { #1 } }
    {
        \proxy_create:nnN { linklist }{ node - #1 }
        \c_object_public_str
        \proxy_push_member:nnn {\node_address:n { #1 } }
        { next }{ str }
        \proxy_push_member:nnn {\node_address:n { #1 } }
        { data }{ #1 }
    }
}
```

As you can see when \node_instantiate is called it first test if the proxy object exists. If not then it creates a new proxy with that name and populates it with the specifications of two members: a next member variable of type str that points to the next node, and a data member of the specified type that holds your data.

Clearly you can define new functions to work with such nodes, for example to test if the next node exists or not, to add and remove a node, search inside a linked list, ...

6 Implementation

```
1 (*package)
                          2 (@@=rawobjects)
 \c_object_local_str
\c_object_global_str
                         3 \str_const:Nn \c_object_local_str {loc}
\c_object_public_str
                         4 \str_const:Nn \c_object_global_str {glo}
\c_object_private_str
                         5 \str_const:Nn \c_object_public_str {pub}
                         6 \str_const:Nn \c_object_private_str {pri}
                          8 \str_const:Nn \c__rawobjects_const_str {con}
                        (End definition for \c_object_local_str and others. These variables are documented on page 8.)
  \object_address:nn Get address of an object
                          9 \cs_new:Nn \object_address:nn {
                             \tl_to_str:n { #1 _ #2 }
                         11 }
                        (End definition for \object_address:nn. This function is documented on page 3.)
```

```
\object_address_gset:Nnn
                            13 \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_address_set:Nnn {
                               \str_set:Nn #1 { #2 _ #3 }
                            14
                            15 }
                            17 \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_address_gset:Nnn {
                            \str_gset:Nn #1 { #2 _ #3 }
                            19 }
                           (End definition for \object_address_set:Nnn and \object_address_gset:Nnn. These functions are
                           documented on page 3.)
                            21 \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_object_modvar:n{
                              c __ #1 _ MODULE _ str
                            23 }
                            25 \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n{
                                c __ #1 _ PROXY _ str
                            29 \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_object_scovar:n{
                                c __ #1 _ SCOPE _ str
                            31 }
                            33 \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_object_visvar:n{
                                c __ #1 _ VISIB _ str
                            35 }
                            37 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__rawobjects_object_modvar:n { V }
                            _{\mbox{\scriptsize 38}} \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { V }
                            39 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__rawobjects_object_scovar:n { V }
                            40 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__rawobjects_object_visvar:n { V }
    \object_if_exist_p:n
                          Tests if object exists.
    \object_if_exist:nTF
                            41
                            42 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_if_exist:n { p, T, F, TF }
                            43
                                {
                                   \cs_if_exist:cTF
                            44
                                     {
                            45
                                       \__rawobjects_object_modvar:n { #1 }
                            46
                            47
                                     {
                            48
                            49
                                       \prg_return_true:
                            50
                            51
                                       \prg_return_false:
                                     }
                            53
                                }
                            56 \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_if_exist:n { V }
                                { p, T, F, TF }
```

Saves the address of an object into a string variable

\object_address_set:Nnn

(End definition for \object_if_exist:nTF. This function is documented on page 3.) Retrieve the name, module and generating proxy of an object \object_get_module:n \object_get_proxy_adr:n 59 \cs_new:Nn \object_get_module:n { \str_use:c { __rawobjects_object_modvar:n { #1 } } 61 } 62 \cs_new:Nn \object_get_proxy_adr:n { \str_use:c { __rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #1 } } 63 64 } 66 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_get_module:n { V } 67 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_get_proxy_adr:n { V } (End definition for \object_get_module:n and \object_get_proxy_adr:n. These functions are documented on page 4.) Test the specified parameters. \object_if_local_p:n \object_if_local:nTF 68 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_if_local:n {p, T, F, TF} \object_if_global_p:n 69 { \object_if_global:nTF \str_if_eq:cNTF { __rawobjects_object_scovar:n {#1} } 70 \c_object_local_str 71 \object_if_public_p:n 72 \object_if_public:nTF \prg_return_true: 73 \object_if_private_p:n } \object_if_private:n<u>TF</u> { 75 76 \prg_return_false: } 77 78 } 79 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_if_global:n {p, T, F, TF} 80 81 { \str_if_eq:cNTF { __rawobjects_object_scovar:n {#1} } 82 \c_object_global_str 83 84 \prg_return_true: 85 86 } { 87 88 \prg_return_false: 89 90 } 91 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_if_public:n {p, T, F, TF} 92 93 \str_if_eq:cNTF { __rawobjects_object_visvar:n { #1 } } 94 \c_object_public_str 95 96 97 \prg_return_true: } 99 { 100 \prg_return_false: 101 102 }

103

104 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_if_private:n {p, T, F, TF}

