1. Using recursion and the function add, define a multiplication function

for natural numbers. Then, use it to define an exponentiation function

2. Consider the List developed on page 97 (page 103 of first edition). Write a function

that appends two List a values.

- 3. Write a function reverse::List a -> List a that reverses a List a value.
- 4. Consider the binary search tree developed on pages 97–98 (pages 103–104 of first edition). The height of the tree is the maximum distance the root from a leaf. Write a recursive function height:: Tree -> Int to compute the height of a binary search tree.
- 5. A binary tree is full if every node has exactly 0 or 2 children. Write a function

to determine if a tree is full or not.

6. A binary tree is balanced if at every node, the height of the left and right subtrees differ by at most 1. Write a function balanced :: Tree -> Bool to determine if a tree is balanced or not.