Quadratic Equations Learning Materials

1. Standard Form

• A quadratic equation is an equation of the form $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$, where a, b, and c are constants and $a \ne 0$.

2. Solving Quadratic Equations

- **Factoring:** If the quadratic expression can be factored, set each factor equal to zero and solve for x.
- Quadratic Formula: $x = (-b \pm \sqrt{(b^2 4ac)}) / 2a$
- Completing the Square: A method to rewrite the quadratic equation in a form that can be solved by taking the square root.

3. The Discriminant

- The discriminant (b^2 4ac) tells us about the nature of the solutions:
 - \circ If b^2 4ac > 0, there are two real solutions.
 - o If $b^2 4ac = 0$, there is one real solution.
 - o If b^2 4ac < 0, there are no real solutions (complex solutions).