```
105 {
                                \str_if_eq:cNTF { \__rawobjects_object_visvar:n {#1} }
                           106
                                  \c_object_private_str
                           107
                                  {
                           108
                                     \prg_return_true:
                           109
                                  }
                                  {
                           111
                                     \prg_return_false:
                           112
                                  }
                           113
                           114 }
                           115
                              \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_if_local:n { V }
                           116
                                { p, T, F, TF }
                              \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_if_global:n { V }
                           118
                                { p, T, F, TF }
                           119
                              \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_if_public:n { V }
                           120
                                { p, T, F, TF }
                           121
                              \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_if_private:n { V }
                                { p, T, F, TF }
                          (End definition for \object_if_local:nTF and others. These functions are documented on page 4.)
                          Get the address of a member variable
\object_member_adr:nnn
\object_member_adr:nn
                           125 \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_scope:n
                           126
                                  \object_if_local:nTF { #1 }
                           127
                                     {
                           128
                                       1
                           129
                                     }
                           130
                           131
                                       \str_if_eq:cNTF { \__rawobjects_object_scovar:n { #1 } }
                           132
                           133
                                         \c__rawobjects_const_str
                           134
                                         {
                                           С
                                         }
                           136
                                         {
                           137
                           138
                                           g
                                         }
                           139
                                    }
                           140
                                }
                           141
                           142
                              \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_scope_pfx:n
                           143
                           144
                                   \object_if_local:nF { #1 }
                           145
                                     { g }
                                }
                           147
                           148
                              \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_vis_var:n
                           149
                           150
                                  \object_if_private:nTF { #1 }
                           151
                           152
                           153
                                     }
                           154
```

```
{
                           155
                           156
                           157
                                }
                           158
                           159
                              \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_vis_fun:n
                           160
                           161
                                  \object_if_private:nT { #1 }
                           162
                           164
                                    }
                           165
                                }
                           166
                           167
                              \cs_new:Nn \object_member_adr:nnn
                           168
                           169
                                  \__rawobjects_scope:n { #1 }
                           170
                                  \__rawobjects_vis_var:n { #1 }
                           171
                                  #1 \tl_to_str:n { _ MEMBER _ #2 _ #3 }
                           172
                           173
                           174
                              \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_adr:nnn { Vnn, vnn, nnv }
                           175
                           176
                              \cs_new:Nn \object_member_adr:nn
                           178
                                  \object_member_adr:nnv { #1 }{ #2 }
                           179
                           180
                                       \object_rcmember_adr:nnn { #1 }
                           181
                                         { #2 _ type }{ str }
                           182
                           183
                                }
                           184
                           185
                           \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_adr:nn { Vn }
                          (End definition for \object_member_adr:nnn and \object_member_adr:nn. These functions are docu-
                          mented on page 4.)
                          Deduce the member type from the generating proxy.
\object_member_type:nn
                              \cs_new:Nn \object_member_type:nn
                           188
                                  \object_rcmember_use:nnn { #1 }
                                    { #2 _ type }{ str }
                           191
                                }
                           192
                           193
                          (End definition for \object_member_type:nn. This function is documented on page 4.)
                              \msg_new:nnnn { rawobjects }{ scoperr }{ Nonstandard ~ scope }
                           195
                           196
                                  Operation ~ not ~ permitted ~ on ~ object ~ #1 ~
                           197
                                   since ~ it ~ wasn't ~ declared ~ local ~ or ~ global
                           198
                           199
                           200
                          201 \cs_new_protected:Nn \__rawobjects_force_scope:n
```

