

实验 5

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一. 熟悉 SIMD intrinsics 函数

- 4 个并行的单精度浮点数除法

```
1  __m128 _mm_div_ps (__m128 a, __m128 b)
```

- 16 个并行求 8 位无符号整数的最大值

```
1  __m128i _mm_max_epi16 (__m128i a, __m128i b)
```

- 8 个并行的 16 位带符号短整数的算术右移

```
1  __m128i _mm_bsrl_i128 (__m128i a, int imm8)
```

二. 阅读 SIMD 代码 仅关注函数的主要部分, 执行 SIMD 操作的行用 ;SIMD 标识。

```

1  .LFB5548:
2      .cfi_startproc
3      endbr64
4      sub rsp, 120
5      .cfi_def_cfa_offset 128
6      pxor    xmm6, xmm6
7      movsd   xmm1, QWORD PTR .LC2[rip]    ;SIMD
8      movsd   xmm10, QWORD PTR .LC0[rip]    ;SIMD
9      mov rax, QWORD PTR fs:40
10     mov QWORD PTR 104[rsp], rax
11     xor eax, eax
12     mov rax, QWORD PTR .LC3[rip]
13     movsd   xmm8, QWORD PTR .LC1[rip]    ;SIMD
14     mov QWORD PTR 64[rsp], 0x000000000
15     movsd   QWORD PTR 48[rsp], xmm1      ;SIMD
16     pxor    xmm9, xmm9
17     lea rsi, .LC6[rip]
18     mov edi, 1
19     mov QWORD PTR 56[rsp], rax
20     movapd  xmm0, XMMWORD PTR 48[rsp]    ;SIMD
21     movapd  xmm3, xmm9                  ;SIMD
22     mov eax, 6
23     movsd   QWORD PTR 32[rsp], xmm10    ;SIMD
24     movapd  xmm2, xmm0                  ;SIMD
25     movsd   QWORD PTR 40[rsp], xmm8      ;SIMD
26     movapd  xmm7, XMMWORD PTR 32[rsp]    ;SIMD
27     addpd   xmm0, xmm0                  ;SIMD
28     mov QWORD PTR 72[rsp], 0x000000000
29     mulpd   xmm2, xmm6                  ;SIMD
30     mov QWORD PTR 80[rsp], 0x000000000
31     mulpd   xmm6, XMMWORD PTR 32[rsp]    ;SIMD
32     mulpd   xmm7, XMMWORD PTR .LC5[rip]  ;SIMD
33     mov QWORD PTR 88[rsp], 0x000000000
34     addpd   xmm7, XMMWORD PTR 64[rsp]    ;SIMD
35     addpd   xmm6, XMMWORD PTR 80[rsp]    ;SIMD
36     addpd   xmm7, xmm2                  ;SIMD
37     addpd   xmm6, xmm0                  ;SIMD
38     movapd  xmm2, xmm1                  ;SIMD
39     movapd  xmm0, xmm10                  ;SIMD
40     movapd  xmm5, xmm6                  ;SIMD
41     movapd  xmm4, xmm7                  ;SIMD
42     movaps  XMMWORD PTR 16[rsp], xmm6    ;SIMD
43     movaps  XMMWORD PTR [rsp], xmm7      ;SIMD
44     call    __printf_chk@PLT
45     movapd  xmm6, XMMWORD PTR 16[rsp]    ;SIMD

```

46	movapd xmm7, XMMWORD PTR [rsp]	;SIMD	59	movapd xmm0, xmm8	;SIMD
47	pxor xmm9, xmm9		60	movq xmm1, rax	
48	mov rax, QWORD PTR .LC1[rip]		61	mov eax, 6	
49	movapd xmm2, xmm9	;SIMD	62	call __printf_chk@PLT	
50	mov edi, 1		63	mov rax, QWORD PTR 104[rsi]	
51	lea rsi, .LC7[rip]		64	xor rax, QWORD PTR fs:40	
52	unpckhpd xmm6, xmm6	;SIMD	65	jne .L5	
53	unpckhpd xmm7, xmm7	;SIMD	66	xor eax, eax	
54	movq xmm8, rax		67	add rsp, 120	
55	movq xmm3, rax		68	.cfi_remember_state	
56	mov rax, QWORD PTR .LC3[rip]		69	.cfi_def_cfa_offset 8	
57	movapd xmm5, xmm6	;SIMD	70	ret	
58	movapd xmm4, xmm7	;SIMD			

