

# styledcmd

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`styledcmd` is a  $\text{\LaTeX}$  package that allows you to create and manage different versions of your macro in order to be able to choose the better style for every occasion and avoid rewriting code each time.

## 1 How can you include it in your project?

You need only to have the file `styledcmd.sty` in your current working directory. Otherwise you can manually install it inside your preferred  $\text{\LaTeX}$  compiler (for example `TeXLive` or `MiKTeX`) in order to make it available for all your projects. Instructions for manually install a package can be found on Internet.

Then once you've added it you can include in your project with this command:

```
\usepackage{styledcmd}
```

## 2 How do you use it?

You can create a formatted macro via the following command

---

```
\newstyledcmd  
\renewstyledcmd  
\providestyledcmd
```

---

```
\newstyledcmd {\macro name} {\style name} [{number of arguments}] {\code}
```

it has the same syntax of `\newcommand` except for the  $\langle style name \rangle$  argument that specify the style. This macro alone creates commands  $\backslash\langle macro name \rangle$  and  $\backslash\langle macro name \rangle[\langle style name \rangle]$  that both expand as  $\langle code \rangle$ .

The most important feature is that you can call `\newstyledcmd` multiple times with the same  $\langle macro name \rangle$  but different  $\langle style name \rangle$ , in this way each of  $\backslash\langle macro name \rangle[\langle style name \rangle]$  expands to  $\langle code \rangle$  associated to specified  $\langle style name \rangle$ . Notice that if you don't specify a style with just calling `\metamacro name` then it expands as the first created style, that style is the *default* one for such command.

As an example these commands

```
\newstyledcmd{\saluto}{informal}[1]{Hi #1}  
\newstyledcmd{\saluto}{formal}[1]{Good morning #1}
```

define the two formats `informal` and `formal` for macro `\saluto`. Once you've created these two styles for `\saluto` you can use it with or without the style name argument, for example these commands

```
\saluto{uncle}  
\saluto[informal]{uncle}  
\saluto[formal]{uncle}
```

will be expanded respectively as Hi uncle, Hi uncle, Good morning uncle. With the same syntax you can use `\renewstyledcmd` and `\providestyledcmd` with the same meaning of `\renewcommand` and `\providecommand` respectively.

### 3 How do you change the default style?

In order to change the default style (the one used when you don't choose explicitly a style) you need to execute the following command

---

<code>\setGlobalStyle</code>	<code>\setGlobalStyle {\langle command name \rangle} {\langle new default style name \rangle}</code>
------------------------------	--

---

For example in order to change the default style of command `\saluto` from `informal` to `formal` you need to execute command `\setGlobalStyle{\saluto}{formal}`. With this command the output of preceding commands will instead be Good morning uncle, Hi uncle, Good morning uncle.

### 4 Customize parameters with `xparse`

`styledcmd` loads automatically the `xparse` package for internal reasons. You can also define new styled commands with the same syntax used by `\NewDocumentCommand` with the following command

---

<code>\NewDocStyledCMD</code> <code>\RenewDocStyledCMD</code> <code>\ProvideDocStyledCMD</code>	<code>\NewDocStyledCMD {\langle command name \rangle} {\langle format name \rangle} {\langle arguments format \rangle} {\langle code \rangle}</code>
---	--

---

For example we can create the following two styles

```
\NewDocStyledCMD{\prova}{stylea}{r<>}{Stile 1 #1}
\NewDocStyledCMD{\prova}{styleb}{r<>}{Stile 2 #1}
```

in order to execute

```
\prova<Hello>
\prova[stylea]<Hello>
\prova[styleb]<Hello>
```

which are expanded respectively as Stile 1 Hello; Stile 1 Hello; Stile 2 Hello. Notice that the first optional argument passed to a command defined via `\NewDocStyledCMD` will always be interpreted as a style argument, so you should use another syntax for optional arguments or use a mandatory argument for the first place.

For example this declaration `\NewDocStyledCMD{\bad}{style}{o m}{Bad declaration}` should be avoided since for example `\bad[arg1]{arg2}` will interpret `arg1` as a style name and not as the first optional argument for `\bad`.