```
\object_if_local_p:n { #1 } || \object_if_global_p:n { #1 }
                                205
                                206
                                         {
                                207
                                           \msg_error:nnx { rawobjects }{ scoperr }{ #1 }
                                208
                                209
                                     }
                                211
         \object_member_if_exist_p:nnn
                               Tests if the specified member exists
\object_member_if_exist:nnn<u>TF</u>
\object_member_if_exist_p:nn
                                   \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_member_if_exist:nnn {p, T, F, TF }
                                213
\object_member_if_exist:nnTF
                                214
                                       \cs_if_exist:cTF
                                216
                                         {
                                           \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
                                217
                                218
                                219
                                         {
                                           \prg_return_true:
                                220
                                221
                                         {
                                           \prg_return_false:
                                223
                                224
                                     }
                                225
                                   \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_member_if_exist:nn {p, T, F, TF }
                                228
                                       \cs_if_exist:cTF
                                229
                                         {
                                230
                                           \object_member_adr:nn { #1 }{ #2 }
                                231
                                232
                                           \prg_return_true:
                                234
                                         }
                                235
                                         {
                                           \prg_return_false:
                                237
                                238
                                     }
                                239
                                240
                                { Vnn }{ p, T, F, TF }
                                242
                                243 \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_member_if_exist:nn
                                     { Vn }{ p, T, F, TF }
                                244
                               (End definition for \object_member_if_exist:nnnTF and \object_member_if_exist:nnTF. These func-
                                tions are documented on page 4.)
                               Creates a new member variable
      \object_new_member:nnn
                                247 \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_new_member:nnn
                                     {
                                248
```

{

203 204 \bool_if:nF

```
\__rawobjects_force_scope:n { #1 }
                             249
                                     \cs_if_exist_use:cT { #3 _ new:c }
                             250
                             251
                                           \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 } }
                             252
                             253
                                  }
                             254
                             255
                                \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_new_member:nnn { Vnn, nnv }
                             256
                             (End definition for \object new member:nnn. This function is documented on page 5.)
                             Uses a member variable
   \object_member_use:nnn
    \object_member_use:nn
                             259 \cs_new:Nn \object_member_use:nnn
                             260
                                     \cs_if_exist_use:cT { #3 _ use:c }
                             261
                             262
                                         { \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 } }
                             263
                                  }
                             265
                                \cs_new:Nn \object_member_use:nn
                             267
                             268
                                     \object_member_use:nnv { #1 }{ #2 }
                             269
                                         \object_rcmember_adr:nnn { #1 }
                                           { #2 _ type }{ str }
                             274
                                  }
                                \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_use:nnn { Vnn, vnn, nnv }
                                \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_use:nn { Vn }
                             (End definition for \object_member_use:nnn and \object_member_use:nn. These functions are docu-
                             mented on page 5.)
                             Set the value a member.
  \object_member_set:nnnn
\object_member_set_eq:nnn
                             279
                             280 \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_member_set:nnnn
                             281
                                     \__rawobjects_force_scope:n { #1 }
                             282
                                     \cs_if_exist_use:cT
                             283
                             284
                                         #3 _ \__rawobjects_scope_pfx:n { #1 } set:cn
                             285
                                       }
                             286
                                         { \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 } } { #4 }
                                  }
                             290
                             291
                             292 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_set:nnnn { Vnnn, nnvn }
                             293
                             294 \cs_new_protected: Nn \object_member_set:nnn
```

```
295
        \object_member_set:nnvn { #1 }{ #2 }
296
297
            \object_rcmember_adr:nnn { #1 }
298
              { #2 _ type }{ str }
299
           { #3 }
300
     }
301
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_set:nnn { Vnn }
(End definition for \object member set:nnnn and \object member set eq:nnn. These functions are
documented on page 5.)
Make a member equal to another variable.
   \cs_new_protected: Nn \object_member_set_eq:nnnN
        \__rawobjects_force_scope:n { #1 }
308
       \cs_if_exist_use:cT
310
            #3 _ \__rawobjects_scope_pfx:n { #1 } set _ eq:cN
311
312
313
            { \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 } } #4
314
315
316
     }
317
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_set_eq:nnnN {    VnnN, nnnc, Vnnc, nnvN }
318
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_member_set_eq:nnN
320
321
       \object_member_set_eq:nnvN { #1 }{ #2 }
322
323
            \object_rcmember_adr:nnn { #1 }
324
              { #2 _ type }{ str }
325
326
     }
327
328
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_member_set_eq:nnN { VnN, nnc, Vnc }
(End definition for \object_member_set_eq:nnnN and \object_member_set_eq:nnN. These functions are
documented on page 5.)
Get the address of a near/remote constant.
332 \cs_new:Nn \object_ncmember_adr:nnn
       c _ #1 \tl_to_str:n { _ CONST _ #2 _ #3 }
     }
335
336
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_ncmember_adr:nnn { Vnn, vnn }
337
338
```

\object_member_set_eq:nnnN

\object_member_set_eq:nnN

\object_ncmember_adr:nnn

\object_rcmember_adr:nnn

339 \cs_new:Nn \object_rcmember_adr:nnn

