

styledcmd

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`styledcmd` is a \LaTeX package that allows you to create and manage different versions of your macro in order to be able to choose the better style for every occasion and avoid rewriting code each time.

1 How can you include it in your project?

You need only to have the file `styledcmd.sty` in your current working directory. Otherwise you can manually install it inside your preferred \LaTeX compiler (for example `TeXLive` or `MiKTeX`) in order to make it available for all your projects. Instructions for manually install a package can be found on Internet.

Then once you've added it you can include in your project with this command:

```
\usepackage{styledcmd}
```

2 How do you use it?

You can create a formatted macro via the following command

<code>\newstyledcmd</code>	<code>\newstyledcmd {\langle macro name \rangle} {\langle style name \rangle} [\langle number of arguments \rangle] {\langle code \rangle}</code>
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<code>\renewstyledcmd</code>
<code>\providestyledcmd</code>

it has the same syntax of `\newcommand` except for the $\langle style name \rangle$ argument that specify the style. This macro alone creates commands $\langle macro name \rangle$ and $\langle macro name \rangle [\langle style name \rangle]$ that both expand as $\langle code \rangle$.

The most important feature is that you can call `\newstyledcmd` multiple times with the same $\langle macro name \rangle$ but different $\langle style name \rangle$, in this way each of $\langle macro name \rangle [\langle style name \rangle]$ expands to $\langle code \rangle$ associated to specified $\langle style name \rangle$. Notice that if you don't specify a style with just calling `\metamacro name` then it expands as the first created style, that style is the *default* one for such command.

As an example these commands

```
\newstyledcmd{\saluto}{informal}[1]{Hi #1}
\newstyledcmd{\saluto}{formal}[1]{Good morning #1}
```

define the two formats `informal` and `formal` for macro `\saluto`. Once you've created these two styles for `\saluto` you can use it with or without the style name argument, for example these commands

```
\saluto{uncle}
\sauto[informal]{uncle}
\sauto[formal]{uncle}
```

will be expanded respectively as Hi uncle, Hi uncle, Good morning uncle. With the same syntax you can use `\renewstyledcmd` and `\providestyledcmd` with the same meaning of `\renewcommand` and `\providecommand` respectively.

3 How do you change the default style?

In order to change the default style (the one used when you don't choose explicitly a style) you need to execute the following command

```
\setGlobalStyle \setGlobalStyle {\command name} {\new default style name}
```

For example in order to change the default style of command `\saluto` from `informal` to `formal` you need to execute command `\setGlobalStyle{\saluto}{formal}`. With this command the output of preceding commands will instead be Good morning uncle, Hi uncle, Good morning uncle.

4 Customize parameters with `xparse`

`styledcmd` loads automatically the `xparse` package for internal reasons. You can also define new styled commands with the same syntax used by `\NewDocumentCommand` with the following command

```
\NewDocStyledCMD \NewDocStyledCMD {\command name} {\format name} {\arguments format} {\code}
\RenewDocStyledCMD
\ProvideDocStyledCMD
```

For example we can create the following two styles

```
\NewDocStyledCMD{\prova}{stylea}{r<>}{Stile 1 #1}
\NewDocStyledCMD{\prova}{styleb}{r<>}{Stile 2 #1}
```

in order to execute

```
\prova<Hello>
\prova[stylea]<Hello>
\prova[styleb]<Hello>
```

which are expanded respectively as Stile 1 Hello; Stile 1 Hello; Stile 2 Hello. Notice that the first optional argument passed to a command defined via `\NewDocStyledCMD` will always be interpreted as a style argument, so you should use another syntax for optional arguments or use a mandatory argument for the first place.

For example this declaration `\NewDocStyledCMD{\bad}{style}{o m}{Bad declaration}` should be avoided since for example `\bad[arg1]{arg2}` will interpret `arg1` as a style name and not as the first optional argument for `\bad`.

5 Expandable commands

Commands created by `\newstyledcmd` doesn't work very well in expansion only context due to the presence of optional style argument. In order to be able to create expandable commands you should instead use

<code>\newstyledcmdExp</code> <code>\renewstyledcmdExp</code> <code>\providestyledcmdExp</code>	<code>\newstyledcmdExp {\macro name} {\style name} [{number of arguments}] {\code}</code>
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Despite commands created with `\newstyledcmd` the style name of commands created by `\newstyledcmdExp` are always mandatory and must be passed inside curly braces. In order to use the default style just pass an empty string as style name.

For example this code

```
\newstyledcmdExp{\expCMD}{sty1}{Style 1}
\newstyledcmdExp{\expCMD}{sty2}{Style 2}

\expCMD{}
\expCMD{sty1}
\expCMD{sty2}
```

expand as Style 1 Style 1 Style 2

6 Advanced usage

If `\newstyledcmd`, `\NewDocStyledCMD` and `\newstyledcmdExp` aren't suitable for you it's possible to create a custom styled command generator, but we first need to know a bit of the internal structure of `styledcmd`.