三. 书写 SIMD 代码

函数 `sum_vectorized()` 的实现如下。

```

1 static int sum_vectorized(int n, int *a)
2 {
3     // WRITE YOUR VECTORIZED CODE HERE
4
5     // the parallelization could only
6     // apply on aligned groups
7     int groups = n / 4;
8
9     // On linux, int is 32-bit wide.
10    // 128-bit = 4 int;
11    // Initialize sum vector of 128-bit as zero.
12    __m128i sum = _mm_setzero_si128();
13
14    // For loop will add numbers on mod 4 basis.
15    for(int i = 0; i < groups; ++i){
16        // load a vector of adders.
17        __m128i adder = _mm_loadu_si128(a + i * 4);
18
19        // add the vector to a temporary variable.
20        __m128i added = _mm_add_epi32(sum, adder);
21
22        // store the value to the sum vector.
23        _mm_storeu_si128(&sum, added);
24    }
25
26    int result = 0;
27
28    // However there is some remaining numbers
29    // that didn't count, whose quantity is < 4.
30    int remain = n - groups * 4;
31    int tip = groups * 4;
32
33    // For each offset, calculate manually.
34    for(int j = 0; j < remain; ++j)
35        result += a[tip++];
36
37    // and to get the final result, the member

```

```

38 // of the vector in sum has to be added as well,
39 // in other word, 4 numbers.
40
41 // For each right shift, get the lower 32 bit.
42 // which is one unit and add to the result.
43 for(int i = 0; i < 4; ++i)
44     result += _mm_cvtsi128_si32(_mm_srli_si128(sum,i * 4));
45
46 return result;
47 }

```

第一轮测评性能得到了改善（提升了 236%），输出结果如下：

```

logcreative@ubuntu: /mnt/hgfs/VMShared/linux/ComputerArch/Project5/src/lab5_code
logcreative@ubuntu:/mnt/hgfs/VMShared/linux/ComputerArch/Project5/src/lab5_code$ ./sum
    naive: 3.73 microseconds
    unrolled: 2.93 microseconds
    vectorized: 1.11 microseconds
logcreative@ubuntu:/mnt/hgfs/VMShared/linux/ComputerArch/Project5/src/lab5_code$

```

四. 循环展开

函数 `sum_vectorized_unrolled()` 的实现如下：

```

1 static int sum_vectorized_unrolled(int n, int *a)
2 {
3     // UNROLL YOUR VECTORIZED CODE HERE
4
5     __m128i sum = _mm_setzero_si128();
6
7     // For unrolled scenario,
8     // every loop will contribute 128 * 4 = 512 bit operation.
9     for(int i = 0; i < n / 16 * 16; i += 16){
10         _mm_storeu_si128(&sum, _mm_add_epi32(sum, _mm_loadu_si128(a + i)));
11         _mm_storeu_si128(&sum, _mm_add_epi32(sum, _mm_loadu_si128(a + i + 4)));
12         _mm_storeu_si128(&sum, _mm_add_epi32(sum, _mm_loadu_si128(a + i + 8)));
13         _mm_storeu_si128(&sum, _mm_add_epi32(sum, _mm_loadu_si128(a + i + 12)));
14     }
15
16     int result = 0;
17     for(int i = n / 16 * 16; i < n; i++)
18         result += a[i];
19
20     for(int k = 0; k < 4; ++k)
21         result += _mm_cvtsi128_si32(_mm_srli_si128(sum,k * 4));
22
23     return result;
24 }

```

第二轮测评结果也得到了改善（提升了 274%），输出结果如下：

```
logcreative@ubuntu: /mnt/hgfs/VMShared/linux/ComputerArch/Project5/src/lab5_code$ ./sum
naive: 3.77 microseconds
unrolled: 2.92 microseconds
vectorized: 1.12 microseconds
vectorized unrolled: 0.78 microseconds
logcreative@ubuntu: /mnt/hgfs/VMShared/linux/ComputerArch/Project5/src/lab5_code$
```