```
\object_ncmember_adr:vnn { \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #1 } }
                              341
                                        { #2 }{ #3 }
                              342
                              343
                              344
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_rcmember_adr:nnn { Vnn }
                             (End definition for \object_ncmember_adr:nnn and \object_rcmember_adr:nnn. These functions are
                             documented on page 5.)
                             Tests if the specified member constant exists.
   \object_ncmember_if_exist_p:nnn
   \object ncmember if exist:nnnTF
                              347 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_ncmember_if_exist:nnn {p, T, F, TF }
   \object rcmember if exist p:nnn
   \object rcmember if exist:nnnTF
                                   {
                             348
                                     \cs_if_exist:cTF
                              349
                              350
                                          \object_ncmember_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
                              351
                                        }
                                        {
                              353
                              354
                                          \prg_return_true:
                                        }
                              355
                                        {
                              356
                                          \prg_return_false:
                              357
                              358
                                   }
                              359
                              360
                              361
                                 \prg_new_conditional: Nnn \object_rcmember_if_exist:nnn {p, T, F, TF }
                              362
                              363
                                     \cs_if_exist:cTF
                                          \object_rcmember_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
                                        }
                                        {
                              367
                                          \prg_return_true:
                              368
                              369
                              370
                                           \prg_return_false:
                              371
                              372
                                   }
                              373
                              374
                              375
                                 \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_ncmember_if_exist:nnn
                                   { Vnn }{ p, T, F, TF }
                                 \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_rcmember_if_exist:nnn
                              377
                                   { Vnn }{ p, T, F, TF }
                              378
                              379
                             (End definition for \object_ncmember_if_exist:nnnTF and \object_rcmember_if_exist:nnnTF. These
                             functions are documented on page 5.)
                             Uses a near/remote constant.
\object_ncmember_use:nnn
\object_rcmember_use:nnn
                              381 \cs_new:Nn \object_ncmember_use:nnn
                              382
                                     \cs_if_exist_use:cT { #3 _ use:c }
                              383
                                        {
                              384
```

```
386
                                   }
                              387
                              388
                                  \cs_new:Nn \object_rcmember_use:nnn
                              389
                              390
                                      \cs_if_exist_use:cT { #3 _ use:c }
                              391
                               392
                                          { \object_rcmember_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 } }
                               394
                                   }
                               395
                               396
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_ncmember_use:nnn { Vnn }
                              397
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_rcmember_use:nnn { Vnn }
                              (End definition for \object_ncmember_use:nnn and \object_rcmember_use:nnn. These functions are
                              documented on page 6.)
                              Creates a constant variable, use with caution
     \object_newconst:nnnn
                              401
                                 \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst:nnnn
                              402
                                      \use:c { #3 _ const:cn }
                              403
                                          \object_ncmember_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
                                        { #4 }
                                   }
                               408
                              409
                              (End definition for \object_newconst:nnnn. This function is documented on page 7.)
                              Create constants
  \object_newconst_tl:nnn
 \object_newconst_str:nnn
                              410
 \object_newconst_int:nnn
                              411 \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst_tl:nnn
\object_newconst_clist:nnn
                              412
                                      \object_newconst:nnnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ tl }{ #3 }
  \object_newconst_dim:nnn
                              413
                              414
\object_newconst_skip:nnn
                              415 \cs_new_protected: Nn \object_newconst_str:nnn
  \object_newconst_fp:nnn
                              416
                                    {
                                      \object_newconst:nnnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ str }{ #3 }
                              417
                                   }
                              418
                                 \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst_int:nnn
                              419
                              420
                                      \object_newconst:nnnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ int }{ #3 }
                              421
                              422
                                 \cs_new_protected: Nn \object_newconst_clist:nnn
                                      \object_newconst:nnnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ clist }{ #3 }
                              425
                                   }
                              426
                              427 \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst_dim:nnn
                              428
                                      \object_newconst:nnnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ dim }{ #3 }
                              429
                              430
```

{ \object_ncmember_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 } }