## 5 Expandable commands

Commands created by `\newstyledcmd` doesn't work very well in expansion only context due to the presence of optional style argument. In order to be able to create expandable commands you should instead use

---

<code>\newstyledcmdExp</code>
<code>\renewstyledcmdExp</code>
<code>\providestyledcmdExp</code>

---

`\newstyledcmdExp`  $\{\langle macro\ name\rangle\}$   $\{\langle style\ name\rangle\}$   $[\langle number\ of\ arguments\rangle]$   $\{\langle code\rangle\}$

Despite commands created with `\newstyledcmd` the style name of commands created by `\newstyledcmdExp` are always mandatory and must be passed inside curly braces. In order to use the default style just pass an empty string as style name.

For example this code

```
\newstyledcmdExp{\expCMD}{sty1}{Style 1}
\newstyledcmdExp{\expCMD}{sty2}{Style 2}

\expCMD{}
\expCMD{sty1}
\expCMD{sty2}
```

expand as   Style 1   Style 1   Style 2

## 6 Groups

The group mechanism is very different from `styledcmd` 1.2 and preceding versions. From 2.0 styled commands can be added to a group in order to change together their style. Groups are automatically created when you're trying to add commands to it:

---

<code>\AddCMDToGroup</code>
-----------------------------

---

`\AddCMDToGroup`  $\{\langle group\ name\rangle\}$   $\{\langle comma\ list\ of\ commands\rangle\}$

You can change the default style for each member of a group with

---

<code>\SetGroupStyle</code>
-----------------------------

---

`\SetGroupStyle`  $\{\langle group\ name\rangle\}$   $\{\langle style\ name\rangle\}$

Suppose you've created the following styled commands:

```
\newstyledcmd{\LenUnit}{SI}{metre}
\newstyledcmd{\MasUnit}{SI}{kilo}

\newstyledcmd{\LenUnit}{old}{yard}
\newstyledcmd{\MasUnit}{old}{pound}
```

Commands `\LenUnit`, `\MasUnit` will expand as metre, kilo respectively since `SI` is the default style. We've used `\newstyledcmd` but you could use also `\NewDocStyledCMD`, `\newstyledcmdExp` or any other command generated as in section 7. To add these two commands to group `Units` run

```
\AddCMDToGroup{Units}{\LenUnit, \MasUnit}
```

If you want to set `old` as the default style for these commands just run

`\SetGroupStyle{Units}{old}`

now `\LenUnit`, `\MasUnit` will expand as yard, pound respectively.

Notice that if the specified group already exists then `\AddCMDToGroup` just appends the specified commands to it. In particular this

`\AddCMDToGroup{Units}{\LenUnit}`  
`\AddCMDToGroup{Units}{\MasUnit}`

is equivalent to write

`\AddCMDToGroup{Units}{\LenUnit, \MasUnit}`

## 7 Advanced usage

This section is for advanced users and package maintainers that knows L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X3, It's not needed to use `styledcmd` daily or creating documents. If `\newstyledcmd`, `\NewDocStyledCMD` and `\newstyledcmdExp` aren't suitable for you it's possible to create a custom styled command generator, but we first need to know a bit of the internal structure of `styledcmd`.

What you see as a styled command it's instead a collection of different macros:

- multiple *effective styled commands* (*ES commands*), one for each style;
- a single *dispatch command* that's called by the user and expands to the specified ES command.

---

`\stycmd_generate:NNN`  
`\stycmd_generate:NN`

---

`\stycmd_generate:NNN`  $\langle generator\ name \rangle$   $\langle ES\ commands\ generator \rangle$   $\langle dispatch\ command\ generator \rangle$   
`\stycmd_generate:NN`  $\langle generator\ name \rangle$   $\langle ES\ commands\ generator \rangle$

Creates a generator of styled commands with name  $\langle generator\ name \rangle$ . Argument  $\langle ES\ commands\ generator \rangle$  is used to create ES commands and should accept a macro name as the first argument, but there aren't other restrictions on remaining arguments. Suitable ES commands generators are `\newcommand` and `\NewDocumentCommand`.