What you see as a styled command it's instead a collection of different macros:

- multiple *effective styled commands* (*ES commands*), one for each style;
- a single *dispatch command* that's called by the user and expands to the specified ES command.

<code>\stycmd_generate:NNN</code>	<code>\stycmd_generate:NNN <generator name> <ES commands generator> <dispatch command generator></code> <code>\stycmd_generate:NN <generator name> <ES commands generator></code>
-----------------------------------	--

Creates a generator of styled commands with name `<generator name>`. Argument `<ES commands generator>` is used to create ES commands and should accept a macro name as the first argument, but there aren't other restrictions on remaining arguments. Suitable ES commands generators are `\newcommand` and `\NewDocumentCommand`.

Argument `<dispatch command generator>` should generate the dispatch command. Despite `<ES commands generator>` this command must have only one parameter, a string representing the command to be created. Suitable values for this parameter are:

<code>\stycmd_xparsecmd:n</code>	<code>\stycmd_xparsecmd:n {\command name string}</code>
----------------------------------	---

Creates the dispatch command with `\ProvideDocumentCommand` with optional style name parameter (used in `\newstyledcmd` and `\NewDocStyledCMD`).

`\stycmd_expcmd:n` `\stycmd_expcmd:n {<command name string>}`

Creates the dispatch command with `\providecommand` with mandatory style name parameter (used in `\newstyledcmdExp`).

If you don't specify the dispatch command generator (by using the NN variant) `\stycmd_xparsecmd:n` is used implicitly.

7 Implementation

```

1 <*package>
2 <@@=stycmd>

```

`\c__stycmd_cmdproxy_str` Proxy used to generate styled commands

```

3 \str_const:Nx \c__stycmd_cmdproxy_str { \object_address:nn
4   { stycmd }{ proxy } }
5
6 \proxy_create:nnN { stycmd }{ proxy } \c_object_public_str
7 \proxy_push_member:Vnn \c__stycmd_cmdproxy_str { default }{ t1 }
8

```

(End definition for `\c__stycmd_cmdproxy_str`.)

`__stycmd_cmd:n` Name of a command bounded to some style.

```

\__stycmd_cmd_style:nn 9 \cs_new:Nn \__stycmd_cmd:n
\__stycmd_cmd_default:n 10 {
11   \object_address:nn{ stycmd }{ entity - #1 }
12 }
13
14 \cs_new:Nn \__stycmd_cmd_style:nn
15 {
16   \object_member_adr:nnn{ \__stycmd_cmd:n{ #1 } }{ style - #2 }
17   { stycmd_void }
18 }
19
20 \cs_new:Nn \stycmd_void_use:N { #1 }
21 \cs_new_eq:NN \stycmd_void_use:c \use:c
22
23 \cs_new:Nn \__stycmd_cmd_default:n
24 {
25   \object_member_adr:nn{ \__stycmd_cmd:n{ #1 } }{ default }
26 }
27

```

(End definition for `__stycmd_cmd:n`, `__stycmd_cmd_style:nn`, and `__stycmd_cmd_default:n`.)

`\stycmd_xparsecmd:n` Defines the main macro with `\ProvideDocumentCommand`.

```

28
29 \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stycmd_xparsecmd_aux:Nn
30 {
31   \ProvideDocumentCommand { #1 } { o }
32   {
33     \IfNoValueTF {##1}
34     {

```

```

35         \object_member_use:nn
36         {
37             \__stycmd_cmd:n{ #2 }
38         }
39         {
40             default
41         }
42     }
43     {
44         \object_member_use:nnn
45         {
46             \__stycmd_cmd:n{ #2 }
47         }
48         {
49             style - ##1
50         }
51         { stycmd_void }
52     }
53 }
54 }
55
56 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__stycmd_xparsecmd_aux:Nn { cn }
57
58 \cs_new_protected:Nn \stycmd_xparsecmd:n
59 {
60     \__stycmd_xparsecmd_aux:cn { #1 }{ #1 }
61 }
62

```

(End definition for `\stycmd_xparsecmd:n`. This function is documented on page 3.)

`\stycmd_expcmd:n` Defines the main macro with `\providecommand` but the style argument is mandatory in order to make the command expandable. To use default style pass an empty argument as style.

```

63
64 \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stycmd_expcmd_aux:Nn
65 {
66     \providecommand { #1 } [1]
67     {
68         \tl_if_empty:nTF {##1}
69         {
70             \object_member_use:nn
71             {
72                 \__stycmd_cmd:n{ #2 }
73             }
74             {
75                 default
76             }
77         }
78         {
79             \object_member_use:nnn
80             {
81                 \__stycmd_cmd:n{ #2 }
82             }
83         }
84     }
85 }
86

```

```

83         {
84             style - ##1
85         }
86         { stycmd_void }
87     }
88 }
89 }
90
91 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__stycmd_expcmd_aux:Nn { cn }
92
93 \cs_new_protected:Nn \stycmd_expcmd:n
94 {
95     \__stycmd_expcmd_aux:cn { #1 }{ #1 }
96 }
97

```

(End definition for `\stycmd_expcmd:n`. This function is documented on page 4.)