```
\object_newconst:nnnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ skip }{ #3 }
                              433
                              434
                                \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst_fp:nnn
                              435
                              436
                                     \object_newconst:nnnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ fp }{ #3 }
                              437
                              438
                                \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_tl:nnn { Vnn }
                                \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_str:nnn { Vnn }
                                \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_int:nnn { Vnn }
                                \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_clist:nnn { Vnn }
                                \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_dim:nnn { Vnn }
                                \cs_generate_variant:\n \object_newconst_skip:nnn { \nn }
                                \cs_generate_variant: Nn \object_newconst_fp:nnn { Vnn }
                             (End definition for \object_newconst_tl:nnn and others. These functions are documented on page ?.)
 \object newconst seq from clist:nnn
                             Creates a seq constant.
                                \cs_new_protected: Nn \object_newconst_seq_from_clist:nnn
                              450
                                     \seq_const_from_clist:cn
                              451
                              452
                                         \object_ncmember_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ seq }
                              453
                              454
                                       { #3 }
                              455
                              456
                              457
                                \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_newconst_seq_from_clist:nnn { Vnn }
                             (End definition for \object_newconst_seq_from_clist:nnn. This function is documented on page 7.)
\object newconst prop from keyval:nnn
                             Creates a prop constant.
                              460
                                \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst_prop_from_keyval:nnn
                              461
                              462
                                     \prop_const_from_keyval:cn
                              463
                              464
                                         \object_ncmember_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ prop }
                              465
                                       }
                              466
                                       { #3 }
                              467
                                \cs_generate_variant: Nn \object_newconst_prop_from_keyval:nnn { Vnn }
                             (End definition for \object_newconst_prop_from_keyval:nnn. This function is documented on page 7.)
                             Fully expands to the method address.
\object_ncmethod_adr:nnn
\object_rcmethod_adr:nnn
                             473 \cs_new:Nn \object_ncmethod_adr:nnn
```

\cs_new_protected:Nn \object_newconst_skip:nnn

431 432

{

```
476
                          477
                             \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_ncmethod_adr:nnn { Vnn , vnn }
                          478
                             \cs_new:Nn \object_rcmethod_adr:nnn
                          480
                          481
                                  \object_ncmethod_adr:vnn
                          483
                                       \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #1 }
                          484
                          485
                                    { #2 }{ #3 }
                          486
                               }
                          487
                          488
                             \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_ncmethod_adr:nnn { Vnn , vnn }
                          489
                             \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_rcmethod_adr:nnn { Vnn }
                          (End definition for \object_ncmethod_adr:nnn and \object_rcmethod_adr:nnn. These functions are
                          documented on page 6.)
\object ncmethod if exist p:nnn
                         Tests if the specified member constant exists.
\object_ncmethod_if_exist:nnn_TF
                             \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_ncmethod_if_exist:nnn {p, T, F, TF }
\object_rcmethod_if_exist_p:nnn
                          493
\object rcmethod if exist:nnnTF
                          494
                          495
                                  \cs_if_exist:cTF
                                      \object_ncmethod_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
                                    }
                                    {
                                       \prg_return_true:
                                    }
                          501
                                    {
                          502
                                       \prg_return_false:
                          503
                          504
                               }
                          505
                          506
                             \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_rcmethod_if_exist:nnn {p, T, F, TF }
                          508
                          509
                                  \cs_if_exist:cTF
                          510
                                      \object_rcmethodr_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
                          511
                          512
                                    {
                          513
                                       \prg_return_true:
                          514
                                    }
                          515
                          516
                                       \prg_return_false:
                          517
                          518
                               }
                          519
                             \prg_generate_conditional_variant:\nn \object_ncmethod_if_exist:nnn
                          521
                               { Vnn }{ p, T, F, TF }
```

#1 \tl_to_str:n { _ CMETHOD _ #2 : #3 }

474