Argument  $\langle dispatch\ command\ generator \rangle$  should generate the dispatch command. Despite  $\langle ES\ commands\ generator \rangle$  this command must have only one parameter, a string representing the command to be created. Suitable values for this parameter are:

---

`\stycmd_xparsecmd:N`

---

`\stycmd_xparsecmd:N`  $\langle command \rangle$

Creates the dispatch command with `\ProvideDocumentCommand` with optional style name parameter (used in `\newstyledcmd` and `\NewDocStyledCMD`).

---

`\stycmd_expcmd:N`

---

`\stycmd_expcmd:N`  $\langle command \rangle$

Creates the dispatch command with `\providecommand` with mandatory style name parameter (used in `\newstyledcmdExp`).

If you don't specify the dispatch command generator (by using the NN variant) `\stycmd_xparsecmd:N` is used implicitly.

---

---

`\stycmd_generate_renew:NN`

`\stycmd_generate_renew:NN`  $\langle updater\ name \rangle$   $\langle ES\ commands\ generator \rangle$

Creates command  $\langle updater\ name \rangle$  that modifies styles of commands already generated, like `\renewcommand` edits commands generated by `\newcommand`.

For example if you have `\createA` that creates commands and `\editA` that edits commands generated by `\createA` then

`\stycmd_generate:NN \createStyledA \createA`

creates styled commands by using `\createA` and

`\stycmd_generate_renew:NN \editStyledA \editA`

modifies commands generated by `\createStyledA` (by invoking `\editA`).

## 8 Implementation

1  $\langle *package \rangle$

2  $\langle @@=stycmd \rangle$

`\c__stycmd_cmdproxy_str` Proxy used to generate styled commands

3

4 `\str_const:Nx \c__stycmd_cmdproxy_str { \object_address:nn`  
5 `{ stycmd }{ proxy } }`

6

7 `\proxy_create:nnN { stycmd }{ proxy } \c_object_public_str`

8 `\proxy_push_member:Vnn \c__stycmd_cmdproxy_str { default }{ t1 }`

9

*(End definition for \c\_\_stycmd\_cmdproxy\_str.)*

Dummy member type

10

11 `\cs_gset_eq:NN \stycmd_void_use:c \use:c`

12

`\__stycmd_cmd:n` Entity name

13

14 `\cs_new:Nn \__stycmd_cmd:n`

15 `{`

16 `\object_address:nn{ stycmd }{ entity - #1 }`

17 `}`

18

*(End definition for \\_\_stycmd\_cmd:n.)*

`\__stycmd_setdef_strip:Nn` Changes the default style

19

20 `\cs_new_protected:Nn \__stycmd_setdef_aux:nN`

21 `{`

22 `\object_member_set:nnn`

23 `{`

24 `\__stycmd_cmd:n{ #1 }`

25 `}`

26 `{ default }`

```

27     { #2 }
28   }
29   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__stycmd_setdef_aux:nN { nc }
30
31   \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stycmd_setdef_style:nn
32   {
33     \__stycmd_setdef_aux:nc{ #1 }
34     {
35       \object_member_adr:nnn
36       {
37         \__stycmd_cmd:n{ #1 }
38       }
39       {
40         style - #2
41       }
42       {
43         stycmd_void
44       }
45     }
46   }
47
48   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__stycmd_setdef_style:nn { ff }
49
50   \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stycmd_setdef_strip:Nn
51   {
52     \__stycmd_setdef_style:ff{ \cs_to_str:N #1 }
53     { \tl_trim_spaces:n{ #2 } }
54   }
55

```

(End definition for \\_\_stycmd\_setdef\_strip:Nn.)