\setGlobalStyle Change the default style for specified command

```

98
99 \NewDocumentCommand{\setGlobalStyle}{m m}
100 {
101     \__stycmd_chdef:Nn #1 { #2 }
102 }
103
104 \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stycmd_chdef_named:nn
105 {
106     \__stycmd_pars:cc
107     {
108         \__stycmd_cmd_default:n{ #1 }
109     }
110     {
111         \__stycmd_cmd_style:nn{ #1 }{ #2 }
112     }
113 }
114 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__stycmd_chdef_named:nn { fn }
115 \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stycmd_chdef:Nn
116 {
117     \__stycmd_chdef_named:fn{ \cs_to_str:N #1 }{ #2 }
118 }
119

```

(End definition for `\setGlobalStyle`. This function is documented on page 2.)

\stycmd_generate:NNN Declare the styled version #1 of the macro generator command #2. the `_renew` variant requires a preceding declaration

\stycmd_generate:NN

\stycmd_generate_renew:NN

```

120
121 \cs_new:Nn \__stycmd_pars:NN
122 {
123     \tl_gset:Nn #1 { #2 }
124 }
125
126 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__stycmd_pars:NN { cc }
127

```

```

128 \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stycmd_generate_aux:NNnn
129 {
130   \object_if_exist:nF
131   {
132     \__stycmd_cmd:n{ #3 }
133   }
134   {
135     \object_create:VnnNN \c__stycmd_cmdproxy_str
136     { stycmd }{ entity - #3 }
137     \c_object_global_str
138     \c_object_public_str
139
140     \__stycmd_pars:cc
141     {
142       \__stycmd_cmd_default:n{ #3 }
143     }
144     {
145       \__stycmd_cmd_style:nn{ #3 }{ #4 }
146     }
147
148     #2 { #3 }
149   }
150   \exp_args:Nc #1
151   {
152     \__stycmd_cmd_style:nn{ #3 }{ #4 }
153   }
154
155 }
156
157 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__stycmd_generate_aux:NNnn { NNfn }
158
159 \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stycmd_generate_aux_cmd:NNNn
160 {
161   \__stycmd_generate_aux:NNfn #1 #2 { \cs_to_str:N #3 }{ #4 }
162 }
163
164 \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stycmd_generate_renew_aux:Nnn
165 {
166   \exp_args:Nc #1
167   {
168     \__stycmd_cmd_style:nn{ #2 }{ #3 }
169   }
170
171 }
172
173 \cs_new_protected:Nn \stycmd_generate:NNN
174 {
175   \cs_new_protected:Npn #1 ##1 ##2
176   {
177     \__stycmd_generate_aux_cmd:NNNn #2 #3 ##1 { ##2 }
178   }
179 }
180 \cs_new_protected:Nn \stycmd_generate:NN
181 {

```

```

182     \stycmd_generate:NNN #1 #2 \stycmd_xparsecmd:n
183   }
184
185
186 \cs_new_protected:Nn \stycmd_generate_renew:NN
187 {
188   \cs_new_protected:Npn #1 ##1 ##2
189   {
190     \__stycmd_generate_renew_aux:Nnn #2 { ##1 }{ ##2 }
191   }
192 }
193

```

(End definition for `\stycmd_generate:NNN`, `\stycmd_generate:NN`, and `\stycmd_generate_renew:NN`. These functions are documented on page 3.)

```

\newstyledcmd    Declare a new macro with the specified style name.
\renewstyledcmd  194 \stycmd_generate:NN \newstyledcmd \newcommand
\providestyledcmd 195 \stycmd_generate_renew:NN \renewstyledcmd \renewcommand
                  196 \stycmd_generate:NN \providestyledcmd \providecommand

```

(End definition for `\newstyledcmd`, `\renewstyledcmd`, and `\providestyledcmd`. These functions are documented on page 1.)

```

\NewDocStyledCMD Declare a new styled macro with the \NewDocumentCommand syntax.
\RenewDocStyledCMD 197 \stycmd_generate:NN \NewDocStyledCMD \NewDocumentCommand
\ProvideDocStyledCMD 198 \stycmd_generate_renew:NN \RenewDocStyledCMD \RenewDocumentCommand
                  199 \stycmd_generate:NN \ProvideDocStyledCMD \ProvideDocumentCommand

```

(End definition for `\NewDocStyledCMD`, `\RenewDocStyledCMD`, and `\ProvideDocStyledCMD`. These functions are documented on page 2.)

```

\newstyledcmdExp Declare a new macro with the specified style name.
\renewstyledcmdExp 200 \stycmd_generate:NNN \newstyledcmdExp \newcommand \stycmd_expcmd:n
\providestyledcmdExp 201 \stycmd_generate_renew:NN \renewstyledcmdExp \renewcommand
                  202 \stycmd_generate:NNN \providestyledcmdExp \providecommand \stycmd_expcmd:n

```

(End definition for `\newstyledcmdExp`, `\renewstyledcmdExp`, and `\providestyledcmdExp`. These functions are documented on page 3.)

```

203 \end{package}

```