```
(End definition for \object_ncmethod_if_exist:nnnTF and \object_rcmethod_if_exist:nnnTF. These
                             functions are documented on page 6.)
 \object_new_cmethod:nnnn
                             Creates a new method
                              527 \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_new_cmethod:nnnn
                              528
                                     \cs_new:cn
                              529
                                   {
                              530
                                     \object_ncmethod_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
                              531
                                   { #4 }
                              533
                                   }
                              536 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_new_cmethod:nnnn { Vnnn }
                             (End definition for \object_new_cmethod:nnnn. This function is documented on page 6.)
                             Calls the specified method.
\object_ncmethod_call:nnn
\object_rcmethod_call:nnn
                                \cs_new:Nn \object_ncmethod_call:nnn
                              539
                                   {
                              540
                                     \use:c
                              541
                                   {
                              542
                                     \object_ncmethod_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
                              543
                              544
                                   }
                              545
                              546
                                 \cs_new:Nn \object_rcmethod_call:nnn
                              548
                                   {
                              549
                                     \use:c
                              550
                                   {
                                     \object_rcmethod_adr:nnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }
                              551
                              552
                              553
                              554
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_ncmethod_call:nnn { Vnn }
                              555
                                 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_rcmethod_call:nnn { Vnn }
                             (End definition for \object_ncmethod_call:nnn and \object_rcmethod_call:nnn. These functions are
                             documented on page 6.)
     \c_proxy_address_str
                             The address of the proxy object.
                              558 \str_const:Nx \c_proxy_address_str
                                  { \object_address:nn { rawobjects }{ proxy } }
```

523 \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_rcmethod_if_exist:nnn

{ Vnn }{ p, T, F, TF }

```
(End definition for \c_proxy_address_str. This variable is documented on page 8.)
                               Source of proxy object
                           560 \str_const:cn { \__rawobjects_object_modvar:V \c_proxy_address_str }
                                { rawobjects }
                           562 \str_const:cV { \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:V \c_proxy_address_str }
                                \c_proxy_address_str
                           564 \str_const:cV { \__rawobjects_object_scovar:V \c_proxy_address_str }
                                \c__rawobjects_const_str
                           566 \str_const:cV { \__rawobjects_object_visvar:V \c_proxy_address_str }
                                \c_object_public_str
                           567
                              \seq_const_from_clist:cn
                                   \object_member_adr:Vnn \c_proxy_address_str { varlist }{ seq }
                                }
                           572
                                { varlist }
                           573
                           574
                              \object_newconst_str:Vnn \c_proxy_address_str { varlist_type }{ seq }
                           575
                           576
                          Test if an object is a proxy.
   \object_if_proxy_p:n
   \object_if_proxy:nTF
                              \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_if_proxy:n {p, T, F, TF}
                           578
                           579
                                   \object_test_proxy:nNTF { #1 }
                           580
                                \c_proxy_address_str
                           581
                                     {
                           582
                                       \prg_return_true:
                           583
                           584
                                       \prg_return_false:
                           587
                                }
                           588
                           589
                           (End definition for \object_if_proxy:nTF. This function is documented on page 8.)
                           Test if an object is generated from selected proxy.
\object_test_proxy_p:nn
\object_test_proxy:nn<u>TF</u>
\object_test_proxy_p:nN
                           591 \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \str_if_eq:nn { ve }{ TF }
\object_test_proxy:nNTF
                           592
                              \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_test_proxy:nn {p, T, F, TF}
                           593
                           594
                                   \str_if_eq:veTF { \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #1 } }
                           595
                                { #2 }
                           596
                                       \prg_return_true:
                                     }
                           599
                                     {
                           600
                                       \prg_return_false:
                           601
                           602
                                }
                           603
                           605 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \object_test_proxy:nN {p, T, F, TF}
```

