mlqp

Release 1.0

LogCreative

CONTENTS

1	minmax module	1
2	model module	3
3	util module	7
4	Indices and tables	9
In	dex	11

CHAPTER

ONE

MINMAX MODULE

class minmax.Max(operands)

Bases: minmax.Operator

Max module

forward(src)

Foward prediction for src input

Parameters src(list) – the input list [x,y]

class minmax.Min(operands)

Bases: minmax.Operator

Min module

forward(src)

Foward prediction for src input

Parameters src(list) – the input list [x,y]

class minmax.Operator(operands)

Bases: object

Base operator class for Min and Max module.

forward(src)

Foward prediction for src input

Parameters src(list) – the input list [x,y]

minmax.divide(train_data, k=2)

Divide the data into positive and negative merged 2D data array.

Parameters

- train_data (array) the data to be divided
- **k** (*int*) the number of split on positive/negative set

Returns the 2D divided data array for computation.

Return type array

minmax.minmax(train_data, k, epochs, lr=0.05, random_seed=None)
Train minmax network.

Parameters

- **train_data** (*array*) the training data.
- \mathbf{k} (int) the number of split

- **epochs** (*int*) the threshold of training epochs.
- lr (float, optional) Learning rate. Defaults to 0.05.
- random_seed (int, optional) Random Seed. Defaults to None.

Returns Target Network, subnets, min nets, maximum training time among units

Return type Max, array[Net], array[Min], float

minmax.trainer(train_sub_data, epochs, lr=0.05, random_seed=None)
Trainer worker

Parameters

- **train_sub_data** (*array*) the input array for training.
- **epochs** (*int*) the number threshold of epochs.
- lr (float, optional) Learning rate. Defaults to 0.05.
- random_seed (int, optional) Random Seed. Defaults to None.

Returns the trained network.

Return type Net

MODEL MODULE

class model.Net(lr=0.05, alpha=0.8, random_seed=None, hidden_num=10)

Bases: object

MLQP Network

backward(pred, target)

Backward pass, update the parameters. NOTE: should run forward pass first before calling this function.

Parameters

- **pred** (*float*) prediction based on foward pass
- target (float) the target label

forward(src)

Foward pass, return the prediction based on the given data.

Parameters src(list) – the input list of data [x,y]

param_init()

Init parameters.

model.cross_validation(model, split_data)

Cross validation over split data.

Parameters

- model (Net) the instance of Net
- **split_data** (*array*) the splitted data generated from folds()

Returns the mean of training error and validation error among experiments.

Return type float, float

model.folds(data, k)

divide data sequencially into k portions

Parameters

- data (array) the data to be divided
- **k** (*int*) the number of portions

Returns the divided data

Return type array

model.split(train_data, k)

split train_data into k folds.

Parameters

- train_data (array) the training data
- **k** (*int*) fold number

Returns the splited data formatted [train_data, val_data] array.

Return type array

model.step(model, data, with grad=True)

Common step for data on training or testing.

Parameters

- model (Net) the instance of Net
- data (array) data for training or testing
- with_grad (bool, optional) If it needs backward process. Defaults to True.

Returns the mse loss of this batch of data

Return type loss

model.test(model, test data)

Test the model

Parameters

- model (Net) the instance of Net
- test_data (arrat) the testing set

Returns the mse error over test set

Return type float

model.test_step(model, test_data)

Test the model for test_data

Parameters

- model (Net) the instance of Net
- test_data (array) the testing data

Returns the mse error over test_data

Return type array

model.train(model, train_data, epochs, test_data=None)

Train the model by epochs.

Parameters

- model (Net) the instance of Net
- train_data (array) the training set
- **epochs** (*int*) the number of epochs
- **test_data** (*array*, *optional*) if assigned, the test error will be tracked but will not go into the training process.

Returns trained model

Return type Net

model.train_step(model, train_data)

Train the model for one step.

Parameters

- model(Net) the instance of Net
- **train_data** (*array*) the training data

CHAPTER

THREE

UTIL MODULE

```
util.mse(pred, target)
util.read_data(filename)
    Reads data from the file and return an array of data formatting: [x y label]
    Parameters filename(str) - the path of file
    Returns the array of the data read from file
    Return type data
util.sigmoid(x)
util.sigmoid_prime(x)
```

CHAPTER

FOUR

INDICES AND TABLES

- genindex
- modindex
- search

INDEX

В	S		
backward() (model.Net method), 3	sigmoid() (in module util), 7		
C	<pre>sigmoid_prime() (in module util), 7 split() (in module model), 3</pre>		
<pre>cross_validation() (in module model), 3</pre>	step() (in module model), 4		
D	Т		
<pre>divide() (in module minmax), 1</pre>	test() (in module model), 4		
F	<pre>test_step() (in module model), 4 train() (in module model), 4</pre>		
folds() (in module model), 3	<pre>train_step() (in module model), 4</pre>		
forward() (minmax.Max method), 1	trainer() (in module minmax), 2		
forward() (minmax.Min method), 1 forward() (minmax.Operator method), 1	U		
forward() (model.Net method), 3	util		
M	module, 7		
Max (class in minmax), 1 Min (class in minmax), 1 minmax module, 1 minmax() (in module minmax), 1 model module, 3 module minmax, 1 model, 3 util, 7 mse() (in module util), 7			
N			
Net (class in model), 3			
0			
Operator (class in minmax), 1			
P			
<pre>param_init() (model.Net method), 3</pre>			
R			
read data() (in module util) 7			