\\_\_stycmd\_cmd\_define\_strip:NNn Define a macro with the specified command

```

56
57   \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stycmd_cmd_define_aux_aux:NN
58   {
59     #1 { #2 }
60   }
61   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__stycmd_cmd_define_aux_aux:NN { Nc }
62
63   \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stycmd_cmd_define_aux:Nnn
64   {
65     \__stycmd_cmd_define_aux_aux:Nc #1
66     {
67       \object_member_adr:nnn
68       {
69         \__stycmd_cmd:n{ #2 }
70       }
71       {
72         style - #3
73       }
74       {
75         stycmd_void
76       }

```

```

77     }
78   }
79
80   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__stycmd_cmd_define_aux:Nnn { Nff }
81
82   \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stycmd_cmd_define_stripe:Nn
83   {
84     \__stycmd_cmd_define_aux:Nff #1
85     { \cs_to_str:N #2 } { \tl_trim_spaces:n { #3 } }
86   }
87

```

(End definition for \\_\_stycmd\_cmd\_define\_stripe:Nn.)

\\_\_stycmd\_cmd\_usesdef:N Uses the styled command

```

\__stycmd_cmd_usessty_stripe:N
88
89   \cs_new:Nn \__stycmd_cmd_usesdef_aux:n
90   {
91     \object_member_use:nn
92     {
93       \__stycmd_cmd:n{ #1 }
94     }
95     {
96       default
97     }
98   }
99
100   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__stycmd_cmd_usesdef_aux:n { f }
101
102   \cs_new:Nn \__stycmd_cmd_usesdef:N
103   {
104     \__stycmd_cmd_usesdef_aux:f{ \cs_to_str:N #1 }
105   }
106
107
108   \cs_new:Nn \__stycmd_cmd_usessty_aux:nn
109   {
110     \object_member_use:nnn
111     {
112       \__stycmd_cmd:n{ #1 }
113     }
114     {
115       style - #2
116     }
117     { stycmd_void }
118   }
119
120   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__stycmd_cmd_usessty_aux:nn { ff }
121
122   \cs_new:Nn \__stycmd_cmd_usessty_stripe:Nn
123   {
124     \__stycmd_cmd_usessty_aux:ff{ \cs_to_str:N #1 }
125     { \tl_trim_spaces:n{ #2 } }
126   }
127

```

(End definition for `\_stycmd_cmd_usedef:N` and `\_stycmd_cmd_usesty_strip:Nn`.)

`\_stycmd_entity_create_strip:Nnn` Creates a new entity if it doesn't exists and execute following code

```

128
129 \cs_new_protected:Nn \_stycmd_entity_create_aux:nnn
130 {
131   \object_if_exist:nF
132   {
133     \_stycmd_cmd:n{ #1 }
134   }
135   {
136     \object_create:VnnNN \c\_stycmd_cmdproxy_str
137     { stycmd }{ entity - #1 }
138     \c_object_global_str
139     \c_object_public_str
140
141     \_stycmd_setdef_style:nn{ #1 }{ #2 }
142
143     #3
144   }
145 }
146
147 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \_stycmd_entity_create_aux:nnn { ffn }
148
149 \cs_new_protected:Nn \_stycmd_entity_create_strip:Nnn
150 {
151   \_stycmd_entity_create_aux:ffn
152   { \cs_to_str:N #1 }
153   { \tl_trim_spaces:n{ #2 } }
154   { #3 }
155 }
156

```

(End definition for `\_stycmd_entity_create_strip:Nnn`.)

`\stycmd_xparsecmd:N` Defines the main macro with `\ProvideDocumentCommand`.

```

157
158 \cs_new_protected:Nn \stycmd_xparsecmd:N
159 {
160   \ProvideDocumentCommand { #1 } { o }
161   {
162     \IfNoValueTF {##1}
163     {
164       \_stycmd_cmd_usedef:N #1
165     }
166     {
167       \_stycmd_cmd_usesty_strip:Nn #1 { ##1 }
168     }
169   }
170 }
171

```

(End definition for `\stycmd_xparsecmd:N`. This function is documented on page [4](#).)