```
{
606
       \str_if_eq:cNTF { \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #1 } }
607
     #2
608
609
            \prg_return_true:
610
         }
611
         {
612
            \prg_return_false:
613
614
     }
615
616
   \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_test_proxy:nn
617
     { Vn }{p, T, F, TF}
618
   \prg_generate_conditional_variant:Nnn \object_test_proxy:nN
619
     { VN }{p, T, F, TF}
620
621
(End definition for \object_test_proxy:nnTF and \object_test_proxy:nNTF. These functions are doc-
umented on page 8.)
Creates an object from a proxy
622
   \msg_new:nnn { aa }{ mess }{ #1 }
623
624
   \msg_new:nnnn { rawobjects }{ notproxy }{ Fake ~ proxy }
625
626
627
       Object ~ #1 ~ is ~ not ~ a ~ proxy.
628
629
   \cs_new_protected:\n\__rawobjects_force_proxy:n
630
631
       \object_if_proxy:nF { #1 }
632
633
            \msg_error:nnn { rawobjects }{ notproxy }{ #1 }
634
635
     }
636
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \__rawobjects_create_anon:nnnNN
638
639
640
       \__rawobjects_force_proxy:n { #1 }
641
642
       643
       \str_const:cx { \_rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #2 } }{ #1 }
644
       \str_const:cV { \__rawobjects_object_scovar:n { #2 } } #4
645
       \str_const:cV { \__rawobjects_object_visvar:n { #2 } } #5
646
647
       \seq_map_inline:cn
648
649
           \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ varlist }{ seq }
         }
         {
           \object_new_member:nnv { #2 }{ ##1 }
653
```

\object_create:nnnNN \object_create_set:NnnnNN

\object_create_gset:NnnnNN

{

```
\object_ncmember_adr:nnn { #1 }{ ##1 _ type }{ str }
655
656
          }
657
     }
658
659
    \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_create:nnnNN
660
661
          _rawobjects_create_anon:nnnNN { #1 }{ \object_address:nn { #2 }{ #3 } }
          { #2 } #4 #5
     }
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_create_set:NnnnNN
666
667
        \object_create:nnnNN { #2 }{ #3 }{ #4 } #5 #6
668
        \str_set:Nx #1 { \object_address:nn { #3 }{ #4 } }
669
670
671
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_create_gset:NnnnNN
672
        \object_create:nnnNN { #2 }{ #3 }{ #4 } #5 #6
        \str_gset:Nx #1 { \object_address:nn { #3 }{ #4 } }
675
     }
676
677
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_create:nnnNN { VnnNN }
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_create_set:NnnnNN { NVnnNN, NnnfNN }
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_create_gset:NnnnNN { NVnnNN, NnnfNN }
(\mathit{End\ definition\ for\ \ \ } \mathsf{cobject\_create:nnnNN},\ \mathsf{\ \ } \mathsf{object\_create\_set:NnnnNN},\ \mathit{and\ \ } \mathsf{object\_create\_gset:NnnnNN})
These functions are documented on page 8.)
Create an address and use it to instantiate an object
   \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_combine_aux:nnn
683
     {
684
        anon . #3 . #2 . #1
685
686
687
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__rawobjects_combine_aux:nnn { Vnf }
688
   \cs_new:Nn \__rawobjects_combine:Nn
691
        \__rawobjects_combine_aux:Vnf #1 { #2 }
692
     {
693
        \cs_to_str:N #1
694
695
696
697
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_allocate_incr:NNnnNN
698
699
        \object_create_set:NnnfNN #1 { #3 }{ #4 }
700
701
             \__rawobjects_combine:Nn #2 { #3 }
702
```

\object_allocate_incr:NNnnNN

\object_gallocate_incr:NNnnNN \object allocate gincr:NNnnNN

\object gallocate gincr:NNnnNN

```
705
                                     \int_incr:N #2
                            706
                                 }
                            707
                            708
                               \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_gallocate_incr:NNnnNN
                            709
                           710
                                   \object_create_gset:NnnfNN #1 { #3 }{ #4 }
                            711
                            712
                                        \__rawobjects_combine:Nn #2 { #3 }
                            713
                            714
                                     #5 #6
                            716
                                     \int_incr:N #2
                                 }
                            718
                            719
                               \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_allocate_incr:NNnnNN { NNVnNN }
                            720
                            721
                               \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_gallocate_incr:NNnnNN { NNVnNN }
                               \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_allocate_gincr:NNnnNN
                            724
                                 {
                            725
                                   \object_create_set:NnnfNN #1 { #3 }{ #4 }
                            726
                            727
                                          _rawobjects_combine:Nn #2 { #3 }
                            728
                            729
                                     #5 #6
                            730
                            731
                                     \int_gincr:N #2
                            732
                                 }
                            733
                            734
                              \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_gallocate_gincr:NNnnNN
                            735
                            736
                                   \object_create_gset:NnnfNN #1 { #3 }{ #4 }
                            737
                            738
                                        \__rawobjects_combine:Nn #2 { #3 }
                            739
                            740
                            741
                                     #5 #6
                            742
                                     \int_gincr:N #2
                                 }
                            745
                               \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_allocate_gincr:NNnnNN { NNVnNN }
                            746
                            747
                               \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_gallocate_gincr:NNnnNN { NNVnNN }
                            748
                           749
                           (End definition for \object_allocate_incr:NNnnNN and others. These functions are documented on
                           page 9.)
                           Creates a new proxy object
      \proxy_create:nnN
 \proxy_create_set:NnnN
\proxy_create_gset:NnnN
                           751 \cs_new_protected:Nn \proxy_create:nnN
                            752
                                 {
```

#5 #6

