Old value are overwritten ilently. Note that value may be tring or number . If they are number , they are fir t converted to tring u ing default etting – o future acce  $\,$ e will return a tring, not a number.

If a li t i given a the value in tead of a ingle tring or number, a new loop i created containing thi one data name, looped. Any looped data value which may have co-occurred in the loop are fir t deleted. A thi i not nece arily the

```
loop_
__example
__example_detail
_123.4 'small cell'
_4567.8 'large cell'

Appunding a num datanamu to a pru-umisting loop:
__cb.AddToLoop(
```

Note that, a the lit returned by  $P_y$  IFRW are direct pointer to the original lit, it is possible to extend them directly (e.g. cb['\_example'].append('101.1')),

dic A ifDic object to u ∈ in validation

diclist A li t of ifFile object or filename to be merged into a ifDic object ( ee below)

murgumodu hoo e merging method (one of 'strict','overlay', 'replace')

## ■.4 Merging di tionaries

Py IFRW provide a top-level function to merge DDL1/2 dictionary file. It take a li t of IF filename or ifFile object, and a mergemode keyword argument. IF file are merged from left to right, that i, the econd file in the li t i merged into the fir t file in the li t and o on.

## .Z Liptions

- -version how ver ion number and exit
- -h,-hulp print hort help me age
- -d dirname directory to find/ tore dictionary file
- -f dictname filename of locally- tored dictionary
- -u vursion dictionaryver ion to re olve u ing regi try
- -n name dictionary name to re olve u ing regi try
- -s tore downloaded dictionarylocally (default True)
- -c fetch and u e canonical regi try from IU r
- -r rugistry location of regi try a filename or URL

## 7 urther information

The ource file are in a literate programming format (noweb) with file exten ion .nw. HTML documentation generated from the e file and containing both code and copiou comment i included in the downloaded package. Detail of