**\stycmd\_expcmd:N** Defines the main macro with `\providecommand` but the style argument is mandatory in order to make the command expandable. To use default style pass an empty argument as style.

```

172
173 \cs_new_protected:Nn \stycmd_expcmd:N
174 {
175   \providecommand { #1 } [1]
176   {
177     \tl_if_empty:nTF {##1}
178     {
179       \__stycmd_cmd_usedef:N #1
180     }
181     {
182       \__stycmd_cmd_usesty_strip:Nn #1 { ##1 }
183     }
184   }
185 }
186

```

(End definition for `\stycmd_expcmd:N`. This function is documented on page 4.)

**\setGlobalStyle** Change the default style for specified command

```

187
188 \NewDocumentCommand{\setGlobalStyle}{m m}
189 {
190   \__stycmd_setdef_strip:Nn #1 { #2 }
191 }
192

```

(End definition for `\setGlobalStyle`. This function is documented on page 2.)

**\stycmd\_generate:NNN** Declare the styled version #1 of the macro generator command #2. the `_renew` variant requires a preceding declaration

**\stycmd\_generate:NN**

**\stycmd\_generate\_renew:NN**

```

193
194 \cs_new_protected:Nn \stycmd_generate:NNN
195 {
196   \cs_new_protected:Npn #1 ##1 ##2
197   {
198     \__stycmd_entity_create_strip:Nnn ##1 { ##2 }
199     {
200       #3 ##1
201     }
202     \__stycmd_cmd_define_strip:NNn #2 ##1 { ##2 }
203   }
204 }
205
206 \cs_new_protected:Nn \stycmd_generate:NN
207 {
208   \stycmd_generate:NNN #1 #2 \stycmd_xparsecmd:N
209 }
210
211
212 \cs_new_protected:Nn \stycmd_generate_renew:NN
213 {

```

```

214 \cs_new_protected:Npn #1 ##1 ##2
215 {
216   \__stycmd_cmd_define_strip:NNn #2 ##1 { ##2 }
217 }
218 }
219

```

(End definition for `\stycmd_generate:NNN`, `\stycmd_generate:NN`, and `\stycmd_generate_renew:NN`. These functions are documented on page 4.)

`\newstyledcmd` Declare a new macro with the specified style name.  
`\renewstyledcmd` 220 `\stycmd_generate:NN \newstyledcmd \newcommand`  
`\providestyledcmd` 221 `\stycmd_generate_renew:NN \renewstyledcmd \renewcommand`  
222 `\stycmd_generate:NN \providestyledcmd \providecommand`

(End definition for `\newstyledcmd`, `\renewstyledcmd`, and `\providestyledcmd`. These functions are documented on page 1.)

`\NewDocStyledCMD` Declare a new styled macro with the `\NewDocumentCommand` syntax.  
`\RenewDocStyledCMD` 223 `\stycmd_generate:NN \NewDocStyledCMD \NewDocumentCommand`  
`\ProvideDocStyledCMD` 224 `\stycmd_generate_renew:NN \RenewDocStyledCMD \RenewDocumentCommand`  
225 `\stycmd_generate:NN \ProvideDocStyledCMD \ProvideDocumentCommand`

(End definition for `\NewDocStyledCMD`, `\RenewDocStyledCMD`, and `\ProvideDocStyledCMD`. These functions are documented on page 2.)

`\newstyledcmdExp` Declare a new macro with the specified style name.  
`\renewstyledcmdExp` 226 `\stycmd_generate:NNN \newstyledcmdExp \newcommand \stycmd_expcmd:N`  
`\providestyledcmdExp` 227 `\stycmd_generate_renew:NN \renewstyledcmdExp \renewcommand`  
228 `\stycmd_generate:NNN \providestyledcmdExp \providecommand \stycmd_expcmd:N`

(End definition for `\newstyledcmdExp`, `\renewstyledcmdExp`, and `\providestyledcmdExp`. These functions are documented on page 3.)