```
\c_object_global_str #3
                            754
                            755
                            756
                               \cs_new_protected:Nn \proxy_create_set:NnnN
                            757
                            758
                                    \object_create_set:NVnnNN #1 \c_proxy_address_str { #2 }{ #3 }
                            759
                                      \c_object_global_str #4
                            760
                                 }
                            761
                            762
                               \cs_new_protected:Nn \proxy_create_gset:NnnN
                            763
                                 {
                            764
                                    \object_create_gset:NVnnNN #1 \c_proxy_address_str { #2 }{ #3 }
                            765
                                      \c_object_global_str #4
                            766
                                 }
                            767
                            768
                           (End\ definition\ for\ proxy\_create:nnN,\ proxy\_create\_set:NnnN,\ and\ proxy\_create\_gset:NnnN.\ These
                           functions are documented on page 9.)
                           Push a new member inside a proxy.
\proxy_push_member:nnn
                               \cs_new_protected:Nn \proxy_push_member:nnn
                            769
                            770
                                    \__rawobjects_force_scope:n { #1 }
                            771
                            772
                                    \object_newconst_str:nnn { #1 }{ #2 _ type }{ #3 }
                                    \seq_gput_left:cn
                                        \object_member_adr:nnn { #1 }{ varlist }{ seq }
                                      }
                            776
                                      { #2 }
                                 }
                            778
                            779
                               \cs_generate_variant:Nn \proxy_push_member:nnn { Vnn }
                            780
                            781
                           (\mathit{End \ definition \ for \ } \verb|proxy_push_member:nnn|. \ \mathit{This \ function \ is \ documented \ on \ page \ 9.})
                           Copy an object to another one.
     \object_assign:nn
                            782 \cs_new_protected:Nn \object_assign:nn
                                 {
                            783
                                    \seq_map_inline:cn
                            784
                                      {
                            785
                                        \object_member_adr:vnn
                            786
                            787
                                             \__rawobjects_object_pxyvar:n { #1 }
                            788
                            789
                                          { varlist }{ seq }
                            790
                                      }
                                        \object_member_set_eq:nnc { #1 }{ ##1 }
                                             \object_member_adr:nn{ #2 }{ ##1 }
                            795
                                          }
                            796
                                      }
                            797
                                 }
                            798
```

\object_create:VnnNN \c_proxy_address_str { #1 }{ #2 }

```
800 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \object_assign:nn { nV, Vn, VV }
(End definition for \object_assign:nn. This function is documented on page 9.)
    A simple forward list proxy
801
   \verb|\cs_new_protected:Nn \rawobjects_fwl_inst:n| \\
802
803
        \object_if_exist:nF
804
             \object_address:nn { rawobjects }{ fwl ! #1 }
          }
808
             \proxy_create:nnN { rawobjects }{ fwl ! #1 } \c_object_private_str
809
            \proxy_push_member
810
               {
811
                 \object_address:nn { rawobjects }{ fwl ! #1 }
812
813
               { next }{ str }
814
          }
815
     }
816
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \rawobjects_fwl_newnode:nnnNN
818
819
        \rawobjects_fwl_inst:n { #1 }
820
        \object_create:nnnNN
821
822
            \object_address:nn { rawobjects }{ fwl ! #1 }
823
824
          { #2 }{ #3 } #4 #5
825
     }
826
_{828} \langle /package \rangle
```