EUE 340 Sept. 8, 2017 HWDZ: #14, §1.3 & #33, §1.5 & Problem from class P(sick test+)=.95 14) We roll two fair 6-sided dice. Each one of the 36 possible ontromes is assumed to be equally likely a) # favorable = $\frac{6}{36} = \frac{16}{6} = \frac{101}{100}$ b) sum < 4 rolls: (1,1),(1,2),(2,1),(2,2),(3,1),(1,3)2 are less than 4 : \frac{1}{3} = 33% 2 are 1205 (b, le), (b, i), (i, le) 11 out comes (c) (b, le), (b, i), (i, le) 51 $\frac{11}{36} = .305 \cong 30.5\%$ d) Six pairs, 30 options. $\frac{10}{30} = \frac{1}{3} = \frac{33\%}{3}$ 33) They could flip the coin twice if you get T-H, go to the opera. or if you get H-T, see a movie. If you get H-H/T-T, flip again.

3) 72 (Such) = .03 = 3%. 7 p (Heulthy) = .97 = 97%. * p (Sick / Test Positive) = .95 *What we want - 95% confidence

P (Jest Positive | Sick) = 98 = 98%.

P (Jest Positive | Healthy) = .02 = 2%. P(suk] Jest Positive) = P(+15)P(s) P(+15)P(5)+P(+1H)P(H) .95 = .98(.03) [98(.03)+P(+|H)(.97)] .98(.03)+P(+|H)(.97) = .9215(P(+|H)) = .00147 P(T|H) = .0016