`\AddCMDToGroup` Creates a group of commands

```

229
230 \str_new:N \g__stycmd_grproxy_str
231 \seq_new:N \g__stycmd_tmp_seq
232 \seq_new:N \g__stycmd_tmpb_seq
233
234 \proxy_create_gset:NnnN \g__stycmd_grproxy_str { stycmd }{ groups }
235   \c_object_public_str
236
237 \proxy_push_member:Vnn \g__stycmd_grproxy_str { commands }{ seq }
238
239 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \seq_gconcat:NNN { ccN }
240
241 \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stycmd_gconcat:nN
242 {
243   \seq_gconcat:ccN { #1 }{ #1 } #2
244 }
245
246 \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stycmd_addgroup:nn
247 {
248   \object_if_exist:nF

```

```

249     {
250       \object_address:nn{ stycmd }{ group - #1 }
251     }
252     {
253       \object_create:VnnNN \g__stycmd_grproxy_str
254         { stycmd }
255         { group - #1 }
256         \c_object_global_str
257         \c_object_public_str
258     }
259
260     \seq_gset_from_clist:Nn \g__stycmd_tmp_seq { #2 }
261     \seq_gset_map_x:NNn \g__stycmd_tmpb_seq \g__stycmd_tmp_seq
262     {
263       \cs_to_str:N ##1
264     }
265
266     \__stycmd_gconcat:nN
267     {
268       \object_member_adr:nnn
269       {
270         \object_address:nn
271         { stycmd }
272         { group - #1 }
273       }
274       { commands }
275       { seq }
276     } \g__stycmd_tmpb_seq
277   }
278
279   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__stycmd_addgroup:nn { fn }
280
281   \NewDocumentCommand{\AddCMDToGroup}{m m}
282   {
283     \__stycmd_addgroup:fn { \tl_trim_spaces:n{ #1 } } { #2 }
284   }
285

```

(End definition for `\AddCMDToGroup`. This function is documented on page 3.)

**`\SetGroupStyle`** Change the default style for each command in the group.

```

286 \NewDocumentCommand{\SetGroupStyle}{m m}
287 {
288   \seq_map_inline:cn
289   {
290     \object_member_adr:nnn
291     {
292       \object_address:nn
293       { stycmd }
294       { group - #1 }
295     }
296     { commands }
297     { seq }
298   }

```

```

299     {
300       \__stycmd_setdef_style:nn{ ##1 }{ #2 }
301     }
302   }

(End definition for \SetGroupStyle. This function is documented on page 3.)
Legacy commands

303
304 \str_new:N \g__stycmd_act_group_str
305 \str_new:N \g__stycmd_act_style_str
306
307 \NewDocumentCommand{\styBeginGroup}{ m }
308 {
309   \str_gset:Nn \g__stycmd_act_group_str{ #1 }
310 }
311
312 \NewDocumentCommand{\styEndGroup}{}
313 {
314   \str_gset:Nn \g__stycmd_act_group_str{}
315 }
316
317 \NewDocumentCommand{\styBeginStyle}{ m }
318 {
319   \str_gset:Nn \g__stycmd_act_style_str{ #1 }
320 }
321
322 \NewDocumentCommand{\styEndStyle}{}
323 {
324   \str_gset:Nn \g__stycmd_act_style_str{}
325 }
326
327 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__stycmd_addgroup:nn { Vn }
328
329 \NewDocumentCommand{\newGStyledCMD}{ m o m }
330 {
331   \__stycmd_addgroup:Vn \g__stycmd_act_group_str { #1 }
332   \IfNoValueTF{ #2 }
333   {
334     \exp_args:NNV \newstyledcmd #1 \g__stycmd_act_style_str { #3 }
335   }
336   {
337     \exp_args:NNV \newstyledcmd #1 \g__stycmd_act_style_str [ #2 ] { #3 }
338   }
339 }
340
341 \NewDocumentCommand{\NewGDocStyledCMD}{ m m m }
342 {
343   \__stycmd_addgroup:Vn \g__stycmd_act_group_str { #1 }
344   \exp_args:NNV \NewDocStyledCMD #1 \g__stycmd_act_style_str { #2 } { #3 }
345 }
346 \end{package}

```